**八年级线上教学六月摸底考试英语试卷**



**一、听力测试（共三大题，满分 25 分）**

第一节（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

听下面 5 个问题，每个问题后有三个答语，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每个问题后，你都有 5 的时间来作答和阅读下一小题。每个问题仅读一遍。

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. For three years | B. Three years ago | C. In three years |
| 2. A. So have I. | B. No, I don’t | C. Me neither |
| 3. A. The Sahara | B. Qomolangma | C. The Nile |
| 4. A. I am working. | B. I was swimming | C. I played football |
| 5. A. Couldn’t be better. | B. Nothing serious | C. Well done |

第二节（共 7 题，每小题 1 分，满分 7 分）

听下面 7 段对话，每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每个对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman mean?

A. The skirt is very cheap B. The shirt is too expensive C. The price of the shirt is fair

1. Where are they probably talking?

A. On the bus B. On the playground C. On the phone

1. Who won the first prize in the English speech competition?

A. John and Mike B. Rose and Mike C. Rose and John

1. Who is the owner of the photos in the room?

A. Sports stars B. Tony C. Jane

1. What season can it be now?

A. Summer B. Spring C. Winter

1. What does the man mean?

A. He didn’t take the test B. He didn’t remember the test C. He didn’t do well in the test.

1. How many people are there in the town now?

A. 21,000 B. 42,000 C. 84,000

第三节（共 13 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 13 分）

听下面 4 段对话或独白，每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话和独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段材料，回答第 13—15 题。

1. What was the man’s first advice to do?

A. To put up an ad. B. To hand out papers C. To walk dogs

1. Which of the following is NOT true from the conversation?

A. People have to walk dogs every day B. The girl doesn’t have a bike C. The girl really likes animals.

1. How much might the girl get each time if she walks three dogs at the same time for half an hour?

A. $ 10 B. $ 6 C. $ 30

听下面一段材料，回答第 16—18 题。

1. When do you think this conversation happens?

A. On Friday B. On Thursday C. On Sunday

1. Why does the girl want to buy a shaver(剃须刀) for her father?
   1. Because her father doesn’t have one
   2. Because she wants her father to look younger
   3. Because she doesn’t have enough money to buy some other presents
2. What do we know from the conversation?

A. The weather is fine when they are talking B. They are talking at a bus stop

C. The boy decides to buy a shaver for his father

听下面一段材料，回答第 19—21 题。

1. Who is Holly？

A. A classmate of Lisa’s B. A friend of Jim’s C. A person at the party

1. What are they mainly talking about?

A. How to make friends B. How do join clubs C. How to told parties

1. What can we learn about Jim from the conversation?

A. He’s shy and nervous B. He’s helpful and popular C. He’s friendly and humorous

听下面一段材料，回答第 22—25 题。

1. What did the man go out for that day?

A. Catching his parrot B. Seeing some friends C. Stealing things

1. How did the thief go into the house?

A. He climbed the window in B. He had the key to the house C. He broke the door

1. Why did the thief run out of the house?

A. Because he thought someone was in the house B. Because he had to move his bag out of it.

C. Because he stole everything he wanted

1. Who said “What are you doing”?

A. The man B. The parrot C. The thief

# 第二部分 笔试部分

二、单项选择（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

（ ）26. ---I am sorry to interrupt you and Max !

--- .We are having a free talk.

A.Never mind B.That would be nice C.I hope not D. Go ahead

（ ）27.---Tom Sawyer asked a question just now, didn’t he?

--- Yes, but it was that nobody could answer it.

A. very difficult B. too difficult C. difficult enough D. so difficult

（ ）28.---You go ahead first,I will later.

--- OK,see you soon.

A. come over B. come along C. come about D. come out

（ ）29.--Excuse me, can you tell me how to get to the WC?

-- Go along the hallway and then you will see a sign which will you to it.

A. follow B. show C. lead D. leave

（ ）30.—I heard Fred fought over almost everything with his classmates.

--From the first day of school , the teachers him down as a troublemaker

A. signed B. marked C. researched D. considered

（ ）31. ---It’s beneficial to read some classics ,such as *the Ordinary World*(平凡的世界）

--- we read books, we get from them.

