

初三年级英语试卷

说明:

1. 答题前, 务必将自己的姓名、学号等填写在答题卷规定的位置上。
2. 考生必须在答题卷上按规定作答; 凡在试卷、草稿纸上作答的, 其答案一律无效。
3. 全卷共 8 页, 考试时间 80 分钟, 满分 85 分。

笔试部分 (共 85 分)

第一卷 选择题部分 (60 分)

I. 词汇 (15 分, 共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分)

i) 根据句意, 选择与划线部分意思最接近的选项, 并在答题卷选择题答题区将相应的字母编号涂黑。
(共 8 小题, 每小题 1 分)

1. ---What's the purpose of this activity?
---To let more people learn about traditional culture.
A. service B. schedule C. aim
 2. ---It's very difficult for an 80-year-old man to memorize so many foreign words in such a short time.
---So amazing.
A. keep in mind B. understand C. write down
 3. ---Our school is going to hold an activity to raise money for the people who infected the COVID-19.
Would you like to take part in it?
---Yes, I'd love to.
A. show B. hide C. collect
 4. ---Although we had only two days, we managed to finish the report on time.
---Congratulations!
A. failed to finish B. was able to finish C. succeeded in finishing
 5. ---I will have a birthday party next Sunday afternoon. Would you like to come?
---I'd love to, but I'm afraid I'm not available. I have a class.
A. busy B. free C. relaxed
 6. ---After a few years, he regretted sending his daughter to America.
---Indeed. Living and working in Shenzhen is more pleasant now.
A. was happy with B. felt sorry for C. was certain about
 7. ---We can go back to school next month.
---Great! I haven't seen my teachers and classmates for months. I am dying to see them again.
A. have to B. can't wait to C. am afraid to
 8. ---Jimmy is so fond of playing basketball that he practices it every day.
---That's why he looks so strong.
A. is well-prepared for B. is popular with C. likes ...very much
- ii) 从下面每小节的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳答案 并在答题卷选择题答题区将相应的字母编号涂黑。(共 7 小题, 每小题 1 分)
9. A/An _____ is something said or written to tell people of a possible danger or problem.
A. warning B. expression C. description

10. --- The COVID-19 _____ very fast all over the world. Many people have lost their lives in it.
 --- I am sorry to hear that. I hope everything will get better soon.
 A. damages B. spreads C. destroys
11. Many tourists _____ five-star hotels because they think expensive hotels always _____ guests with better service.
 A. like, prevent B. prefer, provide C. dislike, present
12. Li Wenliang has been dead for a few months, but his _____ is still encouraging us.
 A. spirit B. body C. picture
13. ---My teacher wants me to _____ doing my homework as soon as I get home.
 ---My parents also tell me to do so.
 A. win the heart of B. stay in touch with C. get into the habit of
14. ---Have you noticed that Tina's English is greatly improved during the epidemic?
 ---Yes, she sets us a good example. Hard work always _____.
 A. makes a deal B. makes a difference C. makes a problem
15. --- In my opinion, it's more effective to study at school than study online at home.
 --- _____. It also protects their eyes.
 A. Never mind. B. I agree with you. C. That's all right.

II. 完形填空 (15分)

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从每小题的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳答案，并在答题卷选择题区将相应的字母编号涂黑。(共 10 小题，每小题 1.5 分)

"Do I really want to go through with this?" Have you ever asked yourself that 16 ? Sometimes in life, there are moments when you 17 if you will be able to handle the responsibilities ahead of you.

For me, these 18 come daily, whether it's taking a test or working. But one Saturday afternoon, my family and I were driving around when my dad pulled into a small mall. Little did I realize, we were going to a pet store where a new member would be 19 to our family.

As my dad parked our car, I figured we would just take a 20 look and then leave. After a while, my dad called us over. He was standing next to my mom, looking at several cats.

I began to think, "Are we 21 a cat?"

My dad asked, "So guys, you like any of these?"

My brother said "Yes!" before I could even open my mouth.

When I pictured feeding the cat, cleaning it and giving it water, all of these responsibilities felt heavy to me. Would I be able to handle it? 22 , I would have to live a more adult-like 23 if I got a cat.

Later on, after agreeing that we should get a cat, I thought about this new phase of my life. I realized that the 24 I make can affect my future.

Looking back, I find that I have been able to deal with the responsibility of owning a cat. Some tasks may be 25 , but that doesn't mean they can't be accomplished. You simply need to do your best in order to push past them.

