**江南学校2019—2020学年第二学期七年级单元测试**

**英语试卷**

***注意：总分120分，考试时间80分钟***

**一、听力部分（共20小题，每小题1分，满分20分）**

A）听录音，从A、B、C三幅图中选出与所听内容相符的选项，每段对话听两遍。

( ) 1. Which sport does the girl do well in?

A. B.  C.

( ) 2. What is Lucy's aunt?

A.  B. C.

( ) 3. What does the girl often do during the summer holiday?

A. B. C.

( ) 4. Which is not in their bedrooms?

A. B. C.

B）听下面6段对话，从A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答这个问题的最佳选项,每段对话听两遍。

( ) 5. Where did Tom live?

A. In Garden Street. B. In Sunshine Town. C. In Youth Street.

( ) 6. What animal does Lisa like?

A. Monkey. B. Panda. C. Lion.

( ) 7. What does the girl's father do?

A. Teacher. B. Reporter. C. Doctor.

( ) 8. What's Bob probably doing ?

A. He is cycling. B. He is riding. C. He is running.

( ) 9. Where's Bob from?

A. America. B. Japan. C. Canada.

( ) 10. What's Tina doing in the picture?

A. Shopping. B. Swimming. C. Studying.

C）听对话和短文，每段对话和短文后有几道小题，从A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答这个问题的最佳选项。

听一段对话，回答11-12题。

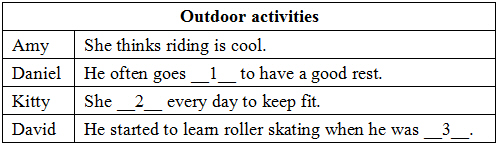
( ) 11. What's wrong with Daniel?

A. He was ill in hospital. B. He was ill at home. C. He was busy at school.

( ) 12. Were Millie and Amy afraid to see those strange animals?

A. They were a little afraid. B. They were very afraid. C. They were not afraid at all.

听一篇短文，回答13-15小题，完成信息记录表。



( ) 13. A. climbing B. fishing C. camping

( ) 14. A. swims B. runs C. jogs

( ) 15. A. 7 B. 9 C. 11

D）根据所听短文从A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答这个问题的最佳选项。

( ) 16. Where is Jenny?

A. In the UK. B. In the UN. C. In the USA.

( ) 17. What is Jenny doing in the 1st photo?

A. Playing with sand on the beach. B. Reading books.

C. Playing beach volleyball.

( ) 18. How is the weather in the second photo?

A. Windy. B. Sunny. C. Rainy.

( ) 19. What's the weather like in the third photo?

A. Sunny. B. Wet. C. Snowy.

( ) 20. In which picture is Jenny reading books?

A. The second one. B. The third one. C. None

1. **单项选择 （共15小题，每小题1分，满分15分）**

( ) 21.--- Is there \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ library near here?

--- No. The library is far. You have to go to the hospital by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ underground.

A. a; / B. the; / C. the; the D. a; the

( ) 22. "There is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in today's newspaper, so you needn't read it," the father says to his

son.

A. anything interesting B. interesting anything

C. nothing interesting D. interesting nothing

( ) 23. “Take this medicine and it will make you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ better soon,” the doctor says to the

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ man.

A. feel; sick B. to feel; sick C. feeling; ill D. feels; ill

( ) 24. You can’t look out \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the windows \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the birds.

1. at; at B. of; at C. at; of D. of; of

( ) 25 ---What should we do now?

---Please turn to Page \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and look at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ picture.

A. Twelve, fifth B. Twelfth, fifth C. Twelve, five D. Twelfth, five

( ) 26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ students want to travel to the UK.

A. Two hundreds B. Hundred C. Hundreds of D. Hundreds

( ) 27.Our teacher always asks us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ late for school。

A. don’t be B. not to be C. not be D. isn’t

( ) 28. Do you know there \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a parents’ meeting tomorrow afternoon.

A. has B. is going to have C is going to be D. will have

( ) 29. It’s my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ birthday the day after tomorrow. I want to celebrate it. But I am not feeling \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ these days.

A. twentieth, well B. the twentieth, good C. twenty, well D. the twenty, better

( ) 30. I work in a big factory 10 miles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my home.

A. away B. far away C. away from D. far away from

( ) 31. My grandpa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 90 years old next year.

A. is going to be B. shall be C. is going to D. will be

( ) 32. Who are you waiting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the school gate?

A. 不填 B. for C. at D. for at

( ) 33. My aunt is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ getting fat. So he seldom has supper.

A. worry about B. careful with C. full of D. afraid of

( ) 34. Listen! That piece of music \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. is sounding beautiful B. sounds beautifully

C. sounds beautiful D. is sounding beautifully

( ) 35.---Hello, may I speak to Millie, please? ---\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Who are you? B. What's the matter?

