**2017-2018学年山东省滨州市六中第一学期第一次阶段测试**

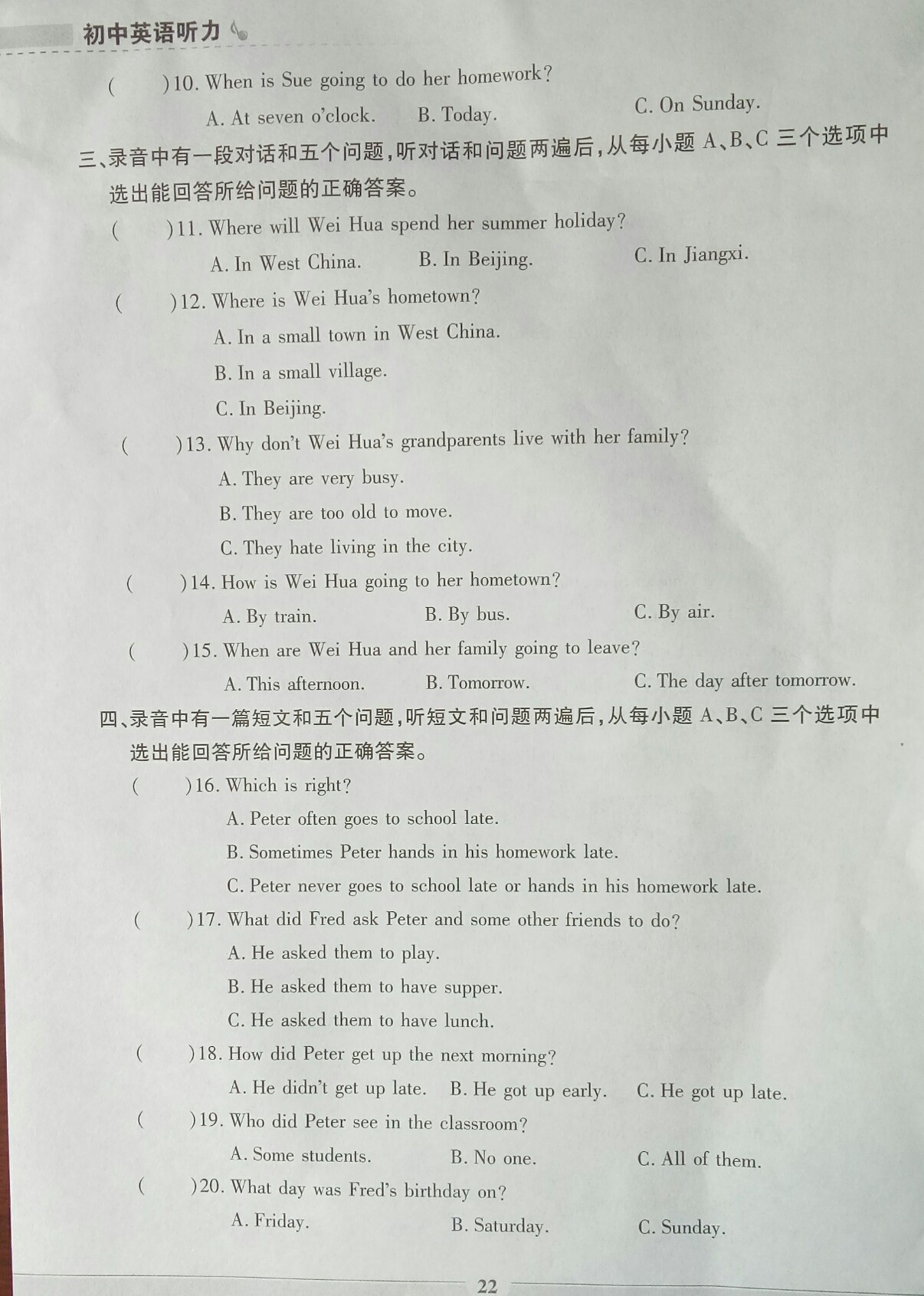
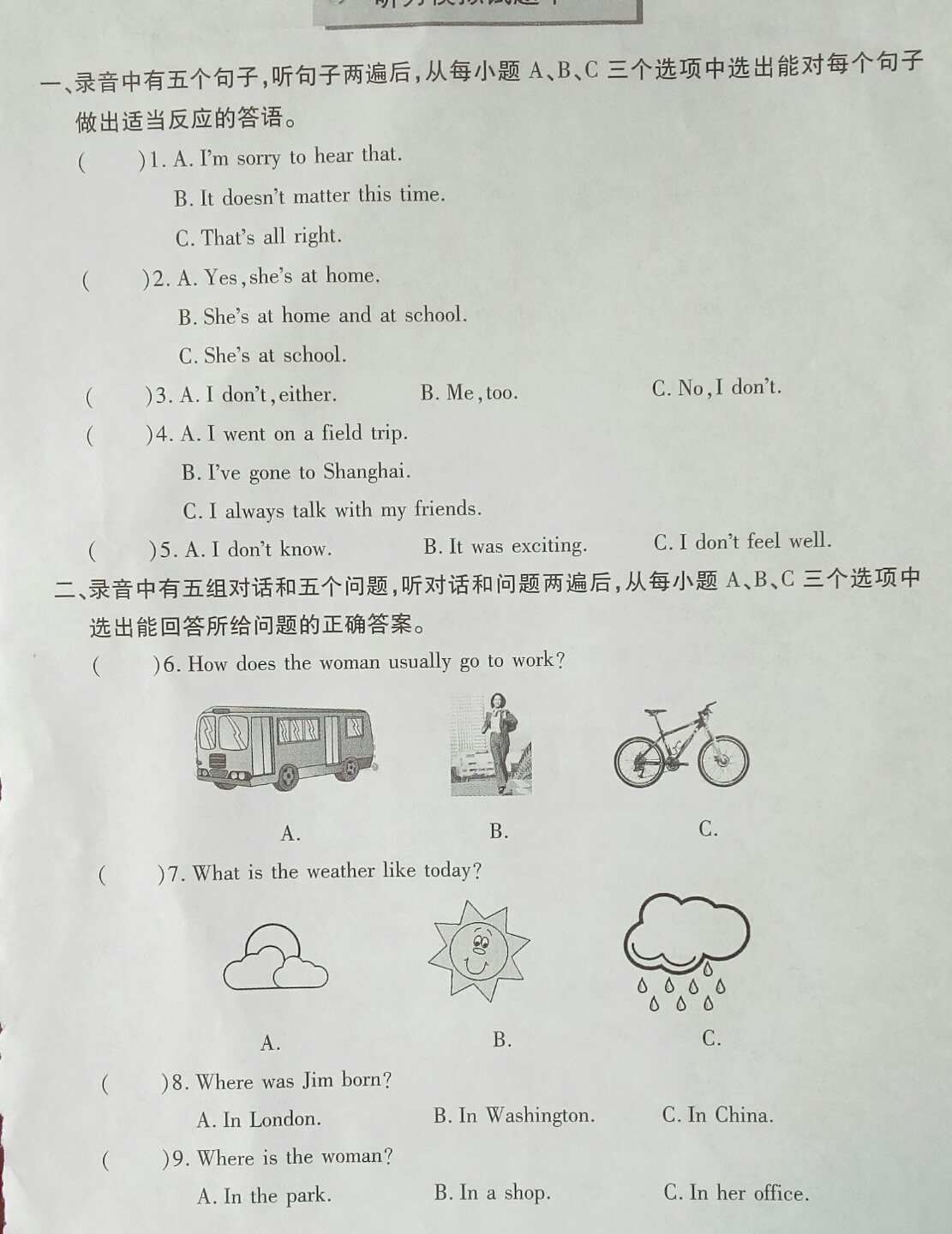


