

重庆市求精中学初 2019 级 2019-2020 学年度下学期

网络教学检测 - 英语

考试范围：七年级下册 Unit1 – Unit3 考试时间：90 分钟

注意事项：作文请写在 A4 白纸上然后拍照，上传附件。

I. 单选题(每题 1 分，共 40 分)

1. What about \_\_\_\_\_ a walk after you finish supper, John?  
A. take                      B. taking                      C. takes                      D. to take
2. —Can your brother play chess?  
—Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_. But he can't play \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. can; good                B. can't; nice                C. can; well                D. can't; fine
3. Amy can help her mother \_\_\_\_\_ the housework.  
A. with                      B. to                      C. for                      D. in
4. Miss Yang is good \_\_\_\_\_ art. And she can be good \_\_\_\_\_ children in the art club.  
A. at; at                      B. with; at                      C. at; with                      D. with; with
5. She likes playing \_\_\_\_\_ piano; her brother likes playing \_\_\_\_\_ basketball.  
A. the; a                      B. a; the                      C. ./; the                      D. the; /
6. —Can you \_\_\_\_\_ this word in English?  
—Yes, I can \_\_\_\_\_ English well.  
A. speak; talk              B. say; speak              C. tell; speak              D. say; tell
7. We usually eat \_\_\_\_\_ vegetables \_\_\_\_\_ dinner.  
A. lots of; for                B. lots of; have                C. a lot; for                D. a lot; have
8. —What would you like to have for supper, Jack?  
—Either noodles or rice \_\_\_\_\_ OK. I don't mind.  
A. are                      B. were                      C. is                      D. was
9. —Do you have a \_\_\_\_\_?  
—Yes, I do. I \_\_\_\_\_ in a big club.  
A. job; work                B. work; work                C. work; job                D. job; works
10. Alice usually gets up \_\_\_\_\_ 6:45 a.m. \_\_\_\_\_ Sunday.  
A. at; at                      B. at; on                      C. on; at                      D. on; on
11. They eat dinner at \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a quarter to seven      B. forty to seven              C. six half                      D. three thirty
12. We need an hour \_\_\_\_\_ home.  
A. get to                      B. to get to                      C. get                      D. to get

13. It takes about 15 minutes \_\_\_\_\_ there.  
 A. walk                      B. to walk                      C. walk to                      D. walking
14. It's only two kilometers \_\_\_\_\_ my home \_\_\_\_\_ the supermarket.  
 A. from; with              B. in; to                      C. at; in                      D. from; to
15. — \_\_\_\_\_ is it from the Children's Palace to Nanjing South Railway Station, Tom?  
 — About 10 minutes' ride by bus  
 A. How soon              B. How long                      C. How far                      D. How much
16. Kate is \_\_\_\_\_ girl. She's very happy at school.  
 A. a eighteen-year-old                      B. an eighteen-year-old  
 C. an eighteen-years-old                      D. a eighteen years old
17. It's necessary for us \_\_\_\_\_ to our parents when we have problems.  
 A. to talk                      B. talking                      C. talk                      D. talks
18. —What do you \_\_\_\_\_ the story?  
 —It's very interesting.  
 A. think to                      B. talk to                      C. think of                      D. think I
19. —How far is the small town from London?  
 —It's about \_\_\_\_\_ kilometers.  
 A. two hundred and thirty five                      B. two hundreds and thirty five  
 C. two hundreds and thirty-five                      D. two hundred and thirty-five
20. —Mary, does your brother get \_\_\_\_\_ work by bus?  
 —No, he rides a bike. Sometimes he walks.  
 A. in                      B. on                      C. to                      D. for
21. I usually come to school \_\_\_\_\_ bike, but my friend Susan \_\_\_\_\_ a bus to school.  
 A. by; on                      B. on; on                      C. by; takes                      D. takes; by
22. —How does Jim get to school?  
 —He goes to school \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. on his bike              B. by his bike                      C. rides a bike                      D. rides bike
23. We want two singers \_\_\_\_\_ our school show.  
 A. for                      B. in                      C. on                      D. of
24. My mother tells me \_\_\_\_\_ in the new school.  
 A. make friends              B. making friends                      C. to make friends                      D. makes friends
25. —Who wants \_\_\_\_\_ our art club?  
 —Li Ming.  
 A. join                      B. join in                      C. to join                      D. to join in
26. She plays basketball for \_\_\_\_\_ every day.

