

2019 年第一学期九年级英语第二次月考卷

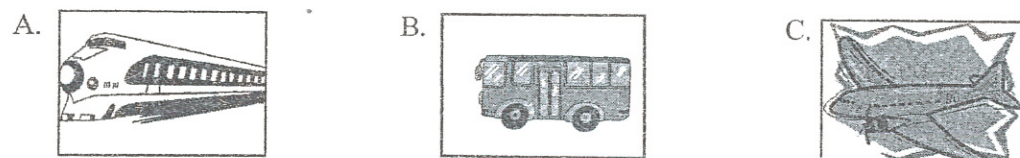
卷 I

第一部分 听力部分

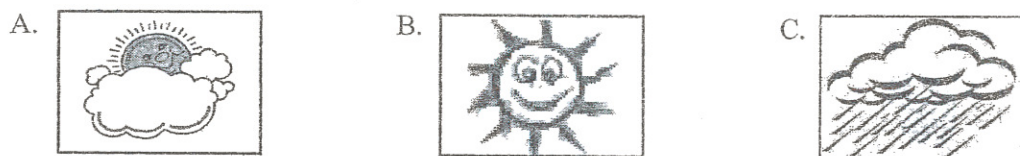
一、听力 (本题共三节 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

第一节: 听小对话, 请从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。

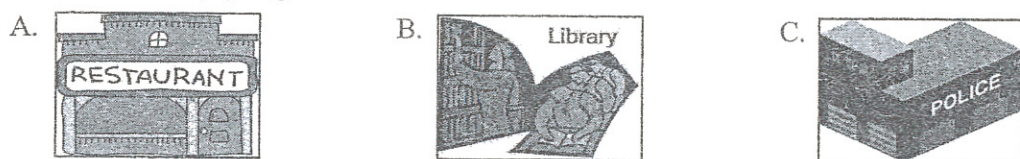
1. How is Mary going to Xiamen?



2. What's the weather like today?



3. Where is the boy going?



4. What's the matter with Tom?



5. Which sign are they talking about?



第二节: 听下面两段对话, 每段对话后有二至三个小题, 请从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。

听第一段对话, 回答第 6-7 小题。

6. What day is coming soon?

- A. Mother's Day. B. Children's Day. C. Father's Day.

7. Who will help Frank wash the car?

- A. His sister. B. His brother. C. His friend.

听第二段对话, 回答第 8-10 小题。

8. When did the boy go to Ninghai?

- A. On April 19th. B. On May 19th. C. On June 19th.

9. How long did the boy stay there?

- A. One day. B. Two days. C. Three days.

10. What did the boy do?

- A. He went shopping. B. He went boating. C. He went sightseeing.

第三节: 听短文, 请从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项, 完成信息记录表。

Information Form	
Place to visit	11
How much money to take	12
Clothes to wear	a 13 shirt
Things to take	four 14
Person to ask for	Mrs. 15

11. A. Sydney B. London C. Paris
12. A. \$350 B. \$540 C. \$ 530
13. A. red B. blue C. black
14. A. photos B. flowers C. gifts
15. A. Baker B. Butler C. Belcher

第二部分 笔试部分

二、单项填空 (本题有 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

16. What _____ useful and important invention! Do you know who invented it?

- A. a B. an C. the D. /

17. --Do you still remember our primary teacher, Mrs. Lu?

--Yes. She always encouraged us and gave us support. _____ she did, she always did a good job.

A. Whenever B. Whatever C. However D. Wherever

18. Everybody went to the beach except Tommy because he was _____.

- A. lonely B. sick C. natural D. amazing

19. Mr. Green visited lots of good universities in Beijing, _____ Tsinghua University.

- A. among B. between C. with D. including

20. --Did you get WeChat Red Envelope during the Spring Festival?

--Yes. It's _____ the most popular way of sending traditional holiday presents now.

- A. deeply B. easily C. actually D. hardly

21. When we got off the train this morning, it _____ heavily.

- A. rains B. rained C. is raining D. was raining

22. Larry's feet were wounded _____ his shoes were too small.

- A. so B. because C. but D. or

23. --Did you usually go to school by bike when you were a kid?

