**2019－2020学年度第一学期九年级期中质量检测试卷**

**英语**

**▶人教新目标版九年级 ：第一单元——第六单元◀**

**注意事项：**

1.本试卷共四部分，十一大题，满分150分。考试时间为120分钟。

2.全卷共有试题卷6页，答题卷2页。请将答案填写在答题卷上。

3.考试结束后，请将试题卷和答题卷一并交回。

**第一部分 听力（共五大题，满分30分）**

I.关键词选择。（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

你将听到五个句子。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个你所听到的单词或短语。每个句子读两遍。

（ ）1.A.school B.screen C.scores

（ ）2.A.cotton B.com C.comer

（ ）3.A.pleasure B.picture C.culture

（ ）4.A.sends B.spends C.spreads

（ ）5.A.put on B.put off C.put out

**Ⅱ.短对话理解（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

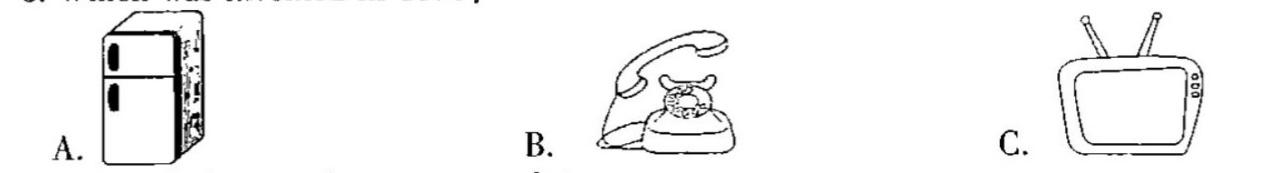
你将听到十段对话，每段对话后有…个小题.请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍，

（ ）6.What does Susan like to do after school.



（ ）7.What are the two speakers talking about.

（ ）8.Which was invented in 1876?

（ ）9.How will the man learn new words?

（ ）10.What does the woman want to buy'?

（ ）11.What did the girl get during the festival?

A.Lucky money. B.A red hag. C.Some dumplings.

（ ）12.What subject does Cindy like best now?

A.English B.Science C.Chinese

（ ）13.Where is Jane's father's var produced?

A.Chin:a B.Jan C.America

（ ）14.Who invented the pet?

A.A student. B.A teacher. C. A scientist

（ ）15.What does the oy want to know?

A.Who invented the machine.

B.Whew the machine was invented.

C.What the machine was used for.

**Ⅲ.长对话理解共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）**

你将听到两段对话，每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第16至17小题。

（ ）16.Which sport is the girl good at?

A.Skating. B.Boating. C.Playing tennis.

（ ）17.What does the boy give the girl?

A.Some bread. B.Some mooncakes. C.Some zongzi.

听下面一段对话，回答第18至20小题。

（ ）18.What color did Mike's uncle's car use to be?

A.Black. B.Brown. C.Blue.

（ ）19.When did Mike's uncle buy his second car?

A.In 2003. B.In 2007. C.In 2017.

（ ）20.Where did Mike's uncle use to work?

A.In Guangzhou. B.In Shenzhen. C.In Foshan.

**Ⅳ.短文理解（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）**

你将听到一篇短文，短文后有五个问题。请根据短文内容，在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。短文读两遍。

（ ）21.What is an ant farm?

A.A toy. B.A pet. C.A place.

（ ）22.What is the ant farm made of?

A.Wood. B.Paper. C.Glass.

（ ）23.Who made the first ant farm?

A.A British man. B.An American man. C.An Australian man.

（ ）24.What do we know about Milton Levine?

A.He didn't like ants at all.

B.He often had a picnic on the farm.

C.He used to watch and collect ants on the farm.

（ ）25.When did Milton Levine make the first ant farm?

A.In 1956. B.In 1950. C.In 1965.

