

2017 学年第二学期九年级英语教学质量检测（一）

试卷说明

1. 本试卷由答题通平台提供；除纸质试卷，还配套数字教育资源及基于互联网技术的在线教育应用。
2. 答题结束后，可用手机微信扫码左侧二维码，查看学习视频解析及创建电子错题本，并可定期将电子错题本题目导出补练。
3. 本卷考核范围：九下 Unit 1–Unit 13

试 卷 I（选择题 共 70 分）

（一）听力部分（共 25 分）

一、听力（本题有 15 小题，第一节每小题 1 分，第二、三节每小题 2 分，共计 25 分）

第一节：听小对话，回答问题。

1. What does Jack's sister want to be?
A. A teacher. B. A doctor. C. A writer.
2. Why does Mike look tired?
A. Because he ate nothing this morning.
B. Because he did homework late last night.
C. Because he has had a bad cold.
3. What time will the woman see Mr. White this morning?
A. At 10:00. B. At 10:15. C. At 11:00.
4. Where is the woman going?
A. To the library. B. To the shoe store. C. To the park.
5. Who will go shopping finally?
A. Sam. B. Anna. C. Helen.

第二节：听较长对话，回答问题。

听下面一段对话，回答第 6–7 小题。

6. Where does Andy work now?
A. At a school. B. At a bank. C. At a sports center.
7. What does Andy look like?
A. He has short hair. B. He is much heavier. C. He doesn't wear glasses.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8–10 小题。

8. Why does the man like to live in his neighborhood?
A. Because the people there are friendly.
B. Because the air there is fresh.
C. Because he likes tall buildings.
9. Whom does the man take to have fun in the garden after supper?
A. His daughter. B. His wife. C. His friend.
10. What are the two speakers going to do next?
A. To do exercise.
B. To watch from the window.
C. To buy some flowers.

第三节：听独白，回答问题。

11. When did David go to visit Salt Lake City?
A. Last Sunday. B. This Sunday. C. Last Saturday.
12. How did David get to Salt Lake City from the city of Sandy?
A. By bus. B. By train. C. By car.
13. Why did David join the English group?
A. Because he wanted to practice English.
B. Because he was the guide's friend.
C. Because he liked the English guide.
14. What did David do after lunch?
A. He posted some cards.
B. He visited Temple Square.
C. He saw the Church film.
15. How did David probably feel about the trip?
A. It was terrible. B. It was tiring. C. It was pleasant.

(二) 笔试部分 (共 45 分)

二、完形填空 (本题有 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 15 分)

阅读下面短文，然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

A few days ago, I ran into a stranger as he passed by. I said sorry to him. And we were very 16. Then we went on our way after saying goodbye.

Later in the 17 at home, as I cooked our meal, my daughter Betty walked up to me. When I turned around, I 18 knocked her down. "Get out of the way!" I shouted angrily. She ran away, crying.

That night, when I lay in bed, my husband said to me. "You were so 19 to Betty. Go and 20 on the living room floor, and you'll find some flowers there. Betty brought those for you. She picked pink, yellow, and your favorite 21."

When I heard this, I thought 22. "While meeting with a stranger, I was calm, but with my daughter, I was not 23." I felt sad and tears began to fall.

I quietly went to Betty's bed, "24, my dear!" I said, "Are these the flowers you picked for me?" she 25, "I found them by the tree. I knew you liked 26, especially the blue." I said, "I am so sorry that I 27 you that way today." And she whispered (悄声说), "Mommy, that's okay. I still love you anyway." I kissed her and said, "I love you too and I do love the 28."

That day Betty gave me a 29 on how to get along with each other in the family. I spend much time on work and didn't realize how 30 family life was. I decided to do better in the future.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| 16. A. polite | B. serious | C. outgoing | D. happy |
| 17. A. study | B. kitchen | C. bathroom | D. bedroom |
| 18. A. finally | B. properly | C. nearly | D. actually |
| 19. A. honest | B. happy | C. rude | D. friendly |
| 20. A. cheer up | B. look around | C. hang out | D. wait for |
| 21. A. red | B. blue | C. brown | D. black |
| 22. A. deeply | B. proudly | C. quickly | D. happily |
| 23. A. strict | B. patient | C. thankful | D. strange |

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| 24. A. Hold on | B. Wake up | C. Look out | D. Come on |
| 25. A. shouted | B. sang | C. smiled | D. cried |
| 26. A. us | B. me | C. it | D. them |
| 27. A. push | B. treated | C. beat | D. change |
| 28. A. flowers | B. future | C. colors | D. life |
| 29. A. life | B. lesson | C. hand | D. kiss |
| 30. A. important | B. funny | C. difficult | D. peaceful |

三、阅读理解（本题有 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共计 30 分）

阅读下面四篇材料，然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

A

Come on! Get in Style!

