**2018-2019学年第一学期莘光中学七年级月考卷**



**Part 2 Phonetics, Grammar and Vocabulary**

**(第二部分 语音、语法和词汇)**

1. Choose the best answers（选择最恰当的答案）（共15分）
2. Tom will come back December, 2019.
3. on
4. for
5. at
6. in

【答案】D

1. Thanks for me with my lessons.
2. help
3. helped
4. helping
5. helps

【答案】C

1. This coat is too small. Would you like to show me one?
2. another
3. the other
4. others
5. other

【答案】A

1. -- did you stay there? --For a few months.
2. What time
3. How long
4. How
5. How far

【答案】B

1. There are more than students in our school.
2. two thousand of
3. two thousands
4. two thousand
5. thousands of

【答案】C

1. Dogs helped people animals for food.
2. hunting
3. hunted
4. hunts
5. hunt

【答案】D

1. Let’s to Nanjing for a holiday train.
2. to go, on
3. go, by
4. going, by
5. going, in

【答案】B

1. I want to know what your aunt .
2. look like
3. looks like
4. like
5. is like

【答案】B

1. Dogs tell the blind people when it is to cross the street.
2. safety
3. safely
4. save
5. safe

【答案】A

1. Alice bought the dictionary the way to the supermarket.
2. on
3. by
4. of
5. in

【答案】A

36、--Would you like to have orange juice? --No, thanks.

A. much

B. many

C. some

D. any

【答案】C

37、They are very thirsty. Would you please give them something drink?

A. down

B. for

C. with

D. to

【答案】D

38、Remember to fires after you have a barbecue.

A. put down

B. put out

C. go on

D. put on

【答案】B

39、Dogs are one of in the world.

A. the much intelligent animal

B. the much intelligent animals

C. the most intelligent animal

D. the most intelligent animals

【答案】D

40、The students promise cruel to the animals.

A. not to

B. not to be

C. to

D. to be

【答案】B

41、There is going to a talk on “How to learn English well”next Friday.

A. have

B. has

C. be

D. is

【答案】C

42、There is no bread milk in the fridge at all. Let’s go to buy some.

A. or

B. and

C. nor

D. but

【答案】A

43、-- book do you prefer? --I prefer the one on the right.

A. Where

B. What

C. Which

D. Who

【答案】C

**Ⅲ. Complete the following passage with the words or phrases in the box. Each can only be used once（将下列单词或词组填入空格。每空格限填一词，每个单词或词组只能填一词）**

|  |
| --- |
| 1. at an airport B. smell C. eve D. understands E. instead F. nose G. into |

Among all the working dogs, police dogs are the best of all. A police dog must be clever, brave, strong and has a very good (44) . But how are they trained(训练)?

Johnny is just such a clever police dog. His job is to (45) out hidden drugs(毒品) and he enjoys his job. Of course, he doesn’t like drugs at all. (46) , he’s interested in looking for his favorite toy. What is it? A towel!

【答案】FBE

【分析】

44.根据句意得知，此处应为名词，故选F

45.根据句意得知，此处应为动词，并且to 后面接动词原形，故选B

46.根据句意得知，此处首先为副词，并且可用于句首，表转折意思，故选E

|  |
| --- |
| A. at an airport B. smell C. eye D. understand E. Instead F. nose G. into |

To begin with the training, Thomas, Johnny’s trainer, plays with him and a towel. Later, a bag of drugs is put (47) the towel. After playing for some time, Johnny starts to know not only the smell of drugs but also the smell of his favourite towel. Thomas then hides(隐藏) the towel with a drug in different places. Johnny

(48) that finding the drug means finding his favourite towel. Then he can play the towel game with Thomas. After half a year’s training, Johnny can work with police-officers and help them find out drugs hidden in bags, clothes, and suitcases (49) . A well-trained police dog is a great helper.

【答案】G D A

**IV. Complete the sentences with the given words in their suitable forms. （用括号中所给单词的适当形式完成下列句子）（共5分）**

1. They had a time in the USA.（wonder）
2. Kitty is writing an in her room now.（invite）
3. Listen to your teacher , please.（care）
4. Every morning, tourists can see soldiers the Chinese national flag in the square.（raise）
5. –What’s your ?（nation）--I’m Indian.

