虎门外语学校2019-2020学年第一学期10月月考

初三英语试题

一、单项选择（15题共15分）

( ) 1. My father goes to work \_\_\_\_\_\_ his car.

A. by B. in C. on D. with

( ) 2. I will join the English club \_\_\_\_\_\_ find a partner to practice English with.

A. so that B. such that C. such as D. in order to

( ) 3. --Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_ you’d like me to pay you?

--You’d better use mobile payment. I don’t care \_\_\_\_\_\_ it is Ali Pay or WeChat Pay.

A. how; whether B. how; why C. what; whether D. what; why

( ) 4. The factory \_\_\_\_\_\_ lots of poisonous gas. It really pollutes the air.

A. gives up B. gives off C. gives in D. gives away

( ) 5. The harder you work, \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the greater progress you’ll make B. the greater you’ll make progress

C. you’ll make the greater progress D. you’ll make greater progress

( ) 6. I went to a \_\_\_\_\_\_ store on Teachers’ Day, but there were many \_\_\_\_\_\_ teachers buying sports clothes in it.

A. sport; woman B. sports; woman C. sport; woman D. sports; women

( ) 7. The old man believed that his son \_\_\_\_\_\_ to see him at the Spring Festival.

A. come B. comes C. will come D. would come

( ) 8. --Excuse me, do you know where the Children’s Park is?

--Walk along the street, go \_\_\_\_\_\_ a bank and go \_\_\_\_\_\_ the street at the traffic light.

A. past; past B. across; across C. across; past D. past; across

( ) 9. He \_\_\_\_\_\_ get up late, but now he \_\_\_\_\_\_ getting up early.

A. is used to; used to B. is used for; is used to

C. is used to; is used for D. used to; is used to

( ) 10. --\_\_\_\_\_\_ will they start their trip to Hainan?

--In about a week. I also want to go with them. It’s a wonderful place.

A. How long B. How often C. How far D. How soon

( ) 11. The twins are in different classes. One is in Class One and \_\_\_\_\_\_ is in Class Two.

A. another B. other C. the other D. others

( ) 12. Yesterday my geography teacher told me \_\_\_\_\_\_ light \_\_\_\_\_\_ faster than sound in the air.

A. that; traveled B. /; travels C. if; traveled D. whether; travels

( ) 13. We wonder if our teacher \_\_\_\_\_\_ to our graduation party next weekend. If he \_\_\_\_\_\_, we’ll be very happy.

A. will come; will come B. comes; will come

C. will come; comes D. comes; comes

( ) 14. The old man \_\_\_\_\_\_ two days ago. He \_\_\_\_\_\_ for two days. His \_\_\_\_\_\_ makes us very sad.

A. dead; is dying; die B. died; has dead; death

C. dies; has been dead; dying D. died; has been dead; death

( ) 15. He spent \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ his homework yesterday.

A. two hours and a half; to do B. two hours and a half; doing

C. two and half hours; doing D. two and a half hours; to do

二、完形填空

The power of encouragement is great. You may draw some inspiration from the following story.

Dante Gabriel Rossetti, a famous 19th-century poet and artist, was once visited by an elderly man. The old man had some 16 that he wanted Rossetti to have a look at. He expected Rossetti could tell him if they were 17 or if they could show some value (价值).

Rossetti looked the paintings over carefully. After 18, he knew that they were cheap, without any artistic value. He felt sorry, but he could not lie to the man. So he told the 19 to the old man gently. The old man was 20, but he seemed to believe Rossetti very much.

He said sorry for 21 Rosseti’s time. And then he asked if Rossetti would have a look at 22 more paintings by a young student. Rossetti looked over the second bag of paintings and became 23 about the value they showed. He said, “Oh, these are good. This young student has great talent. He should get much help and encouragement in art. He will have a great future if he works hard and sticks to it.”

Rossetti could see that the old man was 24 deeply moved that he asked in excitement. “Who is this great young artist?” he asked. “Your son?”

“No”, the old man said 25. “It is me----40 years ago. If only I had heard your praise then! For you see, I got discouraged and gave up drawing too soon.”

( ) 16. A. photos B. postcards C. painting D. stamps

( ) 17. A. expensive B. different C. popular D. interesting

( ) 18. A. copying B. spreading C. reviewing D. checking

( ) 19. A. secret B. information C. suggestion D. fact

( ) 20. A. pleased B. sad C. excited D. angry

( ) 21. A. making up B. taking up C. staying up D. putting up

( ) 22. A. little B. a little C. few D. a few

( ) 23. A. exciting B. boring C. excited D. bored

( ) 24. A. so B. too C. such D. very

( ) 25. A. sad B. sadly C. happy D. happily

三、阅读理解

A

E-book is short for electronic (电子的) book. It is usually read on personal computers. Some mobile phones can also be used to read e-books.

