

2017-2018 初一下 南京外国语学校期中测试卷

I. Multiple choice (1' * 15 = 15')

16. It's OK to speak English with _____ accent because English is _____ international language spoken by people all over the world.
A. /; / B. a; a C. an; the D. an; an
17. --- How was your spring outing yesterday?
--- Oh, I couldn't feel _____. I met with my favorite singer on my way to the park.
A. worse B. worst C. better D. best
18. The driver reported to the police that he couldn't slow his car down when it was running _____ 120km/h on the highway, but the netizens (网友们) doubted him after hearing his answers _____ the reporters' questions.
A. at; of B. to; for C. at; to D. to; at
19. --- Why is East Beijing Road so crowded these days?
--- Because _____ people rush to Jiming Temple to watch the cherry blossoms (樱花).
A. two thousand of B. two thousands
C. two thousands of D. thousands of
20. After staying in hospital for two weeks, he felt _____ again and his parents could sleep _____ again.
A. well; well B. well; good C. good; well D. good; good
21. The universities started to _____ the case (案件) as soon as they received the letter of accusation (检举信).
A. look up B. look at C. look into D. look for
22. --- Mum, why must I stop _____ ice cream?
--- Eating _____ ice cream is bad for your stomach.
A. eating; too much B. eating; too many
C. to eat; too much D. to eat; to many
23. The milk is easy to go _____ on such hot days.
A. bad B. badly C. worse D. worst
24. On April 2, Tiangong 1 _____ back into the Earth's atmosphere (大气层) and _____ into the South Pacific Ocean.
A. goes; falls B. went; fell C. is going; falling D. went; would fall
25. Nobody is sure _____.
A. whether or not he would come back B. if or not would he come back
C. if or not he will come back D. whether or not he will come back
26. Jess decided to live with her grandpa _____ he wouldn't feel lonely.
A. or B. so that C. and D. because
27. Apps like Didi and Uber made it easier for people to find a car pool (拼车). _____, they also caused some safety problems.
A. Anyway B. Finally C. But D. However
28. Which of the following sentences has a different meaning?
A. It rained cats and dogs last night. B. The rain poured down last night.

C. There was a light rain last night.

D. The rain fell heavily last night.

29. --- _____ are you going to fly to London?

--- In two months' time.

A. How soon

B. How long

C. How often

D. What time

30. --- James, can you come and help me?

--- _____. I'm working.

A. Sure

B. In a minute

C. Hurry up

D. No problem at all

II. Find out the incorrect one of the four underlined parts (1' * 10 = 10')

31. I don't think teenagers should be so crazy about some pop stars. Some of them spend too much time listening to tapes

A

B

C

for a group called TFboys.

D

32. I am sure I am going to study abroad after I graduate from NFLS but maybe I will return to China later.

A

B

C

D

33. Not every one welcomes the new policy (政策). There is a lot of debate (辩论) across the country about when

A

B

C

children should begin their education.

D

34. Shop owners in South Korea complained to the reporter that less Chinese tourists travelled there and that they

A

B

C

had to close some of the shops.

D

35. Brian was the only alive person after the accident. The other 18 people, including her mother, all died.

A

B

C

D

36. From 2019, French parents will no longer be able to choose not to send their kids to kindergarten because kindergarten

A

B

will become a part of the country's compulsory (义务的) education.

C

D

37. The goat waited at the river bank for a long time because the river was too deep for him to walk.

A

B

C

D

38. Doctors say that the lines on people's palms are important to tell their health. And people in the past

A

B

C

got something wrong.

D

39. Some spacecraft (飞行器) may have problems while in space, or are simply not usable. People are now talking about

A

B

what to take them back to avoid pollution.

C

D

40. He fainted because of the hot weather. His head hit the table leg hardly. People around him stopped talking at once and

A

B

C

opened the window to keep him cool.

D

III. Cloze (1' * 10 = 10')

I still remember that day. I was waiting to get some ___41___ for shopping in a bank.

Among the crowd, I noticed a little boy ___42___ some sunglasses in one hand and a big bag in other. The boy was about 10 years old. He was walking around the people inside the bank and asked them to buy his sunglasses. But ___43___ would buy any from him. He tried from one person to another. From the look on his face, I knew he would not ___44___ anyway.

Now, I decided to have a talk with him. I went up and asked, "Do you go to school?" He nodded (点) his head. Then I continued, "Why do you ___45___ sunglasses?" He said nothing. I gave him \$20 and said that I was not in ___46___ of the sunglasses but he could keep the money. To my surprise, his face changed a lot, which is still in my memory today. I didn't know ___47___ to say next. Then he answered, "You buy sunglasses or you ___48___ back the money. I don't need your pity." I felt very ___49___ for what I did, and I told him that I would buy two pairs.

