

2019-2020 学年第二学期八年级英语教学质量检测(一)

试卷说明

1. 本卷考核范围: 人教版(八)下 Unit 1 — Unit 4。

卷 一

第一部分 听力部分

一、听力(本题有 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

第一节: 听下面五段小对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出正确的选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What's the matter with the boy?
A. He has a sore throat. B. He has a toothache. C. He has a sore back.
2. What will the girl do?
A. To work inside. B. To work in the city. C. To work in the park.
3. What does the man advise the woman to do with her friend?
A. To watch movies together. B. To say sorry to her. C. To give her a call.
4. What most probably is the man?
A. A doctor. B. A teacher. C. A musician.
5. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In a bookstore. B. In a post office. C. In a restaurant.

第二节: 听下面两段长对话。每段对话后有 2 至 3 个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出正确的选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完对话后, 你有 10 至 15 秒钟的时间回答有关小题。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段长对话, 回答下面 6-7 两个小题。听对话前, 你将有 10 秒钟的时间阅读有关内容。

6. What should Jim do first?
A. Do his homework. B. Do the dishes. C. Take out the rubbish.
7. What's the relationship between the two speakers?
A. Brother and sister. B. Mother and son. C. Father and daughter.

听下面一段长对话, 回答下面 8-10 三个小题。听对话前, 你将有 15 秒钟的时间阅读有关内容。

8. What was the weather like yesterday?
A. It was cold. B. It was warm. C. It was cool.
9. What's the matter with the woman?
A. She coughed too much. B. She had a fever. C. She had a toothache.
10. What does the woman think of the doctor's advice?
A. It's bad. B. It's helpful. C. It's surprising.
- 第三节：听下面一段独白。从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确的选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听独白前，你将有 25 秒钟的时间阅读有关内容。独白读两遍。
11. How was Jimmy last week?
A. He was happy. B. He was sad. C. He was excited.
12. What did Jimmy do on Wednesday?
A. He bought some old bikes.
B. He put up some signs.
C. He told his teachers his problem.
13. Who set up a call-in center for parents?
A. Jimmy. B. Jimmy's classmates. C. Jimmy's teachers.
14. How many bikes does Jimmy have owned?
A. 12. B. 14. C. 16.
15. What do you think of Jimmy?
A. He is lazy. B. He is helpful. C. He is lonely.

第二部分 笔试部分

二、完形填空(本题有 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分)

阅读下面短文，掌握大意，然后从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

It was Mother's Day. A man stopped his car at a 16 shop to order some flowers. He wanted the shopkeeper to send the flowers to his 17, who lived two hundred miles away. As he got out of his car, he found a young girl sitting on the road 18. He asked her what was wrong and she replied. "I want to buy a red rose for my mother, 19 I only have seventy-five cents. A rose costs two dollars." The man smiled and said, "Come into the shop with me, and I'll 20 you a rose."

He bought the little girl her rose and ordered his own mother's flowers. As they were leaving, he 21 to drive the girl home. She said, "Yes, please! You can take me to my mother." She brought him to a grave(坟墓), where she placed the rose on it 22. The man was moved. He returned 23 the flower shop, 24 the flowers he ordered, and drove two hundred miles to his mother's house. Today is the day for your mother. Send a flower to your 25 and beautiful mother.

16. A. flower B. sports C. fruit D. book
17. A. father B. mother C. girl D. boy

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 18. A. shouting | B. laughing | C. smiling | D. crying |
| 19. A. but | B. so | C. because | D. until |
| 20. A. buy | B. send | C. make | D. place |
| 21. A. seemed | B. helped | C. invited | D. offered |
| 22. A. nervously | B. carefully | C. excitedly | D. happily |
| 23. A. in | B. from | C. back | D. to |
| 24. A. handed out | B. picked up | C. gave away | D. cared for |
| 25. A. kind | B. bored | C. lonely | D. sad |

三、阅读理解(本题有 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下面材料, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Are you looking for something fun and would you like to help others in your free time? Then join *the Help Fund* to be a volunteer! We're a non-profit(非盈利的) organization. We have volunteer jobs of all ages. Anyone, from twelve-year-old children to people in their seventies can become a volunteer.

You can help people in many ways. Schools need help with taking care of children while parents are working. Hospitals need volunteers to look after children while their parents are seeing a doctor. Animal lovers can help take care of those dogs and cats without homes.

