

## Part 2 Vocabulary and Grammar

### II. Fill in the blanks according to the phonetic transcription.

23. We can see many \_\_\_\_\_ /'eɪnʃənt/ buildings in Yu Garden.  
24. Please give some hard dog food for the older dogs to \_\_\_\_\_. /tʃu:/.  
25. I borrowed some popular \_\_\_\_\_ /,mægə'zi:nz/ from the library.

### III. Choose the best answer.

26. Find the different pronunciation from the following words.  
A. kind                      B. clinic                      C. minute                      D. missing
27. Yesterday we met \_\_\_\_\_ SPCA officer in our school.  
A. an                      B. a                      C. the                      D. /
28. India is \_\_\_\_\_ the South of Asia.  
A. to                      B. in                      C. on                      D. at
29. They will hold an important gala \_\_\_\_\_ the end of this year.  
A. in                      B. to                      C. on                      D. at
30. This is not \_\_\_\_\_ seat. The one over there is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. yours, yours                      B. your, your                      C. yours, your                      D. your, yours
31. There are over \_\_\_\_\_ passengers on the plane.  
A. three hundreds                      B. three hundred                      C. hundreds of                      D. three hundred of
32. A: What's your nationality? B: \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. American                      B. India                      C. Japan                      D. Australia
33. My grandfather can't read \_\_\_\_\_ write because he didn't receive any education.  
A. and                      B. or                      C. but                      D. so
34. Linda \_\_\_\_\_ thirty yuan in buying the film ticket.  
A. took                      B. paid                      C. spent                      D. cost
35. I \_\_\_\_\_ the Summer Palace twice. It's so beautiful, so I would like to go there for the third time.  
A. visited                      B. will visit                      C. have visited                      D. visit
36. \_\_\_\_\_ would you like \_\_\_\_\_ know about your penfriend.  
A. How, /                      B. What, /                      C. How, to                      D. What, to
37. Tomorrow some teachers from \_\_\_\_\_ countries will come to our school to have a visit.  
A. others                      B. other                      C. another                      D. the other
38. \_\_\_\_\_ cruel to the animals around us. They are part of nature like us.  
A. Not be                      B. Not to be                      C. Don't be                      D. Don't to be
39. You \_\_\_\_\_ about his life now. He can take good care of himself.  
A. don't need to worry                      B. needn't to worry  
C. don't need worry                      D. need to worry
40. Excuse me, do you have a single room for me \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. to live in                      B. to live                      C. living in                      D. living
41. A: Would you like to come to my party?  
B: \_\_\_\_\_. But I have an important meeting to attend.  
A. Yes, please                      B. I would like to                      C. No, thanks                      D. Not at all

**IV. Complete the following passage with the words or expressions in the box. Each can only be used once.**

A. note      B. centre      C. better      D. easy      E. difficult      F. go back

A beautiful and very successful actress was the star of a new musical show. Her home was in the country. She did not want to \_\_\_42\_\_\_ there every night, so she rented an expensive flat in the \_\_\_43\_\_\_ of the city, bought some beautiful furniture and let a man to paint the rooms in new colours.

It was very \_\_\_44\_\_\_ to get tickets for her show, because every body wanted to see it. So she decided to give the man two of the best seats. She thought this would make him work \_\_\_45\_\_\_ for her. He took the tickets without saying anything, and she heard no more about them. At the end of the month, she got the man's bill, at the bottom of which were the words, 'Four hours watching Miss Hall sing and dance: 3 pounds', with this \_\_\_46\_\_\_ 'After 5 p.m. I get fifteen shillings an hour instead of ten shillings.'

**V. Use the proper forms of the words in the brackets to complete the following sentences.**

47. Look! There are a lot of cute \_\_\_\_\_ there. (puppy)
48. They arrived in Garden on August the \_\_\_\_\_. (twenty)
49. There is a Chinese \_\_\_\_\_ flag in every classroom. (nation)
50. Don't be \_\_\_\_\_ to animals. (cruelty)
51. At last, the pilot tried to land the plane \_\_\_\_\_. (save)
52. I made many \_\_\_\_\_ friends when I stayed in Toronto. (Canada)
53. The underground train are usually \_\_\_\_\_ in rush hours. (crowd)

**VI. Rewrite the following sentences according to the requirements.**

54. Ben and Kitty have read about the UK before.. (改为一般疑问句)  
\_\_\_\_\_ Ben and Kitty \_\_\_\_\_ about the UK before?
55. These visitors are British. (保持原意)  
These visitors come from \_\_\_\_\_.
56. The SPCA officers look after the pets every day. (保持原意)  
The SPCA officers \_\_\_\_\_ the pets every day.
57. It took Li family two hours and a half to get to Beijing. (划线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ did it take Li family to get to Beijing?
58. They would like the puppy in the small cage. (划线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ would they like?
59. guard, our, play with, dogs, can, people, homes, and  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Part 3 Reading and writing**

**VII. Reading comprehension.**

**A. Choose the best answer.**

Cinderella is a poor girl. Her stepmother and stepsisters treat her badly. But with a fairy's help and the fairy's magic power, Cinderella goes to a great palace ball, wearing a beautiful dress, and falls in love with a prince.

This is the classic (经典的) story that most of us know. But is it too simple? How can Cinderella be so lucky?

