

# 成都七中育才学校 2021 届八年级下期 6 月阶段性考试 英语试卷

考试时间：120 分钟 满分：150 分

- 并把主观题部分的答案，按要求工整的写在答题卷规定的地方。答题卷上禁止涂抹和使用涂改液，若写错需要更改，请把原答案用笔轻轻地划去，并在空白处写出正确答案！
2. 客观题部分即选择题部分，请先用黑色签字笔在机读卡规定地方写上自己的班级，姓名等信息；然后用黑色签字笔在规定地方清楚的写上自己的考号（学号），再把号码下面对应的数字和科目用 2B 铅笔涂掉。在填涂机读卡上对应题号下面的答案时，请注意规范填涂。
3. 请注意机读卡上题号的顺序，并且注意保持答题卷和机读卡的整洁，否则会影响最后的评分！

## A 卷（共 100 分）

### 第一部分 听力测试（共 30 小题，计 30 分）

一、听句子，根据所听到的内容选择正确答语。每小题读两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

- |                             |                         |                            |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. A. I'm not free.         | B. Good idea.           | C. It's too far.           |
| 2. A. No, you can't.        | B. It's a good place.   | C. Yes, you could.         |
| 3. A. It's 400,000 km long. | B. Yes, it's very deep. | C. It's 1,025 meters deep. |
| 4. A. Yes, Lora is.         | B. I don't think so.    | C. Tina's interesting.     |
| 5. A. She's only five.      | B. She's at home.       | C. She has a nosebleed.    |

二、听句子，选择与你所听到的句子意思相符合的图片，并将代表图片的字母填在相应的题号后。每小题读两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）



A



B



C



D



E

6. \_\_\_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_

三、听对话，根据对话内容及问题选择正确答案。每段对话读两遍。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

- |   |  |                                     |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| 11. A. Windy.                           | B. Rainy.                              | C. Sunny.                           |
| 12. A. In a park.                       | B. In the lake.                        | C. On the boat.                     |
| 13. A. Fold the clothes.                | B. Cook.                               | C. Take out the trash.              |
| 14. A. Lily.                            | B. Tom.                                | C. Jerry.                           |
| 15. A. On Monday.                       | B. On Sunday.                          | C. On Friday.                       |
| 16. A. Tiring.                          | B. Challenging.                        | C. Interesting.                     |
| 17. A. Watch TV news.                   | B. Take online classes.                | C. Do some homework.                |
| 18. A. Half an hour.                    | B. An hour.                            | C. One and a half hours.            |
| 19. A. By joining an English club.      | B. By asking questions.                | C. By using an English app.         |
| 20. A. Because he missed the early bus. | B. Because he had a terrible headache. | C. Because his alarm didn't go off. |

四、听短文，根据短文内容选择正确答案。短文读两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

21. What does Nao look like?

- |                            |                     |                          |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| A. He's cute and friendly. | B. He's 48 cm tall. | C. He's small and round. |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|

22. How old is Nao this year?  
A. 13. B. 14. C. 15.
23. How can the owner communicate with Nao?  
A. By using a computer. B. By talking to him.  
C. By using a special technology.
24. Nao can \_\_\_\_\_ as a good helper in your home.  
A. wake up in the morning B. teach you history  
C. choose your favorite food and music
25. Nao knows what to say to the owner because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. he knows the owner's family members  
B. he can call the owner's members by their first names  
C. he can tell the owner's feelings

五. 听短文, 根据短文内容完成表格中所缺信息。短文读三遍。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 5 分)

A survey about 26. _____	
The findings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ Late risers have more illnesses than early risers.</li> <li>◆ Late risers also look 27. _____ than early risers.</li> </ul>
The advantages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆ The air in the early morning is 28. _____ in the day. We can do morning exercises to keep healthy.</li> <li>◆ In the morning, we learn more quickly and find it easier 29. _____ what we learn.</li> <li>◆ We can work out a good plan for a day.</li> <li>◆ We can make 30. _____ for our work.</li> </ul>

## 第二部分 基础知识运用 (共30 小题, 计40 分)

六. 选择填空 (共15 小题; 计20 分)

