

湖南广益实验中学2018-2019学年度第一学期期中考试试卷
九年级英语

共75小题计120分

时量120分钟

命题人：朱岳玲

一、听力技能（共2题，20分）

第一节 听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项回答问题。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。（共5小题，计5分）

1. What is the cup made of?
A. Glass. B. Plastic. C. Paper.
2. Where does the man want to go?
A. To the cinema. B. To the museum. C. To the city library.
3. What time does the shop close on weekdays?
A. At 5:00 p.m. B. At 5:30 p.m. C. At 6:00 p.m.
4. What are the two speakers going to do this afternoon?
A. See a policeman. B. Do some shopping. C. Go to a movie.
5. What will the weather be like next Tuesday?
A. Rainy. B. Sunny. C. Snowy.

听第六段对话，回答第8至9小题。

6. What does the woman think of buying clothes online?
A. Fun. B. Convenient. C. Safe.
7. What did the woman buy online?
A. A jacket and a dress. B. A T-shirt and jeans. C. A coat and trousers.

听第七段对话，回答第8至9小题。

8. What does the girl's aunt have?
A. A shop. B. A hotel. C. A restaurant.
9. How much does Ted pay to put his website on the Internet a month?
A. \$20. B. \$30. C. \$40.

听第八段对话，回答第10至11小题。

10. Where does the woman want to go?
A. To a cinema. B. To a hotel. C. To a bank.
11. Which bus will the woman take?
A. The No. 4 bus. B. The No. 5 bus. C. The No. 16 bus.

听第九段对话，回答第12至14小题。

12. What day is it today?
A. Monday. B. Tuesday. C. Wednesday.
13. How will Sam show his thanks to Miss White?
A. By making a card for her. B. By buying her a present. C. By inviting her to dinner.
14. Who are going to make the turkey dinner with Sam?
A. His teachers. B. His parents. C. His friends.

听第十段对话，回答第15至17小题。

15. What does Mr. Li do?
A. A cook. B. A doctor. C. A teacher.
16. When did Mr. Li buy his first car?
A. In 2003. B. In 2010. C. In 2015.
17. Where was Mr. Li's second car made?
A. In Germany. B. In China. C. In America.

听下面的独白，回答第18至20小题。

18. Where do the children write down their wishes?
A. On their notebooks. B. On the wish trees. C. On the cards.
19. Who hopes his / her grandpa will get well soon?
A. Grace. B. Hector. C. Alice.
20. What will Alice do if she becomes a popular movie star?
A. She will give away all her money to the hospital. X
B. She will help children cross the street every day. X
C. She will teach her fans how to dress up.

二、知识运用（共10题，10分）

第一节 语法填空 从A、B、C三个选项中选择最佳答案填空。（共10小题，计10分）



21. B is said that electric cars can be charged (充电) during driving.
A. That B. It C. What
22. It has been more than two years since he C to our school.
A. comes B. has come C. came
23. --- You are going to take senior high school entrance examinations. A you study hard, you won't pass them.
--- I promise I will work hard.
A. as if B. unless C. even if
24. --- Can you move that big bookcase?
--- I don't think so. It is B heavier than I expected.
A. very B. more C. much
25. My friend, Jim A be shy. But now he C standing in the spotlight and showing herself.
A. used to; is used to B. is used to; used to C. used to; is using to
26. --- Tina, you're so careless that you make a spelling mistake in the exam.
--- Sorry, Mr. Smith. I must avoid C such a mistake next time.
A. make B. to make C. making
27. --- What a beautiful photo!
--- Thanks. It C in a small village in Yunnan.
A. is taken B. took C. was taken
28. --- Cathy, are you going to Jim's birthday party on Saturday?
--- Unless I B
A. will be invited B. am invited C. invited
29. --- C the boys are!
--- Yes! Because they won the first place in the running races.
A. What excited B. How exciting C. How excited
30. --- That novel is funny. Could you tell me C?
--- Last Sunday. And I've finished reading it.
A. Why did you buy it B. where you bought it C. when you bought it

三、词语填空 (共1题, 10分)

第二节 词语填空 通读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。(共10小题, 计10分) □

Every school day, we use schoolbags to carry all of our things to school. They are a big part of our lives. But have you ever thought about the (31) of the schoolbag?

In the Han Dynasty, when old-style private schools were opened, students used bamboo boxes to carry books to school. People consider the bamboo box to be the (32) schoolbag. There were usually two or three layers (层) in the (33). Kids put different things, like books, brushes, ink stones (砚) and paper in the box. You can see the bamboo box in many TV shows. (34), in the Legend of White Snake, Xu Shilin carries a bamboo box to the capital to take an exam.