C. I'm Millie. D. This is Millie speaking.

**三、完形填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

Mr. Smith has a cat. One day, his neighbour comes to visit him. The neighbour says, “I’ll be away 36 a week. Will you please 37 my parrot for me?” Mr. Smith says he is happy to do it. Then his neighbour 38 the parrot to the house.

Mr. Smith’s cat sees 39 and wants to know what it is. If it is a bird, it will be nice to 40 . So the cat goes near to the parrot. The poor parrot is 41 very much. It doesn’t know 42 to do at first. It 43 quiet and doesn’t move. Then, when the cat starts to jump on it, the parrot asks, “Haven’t you had your breakfast?” The cat is frightened(害怕). It 44 away as fast as it can. It says to itself, “That thing can 40 . It can’t be a bird. It must be a man.”

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 36. | A. with | B. for | C. at | D. in |
| 37. | A. look for | B. look after | C. look out | D. look up |
| 38. | A. brings | B. buys | C. flies | D. asks |
| 39. | A. Mr. Smith | B. the parrot | C. the neighbour | D. a bird |
| 40. | A. eat | B. play with | C. drink | D. look at |
| 41. | A. lucky | B. happy | C. afraid | D. helpful |
| 42. | A. which | B. how | C. when | D. what |
| 43. | A. makes | B. keeps | C. puts | D. takes |
| 44. | A. walks | B. runs | C. jumps | D. flies |
| 45. | A. talk | B. tell | C. speak | D. say |

**四、阅读理解（共10小题；每小题2分，计20分）**

**A**

We can find ads(广告) everywhere. Here are four ads. Please read them carefully.

|  |
| --- |
| **(1)WANTED**  Are you hard-working? Do you like to meet people? If your answer is “Yes”, then we have  a job for you as a waiter. Call AL Hotel at 8556779! |
| **(2)SUMMER JOB**  Do you like to talk with people? Do you like to write stories? If you want to work for our  magazine as a reporter, please call Karen at 85558366. |
| **(3)HELP WANTED**  Do you like babies? Can you look after one baby for two days? If you are sure to take good  care of it, call us at 8766588. $80 or more. Today! Hurry! |
| **(4)CLEANER WANTED**  Can you make a large house clean and tidy? If you hope to get the job paid at $ 20 once,  call us this evening 18∶00～20∶00. Tel: 8633800 |

( )46.The above job ads are probably from \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a newspaper B. a story book C. a science book D. a guide book

( )47. If the owner of the large house asks a cleaner to clean his house once a day, how much will the cleaner get in a week?

A.$ 20. B.$140. C.$160. D.$ 80.

( )48. If you're a college student who enjoys writing, during your summer holidays you will be more interested in the job in \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Ad(1) B. Ad(2) C. Ad(3) D. Ad(4)

**B**

Chocolate is one of the most popular foods in the world. Many people choose it as a birthday gift. When a child gets a box of chocolate as a gift, he may feel happy. It is popular among people, especially among children.

Chocolate tastes nice. People eat chocolate candy, chocolate cake and chocolate cookies. They also drink hot chocolate.

Chocolate is made from cocoa beans. Here are some interesting things about cocoa beans.

In the past, the Mayas and the Aztecs used cocoa beans as money because they were small, easy to carry, and not easy to find. A turkey cost ninety cocoa beans and a small rabbit cost thirty cocoa beans. They also cooked the beans and mixed(混合)them with water. Sometimes they added corn or hot pepper. They did not add sugar. The drink was very expensive. Only rich people could buy it.

( )49. There are some different kinds of foods. Which is not mentioned(提及)in the passage?

A. chocolate candy B. chocolate cake

C. chocolate cookies D. chocolate ice cream

( )50. The Mayas and the Aztecs used cocoa beans as money for some reasons. Which is NOT one of the reasons?

A. They were small. B. They were easy to carry. '

C. They were not easy to find. D. They tasted nice.

( )51 If a person wanted to buy two turkeys and three rabbits, he needed to pay \_\_\_\_\_\_ for them.

A. 120 cocoa beans B. 240 cocoa beans

C. 270 cocoa beans D. 360 cocoa beans

C

If you are a visitor，you may look for the post office in a foreign country．Can you imagine (想像)how those people will tell you the way?  
 In the countryside of American Middle West，people will tell you，‘Go north three miles．Turn east，and then go another two miles.’  
 While in Los Angeles，California，the American people have no idea of the distance on the map．‘How far is the post office4289341765?’ you ask．‘oh,’ they answer，‘it is about ten minutes by taxi from here．’But in fact，they don't know how far it is.  
 In Greece(希腊)，a Greek will often say，‘Follow me．’Then he'll go with you through the streets of the city to the post office．  
 In many places, people usually say ‘Sorry，I don't know’ when they can't tell you the way．However，in Mexico(墨西哥)，the people think ‘I don't know’ is not polite(有礼貌的)．They usually give an answer, often a wrong one．  
 So you must be careful of their habits when you are asking the way in a foreign country．

( )52.In ，the people don't tell you the direction but lead(引导) you to the post office．  
 A. Japan　 B. 4289341765America C. Greece　 D. Mexico

( )53.The underlined word ‘distance’ means‘ ’ in Chinese．

A. 方向　 B. 地方　 C. 距离　 D. 终点

( )54. countries are mentioned(提到) in the passage?

