

山西省 2019-2020 学年第二学期八年级阶段一质量评估试题

英 语(牛津版)

注意事项:




- 1. 本试卷分听力和笔试两部分。全卷共 12 页,满分 120 分。
- 2. 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在本试卷相应的位置。
- 3. 答案全部在答题卡上完成,答在本试卷上无效。
- 4. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

听力部分 (共 20 分)

一、情景反应 (每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中,选出与你所听到的信息相关联的一项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

1.






A

B

C

2.


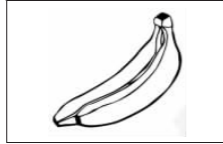
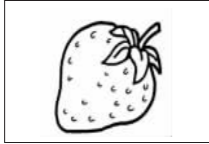


A

B

C

3.


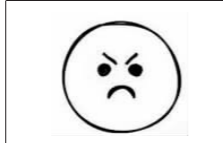



A

B

C

4.






A

B

C

5.



A

B

C

二、对话理解 (每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

本题共 5 个小题,每小题你将听到一组对话和一个问题。请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

6. A. Take a walk.

B. Take some medicine.

C. Have a rest.
7. A. By bus.

B. By car.

C. By train.
8. A. A teacher and a student.

B. A dad and a son.

C. Two classmates.
9. A. At 7:00.

B. At 6:00.

C. At 8:00.
10. A. She won't join the club.

B. She has to do her homework first.

C. Her parents want to go out with her.

三、语篇理解 (每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据短文内容和所提出的 5 个问题,从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

11. What was the writer doing when he saw the man?

A. He was cleaning his yard.

B. He was walking on the road.

C. He was enjoying the sunshine.
12. What did the writer think of the man from his clothes?

A. He was fashion.

B. He was handsome.

C. He was poor.
13. Why did the writer feel happy after talking to the man?

A. Because the man liked his house.

B. Because the man also wanted to help him.

C. Because the man needed his money.
14. What can we know about the writer?

A. He was kind and helpful.

B. He has a lot of money.

C. He was a volunteer.
15. What does the writer want to tell us?

A. We can still help others even if we are not rich.

B. We should find others to help us when we can't finish something.

C. When we see someone poor, we should ask them to help us.
- 八年级英语(牛津版) 第 2 页 (共12 页)

四、听力填空 (每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

本题你将听到一篇短文。请你根据所听内容,完成下面的表格,并将获取的信息填到答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

| Chinese traditional cartoon — <i>Nezha</i> | |
|--|--|
| Cartoon | ◆ Cartoon is one of the most <u>16</u> traditional movies around the world. |
| The information of the movie | ◆ The story has a long history. It's about <u>17</u> years. ◆ People come <u>18</u> the cinema to support this new movie. |
| The reason why people like <i>Nezha</i> | ◆ People often work <u>19</u> to make a great future and face the difficulties. ◆ Chinese people is more confident towards our culture. ◆ People can get a strong <u>20</u> when they are watching this movie. |

笔试部分（共 100 分）

五、单项选择 (每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

请你从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

21. —Do you see my backpack?
—Oh, I found _____ backpack here, but where is _____?
A. my; his B. my; hers C. your; mine
22. Finally, she stood on the stage, _____ she still had no courage to speak in front of students.
A. but B. if C. so
23. During the Spring Festival, we often say “Happy New Year” to _____ our best wishes to friends.
A. accept B. express C. pay
24. Last December, the Novel Coronavirus Pneumonia (新型冠状病毒肺炎) was discovered in Wuhan. Since then, many people have suffered a lot from this _____ illness.
A. serious B. disabled C. cheerful
25. On January 27, 2020, the famous NBA basketball player Kobe Bryant died in an accident. He was once the most popular basketball player for many _____. Fans felt painful about his death.
A. spirits B. communities C. teenagers
26. Tom was born in Beijing in 2005. Ten years _____, he moved to Shanghai with his parents.
A. later B. before C. finally

