

山西省 2019-2020 学年第二学期七年级阶段一质量评估试题

英 语 (人教版)

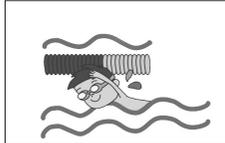
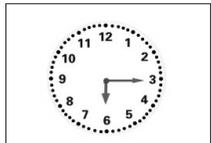
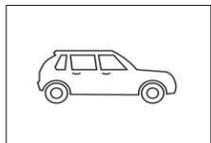
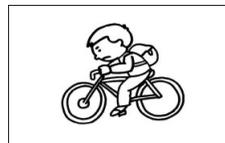
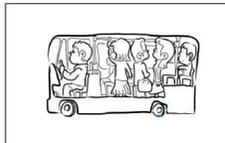
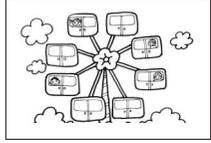
注意事项:

1. 本试卷分听力和笔试两部分。全卷共 10 页, 满分 120 分, 听力测试 20 分钟。
2. 答题前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在本试卷相应的位置。
3. 答案全部在答题卡上完成, 答在本试卷上无效。
4. 考试结束后, 将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

听力部分 (共 20 分)

一、情景反应 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中, 选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

1.     
A B C
2.     
A B C
3.     
A B C
4.     
A B C

5.     
A B C

二、对话理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题, 每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

6. A. By car. B. By bike. C. By bus.
7. A. At 9:00. B. At 9:30. C. At 10:00.
8. A. He watches TV. B. He plays tennis. C. He does his homework.
9. A. Play tennis. B. Play basketball. C. Play soccer.
10. A. He is nice. B. He is strict. C. He is busy.

三、语篇理解 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的 5 个问题, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

11. When does Liu Dong get up?  
A. At 5:45 a.m. B. At 6:00 a.m. C. At 6:15 a.m.
12. How long does Liu Dong exercise every morning?  
A. For twenty minutes.  
B. For thirty minutes.  
C. For forty minutes.
13. What does Liu Dong do at 7:00 a.m.?  
A. He has breakfast. B. He brushes his teeth. C. He goes to school.
14. Where does Liu Dong have lunch?  
A. At home. B. In the library. C. At school.
15. What does Liu Dong do after dinner?  
A. He watches TV.  
B. He plays the guitar.  
C. He does his homework.



七、完形填空 (每小题 1 分,共 8 分)

请阅读下面短文,理解其大意,然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Aaron Dean is a great musician. He is an early bird. He usually gets up at six o'clock in the 36. After he gets up, he drinks some water 37. Next he gets 38 and brushes his teeth. Then, he plays football with his friends. At half past seven, he eats his breakfast. After that, he often plays the violin. At about nine o'clock he takes the number 66 bus to 39.

Where does he work? Well, he has a music 40. He teaches violin and drums in the club 41 he often helps kids with the violin and the drums there from Monday to Friday. On weekends, he has a show. Oh, Dean is very good 42 kids. Do you 43 love playing the violin or drums? Do you want to join his club? You can call him at 010 - 6698.

36. A. afternoon                      B. morning                      C. evening  
 37. A. first                              B. last                              C. second  
 38. A. married                        B. dressed                        C. fired  
 39. A. work                              B. study                            C. play  
 40. A. school                          B. club                              C. room  
 41. A. but                                B. or                                C. and  
 42. A. for                                B. with                              C. at  
 43. A. really                            B. even                              C. usually

八、阅读理解 (这一部分共五篇短文, A 至 D 篇每篇短文后有五个小题, E 篇后有六个小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 52 分)

(A)

请阅读下面表格中的内容, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

After-school Activities	
Would you like to be a singer? Teacher: Miss Brown Place: In the gym Time: Tuesday, 19:00 — 21:00 Age: Over 5 years old	
Are you interested in ball games? Teacher: Mr. Smith Place: On the playground Time: Monday, 16:00 — 18:00 Age: Over 10 years old	
Are you good at drawing? Teacher: Mr. Black Place: In the art room Time: Sunday, 8:00 — 10:00 Age: Over 4 years old, under 14	
Do you enjoy playing chess? Teacher: Mr. Green Place: In the library Time: Saturday, 15:30 — 18:00 Age: Over 6 years old, under 10	