Earlier e-books were written for specific group of reads and were about only a few subjects. With the development of the Internet, knowledge and answers to a lot of questions mainly come from e-books. This is why the e-book business is increasing quickly.

E-books have many advantages. First, they save time. We don’t need to go to a bookstore to buy books; besides, we can find the topic we want to know about on the Internet and then we can quickly get many e-books on similar topics. Second, e-books save money. Some e-books cost a little money, and there are millions of e-books on the Internet that we can get for free. Third, more trees are saved because e-books don’t need to be printed on paper. Fourth, e-books m withake reading more convenient. You can carry a whole library of hundreds of books with you in a small computer or any e-book reader(电子阅读器) without worrying about their weight.

But e-books have certain disadvantages. They need a personal computer or an e-book reader and the information can be lost if it file format (文件格式) is not supported or changed in the reader’s computer.

However, e-books provide us with a new way of reading. That is good.

( ) 26. Why is the e-book business increasing quickly? Because \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. earlier e-books are about only a few subjects.

B. people don’t like to read any paper books any more.

C. most e-books have been written for a specific group of readers.

D. the development of the Internet makes e-books more useful.

( ) 27. How many advantages do e-books have according to this article?

A. Three B. Four C. Five D. Six

( ) 28. Which of the following is true according to this article?

A. E-books can’t be read on mobile phones.

B. All the e-books on the Internet cost lots of money.

C. E-books can make reading more convenient.

D. You can’t read e-books without a personal computer.

( ) 29. What is the disadvantage of thee-books?

A. You’ll lose the information if its file format is not supported.

B. You can carry hundreds of books in an e-book reader.

C. You can buy cheap e-books anywhere.

D. You can read e-books at any time.

( ) 30. The writer mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. e-books offer us a new good way of reading

B. you don’t need to buy paper books in a bookstore if you read e-books

C. the information can be lost if its file format is changed

D. the development of e-books can help save the environment

B

Nowadays, more and more people like to shop on the Internet. How can you protect yourself from different types of Internet tricks? Following these tips can make your online shopping safer:

1. Never click on an unsolicited (主动提供的) e-mail. If you are interested in the things well-known company sells the same things. Don’t click on any link in the e-mail itself.

2. Don’t answer any e-mail that asks you for personal financial (金融的) information. Most of the legitimate (合法的) companies will not ask your information through e-mail. And don’t believe what the e-mail says easily. Sometimes some e-mail will ask you to make a telephone call to get more information about the things you want. Don’t forget to check the phone number on your phone book to make sure it is the number of a legitimate company before you make the call.

3. When you are searching for information on the Internet, make sure that there is a key symbol at the bottom of your browser (浏览器) and the “http” in the website address. These mean that the website is daft.

4. Don’t send your money to an unknown website before you receive the things they send to you and make sure they work well.

Shopping on the Internet is convenient and fun. It is also safe if you are careful enough.

( ) 31. If you want to protect yourself from Internet tricks, what can you do?

A. Click on the links in the e-mail itself.

B. Believe what the e-mail says.

C. Make a pone call according to the information in the e-mail.

D. Make sure the website is safe.

( ) 32. When searching for information, make sure there is \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the bottom of your browser and \_\_\_\_\_ in the website address.

A. a key picture; the “http” B. a key symbol; the “http”

C. a key symbol; the “http” C. a key picture; the “http”

( ) 33. The best title for the passage may be \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Tips on sending e-mail B. Tips on sending money to an unknown website.

C. Tips on online shopping D. Tips on making a telephone call online.

( ) 34. From Tip 2 we can learn that \_\_\_\_\_\_.

①we should refuse to answer any e-mail about personal financial information

②we should click on an unsolicited e-mail

③we should remember to check the phone number before we call the company

④most of legitimate companies will ask for your information through e-mail

A. ②③ B. ①③ C. ①④ D. ②④

( ) 35. Which of the following is NOT TURE?