16. A. problem

B. question

C. puzzle





- | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 17. A. wonder | B. announce | C. explain |
| 18. A. activities | B. moments | C. expectations |
| 19. A. returned | B. introduced | C. delivered |
| 20. A. quick | B. steady | C. careful |
| 21. A. feeding | B. preparing | C. getting |
| 22. A. Above all | B. After all | C. At once |
| 23. A. dream | B. hobby | C. life |
| 24. A. experiments | B. ideas | C. decisions |
| 25. A. easy | B. possible | C. difficult |

III. 阅读理解 (30 分)

阅读下列短文，从每小题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳答案，并在答题卡选择题区将相应的字母编号涂黑。(共 20 小题，每小题 1.5 分)

A

There are some tips for teenagers.

 Step 1: Be active in class	Speaking up in class might be difficult, but it helps to make you feel more confident and improve your ability to express yourself. It's okay if you give the wrong answer. All smart students do and your classmates won't really mind.
 Step 2:	Nobody can work efficiently when they are tired. Make sure you get enough sleep at night and take breaks from time to time while studying.
 Step 3: Develop healthy habits	Starting your young life with good habits sets you up for a healthy future. Get regular exercise, eat a healthy diet, and maintain your hygiene (保持卫生).
 Step 4: Keep your stress under control	Though you might be busy with your studies every day, you should spend time having fun and enjoying life. Join a sports team, read a book, learn to paint, or watch a good movie; whatever you need to do to help reduce stress, make time for it.

26. According to the tips, what can help you become confident?

- A. Speaking up in class.
- B. Having good sleeping habits.
- C. Winning competitions.
- D. Talking with your friends.

27. What is Step 2 about?

- A. Studying hard.
 - B. Getting enough rest.
 - C. Doing some exercise.
 - D. Spending more time studying.
28. To develop good habits, you can _____.
 a. exercise regularly
 b. eat healthy food
 c. watch games on TV
 d. maintain your hygiene
 A. abc B. abd C. acd D. bcd
29. These tips can help teenagers _____.
 A. find a job in the future
 B. get good grades on tests
 C. make more friends
 D. live healthy lives

B

Former British Prime Minister Winston Churchill once said, "The British are the only people who like to be told how bad things are." This is definitely true of British comedy. Most people think humor is about happy things, but for the British, the opposite is true. We love to use our cruel sense of humor to complain and be negative.

British comedy, for example, draws a fine line between comedy and tragedy. BBC's *The Office* is a TV show, famous for its dry humor. The main character, David Brent, is a foolish man, and the show's comedy comes from his delusions. For example, he often tells himself that he is loved by everyone but the viewer can see that everyone hates him.

Stupid characters for the audience to laugh at are an old tradition in Britain. In Shakespeare's play *Twelfth Night*, the character Malvolio is an old man whom people play tricks on. The audience will laugh away, although the reality is that this man is a truly tragic individual (个体).

This side of British humor is reflected (反映) in friendships as well. At university, my friends and I would always laugh at one another. I had an American friend who actually found this sarcasm (挖苦) quite upsetting. She didn't realize that in Britain, the better friends you are with someone, the more you laugh at them.

This approach -- laughing at everything -- may sound rather depressing, but our strange humor played a big part in British history. In World War II, along with a stiff upper lip (坚定沉着), the British got through it by laughing. What else was there to do?

There is a saying in English: "Laugh and the world laughs with you; cry and you cry alone." If you are ever on the receiving end of British sarcasm, you may feel like crying, but it's best to just laugh it off!

30. How is British comedy different from other types?
 A. It is often surprising and boring.
 B. It often laughs at human nature.
 C. It is often about negative things.
 D. It often makes people feel depressed.
31. What does the underlined word "delusions" in Paragraph 2 mean?
 A. strong abilities
 B. fun characters
 C. incorrect beliefs

- D. deep confidence
32. Why is Shakespeare's play Twelfth Night mentioned in the article?
- A. To show one of the best examples of British comedy.
 - B. To explain how Shakespeare's comedy is different.
 - C. To show how difficult it is to make people accept British comedy.
 - D. To prove Britain has a long tradition of laughing at stupid characters.
33. How does the author advise people to react to British humor?
- A. Learn from it.
 - B. Don't take it seriously.
 - C. Reply sarcastically.
 - D. Be careful not to make stupid mistakes.

C

Open an app, place your order, and wait for your food to be delivered (递送) to your home -- this is how many people eat in China these days. According to the latest data from the China Internet Network Information Center, 421 million Chinese people use online food delivery services. That's equal to half of the total number of internet users in China.