A. The more; the more B. The less; the more

C. The more; the less D. More ; more

（ ）32.--I’m afraid I’ve got a bad cold. -- .

A. Better go and see a doctor B. keep away from me

C. Never mind D. You need to eat less food

（ ）33. --- Could you tell me some skills of communication ,Joy?

--- When we speak to people, we should be .

A. as polite as possible B. as polite as possibly

C. as politely as possible D. as politely as possibly

（ ）34. --- Why do you love learning English, Nicole?

---- Because I think English is more interesting than .

A. any other subject B. all the subjects C. any subject D. other subject

（ ）35. --“-Food Safety ” has become one of the hottest topics recently.

--Yeah,it receives Internet hits a day.

A. thousands B. thousand of C. thousands of D. ten thousands

（ ）36..—Work hard and you’ll one day.

--You are right. Working hard leads to .

A.success, succeed B. succeed, success

C. success, successful D. succeed, successful

（ ）37.—We must do something to save wild animals.

--You are right. We should make more rules to wild animals being killed.

A. prevent, from B. protect, from C. catch, for D. stop, for

（ ）38.—Where is President Trump?

---He Minnesota（明尼苏达州）and he Minnesota for two days.

A. has been to ,has been in B. has gone to, has been in

C. has gone to, has been to D. has been to ,has gone to

（ ）39 The money they raised from the concert is it was expected.

A. twice as B. twice more C. twice as many as D. twice as much as

（ ）40. —Do you know ?

--Yes, because lots of touching news about them has been reported these days

1. why Jack wants to be a doctor after the outbreak
2. how much the touching news about the doctor has been reported
3. who are the doctors reported in the touching news
4. where the volunteer doctors come from

三、完形填空。（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

In early 2020, a disease called COVID 19 hit Wuhan. It spread 41 around tens of thousands of Chinese people were infected ( 感染). Zhong Nanshan, 84,led 42 team to Wuhan to fight the illness. Zhong’s team took many measures to cure the patients with COVID 19. He advised people to wear masks, 43 hands frequently (频繁的) stay at home and not to go to crowed places.

Zhong likes sports very much. 44 he was 67, he could still play basketball. Now at the age of 84, Zhong still treats patients in the hospital and 45 young doctors. “I am just a doctor.” Zhong says. But we think he is a hero and a fighter.

Many heroes like Zhong Nanshan rose up after the outbreak.There are more than 30

medical couples at Jinyintan Hospital（金银潭医院） in Wuhan, Hubei province, 46 themselves to combating the COVID 19 and bringing hope to 47 patients.

Some participated in the battle 48 SARS in 2003, and since the COVID 19 epidemic broke out, they\_\_49\_ fighting together again. Some haven't returned home in over a month, and live at a hotel 50 to avoid cross-infection."The battles 51 here, and we will definitely fight to the end," said Wu Zhiqiang, a doctor 52 works at the hospital's clinical laboratory.

All their stories show how great Chinese medical staff are, and how they save

people's 53 with 54\_ ，persistence（毅力） and love. The doctors including the 55 couples at Jinyintan Hospital are highly thought of.

1. A. quickly B. slowly C.safely D.luckily
2. A. my B. his C. her D. their
3. A. weigh B. pollute C. shake D. wash
4. A. When B. Although C. Unless D. Because
5. A. thinks B. trusts C. teaches D. asks 46.A.devoted B devoting C.divided D.dividing 47.A.infected B..infect C.infective D.infection 48.A.fight B .for C.on D.against

49.A. Will B.have been C.had been D.was 50.A.separately B. together C.partly D. alone 51.A.starts B.starting C.started D.will start 52.A.Which B. whose C.what D. who 53.A.lives B.life C.leaves D.leave

54.A .bravery B.severe C.serious D. painful 55.A.scientific B professional. C.particular D.medical

四、阅读理解。（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

# A

1. Yuan started to have his hair cut in Cao’s barbershop when he was

A.90 B.86 C.74 D.20

1. Yuan often visits the barbershop when
   1. he wants someone to chat with.
   2. he needs to take part in some big events.

C the shop owner feels tired and needs some advice.

D. he expects Cao to take some nice pictures of him.

58, Cao usually asks Yuan to pay for his haircut.