**初三英语试题**

满分：120分

第一卷（请把答案涂到答题卡上，共80分）

一、听力测试。（每题1分，共20分）



二、单项选择（每题1分，共15分）

21.I received \_\_\_\_\_\_ e-mail from my pen pal yesterday.

1. a B. an C. the D. some

22.--\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can I improve my English?

-- One way is by listening to English songs.

A. Why B. What C. How D. Where

23. Tom was late for class\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the bad weather.

A. because B. because of C. with D. since

24. Does Kate often practice\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the violin after school?

A. playing B. to play C. play D. to playing

25. She is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_tired \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ walk any more.

A. so; that B. to; too C. too; to D.so; to

26. --\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the cakes are!

-- Thank you. Help yourself to them.

A. How terrible B. How good C. What a good D. How a good

27. I don’t know if Jack \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ back today. If he \_\_\_\_\_\_ back, I’ll call you.

A. will come; will come B. comes; will come

C. will come ; comes D. comes; comes

28. –What do you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Halloween?

-- It’s a little scary.

A. feel like B. think of C. think D. like

29. My grandfather is so loving. He always treats others \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. badly B. nice C. good D. nicely

30. Learning is a lifelong journey because it brings you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ every day.

A. new something B. new anything C. nothing new D. something new

31. ---Thanks for helping me find \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I wanted on the Internet.