Do you want to get some styling tips to look bright and pleasant?
Come and join us in the new Styling Club to make yourself different!

What will you learn?

- ★ basic haircare and skincare tips
- ★ make-up（化妆）and hair styling skills
- ★ proper mix-and-match skills
- ★ dressing tips for special occasions（场合）

Stylist Ms. Janice Smith will teach members the above skills. Not only will you become more confident with your look, you will also have the chance to help with the make-up and styling for school activities like fashion shows and New Year's parties.

When and where do we meet?

Our club meets every Tuesday after school, from 3:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m., at Room TA01 in the Student Activity Centre.

How can you be a member?

Students who want to join the club should visit our website at www.kts.edu.au/stylingclub to sign up before 15th September. There are only 20 places. First come, first served!

What is the cost?

Each member needs to pay \$50 for styling products.

How can you get more information?

For further information, you can email Karen Yung (karen.yung@kts.edu.au). She will be happy to answer all your questions.



31. The members of the Styling Club will meet _____ every week.
A. one hour B. two hours C. three hours D. four hours
32. The members will learn how to _____ in the Styling Club.
A. dress properly B. visit websites
C. make beautiful clothes D. organize school activities
33. _____ will most probably join the Styling Club.
A. Kids who dream to be web designers
B. Teachers who expect to learn skin care
C. Students who hope to look fashionable
D. Parents who wish to improve make-up skills

B

“My dear dad, where are we going?” This has become the most popular question these days. It’s a line from the theme song of Hunan TV station’s reality(真实情况)show *Where Are We Going, Dad?*

“All of my classmates are big fans,” said NingYun, 14, from Guangxi. “On Fridays, we remind others: don’t forget to watch it tonight!”

In the show, five pairs of fathers and kids go to different places and finish interesting jobs. It’s all about growing up. Clumsy(笨拙的)fathers learn to cook and look after their kids. The kids learn about teamwork and living and working by themselves.

In the show, Kimi, four years old, finds it hard to finish his work alone. “When I saw Kimi looking for his dad, I can’t help laughing,” said Chen Yufang, 13, from Guangxi. “It reminded me of my first night at the school dormitory. I really felt the pain of growing up that night.”

When people see the fathers trying to help their kids, it also touches their hearts more or less. Tian Xiaofeng, for example, 14, from Jiangsu, said his father is like Guo Tao in the program. “He is really strict. And I was sad about it” he said. But now he sees it in a different way. “Guo Tao’s son looks strong-minded. I think his parents give him some good examples. And I guess my father just wants me to be like that,” he said.

On the journey of life, kids learn to grow up and adults learn to be better parents. Maybe we can plan a trip with our parents. Shall we go?

34. According to the passage, *Where Are We Going, Dad?* is a _____.
 A. song B. program C. magazine D. movie
35. The third paragraph is mainly about _____.
 A. when the games begin B. what the show is about
 C. how fathers learn to cook D. where the children play
36. The writer tells that the new show touches people’s hearts by _____.
 A. giving an example B. making a survey
 C. singing a song D. having a speech
37. We can learn from the passage that _____.
 A. Guo Tao is very sorry for his son
 B. children hardly do as their parents do
 C. Tian Xiaofeng’s father is very strict
 D. kids can grow up well without parents

C

Helping children go to study abroad maybe is a dream for some families and it is more and more popular in China. As we can see, the topic of studying abroad is now very popular with parents.

Zhang Young, a 61-year-old father sent his daughter to study abroad in the United States ten years ago. But he said it was “the worst decision of his life”.

Zhang Young told Guangzhou Daily last Tuesday that his daughter, Zhang Li, went to the US for further study at an American university. In the end, she married an American man and never went back to her hometown.

Zhang left his factory some years ago (still has no job now). He said he had to give up lots of things for his daughter’s education. He had even sold his 110-square-meter house and moved to a very small apartment to save up money.

At first, he and his family were so happy that Zhang Li got accepted to a great school. But Zhang Yong now says he worries that nobody will care for him and his 60-year-old wife, Zhu Jing, in their old age.

In the past, he often called his daughter three times a day, but Zhang Li hardly speaks to her family anymore now. She says she is as busy as a bee now. “We haven’t been in touch with her for two weeks,” said Zhang.