27. If we continue to destroy nature, things like the recent Australian forest fire will _____ again.
- A. take place B. take away C. take care
28. In the face of difficulties, we should raise money for families _____.
- A. in common B. in need C. in style
29. At the beginning of this class, the clever girl tried to _____ on her new teacher.
- A. make a good impression B. make a difference C. make a promise
30. —The teacher asked us to do some voluntary works in winter holiday. I want to know _____.
—I cleaned the playground in our community.
- A. how you changed your mind
- B. what you did
- C. when you worked there

六、补全对话 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

请根据对话内容,从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余项。

- A: Hey, Ben. You look so tired. 31
- B: I am worried about my health.
- A: Really? 32
- B: Because I can't sleep well. And I often have a headache.
- A: That's so bad! 33
- B: Yes. I'll go later.
- A: And you need to take breaks away from the games. You play games for too long everyday.
- B: 34
- A: You can also lie down when you have free time.
- B: OK. 35 Thanks a lot.

- A. What else can I do?
- B. I have too much homework.
- C. How do you feel?
- D. Why do you think so?
- E. You should go to see the doctor.
- F. I hope they can be helpful.
- G. What's the matter?

七、完形填空 (每小题 1 分,共 8 分)

请阅读下面短文,理解其大意,然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Sometimes, gestures used in different languages have different meanings. This can make different results.

In Vietnam and China, the gesture for “come here” is quite 36 to that of waving “good-bye” in English. So, when speakers of these two countries are leaving each other, if the English speaker gestures “good-bye”, the Eastern speaker may misunderstand 37 as “come back here”.

Americans feel that physical 38 can be important in breaking down barriers(打破障碍) between people. Such physical contacts as hugging, shaking hands and kissing in public are seen 39 a show of affection(喜爱). However, in China, these are not common 40 physical contacts are not their traditions. Shaking hands is another traditional way of greeting someone in America. 41 hands is a more formal(正式的) way of greeting than hugging. Western people usually shake hands when meeting someone for the first time, or when they see someone again after a period of time. In Japan, people 42 bow when greeting. Other countries have different acts, like patting someone on the back or kissing.

So when we are communicating with friends from other countries, in order to 43 making them unhappy, we need to pay attention to the differences in body language between different cultures. We still need to learn more knowledge about body language.


36. A. lonely B. similar C. bored
37. A. it B. her C. him
38. A. contacts B. appearances C. illnesses
39. A. to B. as C. from
40. A. because B. so C. but
41. A. Waving B. Raising C. Shaking
42. A. really B. usually C. quickly
43. A. avoid B. remind C. organize

八、阅读理解 (这一部分共五篇短文,A 至 D 篇每篇短文后有五个小题,E 篇后有六个小题,每小题 2 分,共 52 分)

(A)

请阅读下面的文章,从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

What would you do if you cut your finger when you are cutting vegetables? How would we do if we meet the sunburns? Small accidents happen every day, and most can be treat at home. But to make them better quickly, you need to know what to do. Here are some first-aid(急救) suggestions of troubles in our daily life:



| | |
|---|---|
| Cuts First, wash up your hands with soap and water so you don't get dirty things into the cut and cause other problems. Then, try to stop the bleeding. Next, you should clean the wound(伤口). Finally, put some medicine on it. | Nosebleeds Nosebleeds usually look a lot worse than they are. Just follow with a few simple steps: Put your head back so the blood can't run down to your throat and hold the nose for at least five minutes with a tissue(纸巾). |
| Animal bites(咬伤) Sometimes a friendly dog or cat can bite. If you or your friend gets a bite, please remember: run it under water and cover it with a clean bandage or gauze(纱布) pad. You need to go to see the doctor quickly to see if the animal has other diseases. | Sunburns Don't stay at the places with sunshine for too long in hot days. When you find your skins become red in summer, you should use some cold water to wash yourself and also use some ice. Besides, put some ointments(药膏) on it may be helpful. |