A new Disney movie, Cinderella, tries to tell us why. In the film, during hard times, Cinderella doesn't become sad or angry. But she tells herself to stay strong and kind. She also has a good sense of humour. That's how she acts when she faces difficulties.

'I hope kids find Cinderella to be a fun, smart heroine,' said Kenneth Branagh, British director (导演) of the movie.' 'I hope that just like Cinderella, they can be brave and kind.'

60. Where can we see this passage?

- A. From a travel guide.
- B. From a school newspaper.
- C. From SPCA guide.
- D. From a movie guide.

61. \_\_\_\_\_ helped Cinderella go to the palace ball.

- A. A fairy
- B. Her stepmother
- C. Her father
- D. Her stepsister

62. \_\_\_\_\_ made the new movie Cinderella.

- A. The Grimm brothers
- B. The Dream Work
- C. The Disney
- D. The Star Work

63. According to the passage, what makes Cinderella so lucky?

- A. Her health
- B. Her kindness.
- C. Her sadness.
- D. Her magic power

64. Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE?

- A. The stepmother and stepsisters don't like Cinderella.
- B. When Cinderella has hard time, she never becomes sad or angry.
- C. Cinderella doesn't like smiling.
- D. Many people know the story of Cinderella.

65. What does the director of the movie want the children learn from Cinderella?

- A. To be sad and angry
- B. To be smart and hardworking
- C. To be kind and strong
- D. To be lazy and naughty

**B. Choose the words or expressions to complete the passage.**

Many students have hobbies, such as reading, painting, growing vegetables in their garden and looking after animals. Some hobbies are relaxing and others are creative. Hobbies can develop your interests and help you \_\_\_ 66 \_\_\_ new skills.

David Smith is a student, and his hobby is writing. During the summer of 2000, he spent four weeks on a summer camp. As well as usual activities, such as sailing, climbing mountain and cycling, there was a writing workshop with a profession \_\_\_ 67 \_\_\_. 'She asked us to imagine that we were in a story. Then we wrote about our \_\_\_ 68 \_\_\_ at the camp.'

In senior high school David wrote a story about teenage life, and it came out as a book in 2003. Many teenagers love his book, and as a result, David has become a \_\_\_ 69 \_\_\_ young writer.

David has been very lucky because his hobby has brought him enjoyment and success, but his also interested in many other things. 'I like playing volleyball, too,' says David. 'I spend some of my free time playing volleyball for my school team. \_\_\_ 70 \_\_\_ I'll write more books in the future, but I'm not sure.

It's something important \_\_\_ 71 \_\_\_ that we shouldn't spend all our time on your favourite hobby. There are many other interesting things to do in life, and we should try to do something new or different.

- 66. A. learn                      B. work                      C. train                      D. write
- 67. A. dancer                    B. doctor                    C. singer                    D. writer
- 68. A. examples                B. experiences              C. excuses                    D. exercises

- |                |                |             |           |
|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------|
| 69. A. famous  | B. usual       | C. friendly | D. lovely |
| 70. A. Luckily | B. Immediately | C. Perhaps  | D. Once   |
| 71. A. to play | B. to remember | C. to do    | D. buy    |

**C. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words.**

Thomas Edison was a g\_\_\_72\_\_\_ American inventor. When he was a child, he was always trying out new ideas. His parents loved him very much. They called him Tom. Young Tom was in school for o\_\_\_73\_\_\_ three months. During those three months he asked his teacher a lot of questions. Most of the questions were not a \_\_\_74\_\_\_ his lessons. His teacher thought he wasn't c\_\_\_75\_\_\_ and told his mother to take him out of school.

Edison's mother had to t\_\_\_76\_\_\_ him herself. Edison learnt very quickly. He read a lot. Later he became very i\_\_\_77\_\_\_ in science and invented useful things.

**D. Answer the questions.**

Some parents are used to doing almost everything for their children. They see their older children as babies! It can be a very common problem in China, where parents only have one child. Some parents care so much about the safety of their children that they are afraid to let them go anywhere or do anything by themselves.

In fact, no children really enjoy being looked after by their parents all the time. No parents would be happy knowing that. As a result of too much care, their children don't know a thing about the world! Children need their own time to learn how to deal with problems. Too much care spoils their fun when they are growing up. And when suddenly they can't depend on their parents, these children will be in big trouble!

It is nice that parents show their care and attention to their children. It is nice that children know that their parents' care is the result of love, and it will be nicer if children let their parents know how much love they really need, and how much love is too much.

78. Are some parents in China used to doing almost everything for their children?

\_\_\_\_\_

79. What is the common problem in China according to the passage?

\_\_\_\_\_

80. Do all the parents let their children go anywhere or do anything by themselves?

\_\_\_\_\_

81. What do children need when they meet problems?

\_\_\_\_\_

82. What will happen when suddenly children can't depend on their parents?

\_\_\_\_\_

83. Do you think your parents are doing almost everything for you? Please give an example.

\_\_\_\_\_

## VIII Writing

84. Write at least fifty words about the topic "My pet". (以“我的宠物”为题，写一篇不少于 60 个词的短文)

1. 你的宠物是什么？
2. 你和宠物间有什么有趣的事情？
3. 你对动物和人类关系的看法。