--Oh, no. My family didn't even have a bike _____.

- A. in time B. all the time C. on time D. at that time

24. What a pity! You have _____ such a good job as a lawyer.

- A. turned off B. looked for C. put away D. given up

25. --I will go to Shanghai Disneyland with my parents tomorrow. -- _____!

- A. My pleasure B. Have a nice trip C. All right D. Well done

三、完形填空（本题有 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

Asha looked out of the window on the plane. What a 26 ! The buildings were so tall. The city was large, much larger than her small town.

Asha was on vacation in New York City. She was very 27 as she had always wanted to come since she was young. She read stories about it and studied its 28 . She knew how the island of Manhattan was bought from native Americans 300 years ago. She 29 knew people from all over the world came to live here. These people, like Asha, 30 a new life in New York.

But Asha was only staying for fourteen 31 . She thought of these two weeks as a time to 32 herself to move back to New York. She would return to her small 33 , stay for one year, and then come to live in New York forever. So she had to plan this vacation 34 .

In New York Asha wanted to do 35 things. First, she wanted to look for a job. Next, she would find a place to live. She knew it was expensive to live in New York and that finding a good place to live was 36 . And the third thing she wanted to do was to 37 her English. She had studied English for 12 years but didn't know 38 she could understand “ real” English.

Before leaving, her friends told her that New York was a 39 place. But Asha wasn't worried. She had studied New York carefully. She believed she would be safe.

40 , Asha saw the Statue of Liberty! The plane flew around it, and then began to slow down. Soon Asha was on the ground, getting ready to leave plane — to greet her future.



- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 26. A. sight | B. day | C. mess | D. plane |
| 27. A. afraid | B. excited | C. sad | D. relaxed |
| 28. A. weather | B. education | C. population | D. history |
| 29. A. ever | B. still | C. only | D. also |
| 30. A. asked for | B. waited for | C. dreamed of | D. found out |
| 31. A. days | B. weeks | C. months | D. years |
| 32. A. ask | B. drive | C. prepare | D. follow |
| 33. A. country | B. house | C. school | D. town |
| 34. A. carefully | B. comfortably | C. freely | D. secretly |
| 35. A. two | B. three | C. four | D. five |
| 36. A. easy | B. hard | C. necessary | D. proper |
| 37. A. learn | B. write | C. practice | D. teach |
| 38. A. why | B. how | C. if | D. when |
| 39. A. small | B. large | C. safe | D. dangerous |
| 40. A. Suddenly | B. Simply | C. Probably | D. Sadly |

四、阅读理解（本题有 15 小题，41-43 每题 1 分，55 题 5 分，其它每题 2 分，共 30 分）
阅读下面短文，从每小题所给 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Students should read the list with their parents and select two activities they would like to do. They should ask their parents to sign* after they make the choices.

Activity	Description	Cost
Outdoor adventure(OUT)	Take yourself for a week, and learn new skills. You will be able to take part in a number of activities from boating to wild camping.	\$140
Paris and Belgium (PAB)	On Monday we travel to London. After staying overnight in London, we travel on Day 2 to Disney Paris Park. On Day 3 we visit Central Paris. Thursday we head for Belgium.	\$425
Crafty Foxes (CRF)	You will learn products design for four days. Make lovely objects using recycled* materials, and learn some wonderful skills	\$30

41. The text is written to help students to _____.
- A. choose summer activities B. look for better part-time jobs
C. learn more about some cities D. buy products from London
- 42) From the text, we know the students can _____.
- A. learn to boat with friends B. climb the mountains on Tuesday
C. go sightseeing in London D. visit Disney Paris Park
43. We can learn from the passage that _____.
- A. parents can join the activities together B. Students can stay in OUT for three days
C. the activity CRF will be the cheapest D. the products can be taken home later

B

Recently, a designer in Hong Kong has invented a special book that can transform* into a piece of furniture*. The special book is called Bookniture. It can be unfolded* to become a chair or a small table. People can either carry it around for a portable* chair or can store it in their homes to use as extra furniture.