I took these sunglasses home and asked myself, "Did such a young boy need to do it for his self-respect (自尊)?" He could easily take the \$20 and left. But he chose to sell his sunglasses and get the money not because of others' ___50___. I will remember this lesson forever.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 41. A. bags | B. books | C. money | D. information |
| 42. A. carry | B. carrying | C. carried | D. carries |
| 43. A. nobody | B. somebody | C. everybody | D. anybody |
| 44. A. give out | B. give away | C. give back | D. give up |
| 45. A. send | B. sell | C. buy | D. give |
| 46. A. danger | B. time | C. need | D. trouble |
| 47. A. how | B. when | C. where | D. what |
| 48. A. take | B. give | C. pay | D. send |
| 49. A. worried | B. happy | C. excited | D. sorry |
| 50. A. joke | B. pity | C. advice | D. delight |

IV. Reading comprehension (1' * 15 = 15')

A

Characters: Evan, Mrs. Bordoni, Mr. Cortez, Rita, Marco, Tom

Setting: A primary school

Mrs. Bordoni: (Stands at the school gate) Good morning! You need to go straight to your classrooms, children. (A shy boy

walks up looking nervous.) What is your name?

Evan: (Looks at the ground) My name is Evan.

Mrs. Bordoni: Welcome to Northside. I'm the principal (校长), Mrs. Bordoni.

Evan: (Looking surprised) Oh! Good morning.

Mrs. Bordoni: I know you are new to our school but you will like it here. I will take you to your classroom.

Evan: I didn't want to move and leave my friends.

Mrs. Bordoni: You will have friends here. You'll see. Here's your room, 106.

Mr. Cortez: Welcome to our class! I'm Mr. Cortez.

Evan: (The class looks at him. He speaks softly.) Hello.

Mr. Cortez: We are talking about a story we just read. Who can tell Evan what it was about?

Rita: This family moved to a new state. Their story is both funny and sad.

Evan: (Cheering up) Did they like the new place?

Marco: Not at first. But they made lots of new friends.

Mr. Cortez: What happened to make them change their minds?

Tom: The girl from next door said she needed help. When they got to her house a sign said "Welcome".

Marco: It was a surprise party for them. The whole family was laughing.

Mr. Cortez: The neighbors made the family feel welcome.

Mrs. Bordoni: (Stands in the doorway) Evan it's time for lunch. (They enter the lunchroom. A sign says Welcome Evan".)

It is hard to change schools and leave old friends. Now we are your friends.

Evan: (Smiles) I can't believe you did this for me.

51. The words in brackets such as "(A shy boy walks up, looking nervous.)" tell _____.

- A. what the play is about
- B. what the characters are thinking in the play
- C. what the characters are saying to each other
- D. what the characters are doing and how they are acting

52. Who is Rita in the play?

- A. The principal.
- B. The teacher.
- C. Evan's new classmate.
- D. Evan's old friend.

53. How does Evan feel at the beginning of the play?

- A. He is happy because he makes some new friends.
- B. He is afraid because he can't find the new school.
- C. He is angry because the others don't talk to him.
- D. He is nervous because it is his first day in a new school.

54. Which is the correct order according to the play?

- a. Evan is taken to the classroom.
- b. Evan's new classmates tell him a story.
- c. Evan meets the principal Mrs. Bordoni at the school gate.

d. Evan enters the lunchroom and finds the sign “Welcome Evan”.

A. a-c-b-d

B. c-a-b-d

C. d-a-c-b

D. c-b-d-a

55. What is the best title of the play?

A. A sad story

B. Evan’s first day at school

C. A surprise party for Evan

D. Evan’s sign at the new school

B

I have been very lucky to make many trips to China. Though I have had some trouble with the language, I have never had a problem I couldn’t solve. As a native English speaker, I can go almost everywhere in the world and find someone to communicate with. I never thought that someone who speaks only Chinese would have a lot of trouble in my country.

Recently, the King family that I had met in China moved to Canada. I met them at the airport. My wife and I made meals for them and showed them around where we live. Everything seemed to go smoothly for the first two days as we looked for a car for them, showed them the way to different stores and the nearest city, Victoria. Mr. and Mrs. King had a two-year-old son and soon we became Nainai (grandmother) and Yeye (grandfather). We were having a good time but we didn’t realize Mr. King can’t speak English.

Luckily, Mrs. King can speak very good English. Many people with Chinese background live near us. In fact, none of them speak Chinese. Mr. King can’t even buy a mobile phone without his wife’s help. He can’t talk to me, of course. By the third day, he felt lonely and worried. And on the fourth day, we decided to take them to a large Chinese community.

Now, we often visit them and they visit us too. Sometimes Mrs. King would still like to live near us but Mr. King cannot. I feel bad because he seems very nice and smart but I can’t talk with him. It seems that neither of us will learn the other’s language because of our ages, maybe we will never have a friendly conversation. But we will think of each other as friends.