There is something for everyone. "As a volunteer, I don't want to get anything. Seeing the children's happy faces, I'm happy, too," said Carlos Domingo, an old woman of 62. "I often played computer games in my free time before. Now I help older people learn how to use computers," said another volunteer at the age of 18.

If everyone helps out a bit, we'll have a better world to live in. Interested? Call 18005555756 or visit our website: [www.the Help Fund. com](http://www.theHelpFund.com).

26. We can learn from the first paragraph that _____.
 A. it's fun to work in *the Help Fund*
 B. *the Help Fund* offers jobs to everyone
 C. you can make money by joining *the Help Fund*
 D. it's easier for teenagers to be volunteers than the old
27. The second paragraph mainly tells us about the _____ that *the Help Fund* can offer.
 A. money B. jobs C. animals D. games
28. It can be inferred that Carlos Domingo _____.
 A. likes making faces to children B. has a lot of free time to help others
 C. is pleased with what she does D. plans to learn how to use computers

B

A dog named Alfie was stolen(偷) from his owner's house. And he was dropped more than 1,000 miles from his home. After more than a week, he was saved after stopping a passing car.

On April third, Stephanie Law was driving her car on a quiet road. Alfie ran into the middle of the road and shouted at Stephanie Law's car to pull over. Ms. Law stopped and the dog jumped in as soon as she opened the car's door.

Ms. Law looked into the dog's microchip (微芯片) to find out his owner's address and found out the seven-year-old dog was stolen from a house in the West Midlands on 21 March.

She said, "I have had lots of people waving me down for help, but I have never actually been stopped by a dog in need of help before." Ms. Law believes Alfie may have been dropped in woods but running out when he heard the car driving by.

His owner Kirsty Mitton, 23, is over the moon to have Alfie back, "We didn't think we would see him again," she said.

Unluckily, Alfie's partner (伙伴) Lillie, who was also taken, is still missing and does not have microchip with him.

29. The first and second paragraphs show that Alfie _____.
A. didn't like his owners at all
B. saved himself by stopping a car
C. walked around his owner's house
D. opened the car's door and jumped in
30. Which is the right order of the following statements?
a. Ms. Law saved the dog.
b. Alfie got a microchip from Kirsty.
c. Ms. Law drove her car on the road.
d. Alfie was stolen by someone.
A. a-c-d-b
B. b-d-c-a
C. c-d-b-a
D. d-b-a-c
31. We can infer from the passage that Stephanie Law is a _____ person.
A. kind
B. strict
C. bright
D. careful
32. It can be inferred from the passage that _____.
A. Kirsty Mitton doesn't like Alfie anymore
B. Alfie and Lillie are from the same family
C. Stephanie Law doesn't like animals very much
D. the microchip is very important for a missing dog

C

Most 6-year-olds like candy. Not very many of them have a candy store.

Mollie Price, 6, doesn't just have a candy store, but she has a chain (连锁店) of them. The little girl just opened her third "Mollie's shop—with a little help from her mom, Becky. And she would like to open more candy stores in the future.

"It might sound crazy (疯狂的) but believe me. It was Mollie's idea to open up the shop. It is Mollie who runs (经营) the candy stores. It's a great learning experience for her." Becky told the *Shropshire Star*.

"She works in one of the stores on Saturday and wakes up at 5 a.m. every Sunday to go to our suppliers (供应商) in Birmingham to restock (补充货源)," Becky added.

One of Mollie's business (生意) ideas is to make ice cream cheaper on cold days. "If it's really

cold, we sell our ice creams more cheaply than when it's hot outside," Becky said. She also asks her friends to test the sweets to decide which ones are good.

Another of Mollie's ideas is to have two large tin soldiers (锡制的士兵) standing at the door of the shops.

Mollie believes that her ideas help make people of all ages like her shop. "Children have the best ideas. I tell my mom what I think and she always says I have good ideas. It's just that I know what other children like," she told the *Shropshire Star*.

33. From the passage, we know Mollie's future plan is to _____.
A. have more candy stores
B. learn business at college
C. work as a candy supplier
D. help people with business
34. According to the paragraph 3, Becky thinks _____.
A. it's crazy for Mollie to open up candy stores
B. opening stores is Mollie's learning experience
C. it's difficult for Mollie to run three candy stores
D. learning how to run stores makes Mollie crazy
35. Paragraph 4 mainly tells us _____.
A. what Mollie does on weekdays
B. why Mollie works hard at the store
C. how Mollie runs her candy store
D. where Mollie opens her third store
36. How many of Mollie's business ideas are mentioned (被提及) in paragraph 5 and 6?
A. Two.
B. Three
C. Four.
D. Five.