Hundreds of years (35), people developed a new kind of schoolbag called the budai, or "hip-pocket". The budai was lighter than the bamboo box. With the founding of the People's Republic of China, military rucksacks (军用帆布包) became popular. Ask your grandparents or parents about these bags. Maybe they can tell you about their (36) of carrying them when they were in school.

A new style of schoolbags has (37) in recent years. Many of them have colorful and fashionable (38) on them, such as pictures of cartoons or pop stars. And they are more comfortable to use. Some students pull wheeled bags (39) with heavy textbooks and others carry backpacks.

Schoolbags are still changing. Can you imagine (40) future schoolbags will be like?

31. B A. material B. history C. shape
32. C A. most famous B. most beautiful C. earliest
33. C A. bag B. pocket C. box
34. A A. However B. Moreover C. For example
35. B A. before B. later C. after
36. C A. experiences B. pictures C. dreams
37. C A. produced B. came C. appeared
38. B A. designs B. wheels C. words
39. B A. covered B. filled C. carried
40. A A. how B. what C. which

(how) deal with

(what) do with

四、阅读技能 (共4大题, 48分)



第一节图表理解 阅读下列图表，从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。(共5小题，计10分)

sell

A

41. The above material has something to do with C.
 A. Customs of dressing B. special offers C. window shopping
 42. The material above is probably C.
 A. an ad. B. a notice C. a sale report

news report

Shawnee Mountain Skiing 3 Minutes to the Top LIFT (电梯) TICKETS			
Winter 2018—2019 Prices	Midweek (open to close)	Weekend/Holiday (open to close)	Night (3 pm to close)
Adult (成人) (Ages 19 to 61)	\$43	\$50	\$29
Young Man* (Ages 18 & under)	\$32	\$36	\$29
Child (46cm tall & under with paying adult)	Free	Free	Free
College Student (college id (身份证) needed)	\$33	\$44	\$29
Soldier (active duty ID needed)	\$33	\$44	\$29
Elders* (Ages 62 to 69)	\$33	\$44	\$29
Super Elders* (Ages 70*)	Free	Free	Free
proof(证明) of age may be needed Holiday period: 12/25/2018 through 1/2/2019; 2/21/2019 through 2/25/2019			
Lift Hours Monday-Friday 9am-9pm Saturday 8am-10pm Sunday 8am-9pm		Lift Hours Christmas Day Noon-5pm Night skiing 3pm-close Mid December-March	

43. Shawnee Mountain is a wonderful place for B.
 A. visiting B. skiing C. climbing
 44. It is known that people can go to Shawnee Mountain for skiing C.
 A. with expensive tickets at night B. for 8 hours on Christmas Day C. from Mid December to March
 45. Which is NOT true according to the form?
 A. There are 2 holiday periods during a winter.
 B. The prices now are not the same as last year.
 C. People over 70 are also welcome to be there.

第二节 短文理解 阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。(共13小题，计28分)



A

It happened two years ago. It was Mother's Day morning. I was doing my shopping at our local supermarket with my five-year-old son Tenyson. As we were leaving, we found that only minutes earlier an elderly woman had fallen over at the entrance(入口) and had hit her head on the ground. Her husband was with her but there was blood everywhere and the woman was embarrassed and clearly in shock. Walking towards the scene, Tenyson became very sad about what had happened to the couple. He said to me "Mum it's not much fun falling over in front of everyone."

At the front of the supermarket a charity group had set up a stand selling fish and chips and flowers to raise funds. Tenyson suggested that we should buy the lady a flower. "It will make her feel better" he said. I was amazed that he'd come up with such a sweet idea. So we went over to the flower seller and asked her if we could buy a flower for the lady to cheer her up. "Just take it" she replied. "I can't take your money for such a wonderful gesture."

By now doctors had arrived and were attending the injured woman. As we walked up to her, my son became intimidated by all the blood and medical equipment (器具). He said he was just too scared to go up to her. Instead I gave the flower to the woman's husband and told him "My son was very sad for your wife and wanted to give her this flower to make her feel better."

The old man started crying and said "Thank you so much, you have a wonderful son. Happy Mother's Day to you." The man then bent down and gave his wife the flower telling her who it was from. Though badly hurt and shaken, the old lady looked up at Tenyson with love in her eyes and gave him a little smile.

46. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage? _____

- A. The elderly woman was moved to tears by Tenyson's gesture.
 B. Tenyson's idea of buying a flower got his mother's support. 支持
 C. Tenyson's care for the elderly woman surprised the flower seller.

47. The underlined word "intimidated" in the passage probably means " C ".
 A. 惊讶的 B. 激动的 C. 害怕的

48. What does the writer want to tell us? _____

- A. One can never be too careful. B. A small act of kindness brings a great joy. C. Love begins with a little smile.

49. Choose the right order of the events given in the story. _____

- a. The doctors arrived and attended the injured woman.
 b. We bought a flower for the lady to cheer her up.
 c. I did some shopping at our local supermarket with my five-year-old son.
 d. My son became very sad about what had happened to the couple.
 e. An elderly woman fell over at the entrance.

- A. c-e-a-b-d B. c-e-d-b-a C. c-a-e-d-b

50. What would be the best title for the passage? _____

- A. The Power of Flower B. Mother's Day C. An Accidental Injury

B

Don't throw away your old phones. You are actually throwing away real gold! Smart phones contain many useful metals. People can recycle them to make new electronics (电子器件). But many people may not know this. In Australia there are more than 25 million unused mobile phones lying around, Sydney morning Herald reported. The gold in these phones can add up to a value of more than \$80 million. There are about 2 billion smart phone users around the world, and they change their phone once every 11 months on average (平均). So in China, 80 million old phones come along every year.

Smart phones contain not only useful things, but also harmful materials. Guiyu, a small town in Shantou, Guangdong, is one of the world's biggest dumping grounds for electronic waste. Many recycling centers in Guiyu simply break the old electronics by hand and don't think about the pollution it causes. According to a local government report, It is reported that 81 percent of the children in Guiyu are harmed by lead poisoning (铅中毒).

Veena Sahajwalla, a professor at an Australian university, has made a mini factory. It makes smart phone recycling cleaner and easier. The mini factory is very small and easy to move around. It breaks the phones and automatically (自动地) removes the phone's useful things. In that way, humans do not get poisoned (中毒).

Well, have you ever wondered what happens to the old phone after it's no longer yours? A part of your old smart phone could soon be proudly worn around the neck of one of the world's top athletes. Organizers of the 2020 Tokyo Olympics say that medals for the event will be made from recycled phones. They will also be made out of people's thoughts for avoiding waste. They think there is an important message in this for the future.

51. The underlined word "this" refers to the fact that _____.

- A. Old phones can be recycled B. People change phones often C. Many old phones are thrown away every year



52. According to paragraph 2, we know a dumping ground is a place where people _____.
 A. produce electronics. B. sell smart phones C. keep the waste
53. Why do many children in Guiyu get poisoned by lead? _____.
 A. Guiyu has the world's biggest smart phone factory
 B. Guiyu is polluted by electronic waste.
 C. People in Guiyu use machines to recycle electronics.
54. Which is TRUE about Veen Sahajwalla's factory? _____.
 A. It's so big that it can't be moved around
 B. The workers there break the old electronics by hand
 C. Smart phone recycling there is cleaner and easier
55. What does the writer want to tell us in the last paragraph? _____.
 A. The top athletes will get smart phones in the 2020 Olympics.
 B. The people in Tokyo will be proud of 2020 Olympics.
 C. It's important and meaningful to recycle electronic waste.

第三节 语篇补全 阅读下面的短文，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项补全短文。选项中有一项为多余选项（共4小题，计8分）

Everyone enjoys music. But do you know it can improve the lives of sick kids? A famous musician once said music could change the world. In fact, in Australia, a scientist, Catherine, has made a music program. E 56 "Music can make you happy, music can make you sad, music can make you relaxed and want to dance and take away any stress," said Catherine.

For thousands of years people has believed that music has a great effect on both the mind and the body, but it was only about 70 years ago that scientists began to study its medical benefits (益处). A 59 Since then, people has began to use music to help patients feel less pain and sadness. People even used it to help kids in schools get better marks because it allows them to relax and pay more attention.

Now music is being used in a special programme called Music Therapy (疗法). It helps people improve their quality of life in many different ways by using music. 60. B

Sophia is 11. She got cancer (癌症) five months ago, but playing music, learning new songs and singing have become a part of life. She said, "It takes my mind off feeling sick. While I am listening to music, it tells me not to give up hope."