A. 100 yuan B. 14.2 dollars C 20 yuan D 80 yuan

1. What can we know about Cao?
   1. She puts Yuan's photos on the wall mainly to attract more customers
   2. She felt tired of running the shop because she always made little money.
   3. She always refuses to accept Yuan's nice tips.
   4. She has been enjoying doing Yuans hair. 60 It's clear that .
2. the 20-square-meter shop was opened in 2003
3. Yuan thinks no one can compare with Cao in haircutting
4. Yuan might live a simple life though he is very famous
5. Cao once closed her shop to work in a bigger city for some time.

# B

Artificial Intelligence（AI 人工智能） can help us make phone calls. It can guide us to where we want to go. It can play games. And now it can do even more things.

Researchers from Microsoft have recently created the first machine translation system that can translate new articles from Chinese into English, *Business Standard* reported.

According to Microsoft's official website, researchers tested the system by asking it to translate hundreds of sentences taken from new stories. Then, language experts compared the results to two translations that were done by humans. They concluded that the system’s translations were as good as the human translations.

Machine translation is always challenging. This is partly because different words can be used to express the same meaning. It can be hard to say which word is more"correct".

Researchers used several methods to improve the system's translation ability. Much of our research is really inspired by how we humans do things, "lead researcher Liu Tieyan said.

One method is called dual learning（对偶学习）. In this method， the system translates every sentence from Chinese into English, as well as translates the sentences back from English into Chinese. This way,the system can improve itself and learn from its own mistakes. This is similar to what humans do to make sure their translations are correct. Another method makes use of deliberation(推敲)networks. This is when the system is made to translate the same sentence over and over. Little by little, the system improves the quality of its translations. This is like humans who would improve their own writing by going over ***it*** again and again

1. What can AI do according to the passage ?
   1. It can give us calls by itself. B. It can create more new games.

C. It can do everything for us D. It can guide us to different places

1. The machine translation system was first created by

A .a famous translator B. Microsoft’s researchers

C. some language experts D scientists form different countries

1. What is the most difficult thing for machine translation?

A. To translate fast B. To choose suitable words

C. To learn from its own mistakes D. To repeat the process of translating

1. In last sentence of the passage, what does the word “it’ refers to?

A. Listening B.Writing C Music D. Machine translating

1. What is the passage mainly about?
   1. What AI translation can do in the future .
   2. How AI translation was created and improved
   3. If AI translation can be as good as humans

D Why AI translation becomes more and more important

# C.



In the fight against the new coronavirus(新型冠状病毒), Chinese people have come up with creative solutions (解决办法) to different problems.

# All for masks

During the outbreak, medical supplies (供应) such as masks are needed by many. To increase (增加) production, over 3,000 Chinese companies have changed their production lines (生产线) to make medical equipment. For example, a company that used to make clothes spent 55 hours changing their production lines and is now able to make 1,200 protective medical suits (医疗防护服) every day.

# Sharing employees

The idea of “sharing workers (共享员工)” has become popular during the outbreak. As most people are staying at home, many workers in restaurants and shopping malls have no work and are not getting paid. Meanwhile, online orders of grow, leaving e-business platforms (平台) such as JD．com shorthanded (人手短缺).As a result, many unemployed people have started to look for part-time jobs. As of Feb 10, over 1,800 workers had started their new short-term jobs as delivery (送货) workers with Freshhema, *Xinhua* reported.

# Amazing speed

Because there are lots of infected ( 被 感 染 的 ) people in Wuhan, more hospital beds are needed. The government decided to build Huoshenshan Hospital and Leishenshan Hospital in Wuhan. More than 4,000 workers worked 24/7 in two shifts ( 轮 班 ), and nearly 1,000 pieces of

large equipment and transport vehicles (运输车辆) helped them build the hospitals. It took less than 15 days to finish the two hospitals. They provide about 2,600 beds. “China has a record of getting things done fast even for monumental projects ( 大型项目) like this,” said Yanzhong Huang, an expert form the Council on Foreign Relations. “This is very hard for Westerners to imagine,” Huang added.

1. From the passage, what do Chinese companies do to make more masks? A．Change production lines. B．Hire more workers.

C．Build new factories. D．Share their own technologies.

