

成都七中育才学校 2020 年4月阶段性检测
初二英语

考试时间：120 分钟 满分：150 分

温馨提示：

1. 请用黑色签字笔在答题卷上规定地方清晰，工整地写上自己的班级、姓名、学号和座位号；并把主观题部分的答案，按要求工整地写在答题卷规定的地方。答题卷上禁止涂抹和使用涂改液，若写错需要更改，请把原答案用笔轻轻地划去，并在空白处写出正确答案！
2. 客观题部分即选择题部分，请先用黑色签字笔在机读卡规定地方写上自己的班级、姓名等信息；然后用黑色签字笔在规定地方清楚的写上自己的考号（学号），再把号码下面对应的数字和科目用 2B 铅笔涂黑。在填涂机读卡上对应题号下面的答案时，请注意规范填涂。
3. 请注意机读卡上题号的顺序，并且注意保持答题卷和机读卡的整洁，否则会影响最后的评分！

A 卷（共 100 分）

第一部分 听力测试（共 30 小题，计 30 分）

一、听句子，根据所听到的内容选择正确答语。每小题读两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

1. A. She has a fever. B. I have a toothache. C. I'm taking a break.
2. A. You could visit sick kids in hospital.
B. You could help teachers hand out the exercise books.
C. You could clean up the city parks.
3. A. No problem. B. Yes, I could. C. Not at all.
4. A. Why don't you have a rest? B. You should say sorry to him. C. That's a great idea.
5. A. I was not at home. B. I was reading a magazine. C. It was raining hard.

二、听句子，选择与你所听到的句子意思相符合的图片，并将代表图片的字母填在相应的题号后。每小题读两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）



A



B



C



D



E

6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

三、听对话，根据对话内容及问题选择正确答案。每段对话读两遍。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

11. A. The library. B. The animal hospital. C. The city park.
12. A. Buy a gift for him. B. Go to the supermarket. C. Cook dinner.
13. A. Washed the dishes. B. Took out the rubbish. C. Swept the floor.
14. A. Brother and sister. B. Father and mother. C. Mother and son.
15. A. Helpful. B. Meaningless. C. Wasteful.
16. A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

17. A. 7:40. B. 8:20. C. 8:30.
 18. A. Andy was walking the dog. B. His parents were repairing the car.
 C. Everyone was busy with their own things.
 19. A. At Animal Helpers. B. On the street. C. At home.
 20. A. ¥45. B. ¥180. C. ¥270.

四、听短文，根据短文内容选择正确答案。短文读两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

21. The speaker usually go to visit his grandmother _____.
 A. in spring B. in summer C. in autumn
 22. Grandmother's house is _____.
 A. small B. white C. large
 23. The village is important to the speaker mainly because _____.
 A. it's a beautiful place
 B. it's peaceful and the speaker can relax well there
 C. his grandmother lives there
 24. The speaker enjoys drinking sweet tea and talking with his grandmother in _____.
 A. the restaurant B. the living room C. the garden
 25. From the passage, we know that _____.
 A. the speaker can enjoy fresh food in his grandmother's house
 B. the speaker couldn't buy anything in the village
 C. the speaker hopes to live in a peaceful place all the time

五、听短文，根据短文内容完成表格中所缺信息。短文读三遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

A lesson I learned about the <u>26</u> of Lei Feng	
The activities I did last Lei Feng Day	* Cleaned the street, <u>27</u> and talked with some people.
The words the woman said	*The things she <u>28</u> do to help others: carried things or fixed broken chairs at school.
	* The things now: Many young students simply show what they do on Lei Feng Day through putting the photos on the school websites.
The woman's opinion	Although young students do good things on Lei Feng Day, <u>29</u> of the love, care and kindness comes from their own hearts.
The influence(影响) of the woman's words on me	*I realized that everyone can <u>30</u> to the world if we show our true love and care to help others all the time.

第二部分 基础知识运用（共 30 小题，计 40 分）

六、选择填空。（共 15 小题，每题 1 分；计 20 分）

A. 从各题的 A, B, C 选项中选择正确答案。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

31. ---Jack, could you repair _____ broken wheel of my bike for me?

--- Sure!