44. We need to know some first-aid tips because _____.
A. small accidents happen every day B. you work as a doctor
C. your friends need to go to the hospital
45. You should _____ if you don't want to cause other problems when you cut yourself.
A. try to stop the bleeding B. put some medicine on it
C. wash up your hands with soap and water
46. Hold the nose for _____ when people have a nosebleed.
A. four minutes B. more than five minutes C. five seconds
47. Suggestions can be used to deal with the sunburns EXCEPT _____.
A. enjoy the sunshine for too long in hot days
B. use some cold water to wash yourself
C. put some ointments on your skin
48. This article aims to help people learn to _____.
A. find out so many problems in our life
B. understand some useful first-aid tips
C. live a healthy life

(B)

请阅读下面短文,从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出一个最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Last year, Bob visited Vancouver, Canada alone. He went there to give a talk. When it was over, he traveled to the Rocky Mountains and stayed in the Maple Leaf Hotel. He then took a short walk to look at the local (当地的) plants in the forest. After a few hours, he knew he took the wrong way, but was sure he could get back to the hotel.

However, after walking for several hours the next day, Bob knew he was in trouble. “I had my mobile phone, but the battery (电池) was almost dead. I could probably make just one call. But I didn’t know the number of my hotel and I didn’t want to worry my family unless I really had to,” said Bob. He went on walking for three more days. He has no **knowledge** about which plants he could eat and he had a little trouble finding them.

On the fourth day, he knew it was hopeless and decided to call his family. “He was quite quiet when he spoke to me on the phone,” said Shirley, Bob’s wife (妻子). “He seemed to be in control of the situation.” Shirley called the Maple Leaf Hotel at once. “That week lots of visitors went to the city to watch basketball games, and we thought Bob went there too,” said the hotel owner. As soon as Shirley phoned, the hotel owner sent out some people to look for Bob. They found him about one hour later, and luckily he was quite unhurt.

“I will never go to the forest without a guide. I never want an experience like that again,” said Bob.

49. Why did Bob take a walk in Canada?

- A. Because he didn’t give the talk at last.
- B. Because he couldn’t stay in the hotel.
- C. Because he wanted to look at the local plants.

50. What does the underlined word “**knowledge**” mean?

- A. 条件
- B. 知识
- C. 学位

51. What does the hotel owner’s words mean?

- A. He thought Bob went to watch the basketball games.
- B. He thought Bob was a basketball player.
- C. He thought Bob went home without telling them.

52. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the passage?

- A. Bob worried about himself because he didn’t take the phone.
- B. Bob called his wife for help at last.
- C. Bob didn’t want to go to Canada again.

53. What does the writer want to tell us?

- A. It’s dangerous to go out alone if we don’t know the place.
- B. We need to go to the forest to enjoy the beautiful plants.
- C. It’s important to have mobile phones because we can take pictures.

(C)

请阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,从方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,使短文意思通顺,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。选项中有一项为多余项。

The Chinese women’s volleyball team has won! After more than 30 years of working through hardships since the 1980s, the Chinese girls had their Volleyball World Cup in Japan on Sunday.

Looking back at the Chinese women’s volleyball team’s journey, people can only call it “startling(惊人的) by each step” — being assigned(分配) to the so-called “group of death”.
54

Since the 1980s, Chinese women’s volleyball team has risen to the top podium(领奖台) five times in World Championships, World Cups and Olympics. 55 The spirits include courage, teamwork and strong will.

56 Though there are ups and downs and fighting along the way. Just like China’s coach Lang Ping said: “We have the dream to be the best team all over the world. 57 We need to win the match. And that is what my team showed to the world.”

Today, because of the pneumonia(肺炎), the Chinese need the fighting spirit of the women’s volleyball team more than ever. As individuals(个人), living in a time full of opportunities(机会) and challenges, one needs the spirit to move on step by step. However, there is still a long way to go. 58

- A. The Chinese women’s volleyball team never forgets its dream.
 - B. We hope the Chinese women’s volleyball team can have a better future.
 - C. They made a great picture of fighting spirit of the Chinese women’s volleyball team.
 - D. But the girls never gave up, they made their way to be the first.
 - E. Thanks to them, the team must be the best in the world.
 - F. So my players never gave up when they are behind.