50. 【答案】wonderful根据形容词修饰名词规则，应填wonder的形容词形式。

51. 【答案】invitation缺少宾语，且有不定冠词an修饰，故填invitation邀请函。

52. 【答案】carefully, 根据副词修饰动词，填写care的副词形式。

53. 【答案】raising, see sb doing sth是固定句型，表示“看到某人正在做某事”。

54. 【答案】nationality根据回答Indian，表示问题是国籍。

**V. Complete the following sentence as required. (根据所给要求，每空限填一词) （12分）**

55. They drove the ambulance to the nearest hospital quickly. (改成一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_\_ they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the ambulance to the nearest hospital quickly ?

56. My uncle has already gone to America. (改成否定句)

My uncle \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gone to America \_\_\_\_\_\_.

57. Jack’s never late for school, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ? (改成反意疑问句)

58. Bob liked the blue skirt better than the black one. (保持句意不变)

Bob \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the blue shirt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the black one.

59. Peter goes to the library once a month. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ does Peter go to the library ?

60. is, beautiful, Kunming Lake, a, inside, palace, lake, the (连词成句)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

55.【答案】 Did drive 一般过去时改为一般疑问句，需借助助动词did, 放句首，drove变原形drive.

56.【答案】 hasn’t yet 现在完成时改否定句，在has后面直接加not, 缩写为hasn’t, already变为yet.

57.【答案】 is he 反意疑问句前肯后否，前否后肯，never表示否定，所以是is he.

58.【答案】 preferred … to … 同义词组like … better than … = prefer … to …, 注意prefer过去式preferred.

59.【答案】 How often 对频率提问用特殊疑问词how often, 注意句首字母大写

60.【答案】 Kunming Lake is a beautiful lake in the palace.

**Part 3 reading and writing**

**（第三部分 读写）**

1. **Reading comprehension（阅读理解）**
2. Read the passage and choose the best answer(根据短文内容，选择最适当的答案)

As one of the world’s oldest industries, fishing has a history of four thousand years. Today, there are over five million people in the world who make their living by working in this **field**. In the United States alone, about one hundred and forty thousand people catch fish, sell fish, or do some other work in the fishing industry.

The fishermen all over the world catch millions and millions of kilograms of fish a year. Today each person in the world can have seventeen kilograms of fish a year. Yet, people in some places still use small boats and old fishing methods to catch fish as they did in the past; however, some countries search for and catch fish by making full use of advanced (先进的) fishing methods.

Years ago, people began building and using **factory ships**. Such ships can carry hundreds of workers who clean and package the fish as soon as they are caught.

With the rapid development of science, people are catching more and more fish. But sometimes, they catch too many of them, so that some types of fish have almost disappeared. To make sure that there will always be plenty of fish for mankind in the years to come, scientists throughout the world are trying to keep checking on the population of fish in different parts of the world, and many governments have taken or are taking measures (措施) to protect the fishing resources (资源).

( ) 61. How many people are there in the world today who catch fish, or do some other work in fishing industry?

1. More than 5,000,000
2. Only 5,000,000
3. Less than 5,000,000
4. About 140,000

( )62. the underlined phrase “factory ship” means .

1. a factory which build ships
2. a ship which carries factory workers
3. a factory which looks like a ship
4. a ship which is, at the same time, a factory

( )63. The word “field” in the second sentence has the same meaning as the word “field” in .

1. a field of wheat
2. a football field
3. the field of medical research
4. an oil field

( )64. From the reading we know that some kinds of fish have almost disappeared most probably because .

1. there are so many large ships built every year
2. fishermen have caught too many of them
3. they have too small a population
4. scientists keep checking on their population

( )65. Which of the following is NOT true?

1. Fishing has a long history in human history
2. Scientists are making efforts to make sure that there are always enough fish to catch
3. Fish can only be cleaned or packaged on the land
4. The use of advanced fishing methods has put certain fish in danger

( )66. According to the passage, many governments have taken or are taking measure to .