44. If Mary wants to learn to sing, she has to be over \_\_\_\_\_ years old.

- A. four                              B. five                              C. ten

45. Jim is interested in painting, so he can go to the \_\_\_\_\_ on Sundays.

- A. library                            B. gym                              C. art room

46. Eric is 9 years old and he likes playing chess. Who can teach him?

- A. Mr. Black.                        B. Mr. Green.                      C. Mr. Smith.

47. Which of the following activities is **NOT** mentioned in the passage?

- A. Dancing.                        B. Singing.                        C. Ball games.

48. How long does it take Bill to play tennis on Monday?

- A. Two and a half hours.          B. Two hours.                      C. One hour.

(B)

请阅读下面短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

It is Sunday morning. Sam wants to meet his friend. On his way to his friend's home, he is very tired(累的). So he stops his car and wants to take a nap(打个盹).

A man walks to Sam's car and knocks(敲) on the window. "Excuse me, sir," he asks, "What time is it now?"

Sam doesn't have a watch. He looks at the clock of his car and says, "8:15." The man says, "Thanks."

After a short time, another man knocks on his window, "Sorry, sir, but do you have the time?" "8:25." Sam says and he is a little angry. The man also thanks him.

"I really want to take a nap," Sam thinks. Then he takes out a pen and writes "I don't know the time." on the paper. And he posts(张贴) it on the window.

But soon another man sees it and knocks on the window. "Sir, sir? It's 8:45 now."

49. Sam wants to meet his \_\_\_\_\_ on Sunday morning.

- A. cousin                            B. teacher                            C. friend

50. What doesn't Sam have?

- A. A watch.                        B. A pen.                            C. A piece of paper.

51. The second man knocks on the window at \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. 8:00                                B. 8:15                                C. 8:25

52. How many people ask Sam the time?

- A. Two.                                B. Three.                              C. Four.

53. From the story, we can know \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Sam sleeps on a bus
- B. Sam doesn't have a good time that morning
- C. the last man wants to know the time

(C)

请阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,使短文意思通顺,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有一项为多余项。

On Saturday mornings, I usually get up late. I wash my face and then go out to do morning exercises. 54 After having breakfast, I often go to a shopping center with my mother.

The shopping center is near my home, so we walk there. 55 The shopping center has a good name. It is called “茂业购物中心” in Chinese. It doesn't have an English name. Can you help to put it into English? The shopping center is new and big.

There are many things in the shopping center, like TVs, fridges, bikes, computers, clothes, books, food and drinks. 56 They are men and women, old and young. Parents must look after their children well. The shopping center is so big. 57

Why do so many people come here to buy things? Do you know? Let me tell you. The things there are usually good and cheap. 58 If you come to my home, I can take you there to have a look.

- |   |
|---|
| A. It is about 8:20 a.m.<br>B. There are also many people.<br>C. Young children may get lost.<br>D. And the workers there are usually nice and friendly.<br>E. It takes us about 10 minutes to get there on foot.<br>F. I like drawing pictures and want to be an artist. |
|---|

(D)

请阅读下面短文,在下面的横线上填入与文章意思最符合的内容,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

In England, schools begin (开始) in September after a long summer holiday. There are three terms (学期) in a school year. The first term is from September to the middle of December. The second term is from the early January to the end of March. And the last term is from the middle of April to the middle of July.

Most English children begin to go to school when they are five years old. They finish high school (高中) at the age of seventeen or eighteen years old.

High school students take only five or six subjects each term. They usually go to the same class every day, and they have homework for every class. After class, they do a lot of interesting things. After high school, many students go to college (大学). They like their school, so they have to work after class to get money for their studies.

