

# 2018-2019 学年第一学期福州三校期末联考

## 高一英语试卷

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说明：1、本试卷分第 I、II 两卷，考试时间：120 分钟      满分：150 分

2、I 卷的答案用 2B 铅笔填涂到答题卡上；II 卷的答案用黑色签字笔填写在答题卡上。

### 第 I 卷（选择题 共 92 分）

#### 第一部分： 听力(共 20 小题,满分 30 分)

##### 第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5,满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

请听下面 5 段对话,选出最佳选项。

1. How will the woman go to the hospital?  
A. By taxi.                                  B. By motorcycle.                                  C. By bus.
2. Where is the man probably now?  
A. At home.                                  B. In the office.                                  C. In a restaurant.
3. Who is coming for tea?  
A. Mark.                                  B. John.                                  C. Tracy.
4. What is the man's second present?  
A. A watch.                                  B. A car.                                  C. A computer.
5. When will the man call the woman?  
A. At 5:30 pm.                                  B. At 6:00 pm.                                  C. At 6:30 pm.

##### 第二节（共 15 小题； 每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟；听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

请听第 6 段材料，回答第 6~7 题。

6. What day is it probably today?  
A. Tuesday.                                  B. Wednesday.                                  C. Thursday.
7. What will the man do tonight?  
A. Prepare for a test.                                  B. Go out with Alice.                                  C. Go to a lecture.

请听第 7 段材料，回答第 8~9 题。

8. When does the conversation probably take place?  
A. At the beginning of the new term.                                  B. During the summer vacation.  
C. At the end of the term.
9. Why does the man come here?  
A. To say goodbye to Lily.                                  B. To meet a new teacher.                                  C. To attend a history class.

请听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10~12 题。

10. What was the man's pen pal doing when he was traveling in Beijing?  
A. Studying in Beijing.      B. Visiting his family.      C. Traveling in Sichuan.
11. On which day did the man visit the Summer Place?  
A. The first day.      B. The second day.      C. The third day.
12. What was the weather like on the third day?  
A. Sunny.      B. Cloudy.      C. Rainy.

请听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13~16 题。

13. What equipment in the kitchen uses the most energy?  
A. The electric cooker.      B. The dish washer.      C. The refrigerator.
14. How many trees does it take to print the *Sunday Times*?  
A. 75,000.      B. 15,000.      C. 10,000.
15. Which question does the woman answer wrong?  
A. The first one.      B. The second one.      C. The third one.
16. What do we know about the woman?  
A. She likes reading newspapers.      B. She has an energy-saving car.  
C. She didn't win the prize.

请听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17~20 题。

17. How long will each street dance class last?  
A. One hour.      B. One and a half hours.      C. Two hours.
18. Who will be teaching the Latin dance class?  
A. Angela Stevenson.      B. Janine Davis.      C. Andrew.
19. How much does each Latin dance class cost per hour?  
A. €7.50.      B. €10.50.      C. €11.00.
20. Which class is on Saturday morning?  
A. Street dance.      B. Latin dance.      C. Folk dance.

## 第二部分: 阅读理解 (共 16 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 32 分)

### 第一节 (共 11 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 22 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

#### A

Winter-swimming has become popular in Beijing. Three years ago, few people would go swimming in the city waters. But now there is a Winter-swimming Enthusiasts' Club(冬泳爱好者协会) and it has more than 2, 000 members. The oldest is 84 years of age and the youngest is only 7. The members are from all ways of life. They may be workers, peasants, soldiers, teachers, students....

Though it is now the coldest part of the season and the water temperature in the city's lakes is around 0°C, many winter-swimmers still swim in the icy waters, even when it is snowing. They enjoy themselves in the lake, while the people by the side of the lake are wearing heavy

clothes.

Why are so many people interested in winter-swimming? Because winter-swimming can be good for one's health.

Bei Sha is a good example. He is 69 years old, and he once suffered from heart trouble for 26 years. After ten years of winter-swimming he is now in good health. Scientists are now studying the effects of winter-swimming on health.