**V.信息转换（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）**

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容，写出下面表格中所缺的单词，每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Information about Thomas Edison** | |
| When | Thomas Edison was born on **26** 11th，1847 |
| How long | He studied in school for **27** months. |
| Who | His **28** tought him at home. |
| How many | He **29** over one thousand things in his life. |
| When | He **30** at the age of 84. |

**第二部分 英语知识运用（共两大题，满分45分）**

**Ⅵ.单项填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

（ ）31.—Ouch，the bread is burnt.

—You'd better throw it away.Eating burnt food can\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the risk of cancer.

A.connect B.repeat C.increase D.pronounce

（ ）32.My sister\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be lazy.But now she's working really hard.

A.used to B.is used to C.was used to D.use to

（ ）33.When I saw my father\_\_\_\_for me on a cold winter night，I couldn't keep back my tears.

A.wait B.waited C.to wait D.waiting

（ ）34.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a problem with others is like cutting it in half.

A.Sharing B.To share C.Share D.Shared

（ ）35.The flowers were so beautiful along the way that all of us stopped halfway to\_\_\_\_\_them.

A.punish B.discover C.admire D.steal

（ ）36.The traffic is terribly busy in the morning.You'd better avoid\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the center of the city.

A.drive B.driving C.to drive D.driven

（ ）37.—Paul，could you help me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when the earliest train will leave for Beijing?

—OK.'ll do it right away.

A.look out B.get out C.find out D.take out

（ ）38.—Excuse me.I'd like to take exercise but I'm new here.Could you please tell me\_\_\_\_.

—Follow me.I'll take you there.

A.how I can get to the train station B.Where is the post office

C.how can I get to the police station D.where the sports center is

（ ）39.Alice never buys shoes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_high heels.She doesn't think they're comfortable.

A.of B.with C.in D.about

（ ）40.Paper—making\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_by the Chinese in the Western Han Dynasty.

A.is invented B.invented C.was invented D.has invented

（ ）41.The ring is made\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_silver and it is made\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_America.

A.of；by B.of；in C.into；by D.into；in

（ ）42.The plane\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on the ground for two more hours because of the bad weather.

A.ran B.moved C.shook D.remained

（ ）43.—A number of students\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the meeting room.

—Let me count.The number of the students\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_about 600.

A.are；are B.are；is C.is；are D.is；is

（ ）44.—What do you think of Mr.Wang?

—He is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_man.He likes telling us jokes.

A.shy B.humorous C.quiet D.silent

（ ）45.—Let's go to the Water World for a trip tomorrow，OK?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Where did you suggest going?

A.Pardon me? B.I don't know.

C.I agree with you. D.It sounds terrible!

**Ⅵ.完形填空（共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分）**

阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

**（A）**

I used to be shy.I never put up my hand in class **46** the teacher called my name.And I always chose to sit at the back of the classroom.

All this **47** after I joined a sports team.It began when a teacher suggested I try out for the basketball team.At first I thought it was a **48** idea because I didn't have a good sense of balance（平衡）.But the teacher thought I should have a  **49** .Then I agreed.

When I first started **50** the practice.I didn't know what I should do.Even worse I knew **51** about the rules of the game.Sometimes I shot at the wrong direction，and it made me feel really **52** ！However，I didn't want to give **53** .

I practiced and practiced.Soon I knew the rules and the “moves".Being part of the **54** team was exciting.I also made friends in the process.

More importantly.I have gone from **55** in the back of the classroom to being active in class.Now I have more self—confidence（自信）in myself.

（ ）46.A.if B.unless C.when D.or

（ ）47.A.continued B.increased C.changed D.started

（ ）48.A.correct B.crazy C.possible D.popular

（ ）49.A.try B.class C.plan D.help

（ ）50.A.enjoying B.preparing C.watching D.joining

（ ）51.A.anything B.everything C.something D.nothing

（ ）52.A.lonely B.fast C.stupid D.surprised

（ ）53.A.out B.away C.up D.back

（ ）54.A.football B.baseball C.volleyball D.basketball

（ ）55.A.hiding B.playing C.relaxing D.dreaming

**（B）**

Do you love traveling?For most people，giving up their jobs to **56** around the world is just a

dream.However，one **57** has made it true.