--- You’re welcome.

A. information B. the information C.an information D. informations

32. I discovered that \_\_\_\_\_\_ something interesting is the secret to language learning.

A. listening B. listening to C. listen D. listen to

33. ---Could you tell me when the train leaves Binzhou for Beijing?

--- Sorry, I don’t know. But you can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the Internet.

A. look it at B. look for it C. look it up D. look up it

34. The\_\_\_\_\_ mistakes you make, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your mark is.

A. less; better B. fewer; better C. most; best D. more; better

35. --Do you know\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

-- Yes, there is a bookstore at the end of the road. You can get it there.

A. whether the book is interesting B. where can I buy the book

C. where I can buy the book D. when the bookstore opens

三、完形填空（每题1分，共10分）

People all over the world celebrate the new year. However, not all countries celebrate in the same way, and in some countries, the new year doesn’t begin on the 36\_\_\_ date very year.  
 In many countries, the new year begins on January1st, but people start celebrating on 31st December, New Year’s Eve. In New York many people go to celebrate in Times Square. 37\_\_\_\_ they’re waiting for the New Year, they listen to music, sing traditional songs and have fun. Just before 12 o’clock, everyone 38\_\_\_\_ down from 10: 10, 9, 8… As soon as it’s 12 o’clock, everyone shouts very 39\_\_\_\_ , “Happy New Year!”  
 New Year’s Day is often a family day. Some families get together for a special meal. When the weather is fine, many families go out for a\_\_ 40\_\_\_ .  
On New Year’s Day, many people make resolutions for the new year. They 41\_\_\_\_\_ a list of things, such as “I will help out more with housework. I will work 42\_\_\_\_\_ at school than others.” or “I won’t spend so much time playing computer games.” When they have made 43\_\_\_\_ list, they read it to their family or friends and promise \_\_\_44\_\_\_\_\_\_ their resolutions.  
 So it doesn’t matter how they celebrate, 45\_\_\_\_\_ people in countries all over the world, it’s a time to say goodbye to the old year, and to welcome the new.  
36. A. familiar B. same C. important D. normal  
37. A. If B. Even though C. While D. Before  
38. A. comes B. turn C. looks D. counts  
39. A. loudly B. quietly C. sadly D. safely  
40. A. walk B. secret C. job D. dinner  
41. A. put on B. write down C. take away D. look after  
42. A. quickly B. hard C. harder D. hardly  
43. A. its B. his C. her D. their  
44. A. follow B. make C. to follow D. to make  
45. A. by B. for C. with D. from  
四、阅读理解（每题1.5分，共30分）

A

Mr. Evans was born in Sydney. He works in a factory there. Last week he had a two-week holiday, but he didn't know where to go. He said to his friend Robert, "I don’t like the hot weather here, but I can't think of a cool place in Australia. Where shall I take my holiday?"

"That's easy," said Robert, "You can go to Moscow. Snow and ice are covering the ground there now."

Mr. Evans agreed with his friend. He bought a plane ticket and soon arrived in Moscow. He was having a good time there, but one day he got into trouble. After lunch, he went to a park outside the city. He noticed a dog following him when he was walking past a house. It was hungry and wanted some food to eat. But Mr. Evans had no food in his pockets. He tried to shoo （以嘘声吓走） it away, but it began to bark at him. Just at that moment, he saw a stone on the ground. He tried to pick it up, but he couldn't.

"How strange these Russians are!" Mr. Evans said to himself, "They do not tie up （栓住） their dogs, but firmly（牢牢地）tie down the stones!"

46. Mr. Evans is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. American B. Russian C. Australian D. Chinese

47. Mr. Evans didn't like the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in Australia.

A. hot weather B. cool weather

C. rainy weather D. cold weather

48. Mr. Evans went to Moscow\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. by train B. by bus C. by air D. on foot

49. The word "bark" means "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_".

A. 跳 B. 叫 C. 追 D. 咬

50. Mr. Evans couldn't pick up the stone because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it was too cold

B. it was too heavy

C. the Russians tied their stones to the ground

D. it was not a stone

B

When you are learning English, you find it not clever to put an English sentence, word for word, into your own language. Take the sentence “How do you do?” as an example. If you looked up each word in the dictionary, once at a time, what is your translation （翻译）? It must be a wrong sentence in your own language.

Languages do not just have different sounds; they are different in many ways. It’s important to master（掌握）the rules for word order in the study of English, too. If the speaker puts words in a wrong order, the listener can’t understand his sentence easily. Sometimes when the order of words in an English sentence is changed, the meaning of the sentence changes. But sometimes the order is changed, but the meaning of the sentence doesn’t change. Let’s see the different between the two parts of sentences.