21. Among the winter-swimmers the oldest man is \_\_\_\_ years older than the youngest one.

- A. 91            B. 84            C. 7            D. 77

22. Guess what "*The members are from all ways of life*" means.

- A. They come from all parts of Beijing.  
B. The members do different jobs at different places.  
C. They are persons of different ages.  
D. They are men and women, old and young.

23. Winter-swimming has become popular in Beijing because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. more and more people like to swim in winter  
B. it is more interesting than swimming in summer  
C. winter-swimming does a lot of good to one's health  
D. winter-swimmers are brave men

24. The best title for this passage should be \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. People in Beijing Like Swimming in Winter  
B. People Benefit from Winter-swimming  
C. Winter-swimmers Are Brave Men  
D. Winter-swimming — A Craze(狂热) in Beijing

B

Perhaps you have heard a lot about the Internet, but what is it, do you know? The Internet is a network. It uses the telephone to join millions of computers together around the world.

Maybe that doesn't sound very interesting. But when you're joined to the Internet, there are lots and lots of things you can do. You can send E-mails to your friends, and they can get them in a few seconds. You can also do with all kinds of information on the World Wide Web (WWW).

There are many different kinds of computers now. They all can be joined to the Internet. Most of them are small machines sitting on people's desks at home, but there are still many others in schools, offices or large companies. These computers are owned by people and companies, but no one really owns the Internet itself.

There are lots of places for you to go into the Internet. For example, your school may have the Internet. You can use it during lessons or free time. Libraries often have computers joined to the Internet. You are welcome to use it at any time.

Thanks to the Internet, the world is becoming smaller and smaller. It is possible for you to work at home with a computer in front, getting and sending the information you need. You can buy or sell whatever you want by the Internet. But do you know 98% of the information on the

Internet is in English? So what will English be like tomorrow?

25. What is the passage mainly about?

A. Information.      B. E-mails.      C. Internet.      D. Computers.

26. Who is the owner of the Internet?

A. The headmaster      B. The officer      C. The user      D. No one

27. Which may be the most possible place for people to work tomorrow?

A. In the office.      B. At home.      C. At school.      D. In the company.

28. What does the writer try to tell us with the last two sentences?

A. English is important in using the Internet.      B. the Internet is more and more popular.  
C. Most of the information is in English.      D. Every computer must have the Internet.

C

Clover, a three-year-old spirit bear, lives at the B.C. Wildlife Park near Kamloops, British Columbia, Canada. He lost his parents two years ago and was raised at a wildlife center. When he was set free into the wild, he broke into human camps looking for food. Wildlife experts tried to get him used to living on his own, but he continued to look for places where there were people. Finally the experts decided that he could not live in the wild. Since then, a total of \$750,000 has been collected to create a habitat (栖息地) for Clover.

The habitat covers about three acres (英亩) of land and includes natural forest, two ponds connected by a small river and something else. It will add a platform and a walkway later this year so that people can see Clover and his habitat more closely. There will also be a center where people can learn more about spirit bears. Besides, a black bear will be moved into the habitat so Clover will not feel lonely.

Spirit bears are also called Kermode bears after Francis Kermode, who first studied them. Kermode discovered that a small number of black bears carry a gene (基因) for white fur. If a baby bear receives one of these genes from each parent, its fur will be a creamy white color. There are about 1,200 bears who carry the gene for white fur, but only about 200 white Kermode bears in the world. Kermode bears are found only in British Columbia. They live in the Great Bear Rainforest, an area that covers the mainland and islands along the coast of B. C. between Vancouver and Alaska.

29. We can learn from Paragraph 1 that Clover\_\_\_\_\_.

A. lost his parents at the age of 3      B. could not find any food  
C. was not afraid of humans      D. grew up in the wild

30. The habitat built for Clover\_\_\_\_\_.

A. will be open to visitors      B. will become a center for spirit bears  
C. was created by Francis Kermode      D. will prepare him for life in the wild

31. According to Francis Kermode, spirit bears\_\_\_\_\_.

A. are bigger than black bears      B. are mainly found in B.C.  
C. are born to white bears.      D. are very unusual

第二节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 选项中有两项为多余选项。

We accomplish(完成) our goals one step at a time, doing a little each day. So, starting your day on the right foot is most important. 32

■Get up an hour early.