Jack Morris met his girlfriend，Lauren Bullen in 2016.After that they **58** to travel around the world together.Since then，the couple has become **59** on the Internet，with about three million fans.

Jack and Lauren love **60** photos while traveling.They could even make thousands of dollars from a photo.Jack recently shared the **61** behind his wonderful photos.He said that the key to taking perfect pictures was all about choosing the right **62** .“We usually take photos in the early morning，**63** there will be fewer people in most places at that time.Too many people will make the photo look terrible.”he said.

Jack also said that it was important to make sure the **64** were just true to the places.So he **65**

uses any mobile apps（手机软件）.The couple will continue lo send nice photos on the internet.

（ ）56.A.walk B.show C.look D.tour

（ ）57.A.couple B.group C.family D.club

（ ）58.A.hated B.forgot C.started D.stopped

（ ）59.A.poor B.strong C.dangerous D.famous

（ ）60.A.taking B.buying C.copying D.repairing

（ ）61.A.prizes B.stories C.problem D.secrets

（ ）62.A.place B.tool C.person D.time

（ ）63.A.but B.because C.though D.or

（ ）64.A.stories B.photos C.words D.lessons

（ ）65.A.always B.often C.hardly D.ever

**第三部分 阅读理解（共两大题，满分45分）**

**Ⅷ.补全对话（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）**

根据对话内容，从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，其中有两个多余选项。

A:Jason，It's six years since we saw each other last time.You look different.

B:**66** You are not the thin boy you used to be.

A.You look different，too，Martin.

B.You used to be thin.

C.Well，I'd been away from here for many years.

D.I haven't seen you for a long time.

E.Looks like?It's really a park.

F.What a good change!

G.But I remember it used to be very dirty.

A:Yes.Everything surely changes!

B: **67** The place seems to have changed a lot.

A:Yes.It was a shoe factory in the past.

B:So it was.But now it looks like a park.

A: **68**

B:Yes，there are trees，flowers and lake. **69**

A:You're right.But look，it's very clean now.There are many people relaxing here every day.

B: **70**

**Ⅸ.阅读理解（共20小题；每小题2分，满分40分）**

阅读下列短文，从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

**A**

**A Mini Marathon（ 5km）**

On May 8，2020，China Chun Yang Iternational Marathon（马拉松）will be held At the same time，a mini Marathon （5kim）will he hell，too.All the people who were born before May 8，2010 are encouraged to register（报名）.

**Registration place**:Beijing National Fitness Center

**Registration time**:8:30 am—11:30 am；1:30 pm—5:30pm

**Price:**￥30 （students free ）

**Tel:**8097628

**Registration** Dates:2—27 Mar.

**Tango Dancing**

Tango is fun and easy to learn.Yang Yi，a famous Chinese Tango dancer will come and show you how to do it.Are you ready? Take your parents，go and dance.

**Place**:Dongfang Art Troupe（团）

**Time:** 8:00 pm—12:00 pm

**Price:**￥150 （including some drinks ）

**Date**:Every Saturday in May

**Tel:**8331644

（ ）71.Which of the following can join in the mini Marathon?

A.An 8—year—old pupil. B.A 5—year—old child

C.A 25—year—old adult. D.A 3—year—old baby.

（ ）72.If a middle school student wants to take part in the mini Marathon，he should .

A.exercise at Beijing National Fitness Center.

B.register between March 2" and 27".

C.pay ￥30 for the competition.

D.call 8331644 to wet more information.

（ ）73.A Tango dancing class will last\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.four hours. B.six hours. C.eight hours. D.ten hours.