1. stop the fishing industry
2. prevent people from catching fish
3. protect the environment
4. protect the fishing resource

【答案】61-66. ADCBCD

【分析】

1. 根据第一段第二行的信息可知，全世界现在有超过五百万的人在忙于与鱼相关的职业中，这道题目与下面美国的人口数字做好区分，所以选A
2. 根据本文第三段标注单词前后可知，这种船不仅是可以作为船，也可以携带成百上千的工人，因为是一种类似于工厂车间的船，所以选D
3. 根据本文第一段第三行信息可知，field意思是某一领域，与选项中“医药领域”是同一种含义，其他选项是空间地域，所以选C
4. 根据本文第四段第一行信息可知，鱼几乎要灭绝是因为捕捉鱼的人的数量太多，甚至多于鱼自然生长的速度，因为鱼会灭绝，所以选B
5. 根据本文全文信息可知，C选项在文中没有具体提及，并且根据常识，选项信息也不正确，鱼不光可以在陆地上清洗捕捉，也可以在船上在海里，所以选C
6. 根据本文最后一句，所以选D

**B. Choose the words or expressions and complete the passage. (选择最恰当的单词或词语完成短文)（共7分）**

Last summer I was a volunteer at a shelter for the homeless, a place for homeless people to sleep at night. I wasn’t working that summer and was (67) only two classes in summer school, so I had some free time.

Three nights a week, I (68) in the kitchen of the shelter along with four other volunteers, we planned and cooked for 45 people hot meals with vegetables, chicken, fish and fruit. The homeless people needed this good food because many of them usually didn’t eat well. I (69) this volunteer work, making friends with the four volunteers in the kitchen. One was a very nice elderly housewife, one a movie actor, another a young teacher, and the other a college student, like me.

I talked to a lot of the homeless people at the shelter. Their life stories filled me with sympathy(同情). Some of them had (70) with alcohol(酒精) or drugs(毒品) while others only had bad luck. One woman worked for almost 30 years for a small company, and then she lost her job. She looked for a new job, but couldn’t find one, for she was too (71) . She could do nothing but sell her furniture—sofas, chairs and tables so that she could pay for her food. The woman (72) on job hunting, but she still couldn’t find one. She had no money for her flat and had to sleep in her car. Then she had to sell her car. Alone, (73) and homeless, she finally came to the shelter.

67. A. studying B. planning C. holding D. taking

68. A. helped B. waited C. appeared D. washed

69. A. wanted B. had C. owned D. enjoyed

70. A. habits B. worries C. difficulties D. problems

71. A. old B. poor C. sick D. dull

72. A. went B. moved C. came D. worked

73. A. afraid B. shy C. happy D. glad

【答案】67-73 DADDAAA

**C.在短文的空格内填入适当的词，使其内容通顺，每空格限填一词，首字母已给。（共7分）**

**Two anecdotes（趣闻轶事）**

(一) A truck was speeding down a highway as it came to a curve(拐弯处) in the road. I was going too （74） f to make the turn. The truck hit the （75）s of the road and overturned (翻转). Out came everything it was （76）c --sixty thousand hamburgers.

Students from a nearby school ran over to the truck. The driver said, "If you will pick up all these small boxes of hamburgers, I'll give your school a present. " The students spent five hours picking up the hamburgers. The hamburgers were saved, and the driver gave the school $300. The money was used to buy equipment for the playground.

(二)Everyone knows that eggs break very easily. If one drops to the floor, it will break into many pieces. A class once had a contest. Each pupil was to pack an egg into a small box. Then the box was to be dropped （77）f the top of the school building. If the egg didn’t break, the pupil won a prize.

Some of the pupils put cotton （78）a of the eggs to protect them. Others （79）u cloth or paper. Everyone thought that （80）m would be smashed(砸碎) anyway. Forty eggs were dropped from the top of the school. To the pupils' surprise, thirty of their eggs didn't break

74.f\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 75.s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 76.c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 77.f\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 78.a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 79.u\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 80.m\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