A. Two　 B. Three　 C. Four　 D. Five

( )55.What do people usually do if they don't know the way?

A. They lead you to the place．　 B. They give you a wrong answer．

　 C. They say nothing．　 D. They say ‘Sorry，I don't know．’

**五、词汇运用（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

**A) 根据所给音标、首字母、汉语提示及句意写出单词，每空一词。**

56. My mother can’t use the new washing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **[mə’ʃi:n]**.

57. Tom’s computer is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **[’brəukən]**.

58. Thank you for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (邀请) me to have dinner with you!

59. The students couldn’t watch too many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(录像).

60.—Where does he come from? —He comes from\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (俄罗斯).

61. Every year, China plants \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_/**'mɪljənz**/ of trees in North China to prevent the sand.

62.France has an area of over 260,000 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(平方的) miles..

63.People usually meet at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(社区) centre on Friday evening.

**B) 根据句意，用括号中所给单词的正确形式填空。**

64. Congratulations to you! You are the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(ninety-nine) customer(顾客) in our

supermarket and you will get all the things for free.

1. There are two girls \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(chat) under the tree.
2. You are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (luck) to study in a school like that.

67. If it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(be) sunny tomorrow morning, we will go on a picnic.

68. --- Where is your mum, Tom? ---She is busy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(clean) the house.

69. Look at the dark clouds. I think it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(rain).

70. The key can be one of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (visit).

**六、句型转换（共5小题，每空0.5分，满分5分）**

71. The girl has her own car. (同义句)

The girl has a car \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

72. There is nothing wrong with my watch. **(同义句)**

There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wrong with my watch.

73. My father will be back in a few days? **(对划线部分提问)**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ will your father be back?

74. My brother and I live in the same room. (改同义句)

I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a bedroom \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_my brother.

75. The garden is filled with flowers（改同义句）

The garden is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ flowers.

**七、任务型阅读，每空一词（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

Evan was in his last year of middle school. He was living a hard life because his parents passed away（去世）. He didn’t have friends. He was fat and he was not tall. He was not confident（自信的）. His grades were poor so he felt his life was going nowhere. But he wanted to change himself so he could have a new start in high school.

Evan went to his teachers. They tell him that he should make small changes first. One of hs teachers teaches him to start with easier things. After that, Evan plays sports every day during the holiday and starts to eat healthily to lose weight（减肥）. He starts talking to people more so he can make more friends. He knows he has to express（表达）himself. He starts to study and he doesn’t cry any more.

On Evan’s first day of high school, he is not the same as he was. Evan is now smart and outgoing. He also keeps studying hard . Everyone wants to be friends with him.

阅读以上信息完成下面表格，每空一词

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Old Evan | ◆Evan’s parents 76 when he was in his last year of middle school.  ◆He had 77 friends and was not confident because he was fat and and he was not good at his 78 .  ◆He wanted to make changes 79 he went to high school. |
| 80 did Evan change? | ◆Evan asked for his 81 help. Here are some tips.  ◆Start with easier things.  ◆ 82 every day and eat 83 food.  ◆Talk to people and study hard. |
| 84 Evan | Evan is a 85 person.  ◆ He becomes smart and outgoing. |

**八、短文首字母填空 （共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

Can you travel with your home? Some people in the US may say “Yes!”.

During the h 86 , some US families often get into their recreational vehicles(Rvs,房车) and go on a road trip across the country.

People call RVs the houses on the wheels（车轮）. From a k 87 and bathroom to beds, you can find most ordinary(普通的) rooms here. How cool is that?

Not like r 88 houses, these homes on the road are small. But with them, your trip becomes e 89 .

You can d 90 as long as you like. Or you can just s 91 somewhere nice and stay there for a few w 92 . On the road, you may also meet o 93 travelling families. Together, you take out your tents and snacks. It’s happy camping time!

But these moving homes have their p 94 too. Sometimes they may not work well . But this kind of road trip is still very p 95 People can go anywhere, any time.

**九、书面表达。(15分)**

假如你是Jack，根据下表的信息给你的美国笔友Andy发一封邮件，介绍你的家庭和家乡的一些情况，并邀请他到你的家乡来玩。词数不少于80词。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Hometown | 镇江：历史悠久；旅游胜地。 |
| My favourite place | 金山公园(很多树木和花;可以野餐,沿着湖散步...) |
| Flat | 一个高层楼房里的9楼，三室一厅；离市中心不远，坐公共汽车约15分钟路程。 |
| Neighbours | 善良友好，乐于助人。（举两例说明） |

Dear Andy,

I’d like to tell you something about my family and my hometown.

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

All the best

Jack