**2018-2019华师附中10月月考**



满分100分，用时90分钟

1. **单词辨音（共5小题；每题0.5分，满分2.5分）**
2. A. stand B. age C. stamp D. fact
3. A. watch B. school C. teacher D. child
4. A. stops B. stands C. plays D. moves
5. A. laughed B. waited C. walked D. helped
6. A. geography B. honest C. hold D. not
7. **单词重音（共5小题；每题0.5分，满分2.5分）**
8. A. market B. hobby C. angry D. protect
9. A. Australia B. husband C. subject D. energy
10. A. elder B. guitar C. daily D. paper
11. A. pattern B. another C. together D. pollute
12. A. during B. field C. Japan D. never
13. **单项选择（共10小题；每题1分，满分10分）**
14. I would like \_\_\_\_\_ clothes inside because the sun is so strong outside.

A. washing B. wash C. to wash D. washed

1. This band is from \_\_\_\_\_. All the people in the band are \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Germany; Germen B. Germen; Germany

C. Germans; Germany D. Germany; Germans

1. The park is far away from my home, so I \_\_\_\_\_ walk there.

A. often B. usually C. always D. seldom

1. -Could you show me \_\_\_\_\_ dress?

-Sure, What about \_\_\_\_\_ red one on your right?

1. -\_\_\_\_\_ Johnson \_\_\_\_\_ maths at school?

-Sorry, I don’t know.

A. Is; do well in B. Do; do well in C. Does; well in D. Does; do well in

1. -\_\_\_\_\_ coffee do you want?

-A little, thanks.

A. How many B. How much C. What D. Which

1. When they \_\_\_\_\_ Beijing, they call their family.

A. arrive at B. arrive in C. reach to D. arrives in

1. -What’s your dream?

-My dream is \_\_\_\_\_ a dancer.

A. be B. to be C. become D. becomes

1. Dinner time is \_\_\_\_\_6:00 \_\_\_\_\_ 7:30.

A. /; to B. at; to C. from; to D. at; and

1. It is Saturday tomorrow. What about \_\_\_\_\_ swimming.

A. go B. going C. to go D. goes

1. **语法选择（共10小题；每题1分，满分10分）**

There are two twin boys. The are very \_\_21\_\_. One of them is happy and outgoing. He always \_\_22\_\_ happy and outgoing. He sees the bright side of things. His brother, however , is sad and unhappy. He has a negative(消极的）outlook on life. He \_\_23\_\_ close to the happy brother. The parents want \_\_24\_\_ up the sad child. They came up with \_\_25\_\_ useful plan and put the two boys into different rooms.

The sad boy was put in a clean room with all kinds of wonderful, interesting toys, while the happy boy was put in a dirty room with a lot of horse manure(马粪). After an hour, the parents opened the door into the clean room. To their surprise, the sad boy was sitting, crying. He even didn’t move or play with any toys.

“\_\_26\_\_ are you crying?” asked the parents.

“I don’t \_\_27\_\_ anyone to play with!” he said.

The parents then opened the second door. They were amazed. Their son was running excitedly around the room, and throwing handfuls of horse manure into the air.

“What are you doing?” they asked.

“ Well,” said the \_\_27\_\_ boy, “With all this horse manure lying around, I guess there may be a baby horse hiding in this room and I am going to find him!”

If we have a positive(积极的）attitude(态度), difficulties are easy to overcome.

1. A. differently B. different C. difference D. more different
2. A. look B. looking C. looked D. looks
3. A. seldom is B. seldom was C. is seldom D. was seldom
4. A. cheer B. to cheer C. cheers D. cheering
5. A. a B. an C. the D. /
6. A. to B. by C. with D. for
7. A. What B. Where C. How D. Why
8. A. has B. have C. having D. had
9. A. exciting B. excites C. excited D. excitement
10. A. has B. have C. is D. be
11. **完形填空（共10小题；每题1分，满分10分）**

I'm a collector. My collection is 31 . Now, I have over one thousand. They are all about every part of 32 , such as, buildings, scenery, animals, plants and works of arts.

My favorite is a cartoon picture named" Merry Christmas". 33 describe(s) what children are doing on a very happy Christmas Eve: some are sending 34 to their friends while others are decorating(装饰) a Christmas tree with 35 ornaments(装饰物). Everything become 36 under the different colors of lights. I am sure that everybody must feel 37 in winter on seeing it.