56. The writer doesn’t have any trouble in travelling around the world possibly because _____.

A. he’s very lucky

B. he speaks very good English

C. he’s good at speaking Chinese

D. he is good at communicating with others

57. How did the two families feel on the first two days?

A. Sad

B. Happy.

C. Worried

D. Lonely.

58. Who can’t speak English in this passage?

A. Mr. King

B. Mrs. King

C. The writer

D. The writer’s wife

59. Which of the following is **NOT** mentioned in the passage?

A. How the King family came to Canada.

B. How old Mr. and Mrs. King’s son was.

C. Why the King family moved to Canada.

D. Why the writer feels bad when he is with Mr. King.

60. What can we infer (推断) from the passage?

A. Mr. King is not clever at all.

B. The writer has never been to China before.

C. Both the writer and Mr. King are quite young.

D. The two families live a little far away from each other now.

C

Sometimes, you feel down or unhappy and it is hard to come back to your high spirit (情绪). So if you're having a bad day and need a boost, then help is just a click (点击) away.

A website is trying to offer people positive messages from strangers to cheer them up. It is called "the nicest place on the Internet", where happy people can share their positive thoughts and feelings with those who are in low spirits.

The website, *thenicestplaceontheinter.net*, lets people post (发布) videos of themselves blowing kisses and leaving positive and encouraging (令人鼓舞的) messages to lift visitors' spirits.

The website was created by Jeff Lam and helped many people out when they feel low. The well-known artist who lives in San Francisco said he came up with the idea when he and his friend Lauren were having one of those bad days.

"We tried to become cheerful, but none of the usual ways seemed to be working. Not music. Not food. What we hoped was something positive, honest and good. So with only a camera and work-free weekend, we created 'The Nicest Place On the Internet,'" he wrote on his website.

One user of the site, Joseph Meehan, 27, from Birmingham, said, "it's a fun and exciting website. I visit it once in a while when I'm missing my friends or family. I think it could really be a help to people that are feeling down or sad. It may even stop them from doing something stupid. You can also post your video to the website, and they add it to the series. It's very easy to share the love."

Mr. Lam is now working on a new project that allows people to leave positive voicemails for strangers (陌生人). The idea is that strangers send an audio (声音) diary by leaving a voicemail and then anyone can listen to it. The new function (功能) will be in use next year.

61. What was Jeff Lam, the founder of the website?

- A. an engineer B. a doctor C. an artist D. a teacher

61. The underlined word "**boost**" in paragraph 1 probably means _____.

- A. 鼓舞 B. 放松 C. 休闲 D. 提高

63. The website was created in order to _____.

- A. offer something positive to cheer people up
B. post positive voicemails on the website to people
C. provide a place for those who want to post their videos
D. collect something positive, honest and good for artists

64. Which of the following can be posted to the website now?

- A. pictures B. videos C. messages D. voicemails

65. According to Joseph Meehan, what kind of people cannot get help from the website?

- A. People who feel down or sad.
B. People who miss their friends or family.
C. People who want to do something stupid.
D. People who want to improve their skills of making videos.

V. Vocabulary

A. Complete the sentences with the help of the first letters given. (0.5' * 15 = 7.5')

1. I tried to flip (快速翻动) the baby over so that she would be sleeping in a more comfortable p_____.
2. Many people think subway is one of the most r_____ ways of transport (交通), because it's always on time.
3. L_____ always comes earlier than thunder because light travels faster than sound.
4. A Russian-made bomb fell into a vegetable field in Georgia, but luckily, it did not e_____.
5. That marine (海洋的) b_____, who spent all his life studying the marine creatures, was able to tell us the names of all the fish.
6. The e_____ cold weather at the poles can never stop great numbers of Chinese tourists from going there for sightseeing.
7. Children are told not to touch or feed those huge animals or they might a_____ people.
8. An 8-year-old girl was killed in a car c_____ yesterday morning and the drunker driver was caught by the police.
9. Some of the famous d_____ were all born in the 1950s, including Feng Xiaogang, Zhang Yimou and Chen Kaige.
10. BBC is one of the leading (领先的) d_____ makers in the world. The works that Chinese audience are most familiar with include *Planet Earth*, *Human Planet* and so on.
11. It was i_____ that I was able to get a large room with a very generous bathroom for just 7 dollars a night.
12. When the couple stepped out of the hat shop, the lady wore a w_____ hat which looked like a lighthouse (灯塔).
13. C_____ ago, the British people started to plant tea trees in India.
14. It's our duty to e_____ the rubbish bin (垃圾桶) after school every day.
15. The s_____ of China on the map is often compared to (被比作) a rooster.