A. 从各题的 A, B, C 选项中选择正确答案。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 10 分)

31. —Who is \_\_\_\_\_ man with a pair of sunglasses over there?  
—Oh, he's Mr. Smith, our new English teacher.  
A. a B. the C. /
32. Last month, the price of oil dropped so much. As a result, many mid-eastern countries are in the face of a serious \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. challenge B. development C. communication
33. There is no ocean \_\_\_\_\_ the Pacific Ocean. It is bigger than any other ocean.  
A. smaller than B. as small as C. as big as
34. Jiu Zhai Valley was closed after the earthquake several years ago. But \_\_\_\_\_, it was opened again to the public(公众).  
A. actually B. recently C. suddenly
35. After dinner, I was doing the dishes \_\_\_\_\_ my sister was watching her favorite TV show. It was really unfair.  
A. when B. while C. since
36. —Have you watched the movie “Hua Mulan” by Liu Yifei?  
—Not yet. But I \_\_\_\_\_ the poster of the movie. She's so beautiful.  
A. have seen B. see C. was seeing
37. There is no need for kids to take so many after-school classes. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ some

of them to let your kids have time to relax.

A. cut down

B. cut off

C. cut out

38.— \_\_\_\_\_ is Xing Long Lake in Tianfu New Area?

— It's hard to say. It's many times bigger than Tianfu Square.

A. How deep

B. How large

C. How much

39. Kobe, a super basketball player, died three months ago. We will always remember he led his team to win so many competitions \_\_\_\_\_ other teams in NBA.

A. through

B. towards

C. against

40. —I think only the persons who have something in common can become friends.

— \_\_\_\_\_. In my opinion, differences can also make people interested in one another.

A. I think so

B. I don't think so

C. I hope so

**B.根据对话内容,从方框中选出适当的选项补全对话,并将选项的编号依次填入题号后横线上。(共5小题,每小题2分;计10分)**

A: You can't guess what happened yesterday?

B: What's wrong?

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_

B: Really? What did you see?

A: It was my friend Tom. He rode the bike very fast. While he was riding and listening to MP3, a car came out suddenly. \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_

The car hit him.

B: Oh, dear! \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_

A: I was walking out of the school.

B: Did the car driver get out of the car?

A: Yes. \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_

B: Well, you see it's really

dangerous for kids to ride fast.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_ And we can't do other things while we are riding.

A. I really agree with you.

B. What were you doing at that time?

C. It was too late for the driver to stop.

D. I saw a car accident outside our school.

E. While he was asking Tom about his leg, I called 120.

**七、完型填空** 阅读下面两篇短文,根据短文内容,从A、B、C三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。(共15小题;计20分。A篇每题2分,计10分;B篇每题1分,计10分)

A

It's sad to learn that a whale has died in the ocean. However, that's not the \_\_\_\_\_ 46 \_\_\_\_\_ of the whale. It has a lot to give to other sea animals after death.

When a whale dies, it quickly drops to the bottom(底部) of the ocean floor. There the whale's dead body \_\_\_\_\_ 47 \_\_\_\_\_ food to deep-sea animals. These kinds of animals are always \_\_\_\_\_ 48 \_\_\_\_\_ of food. The dead body is such a fantastic gift for them.

Whales continue to provide even though they have been dead. What a(an) \_\_\_\_\_ 49 \_\_\_\_\_ story! Because of the changes of the weather and other human activities, including killing them for meat, fat and oil, \_\_\_\_\_ 50 \_\_\_\_\_ rubbish into the sea or water pollution, whales are becoming endangered animals now. It's time for us to play a role in protecting whales.

46. A. start

B. end

C. home

47. A. gets

B. offers

C. provides

48. A. short

B. full

C. afraid

49. A. exciting

B. touching

C. interesting

50. A. getting

B. turning

C. throwing

B

As a famous piano master(大师), Paderewski was popular with many people. Wishing to improve himself on the piano, one day, a boy was taken to a Paderewski's \_\_\_\_\_ 51 \_\_\_\_\_ by his mother. After they sat down, the mother saw a friend and walked up to greet her, leaving the boy \_\_\_\_\_ 52 \_\_\_\_\_ in his seat.