The book was designed by Mike Mak. He came up with the idea after never having enough seats for his friends in his home in Hong Kong.

“I love having friends at my place, but I have never had enough seats for everyone—we would always sit on the floor. I really want a seat that doesn't take up any floor space when I don't need it. One day, the empty space appeared on my bookcase . Then came the new idea—Bookniture, furniture hidden in a book,” said the 30-year-old designer.

Made from fully-recyclable kraft paper*, the book measures 33 cm by 18 cm. It expands* to 14 times bigger once it's opened, and can support up to 1,000 kg of weight. It comes in two colors, brown and black, and can be bought for between £55 and £57.

44. The book is special because _____.

- A.it can be used as a bag to carry things B.it is made from recyclable plastic
C.it can hold up to 1,000 kg of weight D.it can be changed into a chair or a table

45.Paragraph 3 is about

- A.how Mike came up with the idea B.who designed Bookniture
C.what Bookniture looks like D.why Mike has so many friends

46.What information can we learn about Bookniture from the last paragraph?

①size ②color ③weight ④price ⑤material*

- A.①②③④ B.①②④⑤ C.①③④⑤ D.①②③④⑤

47.What can be the best title for this passage?

- A.Mike Mak B.Furniture C.Bookniture D.Bookseller

C

Still in shock! I moved around the house purposelessly* trying to decide what to put into the suitcases*. Earlier that evening, I received a call that my brother was killed in a car accident. "Come as soon as you can," cried my mother.

I wanted to hurry to her at once. But my husband, Larry, and I were moving from New York to Seattle. Our house was in a mess. Supper dishes sat on the kitchen table. Toys lay everywhere. I purposelessly picked things up and put them down. Mother's crying went through my head again and again.

Larry called some friends to tell them what had happened. Someone asked to speak to me. "If there's anything I can do, let me know." But I didn't know what to ask for.

Suddenly, the doorbell rang. It was Peter. He and his wife Donna lived nearby.

"I've come to clean your shoes," he said.

I asked him to repeat.

"Donna had to stay with the baby," he said, "but we want to help you. I remember when my father died, it took me hours to clean our shoes for the funeral*. Give me all your shoes."

I gathered all our dirty shoes to the kitchen. Peter got to work right away. Watching him devoting himself to one task helped me pull my own thoughts into order. I told myself to wash clothes first. Then, Larry and I bathed the children and put them to bed. One job after another.

When we returned to clear the dishes, Peter had left. All our shoes stood in a line against the wall, clean, shining. I couldn't help crying. Early next morning, we left for the airport with all the jobs done.

Now whenever I hear of a friend who's lost a loved one, I no longer call with the polite offer, "If there's anything I can do..." Instead I try to think of something that man needs, like taking the dog to the boarding kennel*, or house-sitting during the funeral. If the person asks, "How did you know I needed help?" I reply, "Because a man once cleaned my shoes."

48.The writer didn't know what to put into the suitcases because

- A.she couldn't do it on her own B.she was too sad to do anything
C.she wanted to take everything to Seattle D.she was not good at housework

49.Here's a time line of what happened in the story.

The writer's brother was killed in a car crash. → _____ → The writer washed the clothes. → They left for the airport.

Which of the events should go in the empty box above?

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- A.Peter came to clean the shoes. B.The couple bathed the children.

- C.They cleared the supper dishes. D.The writer found the shoes cleaned.

50.If one of her friends has lost a loved one, what will the writer probably NOT do?

- A.Call her friend to ask what she can do. B.Look after her friend's young children.

- C.Take her friend's dog to the boarding kennel. D.Offer her friend house-sitting during the funeral.

51.Which sentence best expresses the main idea of this story?

- A.One person's loss* is another's gain.

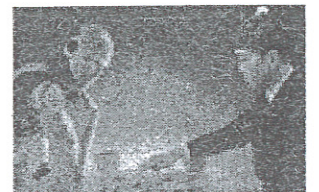
- B.An act of kindness is often rewarded*.

- C.A near neighbour is better than a brother far off.

- D.Do something meaningful to help those in need.