1. What do we know about Huoshenshan and Leishenshan from the passage? A．Each hospital took 10 days to build.
2. There are about 2,600 beds in total.
3. Many people think it is easy to build them.
4. Less than 4,000 workers build the hospitals.
5. What does Yanzhong Huang mean?

A．It is easy to build hospitals quickly. B．China built the two hospitals very quickly. C．Chinese people are good at imagining. D．People can finish anything easily.

1. According to the “Sharing employees” part, the outbreak has led some people to .

A．start new hobbies B．find part-time jobs C．ask for higher salaries D．build their own companies

1. Which of the following is TRUE？
   1. Many other countries gave their help to build Huoshenshan Hospital and Leishenshan Hospital.
   2. The restaurants need many workers during the outbreak. C．Huoshenshan Hospital and Leishenshan Hospital are in Shanghai.

D．Chinese people have come up with many solutions to fight against the new coronavirus.

# 第 II 卷 非选择题 （共 35 分）

五、词与短语填空。（共 5 题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

**peaceful / classic / die from / challenge / abroad / change**

1. ***"Gone With the Wind"*** （乱世佳人）is not just a of Hollywood's golden age but also the greatest screen entertainment of all time!
2. —Why do so many climbers risk their lives?

— One of the main reasons is because people want to \_\_\_\_\_\_ themselves in the face of difficulties.

1. —Pandas do not have many babies, maybe only one every two years.

--What’s worse, the babies often illness and do not live very long.

1. Vivien Leigh (费雯丽）was a British actress, she worked in America after 1938.
2. Hangzhou National Tea Museum is a relaxing and place near a lake.

六、阅读理解填词。（共 10 题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

There once lived a rich businessman who had a lazy son. The businessman wanted his son to r 76 the value of labor（劳动的价值）. One day, he told his son, “Today, I want you to earn something. If you fail, you won't have your s 77 tonight.” The boy didn't want to find a job, so he asked his mother for help. She gave him a gold coin. In the evening, when the father asked his son what he had earned, the son s 78 him the gold coin. The father then asked him to throw it into the well . The son did as he was told.

The father g 79 that the gold coin was from the boy's mother. The next day, he sent his wife to her parents' home and asked his son to earn something. S 80 no one helped him, the son had to go to the market to look for a job. A shopkeeper told him that he would p 81 him a coin if he carried heavy tools for him. The son accepted. As he r 82 home and gave the coin to his father. he was asked to t 83 it into the well. The boy cried, "Dad! No,I won’t. How are you asking me to throw my hard-earned coin into a well?"

The businessman s 84 . He told his son that one feels pain only when the fruits of labor are wasted. The son p 85 not to be lazy boy any more.

76. r 77.s 78.s 79.g 80.S

81. p 82.r 83.t 84.s 85.p

（填入答卷时，请填写完整的单词，含首字母）

七、书面表达。（满分 15 分）

请根据以下中文提示写一篇关于你的好朋友 Shaoan 的文章。1、性格外向,喜欢读名著,已经看了 *the Ordinary World* 两遍； 2、经常帮父母做家务,洗碗、扫地、扔垃圾等;

3、一个月去一次敬老院,帮助老人做事,使老人开心;

4、如果今年有暑假，准备去陕北（the North of Shannxi）旅游,参观著名的城市延安; 5、即将升入九年级了,请你对他提一两点建议。

要求: 1、不要逐字逐句翻译; 2、开头已给出,不计入总词数; 3、80 词左右。提示词: do chores. V. 做家务 the old people’s home 敬老院 travel v. 旅游

Let me tell you something about my friend Shaoan.

参考答案

1-5 ACBBA 6-10 BCACB

11-15 CCBAB 16-20 ABBBA

21-25 BBCAB 26-30 ABDCB

31-35 AAAAC 36-40 BBBDA

41-45 ABDBC 46-50BADBA

51-55 CDAAD 56-60 CBCDC

61-65 DBCBB 66-70 ABBBD

71-75 classic、 challenge、die from、abroad、peaceful

76.realize 77.supper 78.showed 79.guessed 80.Since

81.pay 82.returned 83.throw 84.smiled 85.promised