【答案】74. fast. 75. side 76. carrying 77. from 78. around 79. used 80. most

【分析】

74.根据句子成分，此处缺副词。其次根据句意“太快而不能转弯”，所以填fast。

75.根据句子成分，缺少宾语，前面有冠词the 修饰，所以填写名词，根据句意“撞到路边”，所以应该是side。

76.根据句子成分，这是过去进行时的时态结构，根据句意“装了很多汉堡”，所以是carrying。

77.根据句子成分，被动语态，地点状语不完整，缺少介词，再根据句意“从最高处落下”，所以from。

78.根据句子成分，方式状语不完整，再根据句意“在鸡蛋周围裹着棉花”，所以是around。

79.根据句子成分，缺少谓语动词，再根据句意“使用”，文章是过去时态，所以是used。

80.根据句子成分，缺少主语，再根据句意“大部分鸡蛋会被砸碎”，所以是most。

**D. Read the passage and complete the answers to the questions. (根据短文内容回答问题) (共6分)**

There are many rich people in this part of the country because gold was once found here. I was only a small child at that time but I could remember everything well.

Men came from everywhere to look for gold. They bought all the ground near the banks of the river. They made big holes in it, trying to find gold. Some men found a lot, and others found none at all.

Peter Fullerton was one of those who came to find gold. He bought nearly the last piece of ground. It was a long way from the river, so no one else wanted to buy it. But Peter paid all his money for it. He worked hard month until the ground was full of holes. But Peter found nothing.

Then one night, just before he was going to leave, it began to rain. It rained for three days and three nights. When the rain stopped at last, Peter came out of his small wooden house and looked at his piece of ground. It didn’t look the same now. The holes were not there any more. But everything were small plants.

“ There may be no gold there, “ Peter said, “but this ground is rich. I can grow things here. I can grow flowers and I can sell them. The women in this town have money now. They have beautiful houses and they will want to put flowers in their houses. If I can grow good flowers here, I will make money, too.” So he did. And soon his piece of ground was covered with beautiful flowers. Later he was able to buy more field until he owned all the ground near the river.

“I was the only man who found true gold here, “ he often said. “The others took their gold out of the ground and went away. But my gold is still here.”

81. Why did people make holes in the banks of the river ?

They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

82. All the men found gold, didn’t they ?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

83.Why did Peter Fullerton buy the last piece of ground ?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

84. What did Peter find after the rain stopped ?

He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

85. What did Peter decide to do ?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

86. How did Peter feel at the end of the story ?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

【答案】

81. They tried to find gold.

82. No, they didn’t.

83. Because it was a long way from the river and no one else wanted to buy it.

84. He found small plants.

85. He decided to grow flowers there and sell them.

86. He felt very happy.

【分析】

81. 根据第二段的信息可知，来着世界各地的人过来寻找金子，所以他们的目的是为了找金子。

82. 根据第二段最后一句信息可知，一些人找到了很多金子，一些人什么都没有找到，这一题要注意反意疑问句的回答，根据实际情况来回答，所以答案是No, they didn’t.

83. 根据第三段第二行信息可知，距离这条河有很长的路，其他人都不愿意买，所以彼得买了最后一块地84. 根据第四段最后两句信息可知，那些洞都没有了，现在全都是一些小植物。

85. 根据第五段彼得所说的话可知，他现在决定用这块地来种植花草然后卖给当地的人们从而赚钱。

86. 根据最后一段信息可知，彼得说他是唯一一个找到真正金子的人，他肯定是感到很开心的。

**II. Writing.（共8分）**

write a passage of at least 60 words about the topic “My favourite \_\_\_\_\_\_ .（”以“我特别喜欢的\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ”为题，写一篇不少于60个词的短文，标点符号不占格。）

【答案】

My Favourite Sport

My [favourite](https://wenwen.sogou.com/s/?w=favourite&ch=ww.xqy.chain" \t "_blank) sport is football. It is quite a [interesting](https://wenwen.sogou.com/s/?w=interesting&ch=ww.xqy.chain" \t "_blank) game. Nowadays, football has attracted thousands of people's [attention](https://wenwen.sogou.com/s/?w=attention&ch=ww.xqy.chain" \t "_blank). As for me, watching and/or playing football match weekly has been a part of my living.

I enjoy it because it has not only competition, but also cooperation. When I played this game with my friend, we could feel the enjoyment from the competition. Similarly, if we want to beat our opponents, we must work with each other. What’s more, to play football regularly helps me to maintain a healthy body. I can consume my overmuch energy for keeping fit. So I benefit from the sport very much.

All in all, football is both a popular game and wholesome game. I believe there will be more and more people becoming keen on such an interesting game as football.