A. a

B. an

C. the

32. --- I have a nosebleed.
 --- Why don't you _____?
 A. take your temperature B. press the sides of your nose C. put a bandage on it
33. If parents plan and do everything for kids, they won't be _____ when they grow up.
 A. independent B. nervous C. stressed
34. --- Could I keep the book for two more weeks?
 --- _____. Everyone needs to give books back on time.
 A. Sorry, you can't B. No, you couldn't C. Yes, sure
35. The news reported that _____ 19 firefighters died because of the wild fire in the forest in Liangshan, Sichuan Province. Many people were shocked and very sad about it.
 A. typically B. recently C. silently
36. Without _____, human beings can't create anything new to change the world.
 A. imagination B. independence C. satisfaction
37. Teenagers should share chores at home _____ they can understand the idea of fairness.
 A. since B. so that C. as soon as
38. --- Grace, I didn't see you at the beginning of the party. Where were you?
 --- Sorry! I _____ a speech alone in the library.
 A. prepared B. will prepare C. was preparing
39. --- What do you think of _____ food at the food bank yesterday?
 --- I got a strong feeling of satisfaction when helping others.
 A. giving away B. giving out C. running out of
40. You shouldn't go into the teachers' office _____.
 A. unless the teachers allow you to come in
 B. if you want to ask questions
 C. when you are asked to come in

B. 根据对话内容，从方框中选出适当的选项补全对话，并将选项的编号依次填入题号后横线上。(共 5 小题，每小题 2 分；计 10 分)

A: My parents got into a fight last night.

B: For what?

A: 41 It was just because my father wanted to watch sports show, but my mother liked to watch TV play. 42

B: Oh, I don't think parents can be like this. 43

A: That's right. 44

B: You can find proper time and talk to them about your feelings about it.

A: That's a good idea. 45

B: Not at all.

- A. Thanks for your advice.
 B. In fact, it was not a big deal.
 C. What do you think I should do?
 D. It can give children much pressure.
 E. They always have disagreements when watching TV.

七、完型填空。 阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。(共 15 小题；计 20 分。A 篇每题 2 分，计 10 分；B 篇每题 1 分，计 10 分)

A

A man was working on my farmhouse. After a long day of work, his old truck(货车) had broken down. As I drove him home, he sat in 46, feeling sad.

He invited me to meet his family 47 we got to his house. As we walked to the front door, he stopped at a small tree and touched the branches(树枝) with both hands. As he opened the door, he had a surprising 48. He smiled and hugged(拥抱) his two small children and gave his wife a kiss.

Later, he walked me to my car. When we passed the tree, I asked him 49 he touched the tree. "Oh, that's my trouble tree," he said, "I know I always have troubles on the job, but those troubles don't belong(属于) in the house with my wife and the children. So, I 50 them up on the tree every night when I come home. Then, in the morning, I pick them up again."

"Funny thing is," he smiled, "when I come out in the morning to get those problems, there aren't nearly as many as I remember hanging up the night before."

- | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|
| 46. A. surprise | B. excitement | C. silence |
| 47. A. when | B. while | C. although |
| 48. A. shout | B. feeling | C. change |
| 49. A. where | B. why | C. how |
| 50. A. give | B. wake | C. hang |

B

A group of boys played around a tree. "What a tall tree!" they said to each other. "It would be 51 to climb to the top!"

The group of boys then decided to play a game to see who could climb to the top of the tree first. Their 52 were sitting not far away, looking on at their children as they played.

One of the climbers was an 8-year-old boy named David. He was the shortest child in the group. 53 thought he would win the competition.

Then the game started. All of the boys tried their best to climb 54 they could. Although they all made it halfway up the tree 55 David did, he reached the top of the tree fastest in the end.

His mother was 56 to see this. She asked him, "David, how did you make it to reach the top of the tree so quickly?"

"It was easy," David said. "The other children kept 57 as they climbed. When they realized how high they were, they got scared and 58 falling down. 59, I looked only up. When I saw how close I was, I kept going higher and higher 60 I reached the top."

It is true in life that if we just keep going forward without looking back, we are more likely to make our dream come true.

- | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 51. A. boring | B. exciting | C. strange |
| 52. A. mothers | B. teachers | C. classmates |
| 53. A. Nobody | B. Everybody | C. Someone |
| 54. A. as carefully as | B. as high as | C. as long as |
| 55. A. when | B. before | C. after |
| 56. A. sleepy | B. nervous | C. happy |
| 57. A. looking down | B. looking for | C. looking up |
| 58. A. were interested in | B. were angry with | C. were afraid of |
| 59. A. Unluckily | B. Secondly | C. However |
| 60. A. until | B. as soon as | C. every time |

第三部分 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

八、阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容判断句子的正误。正确的涂 A, 错误的涂 B。(共 5 小题,

每小题 2 分；计 10 分)

In recent years, the Earth has been getting warmer. Possibly this is natural, but probably we are causing it. People drive a lot of cars. This puts carbon dioxide(二氧化碳) into the air and helps to make the planet warmer. When we hear this news, we may smile. No one likes long, cold winters, but, unluckily, there are many bad points about a warmer Earth.