“She only likes apples.” “Only she likes apples.”

“I have seen the film already.” “I have already seen the film.”

When you are learning English, you must do your best to get the spirit of the language and use it as the English speaker does.

51.From the passage we know that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when we are learning English.

|  |
| --- |
| A．we shouldn’t put every word into our own language |
| B．we should look up every word in the dictionary |
| C．we need to put every word into our own language |
| D．we must read word by word |

52.The writer thinks it is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in learning English.

|  |
| --- |
| A．difficult to understand different sounds |
| B．possible to remember the word order |
| C．important to master the rules in different ways |
| D．easy to master the rules for word order |

53. We can learn from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

|  |
| --- |
| A．the meaning of an English sentence always changes with the order of words |
| B．the order of words can never change the meaning of an English sentence |
| C．sometimes a different order of words has a different meaning |
| D．if the order of words is different, the meaning of the sentence must be different |

54.“She only likes apples.”\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |
| --- |
| A．is the same as “Only she likes apples.” |
| B．is different from “Only she likes apples.” |
| C．means “She likes fruit except apples.” |
| D．means “She doesn’t like apples.” |

55.Which is the best title（题目）for this passage?

|  |
| --- |
| A．Different orders, different meanings. |
| B．How to speak English. |
| C．How to put English into our own language. |
| D．How to learn English. |

C

By November 30, 2015, the comedy *Goodbye, Mr. Loser* had got more than 1,400 million yuan in ticket sales.

It was amazing that a film with common actors who had their first shows in the film got such great success. What’s more, the actors were all stage performers and they improved their acting skills by making this film.

The comedy tells about a common middle-aged man who has no job but problems. He seems to be a loser in life and never gets any success. He causes many jokes and is laughed at a lot. And because of his bad luck, he feels upset most of the time. Later, a sudden accident changes his life and he starts to realize how important the family to him.

*Goodbye, Mr. Loser* was the first movie made by Happy Mahua Pictures. The film came out on September 30, 2015. Because of its great success, the film company became famous overnight.

During the seven-day holiday for National Day in 2015, the ticket sales were just behind the most popular film being shown at the same time--*Lost in Hong Kong.*

**5**6. *Goodbye, Mr. Loser* had got over \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yuan by November 30, 2015.

A. 140,000,000 B. 14,000,000 C. 1,400,000,000 D. 14,000,000,000

**5**7. At last the middle-aged man understands the importance of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the family B. the film C. the company D. the chance

**5**8. *Goodbye Mr. Loser* was amazing because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it was a comedy

B. it was a successful film with common actors

C. it was on show during National Day in 2015

D. it was the first film made by Happy Mahua Pictures.

**5**9. Which of the following is NOT TRUE about *Goodbye, Mr. Loser*?

A. It came out at the end of September in 2015.

B. It tells about a common middle-aged man.

C. It made its film company famous overnight.

D. It was more popular than *Lost in Hong Kong.*

**60**. The passage mainly talks about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a popular movie B. a poor loser C. a great man D. a film company

D

Some people have a very poor sense（感觉） of direction. Unluckily, I am one of them. I have visited a place many times but I may still get lost there the next time.

When I was a little girl, I never dared （敢于）to ask strangers the way. And so I used to walk around in circles and hope that by chance I would get to the place I was going to.

Now, I am no longer too shy to ask people for directions, but I often receive helpless or even wrong information. So I try to avoid（避免） giving people wrong directions. If anyone ever asks me the way somewhere, I would say, “Sorry, I am a stranger here.”

Once on my way to work I was stopped by a man. He asked me if I could tell him the way to the Friendship Building. I gave him my usual reply. But just as I walked on only a few steps. I realized that he had asked the way to my office building. However, I had no time to turn back and look for him. I was rushing to meet with someone at my office and I didn’t want to keep him waiting.

When I just got to my office, the secretary(秘书) showed in the man who had asked me for directions. Imagine how embarrassed I was and how surprised he was when we saw each other at the first sight.

61.The writer always refuses to give people directions because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. she is a stranger to the city                  B. she doesn’t know the people

C. she has no time to help others                D. she’s afraid of giving wrong direction

62. A man stopped the writer on the way to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. sell her something    B. ask her the time

C. make friends with her    D. ask for the direction

63.The Friendship Building is the place where the writer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. lives               B. studies           C. works               D. teaches

64.The words “embarrassed” in the paragraph means “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.

A. 尴尬              B. 困惑            C. 激动              D. 拮据

65.Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. The writer is too shy to give others directions.