（ ）74.People have the Tango dancing class on\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.Thursday. B.Friday. C.Saturday. D.Sunday.

**B**

It is every kid's worst nightmare（噩梦）and six—year—old Jaden Hayes has lived it twice.Fist he lost his dad when he was four and then last month his mom died in her sleep.Though the misfortune（不幸） happened to him，he tried his best to be a strong boy.

He chose to fight against his sadness.Jaden asked his aunt Barbara to buy a lot of little toys，so he could give them away.He wanted to give them to people who weren't smiling.He wanted to ，urn their day around.

Jaden gave away toys.He expected nothing in return，except a smile.It touched the hearts of many people.Of course he is paid in hugs.

“In the smiles he's made so far—nearly 500 at last count—Jaden has clearly found a goal目标），”

Barbara said."I'm counting on it lo be 33，000，"said Jaden.When asked if he thought he could make that goal，he answered，“Surely I can."

（ ）75.What can we learn about Jaden Hayes?

A.His mother was ill. B.He lost his parents.

C.He often has nightmares D.He was lost when he was four.

（ ）76.What was Jaden Hayes' plan?

A.To cheer people up. B.To help children in need.

C.To do volunteer work. D.To sell toys in Georgia.

（ ）77.How did Jaden Hayes carry out his plan?

A.By asking people questions. B.By greeting strangers.

C.By hugging smiling people. D.By giving away little toys.

（ ）78.The story of Jaden Hayes tells people to

A.treasure what they have B.ask for nothing in return

C.face misfortune bravely D.pay attention to parents' health

**C**

The first robots were invented in the 1920s.Robots have appeared in many American films.In some films，they are stronger，faster and clever than people.

In real life，robots are mainly used in factories.They do some dangerous and difficult jobs for humans.

Robots also help disabled people，for example，blind people.Today many blind people have a guide dog to help them.In the future，guide dogs might be robot dogs.

One kind of robot guide dog has wheels.It moves in front of the owner.It is very clever.It knows the speed of its owner's walk.The owner wears a special belt（带子）.This belt sends instructions to the owner from the dog，such as“Stop here”“Tum lei”or“Turn right.”

In the United States，another kind of rolbot helps disalblel people to take care of then selves in their daily lives.The robot hears the sound of its owner's voice.it follows instructions such as“Turn the page”or“Make a cup of coffee”.

Robots are also used in American hospitals.They can do simple jobs.At a hospital，for example，a robot takes meals from the kitchen to patients' rooms.It never gets lost because this robot has a map of the hospital in its computer memory.

Though robots can help people in many different ways，they will never take the place of humans.

（ ）79.From the passage，we know robots cannot be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.dangerous animals B.factory workers

C.guide dogs D.hospital helpers

（ ）80.The underlined word “instructions”means\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in Chinese.

A.信息 B.方向 C.方法 D.指示

（ ）81.Some disabled people need robots' help to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.take care of themselves B.talk to other people

C.become scientists D.do dangerous jobs

（ ）82.In the passage，the writer wants to tell us that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.robots are stronger and cleverer than humans

B.disabled people cannot look after themselves without robots

C.robots will take the place of humans some day in the future

D.robots can help humans in many different ways

**D**

When we go shopping，we need to pay for our shopping.How do you pay for your shopping? There are some common ways.Some people use cash，others use bank cards or credit cards.Do you know people can pay or their shopping with a touch of the finger?

In France，shoppers can soon use their fingers to pay for their everyday shopping.Supermarkets in the northern France are testing the technology at present.

It is good news for many supermarket customers.It means that they can avoid using either cash or credit cards when they need to pay for their bills.If people use credit cards，they need to input their password.In that way，the password may be leaked out.If bad people know your password，they may steal your money illegally（非法地）.

Users can register at supermarkets and supply their bank details when they register.Then，they can pay for their shopping with a touch of the finger.It's so easy and convenient!Some people say that they can shop freely.