First, the ice at the Poles(两极) melts and becomes water. The result is that the sea level (海平线) becomes higher. Cities on the coast (海岸) will be in danger from the sea. Will Tokyo, Bangkok, Hong Kong and Shanghai become like parts of Holland--- lower than the sea? Possibly we will have to build walls to keep the water out. Typhoons(台风)will become even more dangerous.

Sadly, the second point is that storms will become bigger. Super typhoons will first appear in the Pacific and do great damage(损害) to East Asia. The same will happen to the Eastern United States. As the weather changes, some places that now have rain will become dry. The farmers will not be able to grow plants. Maybe some dry places will become wet--- we don't know, but we will soon find out, and the change will cause many problems. There might be fights because of it.

- 61. The sea level will become higher because of the melting water from the Poles.
- 62. Shanghai will possibly build walls to stop the typhoons from coming in.
- 63. The farmers will not be able to grow plants because of super typhoons.
- 64. According to the passage, the weather change may cause big trouble for humans.
- 65. This passage mainly tells us how the Earth gets warmer.

九、根据短文内容选择正确答案。(共 10 小题，每小题 2 分；计 20 分)

A

Saturday Kids' Club

Kids' Club starts at 10:30 am with creative activities followed by a film at 11:00 am. For 3-13 year olds.

Saturday June 20 MEET THE ROBINSONS 102 mins	Saturday July 18 TWO BROTHERS 104 mins
Saturday June 27 TREASURE PLANET 95 mins	Saturday July 25 MR BEAN'S HOLIDAY 89 mins

NOTE TO PARENTS: Parents may leave children over 8 alone in the theater, but should know that the theater is not *providing* any official child care. We do, however, provide as safe an environment as possible for younger children. People over 18 should not go to the theater unless they are going with a child. If you leave your children in the theater, please be there on time to collect them at the end of the film.

66. Kids can join in the creative activities in Kids' Club for _____.

- A. 102 minutes B. 30 minutes C. 89 minutes

67. If 6-year-old Tom wants to watch a movie about brothers, he can come to the club on _____.
 A. June 20 B. June 27 C. July 18
68. If Julie, 19, wants to go to the theater, she needs to _____.
 A. go with her parents B. go with her friends C. take her 2-year-old brother
69. What can parents do in the theater?
 A. They can leave their 10-year-old children alone there.
 B. They need to pay to leave their children in the care center.
 C. They should leave their children alone at the end of the film.
70. We might find the poster _____.
 A. in a hospital B. in a post office C. near a theater

B

You may know the saying: An apple a day keeps the doctor away. A recent study by the Chinese University of Hong Kong has found another saying: An apple a day keeps old age away.

The study used fruit flies (果蝇), as they share many genes (基因) with humans. Scientists gave food to two groups of fruit flies. Both groups got the same fruit, what's more, the second group also got apples, but the first did not.



The results showed that most flies that ate apples could live 55 days longer than the flies that didn't eat apples. The study also found that apple-eating flies were more able to walk, climb and move about as they became old, the Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry reports. The scientists believe that the antioxidants (抗氧化剂) found in apples are good for health.

In another experiment (实验), scientists studied what thousands of women ate. They found that those women who often ate apples were 20 percent less likely to have a heart problem.

Scientists have recently found the apple's genetic code (基因序列). This allows scientists to make new kinds of fruit that are healthier. Scientists are already using this information to grow apples with added antioxidants. Antioxidants help to keep eyes and joints (关节) healthy and protect against heart problems and other illnesses.

Apples that help people get thinner may be in supermarkets in just four or five years. They are said to be "extra healthy" apples that can stop people from being fat.