Since last Tuesday, messages about the topic have been watched more than 20 million times on Weibo (微博), with many people talking about the topic of leaving the country to study in a foreign country. What are your ideas?

38. The underlined word “**it**” in Paragraph 2 probably refers to (指) “_____”.
A. to send his daughter to the US
B. to give up his decision
C. to travel around the world
D. to talk with other parents
39. According to the passage, Zhang Young _____.
A. didn’t like his job in the factory
B. works in a newspaper in Guangzhou
C. doesn’t have too much money
D. hardly go back to his hometown
40. Which of the following statements is **WRONG**?
A. Zhang Li is too busy to call his parents these days.
B. Zhang Yong and Zhu Jing only have one child.
C. Zhang Yong hardly called his daughter at first.
D. Zhang Yong sold the house for his daughter’s study.
41. We can infer from the last paragraph _____.
A. it’s better for children to study abroad
B. Weibo is a good place to solve something
C. people have different ideas about the topic
D. students are too young to look after parents

D

Have you ever watched a film with your friends and thought, “How wonderful!” or had a meal with your family and said, “That’s the best!”?

Well, there may be a small secret as to why you enjoyed it so much. Our experiences are stronger if we share them with someone. That means good experiences become better, and bad ones become worse. That's according to a new study by Yale University.

Scientists did a small study on female (女性) college students. In the test they share chocolate with someone they thought was another participant (参与者). But in fact, it was a scientist. In each test, they got two pieces of chocolate. They ate one piece at the same time with the “participant” and another piece alone. The participants thought the chocolate was tastier and more enjoyable when they shared it with someone. Even though both pieces of chocolate were from the same box.

Scientists then did another experiment, this time with **bitter**, unpleasant chocolate. Again, the participants thought the chocolate was bitterer than the piece they ate alone.

“When people think of shared experience, what usually comes to mind is being with friends or family,” said scientist Erica Boothby. We often don’t know how many people around us influence our decisions, according to Erica.

However, it does show that sharing things with a friend may just make your good way a little brighter. Because the study only looked at female college students, it doesn't mean the whole

picture.

42. According to the new study _____.
A. the best film is the one you watch with your friends
B. sharing secrets with your friends can make you happier
C. the most delicious meal is the one you have with your family
D. your experiences are stronger if you share them with others
43. The underlined words “**bitter**” in Paragraph 4 probably means “_____”.
A. 苦味的 B. 灰色的 C. 精致的 D. 明亮的
44. We can learn from the last two paragraphs _____.
A. Erica Boothby really likes eating chocolate
B. making more friends can make you luckier
C. boys don't like to do things with their friends
D. friends or family play a role in our decisions
45. Which is the best title for this passage?
A. Eating chocolate lets us be happier B. Sharing things makes a difference
C. Watching a movie brings us luck D. Doing a study is really interesting

试卷 II (非选择题共 50 分)

四、词汇运用 (本题有 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共计 15 分)

- A. 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空, 每词仅用一次 (每空一词)。

except courage agree disappear believe
--

46. Lucy has no _____ to walk home alone at night.
47. It looks as though an _____ has now been reached.
48. You can take any of the cakes _____ this one.
49. The black car drove away from them and _____.
50. It's hardly _____ that this house is more than 100 years old.
B. 阅读下面短文, 然后根据括号内所给汉语意思写出单词的正确形式 (每空一词)。

We have seen cars which are covered with many 51 (奇怪的) things. But this one could be quite different.

An Italian hairstylist (发型师) chose to do something 52 (明智地) with her job. She covered his car with human hair. There is hair 53 (到处) – on the outside of the car, the seats, and even on the steering wheel (方向盘).

The car belongs to 44-year-old Maria and she was very 54 (自豪的) of it. With the help of her other 55 (同伴), she spent 150 hours covering her car with human hair patiently. The efforts 56 (赢得) her the Guinness World Record title of the world's hairiest car.

Maybe she didn't think that was enough. Maria 57 (添加) another 20 kilograms of hair to the car and it set a new record. The left hair was made into the shape of butterflies that sat on the top of the car. They stood for freedom and 58 (和平).

Though, other people wonder whether the car can be driven and 59 (有害的) to the environment, Maria does drive this cool car around the town. She often cleans it to keep it looking new. The car is 60 (卖) for about \$100,000. We are not sure whether someone wants to buy it.