To find out the wonders of the concert hall, the little boy stood up and made his way through a door with a \_\_\_\_\_ 53 \_\_\_\_\_ —“Please don't come in” on it. Soon, the hall got \_\_\_\_\_ 54 \_\_\_\_\_ and the concert was going to begin. When the mother returned to her seat, she found that the child was \_\_\_\_\_ 55 \_\_\_\_\_.

Suddenly, the lights shone on the piano. In surprise, the mother found her little boy sitting at the piano. \_\_\_\_\_ 56 \_\_\_\_\_ knowing where he was, the boy was picking out Twinkle, Twinkle, Little Star. At the moment, the great piano master appeared, moved to the piano quickly, and spoke \_\_\_\_\_ 57 \_\_\_\_\_ in the boy's ear, “Don't stop. Keep playing.” Then he sat down and added a running obbligato (伴奏). It became one of the most \_\_\_\_\_ 58 \_\_\_\_\_ parts of the whole concert that evening. The people were moved so much and the mother was shocked. She believed that such an experience would make a big difference to her 9-year-old boy's life.

In fact, that's the way it is in life. What we can do by \_\_\_\_\_ 59 \_\_\_\_\_ is hardly unusual. We tried our best, but the results aren't exactly smooth(舒缓的) music like what we have \_\_\_\_\_ 60 \_\_\_\_\_. But when we trust in the hands of a master, our life's work can be truly beautiful.

51. A. party

B. garden

C. concert

52. A. alone

B. away

C. out

53. A. picture

B. mark

C. poster

54. A. busy

B. bright

C. dark

55. A. asleep

B. awake

C. missing

56. A. Without

B. After

C. Before

57. A. happily

B. quietly

C. loudly

58. A. exciting

B. common

C. terrible

59. A. himself

B. themselves

C. ourselves

60. A. expected

B. chose

C. realized

### 第三部分 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

八. 阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容判断句子的正误。正确的涂 A, 错误的涂 B。(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分; 计 10 分)

Hello, everyone. I arrived in China a few months ago. Like every other foreigner, I had to face a few “culture shocks”. Here I would like to share a few of such culture shocks.

China has 20% of the world's population but even then(尽管那样), it comes as a shock when one steps outside into public(公共的) areas and sees a lot of people. They at first look almost the same, all dark hair and dark eyes.

The next on my list is the language problem. When one first decides to go to China the first thought that crosses anyone's mind is “how am I going to communicate?!!?” Although many Chinese learn English at school, the fact is that they are poor in speaking it. Luckily, you would always be able to find help.

The third is the interest of Chinese towards the foreigners. There are times when you would be sitting in a bus or just passing by and you would notice someone trying to take pictures.

Now the next one is my favorite one. Chinese have the same love——FOOD. You start walking

anywhere in China and after every 5 steps you will see a food stall(摊位). In fact, I have never seen a food place empty(空的) in China.

I think it's difficult for me to live here. But one thing is certain that the Chinese are the most helpful and the kindest people in the world. Whenever I meet with difficulty, I am sure to get a hand from the strangers to solve my problem.

- 61. The writer talks about three culture shocks in the passage.
- 62. The first shock for the writer is Chinese people's similar looks.
- 63. In China, the writer had no problems communicating with Chinese.
- 64. Chinese people are interested in eating according to the writer.
- 65. Living in China is difficult but lucky for a foreigner according to the passage.

九. 根据短文内容选择正确答案。(共 10 小题, 每小题 2 分; 计 20 分)

A

**Show your Art Talent**

Hand in(上交) a drawing of your favorite place in school and try to win PRIZES!

Your drawing may be a picture of the school library, the dining hall, the building, the classroom or even the toilet!

Along with your picture, include a short description (3-5 sentences) explaining why that place is special to you!

All winning pictures will be on show outside the school hall for the whole month of June!



Your picture can be either colored or black-and-white. All drawings must be handed in to your art teacher by November 1<sup>st</sup>, 2020.