- A. half an hour      B. a half hour      C. an half hour      D. half hour
27. —How do you express(表达)“6:45”?  
—It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. sixty forty-five      B. six-four-five      C. a quarter to six      D. a quarter to seven
28. He eats \_\_\_\_\_ dinner at 7:30 in the evening.  
A. a      B. an      C. the      D. /
29. —What time is it?  
—It's \_\_\_\_\_ eight o'clock.  
A. at      B. on      C. in      D. about
30. His brother gets up very \_\_\_\_\_ so he doesn't have breakfast and go to school \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. early; quickly      B. late; quickly      C. quickly; early      D. quickly; late
31. They have no classes \_\_\_\_\_ Saturday and Sunday.  
A. in      B. on      C. at      D. from
32. You can find the bus stop \_\_\_\_\_ the library \_\_\_\_\_ the club.  
A. either; or      B. between; and      C. from; to      D. in; and
33. —How do you \_\_\_\_\_ the story?  
—It's boring.  
A. think of      B. think about      C. like      D. get to
34. — \_\_\_\_\_ is it from your home to the bridge?  
—Not far. it's about 5 \_\_\_\_\_ walk.  
A. How far; minutes'      B. How long; minutes  
C. How far; minutes      D. How long; minute's
35. Please cheer up (振作起来)! We believe your dream can \_\_\_\_\_ one day.  
A. come in      B. come true      C. come out      D. come on
36. It isn't easy for the students \_\_\_\_\_ the river.  
A. cross      B. across      C. to cross      D. to across
37. —Joe, come on! The plane \_\_\_\_\_ Beijing for London at 12:35.  
—OK, I'm coming.  
A. leaves      B. crosses      C. takes      D. calls
38. My sister and I \_\_\_\_\_ sports every day. She loves \_\_\_\_\_ basketball, but I don't.  
A. do; play      B. do; to play      C. does; play      D. does; to play
39. — Can you play the violin or the piano?  
— \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Yes, I can      B. No, I can't  
C. I like playing the piano      D. I can play the violin

40. Sam is \_\_\_\_\_ late for school. He's always the first to get to school.

- A. often                      B. always                      C. never                      D. usually

## II. 完型填空(每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

Gao Zhiyu is a fourteen-year-old boy. He \_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_ in a small village in Qingdao. \_\_\_\_42\_\_\_\_ students are in his class. Forty of them go to school by \_\_\_\_43\_\_\_\_. All of them can ride. Twenty of them go to school by school bus. What about Gao Zhiyu? He can't \_\_\_\_44\_\_\_\_ or take a bus because he has no legs(腿). In a car accident in 2012, he lost his legs. He was \_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_ seven years old then. But he isn't \_\_\_\_46\_\_\_\_ and he doesn't give up. He uses his arms(胳膊)to do everything. His school is \_\_\_\_47\_\_\_\_ from his home so it takes him a long time to get to school. His mother always \_\_\_\_48\_\_\_\_ an electric tricycle(电动三轮车) to take him to school. His classroom is on the \_\_\_\_49\_\_\_\_ floor, so it is easy for him to get into it. All of his teachers and classmates would like to help him in the school. He likes sports, and his \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ is to be a player. We hope it can come true.

41. A. works                      B. gets                      C. lives                      D. goes  
42. A. Forty-one                      B. Sixty- one                      C. Seventy-one                      D. Eighty-one  
43. A. bike                      B. bus                      C. subway                      D. taxi  
44. A. speak                      B. exercise                      C. run                      D. ride  
45. A. only                      B. always                      C. sure                      D. never  
46. A. funny                      B. afraid                      C. happy                      D. easy  
47. A. near                      B. difficult                      C. far                      D. late  
48. A. walks                      B. drives                      C. gets                      D. plays  
49. A. first                      B. second                      C. third                      D. fifth  
50. A. lesson                      B. show                      C. homework                      D. dream

## III. 阅读理解(每题 2 分, 共 38 分)

### A

Train No.	From	To	Departure(离开) Time	Arrival Time
11	Beijing	Shenyang	6: 35	17: 50
186	Chengdu	Taiyuan	22: 50	5: 05
185	Taiyuan	Chengdu	13: 09	19: 30
271	Tianjin	Beijing	8: 35	10: 21

51. The train from Beijing to Shenyang leaves at \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. 5:05                      B. 6:35                      C. 8:35                      D. 17:50
52. We have to spend \_\_\_\_\_ on the train if we go to Shenyang from Beijing.  
 A. 17 hours and 50 minutes                      B. 24 hours and 25 minutes  
 C. 6 hours and 35 minutes                      D. 11 hours and 15 minutes
53. If you want to go to Chengdu from Taiyuan, you can take the \_\_\_\_\_ train.  
 A. No.11                      B. No.185                      C. No.186                      D. No.271
54. The No.186 train arrives in Taiyuan at \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. 10:50 a.m.                      B. 1:50 p.m.                      C. 5:05 a.m.                      D. 5:05 p.m.
55. It takes \_\_\_\_\_ from Tianjin to Beijing by train.  
 A. about 2 hours                      B. half an hour                      C. about 1 hour                      D. more than 2 hours

## B

Germany(德国) is one of the most beautiful countries in the world. It is in the middle of Europe. Poland is on its east(东). Austria and Switzerland are on its south.