59. C "It seems that a few minutes of music a day can help keep the doctor away!"

- A. At that time, they found that playing music in hospitals helped sick soldiers feel better.
 B. It includes listening to music, playing instruments, singing, song writing and other games.
 C. It feels like soon my life will turn around and I will be strong again.
 D. Music is very popular around the world.
 E. The program has been playing relaxing music in hospitals across the country.

第四节 阅读表达 阅读下面的短文，然后根据短文内容回答问题。（共5小题，计10分）

If you've been near a tourist attraction lately, you may have seen someone taking photos either alone or with a group of friends with a camera phone put at the end of a telescoping pole (伸缩杆), now commonly known as "selfie stick".

Selfie sticks first became popular with the young people in Southeast Asia, including Indonesia, Malaysia, and the Philippines, followed by South Korea and Japan. They are now widely seen across Asia and have spread to the US and Europe. There are nearly 130,000 photos on Instagram #2.

(图片分享应用) taken with a selfie stick #3

As you know, selfie sticks are pretty convenient to use. First you put your phone at the end of the selfie stick. Then raise it in front of yourself and make a sound or press a button on the stick handle which is connected to the camera, or press a button on a wireless remote (无线遥控), or use the camera's built-in timer (内置计时器) to take a photo after a number of seconds have passed. With a perfect smile on your face, the picture you want is done! Besides its convenience, there are other advantages to use selfie sticks.

Putting more people in the frame (边框). A selfie stick makes it easy to fit all your friends in one shot. Nobody has to "cut" the face by half in the picture any more.

Adding backgrounds to your selfies. The selfie stick provides distance between the camera and your subject (you!),



so you can include more in your picture: the skyline behind you, an ancient building in the background or even the grassland—anything you like and want that can make your picture special and nice.

Getting more angles (角度). The selfie stick is easy to hold, which means you can get some fun and creative angles to enrich your selfies or to take interesting photos of friends.

So next time you travel alone or want to take a fun group photo, a selfie stick may help you.

60. Where did selfie sticks first become popular with the young people?

61. How many photos on Instagram were taken with a selfie stick?

62. Are selfie sticks pretty convenient to use?

63. What's the first step to use the selfie stick?

64. What are the advantages of using selfie sticks? (List at least 2 advantages)

五、写作技能 (共3大题, 30分)

第一节 语篇翻译 阅读下面的短文, 将画线部分译成英文或中文。(共5小题, 计10分) *这是一个同时解决.*

Many cities offer public bikes for people to ride. 65. This is a good way to solve traffic problems in cities and protect the environment at the same time.

New York starts a new bike-sharing program. 66. 这个项目为人们提供了很多公共自行车. But it has a special rule: the bikes are only for people less than 260 pounds. “67. The user of a public bike should not be over 260 pounds, because the weight is too heavy for the bike to carry.” explains the New York Post, a local newspaper.

The leader of the program think the rule is very necessary. They say that many bike factories suggest they should do so. They think it will be safer if fat people don't ride bikes.

However, many people are against this rule. 68. They think everyone has the right to ride a public bike. 69. “许多肥胖的人想通过骑自行车减肥. They should be allowed to do that,” says Jhoskaira Ferman, a 20-year-old student, “But the new rule doesn't give them the chance.

Many people say that 260 pounds won't break a bike, and some owners of bike shops agree with that. Others say that the won't be successful, because there are so many fat people in this city.

第二节 情景交际 通读下面的对话, 根据上下文补全对话内容。(共5小题, 计10分)

*lose weight
put on/gain ~*

A: Hi, long time no see! How was your vacation?

B: Great. I went to my grandparents' home in Weifang City and had a good time.

A: 71. _____?

B: I learned to make paper cutting.

A: Paper cutting? 72. _____?

B: It's used for decorating (装饰) houses. And it has a long history in China.

A: Oh, I know paper was invented in China. 73. _____?

B: It was invented in 105 A.D. (公元). Look! I also bought a beautiful kite there.

A: Wow, it's nice. 74. _____?

B: It's made of silk and bamboo. Would you like to fly the kite with me tomorrow?

A: 75. _____. Thank you for inviting me. When and where shall we meet?

B: At the school gate at 9:00 am. See you tomorrow.

A: See you!

第三节 书面表达 (计12分)

—转眼同学们进入初三已经半个学期了, 大家明显感到初三的学习和生活都与以往有不同程度的变化。请以

“New Term, New Life”为题, 从学习和生活两方面谈谈进入初三后的变化, 以及在接下来的时间里打算如何提高自我迎接挑战。

要求: 1. 注意卷面整洁, 字数 80 词左右

2. 文中不能出现个人真实姓名和学校名称

sent 11