**All LCPS students are encouraged to join!**

Organized by: Art Department(处, 部门) of Lion City Primary School(LCPS)

Prizes sponsored(赞助) by: Lucky Books and Stationery

66. Which of the following would be a proper picture for the competition?



67. Besides(除了) your picture, you must write about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. why you like the place so much
- B. why drawing is your favorite hobby
- C. whether you think you can win

68. According to the ad, all winners can get \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a \$30 prize                      B. a \$70 prize                      C. their pictures on show
69. You can hand in your picture \_\_\_\_\_, 2020.
- A. on December 1<sup>st</sup>                      B. on November 2<sup>nd</sup>                      C. on October 30<sup>th</sup>
70. The competition is organized by \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. an art teacher                      B. LCPS Art Department                      C. Lucky Books and Stationery

## B

More and more people like to keep pets. In their eyes, keeping pets has many good points. It can teach people a sense of responsibility(责任感). What's more, it can drive away the loneliness. It can also lower people's stress. But I'd like to voice different opinions.

A recent survey showed that the common family spent more money on its pets than on its children. This can clearly be seen when we look at pet foods, which often have more vitamins(维生素)than human food. They certainly cost much. Last year, British families spent hundreds of million pounds on pet food, medicine or animal furniture(家具).

There are some reasons why I find pet-keeping worrying. They cause environmental problems. An example of this is New York. It is difficult to deal with the mess that dogs leave on the streets there. It can cause the environmental pollution. Many people find this funny, but in a number of large cities it is a big problem. Animals can cause illness, too.

Another problem is that pet owners don't have responsibility. Some owners leave their pets or can't look after them well. As a result, some pets die. Some are free to run everywhere. English farmers lose hundreds of sheep a year, killed by someone's pet and you must have read of children being hurt by some pets of their own.

If you want to keep a pet, prepare for it well. If you are keeping a pet, try to make yourself a better owner with more responsibility.

71. Some people think that keeping a pet can make them feel \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. more difficult                      B. under more pressure                      C. less lonely
72. From the recent survey, we can know that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. common families don't see their children as important.  
B. the pet foods are more expensive than human foods because of more vitamins.  
C. British families spent a lot on their pets last year.
73. Keeping pets can cause environmental problems because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. pets often leave the mess on the streets  
B. pets can get ill easily  
C. many large cities cannot deal with the pollution
74. If the pet owners don't have responsibility, what may happen?  
① Some pets may kill farmers' sheep.                      ② Some pets may die.  
③ Some pets may cause illness                      ④ Some pets may hurt the children  
A. ①②③                      B. ②③④                      C. ①②④
75. The writer writes this passage in order to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. tell people not to keep pets anymore  
B. tell people to keep pets in the right way  
C. tell people to treat pets as their friends

## B 卷 (共 50 分)

一、首字母填空。根据句意和首字母提示完成单词。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 5 分)

1. Linda says she w\_\_\_\_\_ less when she eats nothing for a day. But it's really bad for her health.
2. His mother is always c\_\_\_\_\_ him with other kids. It has caused a lot of pressure for him.
3. This was our last school trip in junior high school. Everyone talked and laughed in e\_\_\_\_\_.
4. He depends on his parents h\_\_\_\_\_ although he is an adult. They have bought everything for him, including an apartment, a car and more.
5. More jobs are a\_\_\_\_\_ in the cities. So people from the countryside move to the cities to look for the jobs.

二、完成对话, 在对话的空格中填上适当的单词, 使对话完整正确。一空一词(含缩写词)。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 10 分)

A: Hey, Steve! I didn't expect to see you here in Chengdu.

B: Yeah, I just came back from Nepal, our neighboring country, which lies on the southwest of China.

A: Why did you return in such a hurry? It's said that you were sent \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ to work for at least three years. It's only one year till now!

B: It's all because of my son. He is in great trouble now!

A: What happened to him?

B: He always feels \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ out all these days.

A: For what?

B: He has been back to school for almost two months. However, he still can't get used to his school life up to now.

A: What caused that situation?

B: During the time he had online classes, he lost \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ of himself and always tried his best to keep his phone in his hand, playing games, chatting with friends... what's worse, even \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ the answers to his homework from his classmates.