Germany is a great place to go all year round. Most people like to visit it from May to September (the holiday season) when there're lots of sunny days. They can go hiking(徒步旅行), go cycling and go swimming.

Some people like to visit it in other seasons (from March to May and from October to early November). People can also enjoy skiing(滑雪) between November and early March, because the weather is very cold at that time. The ski areas in the Bavarian Alps are the best places to go skiing.

Remember that it may rain in any month, so try to be careful.

56. \_\_\_\_\_ is on Germany's south.  
 A. Austria                      B. Poland                      C. Australia                      D. China
57. The holiday season for visiting Germany has \_\_\_\_\_ months.  
 A. nine                      B. seven                      C. six                      D. five
58. What will people do most probably(最有可能) if they visit Germany in February?  
 A. They will go cycling.                      B. They will go hiking.  
 C. They will go skiing.                      D. They will go swimming.
59. The writer wants people to be careful because \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. there're always many people in Germany  
 B. it may rain in any month in Germany  
 C. it is very cold in any month in Germany  
 D. it's difficult to make friends with people in Germany
60. Where can we find the passage?  
 A. In a history book.                      B. In a storybook.

C. In a travel guide(旅游指南).

D. In a dictionary.

### C

I am Yang Na. I am a student in No.16 Middle School. My school is big and nice. On weekdays all the students live in the school. Some of our teachers live with us. They are good to us and look after us like our parents.

We usually get up at six o'clock in the morning. Then all the students do morning exercises. At 6:30, all the students and teachers have breakfast. After breakfast, I often read Chinese in the classroom.

My favorite day is Thursday, because I have a music lesson on that day. Music is my favorite subject. I usually have four lessons in the morning and three lessons in the afternoon. But on Friday afternoon I only have two lessons.

I'm very happy in the school.

61. The underlined phrase(画线短语) “look after” means “\_\_\_\_\_” in Chinese.

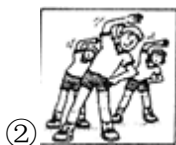
A. 照顾

B. 看望

C. 跟踪

D. 寻找

62. According to (根据) the passage, which of the following is the right order(顺序)?



A. ④①②③

B. ④②③①

C. ④③②①

D. ④②①③

63. Yang Na has \_\_\_\_\_ lessons on Monday.

A. four

B. five

C. six

D. seven

64. Which of the following is TRUE?

A. Yang Na's school is small but nice.

B. Yang Na has a good time at school.

C. Yang Na's favorite subject is history.

D. Yang Na lives at home on weekdays.

### D

Bill, Frank, Dave and Tom were brothers. Every year they sent their mother expensive gifts on her birthday. They liked to show her how rich they were.

The eldest brother, Bill, had lots of money and wanted his mother to have the most expensive gift, but he didn't know what to buy. So he put an ad in the newspaper, “Wanted—the greatest gift for my mother”.

About a week before his mother's birthday, a man came to his office. He brought a big bird, this bird can speak foreign languages and sing pop songs. The man made the bird talk in French and tell

a joke in Japanese. Then the bird sang a beautiful song. The next day, Bill sent the bird to his mother with a birthday card.

The day after his mother's birthday, he called his mother, "Well, mother," he asked, "what do you think of the bird?" "Oh, it's very delicious, dear." said his mother.

65. Bill put an ad \_\_\_\_\_ to find the greatest gift.

- A. on the radio      B. on TV      C. in the newspaper      D. on the Internet

66. What could the bird do?

- A. Talk in French.      B. Tell a joke in Japanese.  
C. Sing.      D. All of the above.

67. The next day, Bill sent the bird to his mother with \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a birthday cake      B. some flowers      C. nine thousand dollars      D. a birthday card

68. We can infer (推理) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the mother cooked the bird      B. the bird flew away  
C. the mother kept the bird as a pet      D. the mother sent the bird to Frank

69. The best title (标题) for this passage is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a clever son      B. a birthday gift      C. a lucky mother      D. a talented bird

#### IV. 口语应用(七选五, 每题 1 分, 共 5 分)

Jack: Good evening, Frank.