However，shopping with a touch of the finger has disadvantages.For example，older people or people who work with their hands have worn fingerprints.They may not be able to use the technology because their fingerprints can not be recognized easily.

（ ）83.Which is not the common way to pay for our shopping?

A.Using cash B.Using bank cards.

C.Using credit cards. D.Using fingerprints.

（ ）84.In the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of France，supermarkets are testing the technology.

A.east B.west C.south D.north

（ ）85.People need to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when they use credit cards to pay.

A.have clear fingerprints B.input their password

C.go on the Internet D.tell their password to others

（ ）86.What does the underlined phrase “leaked out”\_\_\_\_\_\_\_mean in Chinese?

A.输入 B.泄露 C.遗忘 D.重置

（ ）87.The best title for the passage is probably\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.Pay by Touch B.Pay by Credit Cards

C.Importance of Fingers D.Shopping Online

**阅读下面短文，并用英语回答问题。请注意每小题后面的字数要求。**

E

Millions of A $ 50 banknotes50 （澳元纸币）in Australia have a spelling mistake.

It's said that a listener of a radio program first found the mistake by accident.Then he sent the station a photo of the new A $ 50 banknote.He found the word，“responsibility”（责任）was spelt as“responsibilty” three times.

The A $ 50 banknote is most widely used in Australia.Now，around 46 million of the new banknotes are in use across the country.They were put to use on October 18，2018.

The bank didn't take back the banknotes.A bank worker said，“We have realized the mistake and we will correct it before we print the banknotes again.”

“People don't have to worry.They can use the money as usual.We will try our best to stay away front making such kind of mistake in the future."

The A.$ 50 banknote has a photo of Edith Cowan.She served as the first Australian womanlegislator.（法委员）from 1921101924.“it is a great responsibility to be the only woman here…”is part of her speech and it is printed on the A $50 banknotes.

Many Australians decide not to spend the banknotes；they think the banknotes are of great value（价值）for collection.

88.Who found the mistake on the A $ 50 banknote in Australia?（不超过10个词），

89.How did the bank deal with（处理）the A $ 50 banknotes with he spelling mistake?不超过20个词）

90.Why do many Australias decide not to spend the banknotes?不超过15个词）

第四部分 写（共两大题，满分30分）

**X.单词拼写（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）**

91.Mike's grandma has been d\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（死的）for two years.He misses her very much.

92.The babies like to play on the g\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（草地）behind the house.

93.I d\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（怀疑）your parents have known thee result of the exam.

94.You could c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（创造）new ideas and plans of action together with your member.

95.The cause that he is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（缺席的）is not still clear.

**Ⅺ.书面表达（共1小题；满分25分）**

根据以下信息，介绍一下你的发明:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 发明过程 | 手工制造，历时大约一年 |
| 外观 | 像个小汽车，由纸和钢材料制成 |
| 用途 | 跑，作为闹钟 |
| 特点 | 环保，使用简单；可以简单作为闹钟报时 |

要求：恰当使用一般过去时的被动语态；包含所有信息，可适当发挥；词数80词左右。

环保的：environmentally friendly 闹钟：alarm clock 报时：give the correct time

参考答案

英语

I.关键词语选择(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

你将听到五个句子。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个你所听到的单词和短语。每个句子读两遍。

1. Bill studied hard and got good scores in his exams.

2. This sweater is made of 100％ cotton.

3. It’s my pleasure to be your teacher.

4. The good news spreads quickly among the townspeople.

5. Paul has put on 10 pounds since he finished high school.

Ⅱ.短对话理解(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

你将听到十段对话,每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

6. M: Susan, what did you use to do after school?

W: I used to play basketball. But now I like to play tennis.

7. W: Are these coins yours?

M: Yes. They are made of gold.

8. M: When was the telephone invented?

W: It was invented in 1876.