五、语法填空（本题有 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词，或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Jennifer, one of my friends, was worried about where she was living. She hated the building she was in and complained about it every day. While we 61 (drink) coffee, I asked her 62 she didn't look for another house. It seemed like 63 easy solution to me. Jennifer said, "I will look for another house for sure when I come back 64 vacation."

Sam hated his job. He was anxious about getting up in the morning. He was 65 (interest) in photography, was taking a two-year course 66 (careful) to get the certificate (证书). Every night he complained and it lasted for 67 (month), but he still didn't start a small business. He said, "If only I had more time 68 (finish) my course. When I finish my course, I will start a business."

One year later, Karen was still living in the same place, 69 Sam was still complaining about his job and still had not finished his course. Both of them failed to realize their dreams by 70 (think) "if" or "when".

六、任务型阅读（本题有 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 5 分）

阅读下面短文，从方框中所给的 A-D 四个选项中选择正确的答案，并将其序号填入 71-74 题，使短文意思连贯，然后完成 75 题。

Unlike most forms of communication like writing, most of us have never been taught how to text on the phone. We just pick it up by ourselves and have not learned any rules of texting. But there is the etiquette of texting.

71 When you are involved (牵扯到) in any type of social communication such as the conversation in class or a meeting, stop texting.

72 Checking the correctness of the message you are going to send to others is very important. It shows your politeness to the message recipient (接受者).

73 If you want to write something long, you had better make a phone call or send an email. The person who replies to your message may miss some important details.

74 If you receive a message that is sent to you by mistake, you should reply to it. You need to tell the sender that you aren't the right recipient.

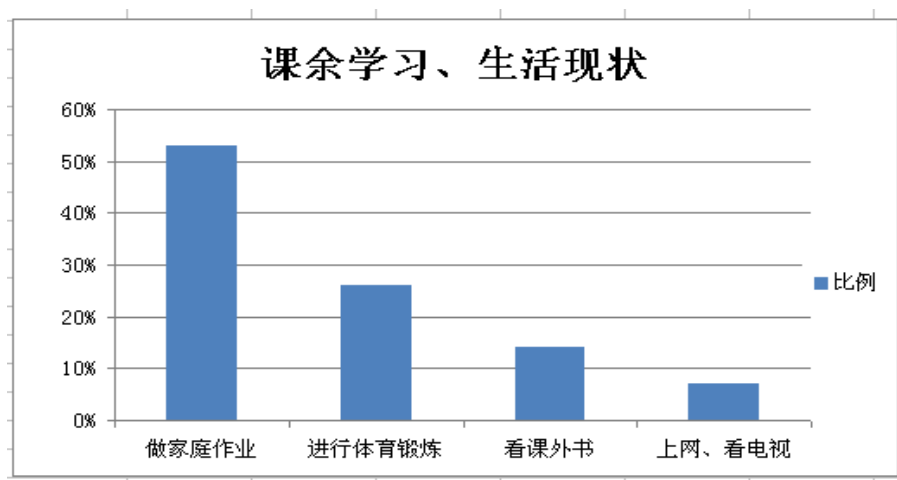
Please remember these rules while you are texting.

- A. Keep the message short.
- B. Reply to mis-sent text messages.
- C. Don't text messages at any time.
- D. Make sure there's no mistake in your messages.

75. Please text to your English teacher when you don't know your homework. (不多于 5 个单词)

七、书面表达（本题有 1 题，共计 20 分）

76. 最近，你在初三学生中做了一次“课余学习、生活状况”的调查，请你就调查结果写一份调查报告，在英语课上进行汇报，并谈谈你的看法和建议。



- 注意: 1. 文章必须包括图表中四项内容, 可适当增加细节;
2. 看法和建议至少两条;
3. 词数: 80 -100;

参考词汇: 课外书 extra-curricular books

2017 学年第二学期九年级英语教学质量检测（一）

听力材料

第一节：听小对话，回答问题。每段对话只读一遍。

1. W: Jack, you are a teacher. What about your sister?

M: She's a doctor. But she wants to be a writer.

2. W: You look tired, Mike. Have you got a cold?

M: No. I just stayed up doing homework last night.

3. W: May I see you around 10 o'clock this morning, Mr. White?

M: Sorry, I'll have a meeting at 10:15. You can come at 11.

W: OK.

4. W: Excuse me. Could you tell me the way to the nearest library?

M: Sure. Walk along Main Street and you can see it next to the shoe store.

5. W: Helen Store is having a big sale this weekend. You wanna go, Sam?

M: I don't feel like it, Anna. It's boring.

W: Well, I'll go by myself then.