A. You can click on any link of junk e-mails.

B. Don’t believe what the e-mail says easily.

C. Not all the website are safe.

D. Send your money if the things you have bought work well.

C配对阅读

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| --- | --- |
| ( ) 36. Sam hopes to be a famous writer in the future. Every night before going to bed, he likes reading some famous books, especially the masterpieces (杰作) written by Mo Yan.  ( ) 37. Helen is good at writing. Her favorite writer is LuXun. She wants to be a good writer like him some day, so she expects to read more books written by him and learn something from his books.  ( ) 38. Peter is a college student in Beijing. He is busy every day. But when he is free, he always reads plays. The plays from the English-speaking countries are his favorite.  ( ) 39. Susan is a girl full of dreams. Though she works as a secretary now, she wants to be a romantic (浪漫) poet one day. So after work, she often reads poems from famous poets of ancient China to get more ideas.  ( ) 40. Sally is a humorous university student. She is studying English literature (文学). She likes reading the novels written by foreign writers, especially those who can make her always happy by their novels. | A. Lu Xun was one of the famous Chinese writers of the 20th century. He was regarded as the Father of Modern Chinese Literature. Today some of his masterpieces are still popular, such as A Madman’s Diary.  B. Mo Yan was the first Chinese to win the Nobel Prize in 2012. He has many well-known words, such as Red Sorghum, Frog, Big Breasts and Wide Hips.  C. Hemingway was an American reporter and writer. He was considered as one of the most famous novelists of the 20th century. His famous works were The Sun Also Rises, A Farewell to Arms and The Old Man and the Sea.  D. Mark Twain was an American writer and humorist. His works always make you happy. His masterpieces are The Adventures of Tom Sawyer and The Prince and the Pauperl.  E. Li Bai was known as the greatest romantic poet of China. He was born in the Tang Dynasty. He wrote thousands of poems all his life. A Quiet Night Thought is one of his greatest works.  F. Du Fu was praised as a Confucian (儒家学者) but failed to serve for the government in the Song Dynasty. Then he traveled across China and wrote many poems. Many of them were about people’s hard life in war, such as The Fireflies.  G. Shakespeare was an English writer of plays and poems. Some of his most famous plays are often performed on the stage, such as Hamlet, Romeo and Juliet and Macbeth. |

四、短文填空

Today many Chinese people want to improve their English in different ways. Last year, twenty-four young singers from across China entered a contest by 41 popular English songs.

Jiang Mei, the winner of the women’s competition, was a 19-year-old girl 42 Dalian, said studying English helped her win the prize. Six months earlier, she felt her English was not good 43 so she had to study hard. She said, “I hope I will be a good English teacher in three years.”

Sometimes this kind of contest 44 people to speak English. Many people agree that they make great 45 by singing English songs and that 46 is a good idea to have fun with English. Have you ever heard of the Beijing Speaker English program? It suggests ways for Beijingers to take a(n) 47 in learning English. What about watching English movies, or reading English books? If you work hard enough, you will find a good way to learn English better.

Many students said they learnt English by using it. Lillian Li said the best way to learn new words was by reading English magazines. Wei Ming feels differently. He has learnt English for six years. He thinks that 48 hard is a great way to learn English. He said, “Four years ago, I found grammar was difficult, so I 49 to take lots of grammar notes in every class. Then I started to write my own original sentences by 50 the grammar I had learnt at that time. It’s amazing how much this helped. Now I enjoy learning English.

五、读写综合

A.信息归纳

Flash or Flash Mob(快闪族) refers to a large group of people who get together suddenly in a public place, perform some programs or art behaviors (行为，表现) for a short time, then quickly go away. It first appeared in New York in 2000. Later it spread to Europe, Asia and some other places.

The appearance of Flash Mob is based on the following reasons. First, from the surface (表面), it is through the game of “Wulitou” for people to express themselves in front of the public and exercise their courage (勇气). Second, it is to reduce the pressure in life. Third, young people are energetic, they hope to attract the attention of the people around them.

Nowadays flash has become a kind of popular culture. Every year there are plenty of flash events in different cities. On January 30th, 2019, seventy piano players from Hongkong, Macao and Zhuhai gathered near the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge, and they played the song---I Love You, China together. Several famous pianists and singers came to Zhuhai, including Wu Yili, the 88-year-old pianist of the first generation (一代人); Langlang, the popular international pianist, and Zhou Bichang, the well-known singer. They played and sang the song together in a flash way to celebrate the founding of the PRC(中华人民共和国) for 70 years.

In this flash event, many common people got together spontaneously(自发地). Some were taking photos from time to time, some were waving the red flags proudly, others were singing the song---I Love You, China loudly and joyfully. The song expressed people’s deep love for the motherland.

Wish our great motherland more and more prosperous (繁荣的) and powerful!

Information Card

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| --- | --- |
| The place that Flash appeared for the first time | 51. |
| The number of the reasons why Flash appeared | 52. |
| The song that they played and sang together | 53. |
| The purpose that the flash activity was held in Zhuhai |  |
| The feelings that the song expressed |  |

B书面表达

你的英国笔友Jack对中国文化很感兴趣，尤其是中国的传统节日----春节。请你用英语介

绍一下我们中国的春节，内容如下：

1它是中国的其中的一个传统节日，农历一月初一过容节，也是中国最重要的节日之一

2过春节的习俗：通常吃什么，穿新衣，拜访亲朋好友，相互问新年好，小孩子可以从长辈

那里得到压岁钱，

3你最喜欢它的原因。

1.不得在作文中出现学校的真实名称和学生的真实姓名

2.语句连贯，词数80个左右。作文的标题和开头已经给出，不计入总词数

Dear Jack,

How’s it going? You say that you are interested in Chinese culture. You want to know something about the Spring Festival.