9. M: I forget a lot of new words. Can you give me some advice?

W: You can learn new words by listening to the English tapes.

10. W: Excuse me, can you tell me where I can buy a mobile phone?

M: Sure. There is a mobile phone store on River Street.

11. M: Did you get any “Lucky money” during the festival?

W: Sure. Also I ate lots of delicious dumplings.

12. M; Cindy, did you use to like English?

W: Yes. But now I like Chinese best.

13. M: Your father’s car is not as big as my father’s, Jane.

W: Yes. It is produced in Japan. I want a Chinese car.

14. W: Was the beautiful pen invented by a scientist?

M: No. It was invented by one of my classmates. He is only twelve.

15. M: Who invented this machine?

W: Sorry. I don’t know. Let’s ask the teacher.

Ⅲ.长对话理解(共5小题;每小题1分，满分5分)

你将听到两段对话,每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第16至17小题。

W: Why is it noisy outside?

M: It’s the Dragon Boat Festival today. People are training for the boat races.

W: Interesting. I used to go boating when I was in America. I’m good at it.

M: You can join them if you like. By the way, I have some zongzi for you. We eat it at this traditional festival.

W: Thank you very much.

听下面一段对话,回答第18至20小题。

W: What a nice brown car! Is it your uncle’s, Mike?

M: No, it isn’t. My uncle used to have a brown car, but now he has a blue car and a black car.

W: How many cars has your uncle ever bought?

M: Three.

W: Three? When did he buy his first car?

M: In 2003. And four years later, he bought his second car. Last year, he bought his third car.

W: What does your uncle do?

M: He is an engineer. He used to live in Foshan but work in Guangzhou. Now he lives and works in Shenzhen.

Ⅳ. 短文理解(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

你将听到一篇短文,短文后有五个小题。请根据短文内容,请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。短文读两遍。

Have you ever heard of an ant farm? It is an interesting toy and people of all ages like it. It is made of glass and filled with sand. People can learn a lot about the ants from the toy. They can see where the ants live and how they work and eat. The first ant farm was created by an American man called Milton Levine. When he was a boy, he liked watching and collecting ants on his uncle’s farm. One day when he saw ants moving around at a picnic, he got the idea for Uncle Milton Ant Farm. In 1956, he made the first ant farm. It was a huge success.

V.信息转换(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容,写出下面表格中所缺的单词。每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

Thomas Edison was born on February 11th, 1847. When he was a child, he always had a lot of questions about how things worked. So his teachers didn’t like him. They thought he was silly and many people didn’t understand him, either. He studied in school only for three months. His mother taught him at home. Thomas loved reading and he read many books. He learned a lot by reading. With the help of his parents, he also built a lab by himself. In his life, he invented more than one thousand things. He died on October 18th, 1931, at the age of 84.

听力部分

1—5.CAACA 6—10. BABAB 11—15. ACBAA 16---20.BCBBA 21—25.ACBCA

26. February 27. three 28. parents 29. invented 30. died

笔试部分

31—35.CADAC 36—40.BCDBC 41—45.BDBBA

46—50.BCBAD 51—55.DCCDA 56—60.DACDA 61—65. DDBBC

66—70.ACEGF

71—74.CBAC 75—78.BADC 79—82.ADAD 83—87.DDBBA

88. A listener of a radio program.

89. The bank didn’t take back the banknotes. / They say people can use the money as usual.

90. Because people think the banknotes are of great value for collection.

91. dead 92. grass 93.doubt 94. create 95. absent

Five years ago, she was heavy and had long curly hair. But now she is thin and has short straight hair. As for her personality, she used to be quiet and didn’t like talking. However, she is active and humorous now. She often makes us laugh in class. Dennis used to listen to music, but now she spends much of her free time traveling all over the world. She says it’s exciting. In the past, she often ate fast food. Now, she loves to cook at home on her own. She thinks it’s good for her health.