People who get up early in the morning have a jump on the day. In American English, We like to say, “The early bird gets the worm.” 33 This expression means that people who rise up early have a head start and, therefore, are more likely to succeed.

■Don't answer e-mail or jump into social media as soon as you get up.

We've all done it. You see a Facebook post from a friend you haven't seen for a long time. He is angry about some political issue and the heated discussion pulls you in. 34 You hurry out the door so as not to be late for work. This is not the best way to start your day.

■Exercise!

Physical fitness experts and trainers often suggest some form of exercise in the morning because the middle of the day is a busy time for most people. By the day's end, you may not have the time or energy to exercise. 35

■Think about your day at night.

Take time at the end of the day to think back on all the things that have happened. 36 It may help you to prepare if you take a few minutes to think about what you need to do the next day.

- A. Before you know it, an hour has passed.
- B. Here, if you're a bird, the worm is the reward.
- C. And spend a little time to think about tomorrow.
- D. Here are four ideas on how to start your day off right.
- E. Avoid jumping into social media as soon as you get up.
- F. Exercising in the morning prevents that from happening.
- G. In fact, the morning may be the most productive part of your day.

### 第三部分 英语知识运用

#### 第一节：完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

There was a time when an ice cream sundae (圣代冰淇淋) cost much less. A 10-year-old boy entered a hotel coffee shop and sat at a table. A waitress 37 a glass of water in front of him. “How much is an ice cream sundae?” “Fifty cents,” replied the waitress. The little boy 38 his hand out of his pocket and studied a number of 39 in it. “How much is a dish of plain ice cream?” he asked. More people were now waiting for a(n) 40 and the waitress was growing a bit 41. “Thirty-five cents,” she said. The little boy 42 counted the coins. “I’ll have the plain ice cream,” he said. The waitress brought the ice cream, put the 43 on the table and walked away.

The boy finished the ice cream, paid the cashier and left. When the 44 came back to that table, she began to cry as she wiped (擦) it with the wash cloth. There, placed neatly beside the 45 dish were fifteen cents.

You see, the little boy couldn’t have the sundae because he wanted to have enough coins to leave her a 46. The waitress 47 having treated the little boy like that. And from that,

she learned that she should treat all her customers 48 well.

In a nursing school, a professor gave us a pop test. The 49 question was, “What is the first name of the woman who 50 the school?” The students thought that this was some kind of 51. They had seen the cleaning person several 52. Before class ended, one student asked if the last question would 53 toward their test grade. “54,” said the professor. “In your careers you will 55 many people. All are important. They are supposed to get your 56 and care, even if all you do is smile and say ‘hello’.”

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|-------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 37. A. put        | B. bought     | C. rewarded    | D. sold       |
| 38. A. trapped    | B. pulled     | C. pushed      | D. sent       |
| 39. A. stones     | B. jewels     | C. coins       | D. cards      |
| 40. A. entrance   | B. leave      | C. bargain     | D. table      |
| 41. A. nervous    | B. foolish    | C. informal    | D. impatient  |
| 42. A. hardly     | B. again      | C. hopelessly  | D. apart      |
| 43. A. fee        | B. menu       | C. bill        | D. ticket     |
| 44. A. waitress   | B. customer   | C. boy         | D. boss       |
| 45. A. empty      | B. full       | C. beautiful   | D. terrible   |
| 46. A. suggestion | B. tip        | C. letter      | D. praise     |
| 47. A. suggested  | B. regretted  | C. meant       | D. avoided    |
| 48. A. equally    | B. badly      | C. selfishly   | D. willingly  |
| 49. A. last       | B. first      | C. difficult   | D. easy       |
| 50. A. charges    | B. owns       | C. decorates   | D. cleans     |
| 51. A. wonder     | B. motto      | C. joke        | D. goal       |
| 52. A. minutes    | B. days       | C. times       | D. hours      |
| 53. A. accept     | B. count      | C. fail        | D. design     |
| 54. A. Regularly  | B. Unlikely   | C. Truly       | D. Absolutely |
| 55. A. recognize  | B. replace    | C. meet        | D. select     |
| 56. A. attitude   | B. appearance | C. application | D. attention  |