D

AlphaGo is a computer program to play Go. It's an AI program developed by Google DeepMind in London. In the early days, AlphaGo could not win a single game, even against amateur* players.



However, in recent years the AI program has developed fast. It is learning all the time. In October 2015, AlphaGo beat European Go champion Fan Hui, a 2-dan professional player. The score was 5 to 0. Although Fan Hui is not a world-class player, the result of the game was greatly surprising. This was the first time that a computer Go program had beaten a professional human player without handicaps*.

In March 2016, Man vs. Machines Go was held in Seoul, South Korea. In the match, AlphaGo played against Lee Se-dol, a 9-dan professional player from South Korea. In the end, AlphaGo beat the world-class player Lee Se-dol. During the five-game match, AlphaGo won four matches, and only lost the fourth game. It has become the first computer program to beat a top-level Go player without handicaps.

Now AlphaGo was the second in Go Rating of the world. DeepMind developers hoped Ke Jie would take on AlphaGo in the next Man vs. Machines Go. Ke Jie, an eighteen-year-old boy from China, was the No.1 in Go Rating of the world. He believed he was the one to beat AlphaGo, but he failed in the match between AlphaGo and him. He thinks AlphaGo is the best player in the world which can teach itself and develops better and better.

52. According to the passage, _____ is the best Go player in the world now.

- A. AlphaGo B. Fan Hui C. Lee Se-dol D. Ke Jie

53. What do the underlined words "take on" mean?

- A. fight for B. play against C. agree with D. look after

54. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?

- A. AlphaGo could play Go well enough at first.

- B. AlphaGo always beats human players without handicaps.

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- C. The score of the match between AlphaGo and Lee Se-dol was 4-1.
D. AlphaGo beat a professional human player for the first time in 2016.
55. After reading the passage, what do you think of the event* that AlphaGo beat the professional player?

卷 II

五、词汇运用（本题有 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

A. 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空。每词限用一次。

discuss useful our rest twelve

56. There is a cinema on the _____ floor of the shopping center.
57. Let's call *Wonders of the World* and join in the _____.
58. National holiday is coming, I'm sure we will enjoy _____ because we have seven days off.
59. Don't spend all your time playing computer games. You can do something _____.
60. I _____ at home for two days. I'd like to go out and have a walk.

B. 根据短文内容和所给中文提示，写出空白处各单词的正确形式。每空限填一词。

Everyone has a hero in his heart. Norman Bethune, a _____ 61 _____ (加拿大的) doctor, is a great hero in China because he helped treat the wounded Chinese _____ 62 _____ (士兵) in the Anti-Japanese War and invented special medical _____ 63 _____ (工具) to save many lives.

For westerners, Confucius was a great thinker in the _____ 64 _____ (东方的) world over 2,000 years ago. People always call him the greatest man who ever lived.

When he was only three, his father _____ 65 _____ (死). His mother was very poor. In those days people had to pay to go to school. _____ 66 _____ (虽然) his mother did not have enough money, she _____ 67 _____ (设法完成) to send him to receive education.

When he became an adult, he wanted to learn more. So he decided to teach _____ 68 _____ (他自己). He went off to talk to holy men in the temple and learned from them. If he tried to do something difficult, such as making _____ 69 _____ (演讲) in public, he kept trying over and over again _____ 70 _____ (直到.....为止) he learned how to do it well. In this way, Confucius grew up to be a very wise man.

六、书面表达（本题有 1 小题，共 20 分）

71. 学校英语社团举办经验分享会，请社团成员介绍一次独自在家的成功经验。假如你是社团成员 Lihua，请你从学习、生活、安全等方面描述此次经历并谈一下自己的感受。100 词左右。

右。

小 词 典			
amateur adj. 业余的	boarding kennel n. 犬舍	event n. 事件	expand v. 扩大
funeral n. 葬礼	furniture n. 家具	handicaps n. 让步赛	
kraft paper n. 牛皮纸	loss n. 损失	material n. 材料	portable adj. 轻便的
purposelessly adv. 无目的地	recycled adj. 可循环再造的	reward v. 奖励	sign v. 签名
suitcases n. 行李箱	transform v. 变形	unfold v. 被展开	