Which group of people is ordering food online the most? Unsurprisingly, it's mainly young people. A recent report that was jointly (联合) published by the China Hospitality Association and Meituan, a food delivery service, showed that 86.3 percent of the service's users are between 20 and 34 years old. These people, who are more likely to live in small families, are the major force driving the development of the food delivery industry (行业).

Small families depend greatly on food delivery services. According to the National Bureau of Statistics, Chinese families have changed in size over the past decade. In 2002, only 7.7 percent of families were single-person households. But this number increased to 15.6 percent in 2017. The percentage of two-person families rose from 18.4 in 2002 to 27.2 in 2017. For small families, cooking is relatively (相对) more time- and resource-consuming (耗时耗材), so ordering food online has become more popular.

The improvement of China's food delivery services has also attracted more customers. According to Meituan's report, the average time it takes to make a food delivery dropped from 38 minutes in 2016 to 29 minutes in 2019. Many delivery platforms are also offering more services, delivering products such as fruit, vegetables, medicine and flowers. As its services continue to improve, it's likely that the food delivery industry will keep growing.

34. What is the story mainly about?
- A. A food ordering app.
 - B. The food delivery industry.
 - C. Single-person families.
 - D. Young people's eating habits.
35. People in which age group use food delivery services the most in China?
- A. Younger than 20.
 - B. Between 10 and 34.
 - C. Between 20 and 34.
 - D. Older than 30.
36. What do the last two paragraphs tell us?
- A. How Chinese families have changed.

- B. How food delivery services have improved.
- C. What kinds of products can be delivered.
- D. How the food delivery industry has developed so quickly.

37. According to the story, _____.

- A. most Chinese people don't cook at home
- B. food delivery services need to be further improved
- C. 57.2 percent of Chinese families have fewer than three people
- D. one in two Chinese internet users use food delivery services

D



If you have ever talked to doctors in the hospitals, you may find that many of them are quite serious and speak in a range of terms that may be difficult to understand. But Zhang Wenhong, the leader of the Shanghai team of experts in the treatment of novel coronavirus pneumonia, is one of the exceptions. He caught the public's attention

for his recent frank and funny speech.

Zhang's words first went viral (走红) on the Internet after he said in late January that he had dispatched (派遣) doctors and nurses who are members of the Communist Party of China (CPC) to frontline hospitals to treat coronavirus cases.

"When becoming CPC members, we vowed (发誓) that we would always prioritize (优先考虑) people's interests ... in the face of difficulties," Zhang said. "This is the moment we live up to the pledge (誓言). All CPC members must rush to the frontline. No bargaining."

Such a hardcore declaration of his attitude won widespread applause among internet users.

One month later, when Zhang advised local residents (居民) to reduce the risk of spreading the virus by staying at home, he said in Shanghai dialect: "If you don't stop seeing friends, you will see them again in the ICU."

Though chased by the media, Zhang described himself as a medical worker who must speak out now, but will return to keeping a low profile after the outbreak ends.

"I spoke because of the fear among the public, owing to limited knowledge of the contagion (传染病)," said Zhang on Feb 26. "However, once the curtain of this coronavirus incident falls, it may be hard to find me. I'll just hide myself in a corner, studying complicated patient cases and doing some reading, silently."

38. What has made Zhang Wenhong so popular online?

- A. The way he treats his patients.
- B. His honest and humorous speech.
- C. His pledge to fight against the virus.
- D. His broad knowledge of the novel coronavirus.

39. He dispatched CPC members to frontline hospitals because he believed that _____.

- A. they would bargain less
- B. they are more professional
- C. they should take the lead as they had vowed
- D. they would be calmer in a critical situation

40. What can we conclude from Zhang Wenhong's words in the last two paragraphs?

- A. He doesn't like to speak in public.
- B. He mainly treats people with complicated diseases.
- C. He is not a person who is after fame and attention.
- D. He is looking forward to taking a break after the epidemic.

41. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Many doctors in the hospitals are humorous especially Zhang Wenhong.
- B. Zhang believes that people are much safer when they stay at home.
- C. Zhang spoke out because he wants to be famous.
- D. Zhang's words went viral on the Internet because he saved many people's lives.

E

With the spread of the novel coronavirus, people from all around the world have come together to think of new and creative ways to fight back against the pandemic. Let's take a look at some of these cool designs picked out by the Guardian.