Most of my telephone cards are of a complete sets(完整的一套). A certain set I like 38 of some beautiful photographs of the world's famous scenic spots. Whenever I saw it, it seems as if I were travelling around the world. Through them, I can know 39 about the world without going abroad. The telephone cards have not only helped me know the world better, but also enriched my life. In the future, 40 will always stay with me as my friends.

1. A. Christmas trees B. telephone cards C. photographs D. postcards
2. A. the place B. the festival C. the city D. the world
3. A. It B. Its C. They D. Them
4. A. presents B. cakes C. cards D. pictures
5. A. old B. friendly C. large D. lovely
6. A. white B. colorful C. bright D. dark
7. A. hot B. warm C. cold D. cool
8. A. much B. more C. better D. best
9. A. a few B. a little C. less D. more
10. A . they B. it C. them D. he
11. **阅读理解（每题2分，满分40分）**

Robert lives in a small town. Five years ago, when he was nineteen, he finished middle school. He didn't like any subjects except playing when he was at school. Of course he learned nothing and the bosses wouldn’t use a man like him. He has to stay at home, but doesn't do any housework, only watches TV or lies on bed. It makes his parents angry. They want him to study something, he always thinks it difficult and doesn't listen to them.

One day Robert was walking near a bookshop while some young men were talking about the writers. He heard the publishing house pays the writers a lot. He became interested in it. As soon as he got home, he began to write. But he couldn't write anything. At last he bought a book and copied a story. Then he posted it to the publishing house. He waited for nearly half a year, but didn't get any answers. He had to ask an editor on the telephone, "Have you read my story yet, sir?" "Yes," said the editor, "I had read it before you were born!"

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so he learned nothing at school.

A. Robert had a lot of housework to do B. Robert didn't study hard at all

C. Robert hoped to be a writer D. Robert wasn't clever enough

1. The bosses wouldn't use Robert because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. he couldn't do anything B. he likes nothing except playing

C. he doesn't go to work on time D. he isn't friendly to his workmates

1. His parents are angry with Robert because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. he wouldn't find any work B. he didn't study hard before

C. he's too lazy to do any housework D. he isn't polite to them

1. Robert posted the story to the publishing house to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. be a famous man B. surprise his friends C. win a prize D. get much money

1. The editor didn't answer Robert because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. they were very busy B. the story wasn't interesting

C. the story was taken from a book D. the young man wasn't famous enough

This is a talk by a London taxi driver.

"I've been a taxi driver for nearly ten years. Most London taxi drivers have their own taxis."

"It's a nice job most of time. you meet a lot of people. I always work at night, because there is too much traffic during the day. I live twenty miles outside London and I go to work at 5:30 in the afternoon."

"I usually go home between 2 and 3 in the morning."

"Some very strange things happened late at night. The other day I was taking a woman home from a party. She had her little dog with her. When we got to her house, she found that she had lost her key. So I waited in the car with the dog while she climbed in through the windows."

"I waited and waited. After half an hour of ringing the bell I decided to find out what was going on. I tied the dog to a tree and started to climb in through the window. The next thing I knew was that the police came. They thought I was a thief.

Luckily the woman came downstairs. She must have gone to sleep and forget about me and the dog!"

1. The driver always worked at night because it was easier to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. drive B. make money C. climb in through the window D. meet a lot of people

1. The woman climbed in through the window because \_\_\_\_\_.

A. she wanted to have a sleep B. her husband didn't open the door for her

C. she didn't want to pay the driver D. she couldn't find her key

1. The story happened \_\_\_\_\_.

A. early in the morning B. late at night C. 20 miles outside London D. near the police station

1. Which of the following is wrong?

A. The driver worked until between 2 and 3 in the morning.

B. The police made a mistake.

C. The woman had no money to pay the driver.

D. The woman had forgotten about the driver and the dog.

1. The driver climbed in through the window to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. get money from the woman B. return the dog to the woman

C. see what was happening in the house D. phone the police

Different cultures have different ideas about why people catch colds. For example, in the United States, some people think that you can catch a cold if your feet get cold. So, mothers tell small children to wear warm boots in the winter. In other places, including parts of the Middle East, some people believe that strong winds cause colds. So, on trains and buses, people usually don’t like to sit next to open windows. In parts of Europe, some people think that wearing wet clothes will give you a cold. They say that after you go swimming, you should quickly put on dry clothes. Today, scientists know that colds are caused by a virus（病毒）. But the old ideas are still very strong, and many people still follow them to avoid（避免）getting ill.