A: It seems that he can't put his heart into his schoolwork. It's true that the rapid \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ of science and technology brings us convenience(便捷), but trouble as well.

B: So it is! Since he lost himself on the Internet, he has had no \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ in any other things around him. He kept himself away from almost everyone who loves him.

A: Sounds too bad! You should encourage him to change his mind and fight together with his classmates and teachers to get better grades. The experience of always being together in a group and keeping fighting will be a great \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_, which he will not run out of, in the rest of his life.

B: Yeah, these days, he is under the big pressure of the coming exams. I mean the exams for biology & geography and *Ling Zhen*. So it's just like a turning point for him. If he does well in the exam, everything will turn out to be fine. If not, he will be under more pressure in the \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ year of study in junior high. So we are both nervous.

A: You shouldn't just feel so worried, but you need to take action \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_.

B: I can't agree more! These exams truly \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ a lot to him. That's why I am so worried.

A: I advise you to have a good communication with the head teacher in time. The earlier you do so, the sooner you can solve the problem.

B: You've got the point! Thanks for your advice!

三、短文填空，从下面方框中选出 10 个单词，并将其正确形式填写在相应位置，使短文意思正确通顺(每词限用一次)。(共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分)

before deep excite hard her late lose shock something tell think wait

I used to find notes left in a basket of the church(教堂). They were beautiful notes about my homilies(讲道) and the writer's \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ on the everyday readings. The notes interested me a lot. But it was a long time \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ I met the writer of the notes.

One Sunday morning, I was told that someone \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ for me in the office, a young woman who said she left all the notes. When I saw her, I was \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_. I had no idea that it was she who wrote the notes. She was sitting in a chair in the office. Her head was bowed(低着) and when she raised it to look at me, she could \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ smile. Her face was disfigured (畸形), so smiling was very difficult for her.

We talked for a while that Monday morning and agreed to meet for lunch \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ that week.

We went to lunch several times, and we shared things about our lives. We spoke of books that we had read, and it was easy for me to tell that books are a great love of \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_.

She suffered(经历) from a disfigurement(毁容) that cannot be made to look beautiful. I know that her condition hurt her \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_. Yet there was a beauty to her and it had \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ to do with her look. She was the one to be listened to, whose words came from a wounded(受伤的) but loving heart. She had a special feeling of beauty. Her only worry in life was the \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ of a friend. She found beauty and grace. They were friends with her and showed her what is real.

四、阅读表达 (共 10 小题， 计 10 分)

A) 补全短文 根据短文内容，从短文后 A- F 选项中选出 5 个适当的选项补全短文。(共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分)

What makes a hero? \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ However, facing the novel coronavirus, many Chinese have shown their courage(勇气), resilience (韧性) and dedication, just like heroes do.

“\_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_” said US actor Christopher Reeve, who was best known for playing Superman. \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ But because of responsibility(责任), or just simply wanting to do their jobs, some choose to control their fear, stand out and fight the virus. They are known as “heroes in harm’s way”.

Medical workers and scientists are always on the frontlines. Experts Zhong Nanshan, 84, and Li Lanjuan, 73, for example, have worked day and night to develop rapid test kits and treat serious patients. Doctor Zhang Wenhong from Shanghai tries to educate the public about the virus in a funny way.

\_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ They also take risks and play their own parts. Construction workers race against time to build makeshift hospitals. Thousands of reporters keep writing news and inspiring stories.

Chinese writer Lu Xun said, “True heroes dare to look bravely to the gloomy (惨淡的) life.” \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ But as long as there are heroes and heroic things, we’ll finally achieve success.

- A. The fight against an epidemic (流行病) is hard.
- B. All the people are trying their best to fight against the virus.
- C. During the epidemic, everyone is afraid of the deadly illness.
- D. Besides these well-known names, many heroes keep unknown.
- E. Most of us might not fight bravely in a war, as we imagine many heroes do.
- F. A hero is a common person who finds strength to persevere (坚持) and endure (忍耐) although there are great difficulties.