第二节：听较长对话，回答问题。每段对话读两遍。

W: Hi, Andy. Haven't seen you for ages. How have you been?

M: Pretty good, thanks.

W: Are you still in school?

M: No, not anymore. I graduated last year. And I've got a job at Central Bank.

W: That's great news. You know, you look different. Have you changed your hair?

M: Yeah, it's short. And I wear glasses now. Oh, and I've lost weight.

W: Well, you look fantastic.

M: Thanks, so do you

听下面一段对话，回答第 8-10 小题。

W: I hear you have bought a new house in this neighborhood.

M: Yes. I enjoy living here. The air is so fresh and your eyes are filled with green when you watch out from the window.

W: A nice environment could really make people feel comfortable.

M: Exactly. Every morning I do exercise with my wife in the garden and after supper I take my daughter to have fun there.

W: That sounds nice. My neighborhood is not so good. What I could see from the window is just tall buildings.

M: Maybe you could grow some flowers to make your own house beautiful.

W: That's a good idea. Why not go to the flower market to get some with me?

M: Sure. Let's go.

第三节：听独白，回答问题。独白读两遍。

Hello, I'm David, an exchange student from China. I'm glad to share my traveling experience with you. Last Saturday I went to Salt Lake City alone. This is the first time I have been to the city. I spent 45 minutes taking the bus to the city of Sandy and then took a train to Salt Lake City. I visited Temple Square first. There were many different language tour guides. I joined the English group so that I could practice my English by listening to the guide explain the history. After visiting the square, I got a free ticket to see the Church film. Then I went to a big mall to eat some food for lunch. You know that ordering the food was a little difficult for me, but at last I ordered my food by the menu. Before I left Salt Lake City, I went to the local post office to send some cards to my friends in China. I enjoyed this small trip so much.

2017 学年第二学期九年级英语教学质量检测（一）

参考答案及评分建议

一、听力部分

1-5 CBCAB

6-10 BABAC

11-15 CBAAC

二、完形填空

16-20 ABCCB

21-25 BABBC

26-30 DBABA

三、阅读理解

31-35 BACBB

36-40 ACACC

41-45 CDADB

四、词汇运用

41. courage,

42. agreement,

43. except,

44. disappeared,

45. believable

46. strange,

47. wisely,

48. everywhere,

49. proud,

50. partners

51. won,

52. added,

53. peace,

54. harmful,

55. sold

五、语法填空

56. were drinking,

57. why,

58. an,

59. from,

60. interested

61. carefully,

62. months,

63. to finish,

64. while,

65. thinking

六、任务型阅读

66-70 CDAB

70. 本小题为开放性试题，没有唯一答案。Mr. Wang, what's today's homework?

七、书面表达

71. 略

评分标准

第 1-10 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分。选错答案（包括多选或不选），一律不给分。

第 11-15 小题，每小题 2 分，共计 10 分。选错答案（包括多选或不选），一律不给分。

第 16-25 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分。选错答案（包括多选或不选），一律不给分。

第 25-40 小题，每小题 2 分，共计 30 分。选错答案（包括多选或不选），一律不给分。

第 41-45 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 5 分。写错答案，一律不给分。不计大小写错误。

第 46-55 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分。写错答案，一律不给分。不计大小写错误。

第 56-65 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分。写错答案，一律不给分。不计大小写错误。

第 66-70 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 4 分。选错答案（包括多选或不选），一律不给分。

第 70 小题，共计 1 分。多于 8 个单词或有拼写、语法等错误，一律不给分。

第 71 小题，共计 10 分。

采分点	满分	可给分值
内容充实，覆盖要点 (内容、要点)	4	4 描述所有信息，内容合理、丰富 3 描述了大部分信息，内容比较合理 1-2 描述了小部分信息，内容不合理 0 没有作答或描述内容与主题无关
用词适切，语法正确，句型多样 (词汇、语法、句型)	3	3 用词适切，句型变化多样且有效，完全或基本没有语言错误 2 用词基本适切，句型较为单一，有少量语言错误但不影响理解 1 有较多语言错误，一定程度上影响理解 0 有大量语言错误，影响了理解
结构紧凑、意思连贯 (语意、连词、指代)	2	2 行文连贯，连接词使用恰当，指代清晰 1 行文不够连贯，连接词使用不恰当，指代不够清晰 0 没有连贯意识
书写规范、词数适宜 (标点符号、大小写、词数)	1	1 大小写、标点基本正确，词数达标，书写比较规范整洁 0 大小写、标点错误较多，词数严重不足，书写难以辨认