1. In the United States, people think you can catch a cold if \_\_\_\_\_.

A. you wear wet clothes B. you sit next to the window

C. your feet get cold D. you go swimming in summer

1. Which is NOT a cause（成因）of colds in the reading?

A．Bad food B．Wet clothes C．A virus D．Strong winds

1. In "people still follow them to avoid getting ill", what does "them" mean?

A．scientists B．old ideas C．colds D．dry clothes

1. What is the main(主要的) idea of this reading?

A. You should take good care of your health in winter.

B．Colds are the biggest health problem in the world.

C．Some people think that strong winds cause colds.

D. People still believe old ideas about why they catch colds.

1. According to the reading, which of the following is NOT true?

A．There are many different ideas about how people catch colds.

B．Scientists don’t know how people catch colds.

C．Some people think that wearing wet clothes gives you a cold.

D．In the U.S., many small children wear boots in winter.

Do you get enough sleep？ With so much homework it's often difficult to get the rest you need. But you need to try, because sleep keeps you healthy and it stops you getting fat.

Recently, a group of U. S. scientists did a study of kids aged between 8 and 13. The study found that if kids sleep for just one more hour each day, the chance of their getting fat is cut by about 30 percent.

Why? When people don't get enough sleep, they become tired. When they are tired, they don't exercise enough. Also, kids like snacks. If they are awake (醒着的) an extra hour or two each day, they have more time to eat snacks or other unhealthy foods.

So, how much sleep should you get？ Scientists suggest 10 to 11 hours a night for kids aged 5 to 12. For older kids, eight to nine hours will do.

1. How many reasons are given why people might get fat without enough sleep？

A. 3. B. 2. C. l. D. None.

1. If you are under 10, how long do the scientists advise you to sleep？

A. 10 to 11 hours. B. 8 to 9 hours. C. 8 to 13 hours. D. As long as possible.

1. Why does the writer suggested you try to get enough sleep?

A. Because most kids like sleeping more than adults.

B. Because you will get fit if you are awake one or two more hours each day.

C. Because sleep keeps you healthy and it stops you getting fat.

D. Because enough sleep is more important than your homework.

1. What does "eight to nine hours will do" mean？

A. Eight to nine hours' sleep will be good and enough.

B. Eight to nine hours' sleep will be too long.

C. Eight to nine hours' sleep will help get fat.

D. Eight to nine hours' sleep will help eat snacks and unhealthy foods.

1. What does the passage talk about？

A. How to get enough sleep. B. How to keep healthy.

C. Enough sleep does good. D. Long sleep does good.

1. **单词拼写（共5小题；每题1分，满分5分）**
2. My father is an e\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. He studies machines.
3. Can you c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ homework before playing basketball?
4. Class is over. Let’s have a b\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. The people in this village are very f\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. If you want to play the piano well, you need more p\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
7. **完成句子（共5小题；每题2分，满分10分）**
8. 你通常会在闲暇时做些什么？

What do you usually do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

1. 我姑姑很享受在春天出游。

My aunt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a trip in spring.

1. 你经常参加这样的会议吗？

Do you often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the meeting like this?

1. 我希望尽快收到你的来信。

I hope to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you soon.

1. 你想同这位新朋友交朋友吗？

Do you want to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with the new student?

1. **书面表达（10分）**

假如你叫李华，你的朋友甜田将去英国。请你将她的基本情况介绍给你的英国朋友Rita，希望她们能成为朋友，并希望Rita能够去机场接她。请根据以下要点给Rita写一封信。

提示：介绍田甜的年龄，外貌，性格及爱好。田甜将去英国George Spencer School 学习一年，并将乘飞机于11月28号4点达到伦敦Heathrow Airport。

注意：a. 词数80词左右； b. 信的开头和结尾已为你写好，不计入总词数

|  |
| --- |
| Dear Rita,  How is everything going? I’d like to introduce my best friend, TianTian, to you.  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Will you please be kind enough to meet her at the airport? Many thanks.  Best wishes,  Yours,  Li Hua. |