The school in England	
After a long summer holiday, schools <u>59</u> in September.	
<b>Three terms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● The first term is from September to the middle of December.</li><li>● The second term is from the <u>60</u> January to the end of March.</li><li>● The last term is from the middle of April to the middle of July.</li></ul>
Students finish high school <u>61</u> they are seventeen or eighteen years old.	
<b>High school life</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>● There are only five or six <u>62</u> each term for high school students.</li><li>● They <u>63</u> go to the same class every day, and they have homework for every class.</li></ul>

(E)

请阅读下面非连续性文本,按要求完成所给任务,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

In China, most students go to school by bike or by bus. **If the school is not far, they can walk to school every day.** Few students are late for class. But things are different in other countries (国家).

In many Western (西方的) countries, students live far from their school and they have different ways to get to school. Many students go to school by car. Over 50% of New Zealand children go to school in their parents' car every day. It's surprising that in some schools nearly 90% of children go to school in this way every day. Driving to school makes children do little exercise. So we can see children are getting fatter and fatter. Also, driving to school makes the air (空气) very bad. Walking to school is good to make children healthy and also good for our life. Schools and parents can ask and help children to walk to school to make our life good.

<b>Scooters (小型摩托车)</b> Scooters are popular with students in some Western countries. If you don't want to take a bus to school, you can go by scooter. <b><u>这会让你</u></b> <b><u>的旅行很有趣,很刺激。</u></b>
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姓名 \_\_\_\_\_ 准考证号 \_\_\_\_\_

**Double-deck(双层的) buses**

In some cities, there are double-deck buses. The bus has two floors and it can carry more people. So some students can take a double-deck bus to school.

In some cold countries, such as Finland and Iceland, it often snows. The students in town may take a school bus, but the students in villages far from the school have to go by sledge(雪橇) because there is snow everywhere. It takes a little longer.

Sometimes, the students may be late for school. If it snows heavily, the students can only study at home.

64. Please translate(翻译) the underlined(划线的) sentence into Chinese.

65. What bad things can driving to school make?(One example is OK. )

66. Please translate the underlined sentence into English.

67. What is the double-deck bus?

68. Why the students go to school by sledge in villages in Finland and Iceland?

69. How do you go to school every day? What do you think of it?

**九、词语运用(每小题1分,共10分)**

请根据语篇内容,用方框中所给词的正确形式填空,使短文通顺、连贯,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。方框中有两个词为多余项。

<i>between</i>	<i>by</i>	<i>student</i>	<i>get</i>	<i>but</i>	<i>they</i>
<i>hope</i>	<i>quick</i>	<i>never</i>	<i>difficulty</i>	<i>take</i>	<i>look</i>

How do you get to school every day?

For most 70 in cities, it's easy for them to get to school. They can walk or ride a bike to school. They can get to school 71 bus or even by subway. It can't take them too long 72 to school and back home.

73 for some students in faraway villages, things are quite different. Life for them is hard. It's 74 for them to get to school every day. Usually they will spend a few hours on the way. In one small village, there is a big river 75 the school and the village. The students can't get to school by boat because the river runs too 76. They have to go on a ropeway(索道) to cross the big river. Though it's dangerous, they are used to it and are not afraid. In their mind, going out to study is 77 happiest thing. Because of the poor transportation(交通), many villagers 78 leave their village. How they are looking forward to having a bridge? I do 79 one day their dream can come true.

**十、书面表达(共15分) 请将短文写在答题卡相应的位置上。**

请根据下列提示写一篇60词左右的短文,描述一下你日常的学习与生活情况。

**要点提示:**1. 你家离学校有4千米远;

2. 6点起床,吃完早饭后坐公共汽车去上学;

3. 去学校大约花15分钟的时间;

4. 下雨时,在学校吃午饭;

5. 晚饭后先做作业再看半个小时的电视,9:30上床睡觉。

**要求:**1. 包含以上提示的所有信息,可适当补充;

2. 文中不得出现真实的人名、校名。