B. Complete the sentences with the proper forms of the given words. (0.5' * 15 = 5')

1. The snowstorm made those little birds almost have no chance of _____. Few animals _____ that winter because of the terrible weather and the lack of food. (survive)
2. "Life is so boring and hard. Every day, we suffer (受苦) from the _____ on our bodies made by the tools while working..." The stone _____ described their own life in this way. (cut)
3. All the passengers cheered when the plane landed _____ at the airport. (safe)
4. Although all of the injured were sent to the nearest hospital without any delay (延迟) after the accident, two of them were still _____. (conscious)
5. He always likes to start his compositions with famous _____. (say)
6. Stephen Hawking, one of the greatest _____, died on the morning of March 13 in Cambridge, England. He devoted (贡献) all his life to the study of _____ (science).
7. He felt that he was _____ person in the world when he heard that he won the lottery (彩票). (luck)

VI. Sentence transformation. (0.5' * 10 = 5')

1. Many businessmen are worrying about the Sino-US trade war. (改为同义句)
The Sino-US trade war _____ many businessmen.
2. Joel was so nervous that he couldn't have a good rest on the night before the exam. (改为同义句)
Joel was _____ nervous _____ have a good rest on the night before the exam.

3. He ate a fortune dumpling at dinner. The dumpling had a coin inside. (将两句合并成一句)

He ate a fortune dumpling _____ a coin _____.

4. The latest iPhone X weighs about 174 grams. (对划线部分提问)

_____ the latest iPhone X _____?

VII. Complete each sentence according to the Chinese given. (0.5' * 15 = 7.5')

事实上, 智能手机对人们的生活有巨大的影响。没有了他们, 人们简直不可能独处。青少年们持续玩数个小时之后, 不得不停下来休息, 因为他们的眼睛疼。他们当中的一些甚至一只眼睛看不见, 另一只眼睛觉得剧烈疼痛。

_____, smear phones _____ a great _____ people's life. People can hardly stay _____ without them. Teenagers have to _____ have a rest after they _____ for several hours, because their eyes _____. Some of them even can't see _____ and feel great _____ in the other.

VIII. Choose a proper phrase in correct forms to fill in the blanks. (1' * 5 = 5')

give up; make a hole; come true; keep on; tell the future; carry down

Although Stephen Hawking was found to have a serious illness, he still _____ working hard and doing some research.

The little rat successfully stole some rice by _____ in the rice bag.

It is not easy for him _____ smoking in two weeks.

Which way of _____ is the most popular one in China?

My grandfather dreamed to have friends all over the world. Thanks to the Internet, his dream _____ before he died.

IX. Fill in the blanks with proper words. The first letter of each word is given. (0.5' * 10 = 5')

More than 60 percent of the people in China order takeout food at least twice a week, according to a recent survey (调查报告) by *China Youth Daily*.

The survey was given to 2,005 people in different c___1___ across the country. Among them, 55.6 percent said it's h___2___ to stop buying takeout food. 63.8 percent said they hope the restaurant can i___3___ the quality (质量) of the food, especially the ingredients (食材).

The participants (参与者) gave many reasons for o___4___ takeout. Some said they are too b___5___. Others said takeout is c___6___ than going to a restaurant. And some people simply don't know h___7___ to cook.

Some of them have realized (意识到) that eating too much takeout isn't good for their h___8___ and may cause about 2,000 t___9___ of waste every year. And people use about 3 billion p___10___ of disposable (一次性的) chopsticks yearly. 45 percent of them are made from trees while the rest are made from bamboo and cotton.

X. Writing. (5')

Please write about one of your experiences (经历) of not giving up. (No more than 60 words)

2017-2018 学年南外 7B 期中考试参考答案

二、单选

16-20 DCCDA 21-25 CAABD 26-30 BDCAB

三、改错

31-35 DBABA 36-40 DDCCB

四、完型

41-45 CBADB 46-50 CDADB

五、阅读

51-55 DCDBB 56-60 BBACD 61-65 CAABD

六、词汇

(A)

1. position	2. reliable	3. Lightning	4. explode	5. biologist
6. extremely	7. attack	8. crash	9. directors	10. documentary
11. incredible	12. weird	13. Centuries	14. empty	15. shape

(B)

1. survival; survived	2. cuts; cutters	3. safely	4. unconscious
5. sayings	6. scientists; science	7. the luckiest	

七、句型转换

1. is worrying	2. too; to	3. with; inside	4. How much does; weigh
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八、翻译句子

In fact; have; effect / influence / impact; on; alone; stop; to; keep; playing; hurt; in; one eye; pain

九、选词填空

1. kept on	2. making a hole	3. to give up	4. telling the future	5. came true / had come true
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十、首字母

1. cities	2. hard	3. improve	4. ordering	5. busy
6. cheaper	7. how	8. health	9. tons	10. pairs