B. The writer has a very poor sense of direction.

C. The writer never got lost when she was young.

D. The man was quite nervous when he saw the writer.

五、口语交际（共5小题，计5分）

Lucy: Hi, Jane. Are you free this evening?

Jane: Yes.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_66\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Lucy: I hear Titanic in 3D is on at Binzhou Theater this evening.

Jane: Really?\_\_\_\_\_\_67\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Lucy: Would you like to go with me?

Jane: \_\_\_\_\_68\_\_\_\_\_\_ What time will it start?

Lucy: At 7:00. Let’s go together.

Jane: Great.\_\_\_\_69\_\_\_\_\_

Lucy: At the gate of the theater.

Jane: \_\_\_\_\_70\_\_\_\_\_\_

Lucy: All right. See you then.

Jane: See you.

|  |
| --- |
| A. Yes, I’d love to.  B. Then let’s make it 6:45.  C. Sorry, I don’t have time.  D. What’s up?  E. What’s wrong with you?  F. Where shall we meet?  G.. I’m looking forward to watching it. |

第二卷(请把答案写在原题上，共40分)

一、选择适当的单词填空，注意形式变化。（每题1分，共5分）

|  |
| --- |
| wise pronunciation warm lay crowd |

1. It was raining hard outside, there weren’t any people in the mall. It was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ there.
2. I’m sorry I can’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the word. Can you help me?
3. Hou Yi \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_out Chang’e’s favorite food in the garden. He hoped his wife could come back soon.
4. There are many good ways for you to improve your English, so learn \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and learn well.
5. I closed my eyes and felt the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the sun on my face .

二、根据汉语提示，填写句中所缺的单词。（每题1分，共5分）

1. If you pay\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(注意)to your study skills, you’ll learn better.

2. The boy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(偷) his neighbor’s watch. His father punished him

3. It is important to know how to ask for help\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (礼貌地).

4. My brother’s hobby is collecting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (邮票).

5. The subway is not only fast but also very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(方便的) to go to the center of the city.

三、短文动词应用（共10小题，计10分）

Do you have a beautiful dream? I know almost everyone 1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) their own dreams in their life. The dreams are very important to them. The dreams can make them2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(work) harder. I 3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(study) in a school now. My dream is 4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(be)a teacher in West China. Many Children there want5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_( go) to school but they can’t. Their families are very poor and the parents don’t have enough money 6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (send )their children to school. But 7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(go) to school and studying is the only way to change their life. Teachers are greatly needed there, so I want to be a teacher 8.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(help) them. I will be kind to my students and make friends with them．I 9.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(give) them love and teach them how 10.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_( be) a useful person. I think it is a great job in the world.

四、英汉互译（每题1分，共5分）

1.熟能生巧。(make)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. 对我们来说，学好英语是重要的。(be important for sb. to do sth.)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

3. 让我们问问乐队每天晚上什么时候开始表演。(Let’s ask)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. He succeeded at last by trying many times and learning from his mistakes.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。

5. Today, WeChat（微信） becomes very popular, and more and more people like to use it to communicate with each other.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_。

五、写作。（15分）

中秋节是中国的传统节日，你的笔友Peter对此很感兴趣，请你给他写信介绍一下中秋节。

要求：1）80字左右，字迹工整，格式正确。

2）内容提示：

The reasons you love it: traditional festival; have a long holiday

Time: Lunar August 15th

Activities: get together to have a big dinner; enjoy the bright full moon; eat mooncakes; tell the story of Chang’e; Other activities

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

初三英语答案

第一卷（46-65每题1.5分，其余的每题1分）

1-5 A C B A C 6-10 C A B C B 11-15 B C B A C 16-20 A B B C B

21-25 B C B A C 26-30 B C B D D 31-35 B B C B C

36-40 B C D A D 41-45 B C D C B

46- 50 C A C B A 51-55 A C C B D 56-60 C A B D A 61-65 D D D C A B

66-70 D G A F B

第二卷

一、1. traditional 2. pronounce 3. laid 4. wisely 5. warmth

二、1. attention 2. novel 3. politely 4. stamps 5. convenient

三、 1.has 2. work 3. am studying 4. to be 5. to go

6. to send 7. going 8.help 9. will give/am going to give 10. to be

四、1. Practice makes perfect.

2. It is important for students to learn English well.

3. I wonder if/ whether you reviewed chemistry last night/ yesterday evening.

4. 他通过多次尝试和从错误中吸取经验，最后成功了。

5. 目前，微信变得非常受欢迎，越来越多的人们喜欢用它相互之间聊天/交流。

五、作文（略）