71. Fruit flies were used in the study because _____.
 A. they love to eat apples B. their genes are similar to humans'
 C. they are easy to catch
72. From the study, the scientists found that _____.
 A. flies that didn't eat apples couldn't live 55 days
 B. apple-eating flies still have the abilities of moving easily when they get old
 C. the antioxidants found in apples are useless
73. From the article, we can infer(推断) that _____.
 A. apples' genetic code is similar to other fruits'
 B. people who eat apples will never get a heart problem
 C. scientists are studying a new kind of apples
74. The underlined word "likely" may mean _____.
 A. necessary B. possible C. important
75. You might find this passage in _____.
 A. a science magazine B. a guidebook C. a geography magazine

B 卷(非选择题; 共 50 分)

一. 根据首字母及句意补全单词, 并将单词完整地写在答题卡上。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 5 分)

1. Jack said sorry because he broke his n_____ window when playing soccer.
2. Disabled people should get f_____ treatments as the normal people in their daily life.
3. China p_____ many countries like Italy, Serbia, Russia with a lot of medicine and masks(口罩) to help them get out of trouble last month.
4. Mary is used to l_____ in bed when reading. It's really bad for her eyes.
5. The old man s_____ fell down on the street because of the heart problem.

二、完成对话。在对话空格中填上适当的单词, 使对话完整正确。一空一词(含缩写词)。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 10 分)

A: Hi, John.

B: Hello, Linda. Long time no see. Thanks to the people who fight against virus(病毒), we can _____ 1 _____ to school after almost three months.

A: You are right. Thousands of doctors and nurses worked in danger every day. They _____ 2 _____ their life to save sick people. Hundreds of workers were busy building hospitals day and night. A lot of volunteers helped people in need. With their help, the _____ 3 _____ in China becomes better. Everything is back to normal.

B: Yes. But looking back to the time when I stayed at home, I can't _____ 4 _____ how I spent two months, never going outside. It was difficult and boring.

A: No one likes such a lifestyle. But whether we can beat the virus _____ 5 _____ on not only medical workers but also common people like you and me. _____ 6 _____ has to realize the importance of staying inside. We can win only if all of us work as one.

B: But I really felt bored and _____ 7 _____. Nobody talked with me.

A: You mean you lived alone?

B: No. I lived with my parents. But I talked to _____ 8 _____ of them. As soon as I sat in front of TV, they asked me to study. As long as I used the phone, they said "Don't play games! Study now!" They _____ 9 _____ me hard. I didn't have any free time. The only communication we had was to fight. Although we lived together, the bad relation kept us _____ 10 _____.

A: Why don't you write about your feelings to your parents? Your parents love you. So do you. I think things will be better if you do better and understand your parents better.

B: Thank you for your advice.

三. 短文填空。从下面方框中选择适当的单词并用其正确形式填入短文空格内, 使短文意思正确通顺(每词限用一次)。按编号将答案依次填入下边表格内。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 10 分)

although	bad	choose	comfortable	complete	develop
good	minute	similar	them	what	while

We might love to tell others about our unusual experiences. For example, we climbed Mount Everest, tasted some rare(罕见的) food or met a famous person on the street. But a new study shows that if we share these unusual experiences with others, it may bring something ____1____ and not be welcomed.

We all like unusual experiences, and always can't wait to share them with our friends. Some people even mistakenly thought that having an unusual experience would make them the stars of the conversation. But they were ____2____ wrong, because to be unusual means to be different from other people. If you do not share ____3____ with the people around you, they will not welcome you in the conversation. What's more, conversations always seem ____4____ well on more common topics.

To find out, the scientist Cooney and his group members had 68 people come to the lab(实验室) in groups of four. In each group, one person was asked to watch a popular video of a street magician performing for some people, ____5____ the other three people were asked watched a common cartoon video. After watching the videos, the people sat around a table and had a five ____6____ free conversation. After the group discussion, the people who watched the magician's performance felt ____7____ than those who watched the cartoon video, because they felt ____8____ out of their group discussion. They didn't have the same topic as others in the group.

The result shows that we should give more thoughts in ____9____ what to talk about with others. If an experience turns you into someone who has nothing in common with others, ____10____ experience it is, it won't make you happy.

四. 阅读表达 (共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

A. 阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出适当的选项补全短文 (有一多余选项) 并将选项的编号依次填入题后表格中。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 5 分)

"Please don't go to Wuhan unless it's really necessary," Zhong Nanshan, a famous respiratory (呼吸科) expert, said to people when COVID-19 hit Wuhan. ____1____

Many Chinese know Zhong as the hero who beat SARS in 2003. ____2____ He has given Chinese people confidence(信心) in beating the virus.

Zhong grew up in a family of doctors. ____3____ In 2003, when SARS hit China, he volunteered to treat sick people and asked other doctors to send their most serious cases (病例) to him. After months of hard work, China accepted his treatment plan for SARS and then the whole world, which saved thousands of lives.