## 第 II 卷（非选择题 共 58 分）

### 第二节 短文语法填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1 个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Olympic Games got 57 (it) name because it was in Olympia, Greece that the Games were held. The Olympic Games are held every four years. There are two main 58 (set) of Games ---- the Winter and the Summer Olympics, and both are held every four years 59 a regular basis. The Winter Olympics are usually held two years before the Summer Games. Only athletes who have reached the agreed standard for their event will 60 (admit) as competitors. They may come from anywhere in the world. At first, only the Greek cities could join in and they used to compete against each other just for the honour of winning. No other countries could join in, 61 could slaves or women! However,

nowadays any country can take part if their athletes are good enough. Women are not only allowed, \_\_\_62\_\_\_ play a very important role. The motto of the Olympics is “Swifter, Higher and Stronger.” It is a great responsibility as well as a great honour to be chosen \_\_\_63\_\_\_(host) the Olympic Games. There’s as much \_\_\_64\_\_\_(compete) among countries to host the Olympics as to win Olympic medals. China \_\_\_65\_\_\_(succeed) in bidding for the right to host the 29th Olympics in Beijing, \_\_\_66\_\_\_ is a great honor for the Chinese.

### 第三节 根据句子意思，用所给首字母或汉语提示写出正确的单词。(每小题 1 分，满分 8 分)

67. No one was able to s\_\_\_\_\_ this accident.  
68. The building will be \_\_\_\_\_(装饰) with many beautiful pictures.  
69. I think the problem \_\_\_\_\_(应受到，值得) considering seriously.  
70. It is well known to us all that a red light is a s\_\_\_\_\_ of danger.  
71. I would \_\_\_\_\_(感激) it if you could come to help me.  
72. This book c\_\_\_\_\_ 5 units, including one about wildlife.  
73. When will the evening \_\_\_\_\_(表演) begin?  
74. Nowadays young people are always a\_\_\_\_\_ great importance to becoming rich and famous.

### 第四节 根据课本内容填空(每空 1 词，共 20 空，每空 0.5 分，满分 10 分。)

- 75、我很欣赏那些为寻找琥珀屋而努力的人们。  
I \_\_\_\_\_ who are searching for the Amber Room.  
76、结果，我完全改变了我的形状。  
\_\_\_\_\_ I \_\_\_\_\_ changed my shape.  
77、不管怎样，我的目标是给人类提供高质量的生活。  
\_\_\_\_\_, my goal is to provide humans with a life \_\_\_\_\_.  
78、我们的毛正被用来为像你一样的人们制作了毛衣。  
Our fur \_\_\_\_\_ make sweater for people like you.  
79、组成乐队的音乐人演奏音乐，还彼此打趣逗笑。这些音乐大多都在模仿“甲壳虫”乐队。  
The musicians were to play jokes on each other as well as play music, \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ based loosely on the Beatles.

## 第四部分：写作(共两节，满分 30 分)

### 第一节：单句改错(共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分)

每句只有一处错误。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧)，并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

80. This was a time when the two countries were in war.
81. No one in my family but my father who is interested in the play.
82. Many stadium have been built for the Olympic Games.
83. If you are caught smoking in the kitchen, you will be fine.
84. A coach who can train world class athletes will be universal popular.
85. When the problem arise, no one knew what to do next except William.
86. We're being killing for the wool beneath our stomachs.
87. I like my English teacher, for which I have great respect.
88. I joined the club in order to get familiar the singer.
89. Dinosaurs lived on the earth tens of millions of years ago, long after humans came into being.

## 第二节:书面表达 (20 分)

假如你是高一学生李华, 在昨天的班会上, 你们班针对课间休息时有些班级利用多媒体来播放音乐的现象开展了主题为“课间是否要播放音乐”的讨论。请你根据以下信息用英语写一篇短文。

写作内容:

1、同学们的观点:

(1) 大部分同学认为播放音乐可以活跃气氛, 放松身心, 带来快乐, 提高学习效率。

(2) 部分同学认为时间短, 没效果, 课间太吵, 需要安静。

2、你的观点。

注意: 词数 100 左右。

**Should music be played during the class break?**

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