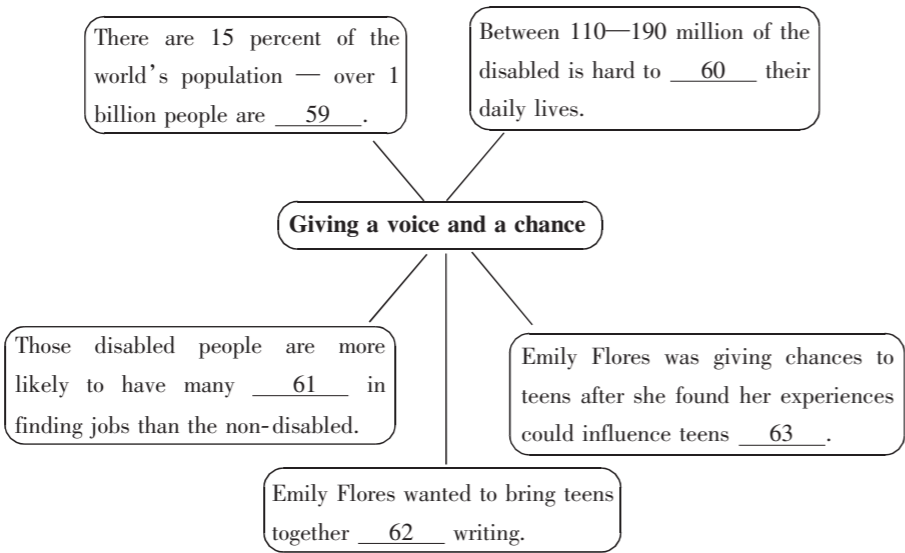
请阅读下面短文,在下面的横线上填入与文章意思最符合的内容,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。每空一词。

Did you know? More than 1 billion people around the world have some forms(形式) of disability(残疾). This is about 15 percent of the world’s population. Between 110—190 million people have trouble in organizing their daily lives. It is more difficult for those disabled people to find jobs than non-disabled people.

Emily Flores, 15, living in Texas, the US, has a muscle(肌肉) problem. People sometimes look down on her. Even her English teacher once questioned her writing abilities. The larger problem that she faces is the poor image(形象) that disabled people like her have on TV. For example, ABC is a TV show about a disabled person. It shows the joy of the disability, but not the person’s spirits.

In 2018, Flores decided to fight back. She made a magazine, *Cripple Magazine*, with other 20 young disabled people. She wanted to bring teens together through writing. The magazine includes many topics, such as fashion and women’s rights.

“I didn’t want to be weak. I find my experiences could have a great influence(影响) on teens. And it will become so powerful when you’re giving chances to them,” Flores said.

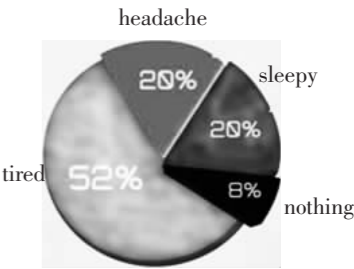


请阅读下面非连续性文本,按要求完成所给任务,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。

Nowadays, a new health problem comes to us. Because of the strict working rules and systems like “996”, many people get into the situation of sub-health(亚健康), which can result in both physical and mental problems. The worse situation is that some people may die of sub-health.人们很难感觉到亚健康。 The reason of it is the pressure and the unhealthy life style that people face. Today, people are working so hard. They always forget to eat and busy with their work. In the long run, their life style will become unhealthy. Their bodies will change and then become ill.

There are some typical symptoms(症状) for people who are in a state of sub-health. First of all, those who suffer from it often have a headache or backache. **Secondly, they feel like having a rest.** It is upset to know that this situation is so serious that it is becoming a common problem. As a result, more and more workers in big cities are hurt by it. A few months ago, a company did a survey about working problems among 1,000 people who often work late. Here is the result in the chart.

What’s the matter with you when you work for too long?