Seventeen years later, Zhong is once again guiding an expert team to deal with the novel coronavirus. ____4____ On Jan 18, he took a high-speed train from Guangzhou to Wuhan. Two days later, he became the first expert to tell the people that the virus can be spread(传播) between humans. On Jan 29, he and his team spent over four hours online checking five sick persons who were in serious condition. The next day, he chose a treatment plan for those patients. ____5____

As People's Daily wrote, "the 84-year-old Zhong Nanshan shows his professionalism (专业性) and duty as a doctor."

- A. His goal (目标) has always been to save as many lives as possible.
- B. Facing the spread of COVID-19, everyone is afraid of the deadly illness.
- C. But Zhong, 84, rushed (匆忙) on an overnight train to Wuhan to fight the illness.
- D. People share his photos and words online, saying they “trust every word of Zhong”.
- E. Although this new virus is known to be more dangerous to old people, Zhong worries little about his own safety.
- F. Under his guidance (指导), his team developed a rapid test kit (快速检测试剂盒) for the disease that can show results within 15 minutes.

B. 完成表格。阅读下面短文，根据其内容，完成表格中所缺的信息，并将答案填写在答题卡相应的题号位置上。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

Chinese people are very generous(大方的) about the education on their children. Some parents spend a lot and send their children to the best schools or even abroad to England, the United States or Australia. Many also want their children to take interest classes where they will either learn something like guitar, or other classes where the teachers will train them for better grades. Why do parents do this? These two kinds of classes will give them a head start in life. The Chinese believe that the more expensive the education is, the better their children will be. So parents hardly say no when they have to spend money on education. Even poor couples will buy a computer for their son or daughter.

However, what most parents don't see is that the best education their children can get is usually very cheap. Parents can see the importance of learning skills. Their children will usually be on good education in some areas while poor in others. What most parents never realize, is that today's children often don't feel confident(有信心的).

The problem is that parents are only educating their children on how to take tests and how to get high grades. They are not teaching them the most important skills. Children need to be confident, hard-working, happy and clever. Parents can realize this by teaching their children practical skills like cooking, washing and doing other housework.

Teaching a child to cook will improve many skills that he will need later in life. It's a must for children to take care of themselves. Cooking needs patience(耐心) and time. It is an enjoyable but difficult experience. A good cook always tries to improve his cooking, so he will learn to work hard and finish his job well. The result, a well-cooked dinner, will give him much satisfaction and a lot of self-confidence.

An old machine, such as a broken radio or TV set that you give your child as a toy may make him interested. If he spends hours looking at it, and trying to repair it, your child might become an engineer when he grows up. These activities are not only teaching a child to read a book, but also to think, to use his mind. This is much more important.

How to teach children	
The common facts	<p>★Education spending</p> <p>-Parents _____ 1 _____ how much they will spend on their children's education. They expect their children to have education in the best school or even study abroad.</p> <p>★Kinds of classes</p> <p>-Children need to have interest classes, like guitar classes.</p> <p>-Parents always ask their children to have some training classes.</p> <p>-Parents think these two kinds of classes can let their children have a head start in life. They put so much into children's grades _____ 2 _____ children's other practical skills.</p>
The writer's opinions	<p>-The best education is not _____ 3 _____ the money that parents spend.</p> <p>-Feelings, such as being confident, should be as important as learning skills.</p>
The writer's advice	<p>-Parents should teach children some practical skills to develop their _____ 4 _____.</p>
The _____ 5 _____ of the activities	<p>-To make the children hard-working and confident.</p> <p>-To teach the children to think and use their minds.</p>

五、书面表达。（计 15 分。请直接书写在答题卡相应题号后的横线处）

亲爱的同学们，在经历了新冠疫情和网课学习之后，你们终于又回到了熟悉的校园。请根据以下提示写一篇短文来记录这段难忘的成长，并谈谈你的感受。短文需包括以下内容：

- ◆当你听到新冠肺炎爆发的消息时，你在干什么？
- ◆你对新冠肺炎症状有哪些了解？在日常生活中有哪些预防措施？（各两点）
- ◆宅家期间，你帮助过父母做了哪些家务或者学会了哪些生活技能？（两点）
- ◆你认为网课学习有哪些弊端？（两点）

注意：1. 时态的正确运用。2. 字数：100 左右。3. 有恰当的开头、结尾和过渡。

提示词：the outbreak of COVID-19 新冠肺炎的爆发

be infected with COVID-19 被感染新冠肺炎