Frank: Good evening, Jack.

Jack: 70. \_\_\_\_\_

Frank: I get up at half past five in the morning. 71. \_\_\_\_\_ What about you?

Jack: 72. \_\_\_\_\_

Frank: Half past six?

Jack: Yes, I go to school at half past seven.

Frank: 73. \_\_\_\_\_

Jack: I usually take a walk in the evening.

Frank: Me, too. I take a walk at eight o'clock, and go to bed at nine o'clock.

Jack: 74. \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Do you get up early?  
B. Well, what do you usually do in the evening?  
C. What time do you get up on school days?  
D. When do you usually eat dinner?  
E. Oh, I usually go to bed at about ten.  
F. Then I take a shower and eat breakfast at seven.

G. Me? I get up at half past six.

**V. 任务型阅读(每题 2 分,共 8 分)**

Walk to School Day

I'm a middle school student from America. I live far away from my school. So I often go to school by bus. It takes me about twenty minutes from my home to school.

But at my school and other schools in our town, there is a "Walk to School Day". It is on Wednesday every week. On that day, parents send their kids to a bus stop. There are many bus stops in our town. At each bus stop, two parent volunteers(志愿者) gather(聚集)us to walk to school together.

The "Walk to School Day" stops us taking cars and buses. That is good for the air. We get exercise too. On the way to school, we talk to each other. We can also make new friends. I like the "Walk to School Day". I walk about five miles with other students on that day.

Our school will give some students beautiful backpacks if they do well. And I got one last year.

75. How does the writer often go to school?

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76. Who send the students to school on Walk to School Day?

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77. How many advantages of walking to school does the writer mention in the passage?

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78. Do you like to walk to school? Why or why not?

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**VI. 句型转换, 每空一词(每题 2 分, 共 8 分)**

79. Li Lei can play the violin. (一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ Li Lei \_\_\_\_\_ the violin?

80. She goes to work by car. (同义句)

She \_\_\_\_\_ work.

81. Ann does her homework at home. (否定句)

Ann \_\_\_\_\_ her homework at home.

82. 到学校需要 20 分钟车程。

It needs a \_\_\_\_\_ to get to school.

**VII. 短文填空, 每空一词(每空 2 分, 共 16 分)**

In junior high school in America, kids study English, writing, math, science biology, music and



art.

At 12 83. \_\_\_\_\_, the students have lunch at school. They eat meat(肉), vegetables, fruit and bread, but they like hot dogs and hamburgers 84. \_\_\_\_\_. American kids like sugar(糖), and after the meal they can have a small piece of cake. Students sleep(睡觉) for a short time after 85. \_\_\_\_\_, They begin classes at half 86. \_\_\_\_\_ one in the afternoon. They go to 87. \_\_\_\_\_ on weekdays and have classes for six 88. \_\_\_\_\_ every day and then go home.

Parents let their kids play or watch TV until(直到) dinner at 6:00 p.m. After dinner, they do their 89. \_\_\_\_\_. Sometimes kids and 90. \_\_\_\_\_ parents have a family activity after dinner.

VIII.书面表达(共 20 分)

假如你是高杰，请根据以下表格提示，给你的美国笔友戴夫(Dave)写一封电子邮件，向他介绍你的两位好朋友的上学方式，所需时间等情况。

姓名	彼得 (Peter)	里克 (Rick)
距离	约 2 千米	约 10 千米
方式	骑自行车	乘公共汽车
时间	约 15 分钟	约 30 分钟

要求：60-80 词左右，可适当发挥。电子邮件的格式已给出，不计入总词数。

注意：请手写在 A4 白纸/格子纸上，拍照后，上传附件。

请一并写出给出的开头和结尾。

Dear Dave,

Yours,

Gao Jie

答案

1-5 BCACD 6-10 BACAB 11-15 ADBDC 16-20 BACDC

21-25 CAACC 26-30 ADDDB 31-35 BBCAB 36-40 CABDC

41-45 CBADA 46-50 BCBAD

51-55 BDBCA 56-60 ADCBC 61-64 ABDB 65-69 CDDAB

70-74 CFGBE

75. He/She goes to school by bus./takes a bus.

76. Two parent volunteers.

77. Four.

78. 略

79. Can play

80. drives to

81. doesn't do

82. 20-minute ride

83. o'clock 84. better 85. lunch 86. past

87. school 88. hours 89. homework 90. their