Tips on solving sub-health problems:

1. Eat the breakfast everyday.

2. Don’t sit for a long time.

3. Check your body once a year.

4. Go to the doctor if you feel terrible.

5. Don’t cross your legs(跷二郎腿).

6. Take breaks when you are tired.

64. Please translate the underlined(划线的) sentence into English.
65. What will happen if people often forget to eat and busy with their work in the long run?
66. Please translate the underlined sentence into Chinese.(不超过 15 个字)
67. According to the chart, what percent of people feel sleepy and tired when they work for too long?
68. How can we avoid(避免) sub-health?(One example is OK.)
69. Which tip of solving sub-health problems is the most useful to you? Why?

九、词语运用 (每小题1 分,共 10 分)

请根据语篇内容,用方框中所给词的正确形式填空,使短文通顺、连贯,并将答案写在答题卡相应的位置上。方框中有两个词为多余项。

| | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| <i>interest</i> | <i>come</i> | <i>remind</i> | <i>stand</i> | <i>in</i> | <i>you</i> |
| <i>common</i> | <i>country</i> | <i>do</i> | <i>while</i> | <i>move</i> | <i>real</i> |

You frown(皱眉) when you are unhappy. Your parents give a thumbs-up for good grades. Soccer players high-five(击掌) after a successful match.

These are some examples of body language. It uses the 70 of your body. The way that you 71, your hand gestures, the look on your face — these are all ways to communicate without words.

According to US scientist Edward T. Hall, in a conversation between two people, 65 percent of communication 72 through body language. In some cases, you can express 73 without any words at all. For example, if your friend asks you 74 on a picnic, you could give him an “OK” gesture.

Sometimes, your words say one thing but your body language says another. You may touch your face unconsciously(无意识地) 75 telling a lie.

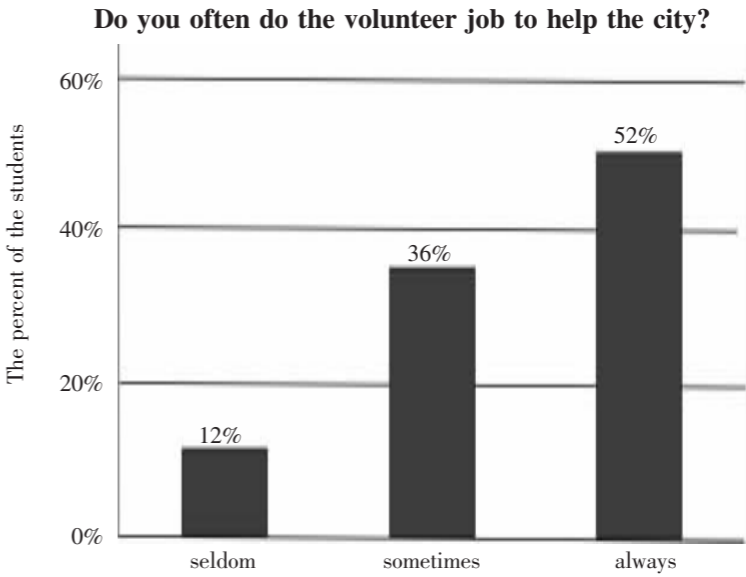
However, just like spoken language, body language has 76 different meanings in different cultures. In some Asian countries, it is rude to look straight at a person while you are talking, while in the US and Europe, eye contact means you are 77 in what someone is saying.

Another example is greetings. 78 some Asian cultures, it’s common to bow one’s head or body. However, in European 79, people may kiss each other’s cheeks. Maoris (毛利人), the native people of New Zealand, touch noses as a greeting.

So before you travel, you should brush up(温习) on body language.

十、书面表达 (共 15 分) 请将短文写在答题卡相应的位置上。

为配合我市近年来开展的“创建文明城市(build a civilized city)”活动,学校举办了以“从我做起,让城市更美好”为主题的征文活动,并对学校 100 名学生进行了随机抽样调查。现在请你根据提示内容与图表,写一篇文章积极参与活动。



要点提示:

- 1. What does the chart(图表) tell us?
- 2. What do you think of the environment(环境) in our city?
- 3. What’s your advice about making our city better?

要求: 1. 词数不少于 60 词;

2. 首句已给出,不计入总词数;

3. 文中不得出现真实的人名、校名。

It is known that the environment is important for human. The results of the school survey show that ...