A high-tech helmet has taken the world by storm. Created by a Chinese tech firm, the helmet features an infrared (红外线的) temperature scanner, a camera, facial recognition technology and a visor (面罩) with augmented-reality capabilities (增强现实功能). Not only can this helmet discover people with fevers up to five meters away, but it can also show the person's name and medical history, and send this information to nearby hospitals.

"Do less harm, use your arm!" is the slogan of another design. To help stop the spread of germs (细菌), Materialise, a Belgian 3D printing company, designed a unique attachment (附加装置) to make door handles hands-free. People can use their arms or elbows to open the door instead of using their hands. "Door handles are said to be among the most contagious (传染的) places in a building," Materialise CEO Fried Vancraen commented.

Drones (无人机) have also become huge helpers during these difficult times. They are controlled either by remote control or systems from the ground. In countries like China, France and the UK, drones have been used to complete a variety of tasks to keep the public safe. For example, drones have been used to discover fevers, deliver supplies, disinfect (消毒) public areas and make sure citizens follow lockdown orders.

These are just a few of the ways that creative ideas have been brought to life to help stop the spread of the novel coronavirus. Which one is your favorite?

42. How many devices are mentioned in this passage?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

43. What can a high-tech helmet do to fight against the pandemic?

- A. discovers people with fevers up to five meters away
- B. shows the person's name and medical history
- C. sends this information to nearby hospitals
- D. All above

44. Which of the following is NOT true?

- A. If a person wears the high-tech helmet, his name and medical history can be seen by the doctors in nearby hospitals.
- B. It is not easy to spread germs when we use arms or elbows to open the door.
- C. Door handles are the most contagious places in our daily life.
- D. We can control the drones to keep the public safe by remote control or systems from the ground.

45. What is the best title for this passage?

- A. High tech makes a difference
- B. Time to try new things
- C. Fight the outbreak with tech
- D. Designing against the virus

IV. 语法填空 (10 分, 每小题 1 分)

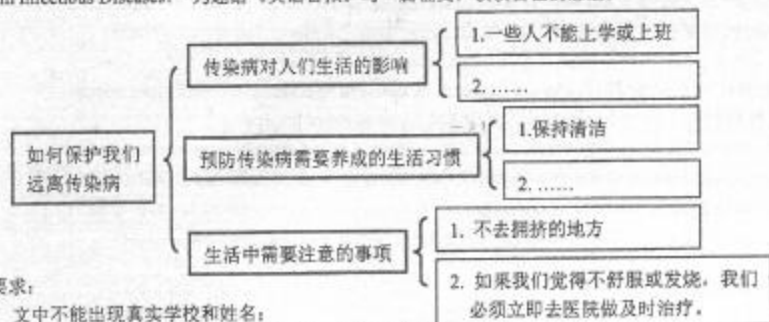
Many of us have our own ways to make us feel better. This is referred to as "self-care". One of the most popular self-care 46. _____ (activity) in China is "healing travel". More Chinese tourists are going on meditation (冥想) or yoga retreats (瑜伽会所) in places like Japan, Bali and India. By 47. _____ (take) these trips, people can learn more about local culture and the way people in these countries live. Without a tour guide or 48. _____ (detail) plan, they allow their bodies and minds 49. _____ (relax) as they forget about daily stresses and noisy surroundings back home.

Having 50. _____ pet can also help to improve our mental health. Research has shown that pets and humans can heal each other. Strong human-to-animal bonds make both pets and their owners happier and 51. _____ (healthy). Chinese dog and cat owners 52. _____ (spend) over 5,000 yuan on each pet on average in 2018.

More people are seeking out self-care activities simply 53. _____ they can finally afford to. 54. _____ fewer financial worries, they can slow down and take a closer look at 55. _____ (they) own inner worlds.

V. 56. 书面表达 (15 分)

近年来, 传染性疾病不断发生, 威胁人类的健康, 尤其是今年的新型冠状病毒更是让人们心惊胆战。为了使自已少受疾病的危害, 日常生活中我们应该怎么办? 应该注意哪些问题? 请你就这一问题, 以 "How to Protect Ourselves from Infectious Diseases?" 为题给《英语日报》写一篇征文, 谈谈自己的想法。



要求:

- 文中不能出现真实学校和姓名;
- 词数: 80 词左右。题目和开头已给出, 不计入总词数。
- 参考词汇: infectious disease(传染病) timely treatment(及时治疗)

How to Protect Ourselves from Infectious Diseases?

Nowadays, infectious diseases break out now and then. _____