**B)完成表格** 阅读下面短文, 根据其内容, 完成表格中所缺的信息。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 5 分)

Waste sorting(垃圾分类) is a simple process that needs neither a lot of time, nor any special resources. When you throw away rubbish, do you know which bin(垃圾桶) it should go in? Have you ever noticed the differently-colored bins on the street or in your neighborhood?

Some of you might not be able to answer this question easily. In fact, it is very important. Not knowing how to sort waste can make it even harder to save energy and protect the environment.

If you don't sort your rubbish, all of it will go to a landfill(垃圾填埋场) and be mixed together. These landfills can take up large areas of ground that could have been used for planting trees or crops. The electronic(电子的) waste can pollute the earth and groundwater. Other pieces of rubbish, like the metal(金属的) part of a pen, can be used to make other things if they are properly reused.

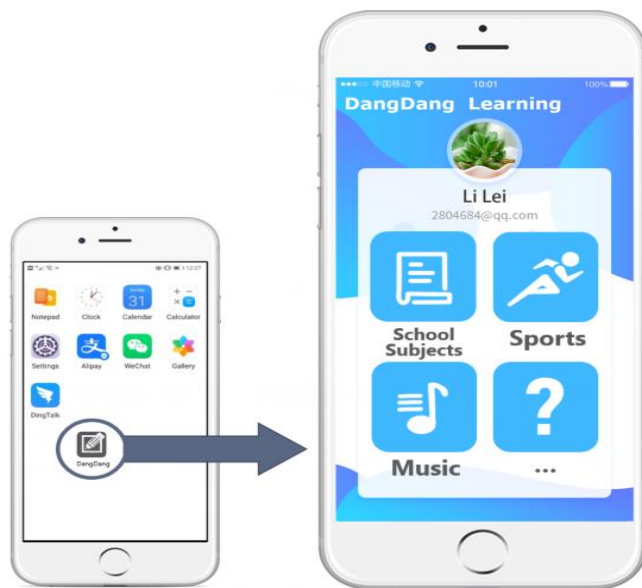
With this in mind, many governments in China have run waste-sorting activities in recent years. For example, Shanghai said in July in 2019 that within three years, all of its people should sort their waste into four groups: wet, recyclable(可回收的), harmful(有害的) and dry. Shanghai has done well in the past one year. Following Shanghai, many other cities, including Shenzhen and Qingdao, plan to use this way to sort their waste. Now that you know this, perhaps you can do your part to protect the environment and encourage others to sort their rubbish.

Waste sorting is also one of the main problems around the world. Different countries are using different ways to sort their rubbish. Japan does the best in waste sorting in the world. It is a very important part of Japanese life and Japanese people will expect foreigners to follow their belief.

Title: The _____ 1 _____ to waste sorting	
The _____ 2 _____ of not sorting rubbish	<p>◆Rubbish will take up large areas of ground that can be used to plant trees or crops.</p> <p>◆Rubbish will pollute the environment.</p> <p>◆If we don't reuse some recyclable rubbish, it will cause _____ 3 _____ of energy.</p>
The situation of sorting rubbish now	<p>◆Different countries are using different ways to sort the rubbish.</p> <p>◆Japan _____ 4 _____ the world in waste sorting.</p> <p>◆Shanghai sets _____ 5 _____ for many cities in China in waste sorting.</p>

### 五. 书面表达 (计 15 分)

网络时代,借助现代技术学习已成为必然趋势。最近,某网络公司打算开发一款学习 App 帮助中学生全面发展,现就 App 的具体功能广泛征集学生意见。假设你是李磊,请你给这个公司写一封邮件,结合下图提出你的建议并阐述相应的理由,以及你希望有什么收获。



(图 1)

(图 2)

- 要求: 1. 邮件包含图 2 所有信息 (每个方面给出两种功能), 并做适当补充。  
2. 书写工整, 格式规范, 语句通顺, 注意过渡衔接。  
3. 词数: 100 左右, 开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Sir or Madam,

As young people in the Internet Era, we're lucky to have the opportunity to learn by using modern technology offered by your company, which makes it possible for us to achieve all-around development.

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Yours,  
Li Lei