D

Do you feel lonely when your best friend isn't around? Here's our advice to you—and to all kids who feel lonely sometimes.

It's hard when a best friend isn't around—maybe because he or she moved to a different school or a different class. You may feel left out (lonely) during break or lunchtime. You want to make new friends, but how do you find them? Maybe it seems like everybody else already has his or her own friends. But remember, there's always room for more friends.

Start by looking around your classroom—think about which kids you'd like to play with during break. Look for chances to say "hi" to them, smile, and be friendly. Offer to share something or express your appreciation (欣赏) to them. Invite someone to play with you or say "Do you want to sit here?" in the lunchroom. When you're at break, walk over to kids you want to play with, act friendly, and say "Hi, may I join you?" or just join in.

If you have trouble doing this or if you're feeling shy, ask your teacher to help you make new friends. Teachers are usually pretty good at matching people up. The best way to make friends is to be a friend. Being kind, being friendly, sharing, saying nice things and offering help—pretty soon, you'll have one, or two, or even more new friends.

You might still miss that special best friend. But when you see each other again, you can share

something you didn't have before he or she left: You can introduce him or her to your new friends!

37. According to the writer, some kids feel lonely during break because they _____.
A. have trouble with their studies B. don't have their best friends around
C. need their parents to be with them D. are too young to look after themselves
38. The underlined word "this" in paragraph 4 refers to _____.
A. sharing your ideas B. talking in public
C. studying better at school D. developing new friendships
39. Some kids need help from teachers to make friends because _____.
A. they miss their old friends a lot
B. they have no time to stay with others
C. teachers know who wants a new friend
D. they are shy or not good at making friends
40. What can we tell from the story?
A. When you feel lonely, you can try making new friends.
B. Making new friends is an easy job.
C. Teachers should help all students make new friends.
D. New friends should soon replace (代替) old friends.

卷 二

四、词汇运用(本题有 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

- A. 用方框中所给词的适当形式填空。(每词限用一次)

decide, our, important, since, provide

41. The teacher always tells us the _____ of learning English.
42. We enjoyed _____ in the park yesterday.
43. Lucy, I hope you can make a _____ by yourself.
44. I really hope that she would come, _____ I miss her so much!
45. Our school _____ us with good environment to study.
- B. 根据短文内容和所给中文提示, 写出空白处各单词的正确形式。(每空限填一词)

Do you get angry when your friends sing loudly or when your best friend does not wait for you after school?

If you do, try to 46 (控制) yourself and stop getting angry so easily. Getting angry easily can 47 (受伤) your friends and you will lose them. Gary Egeberg, an American high school teacher, wrote *My Feelings are Just Like Wild Animals* to help you get out of that 48 (情况). It tells teens how to stay cool when bad things happen to them. The book 49 (解释) that getting angry only makes problems worse. "Getting angry is a 50 (不理智的; 疯狂的) way to act," the book says. It is just a bad habit, like smoking.

When a baby falls over, it cries only when people 51 (注意到) it. Like a baby, you can only get angry if you are sure it is the right thing to do. The book gives many suggestions to help

you if you get angry easily. Here are its top 52 (几个) tips: Keep a record. Write down your experience of being angry 53 (清楚地). Try to avoid(避免) such things happening again. Ask your friends to stop talking to you when you get angry. 54 (改变) to do something different. When you get angry, walk away from the problem and go somewhere else 55 (独自). Try to laugh.

五、语法填空(本题有 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入一个适当的词, 或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Today “cool” is a word with many meanings. 56 (it) old meaning is used to express a temperature that is a little bit cold.

As the world has changed, the word has had many different meanings. “Cool” can be used to express 57 (feel) of interest in almost anything. 58 you see a famous car in the street, maybe you will say, “It’s cool.” And also you may say “It’s cool.” when you see your favorite movie star. You can use it instead 59 many words such as “new” or “exciting”.

Here is 60 interesting story we can use to show the way the word is used. A teacher 61 (ask) her students to write about the waterfall they 62 (see). On one student’s paper is just one sentence “It’s so cool.” Maybe he thinks it’s the best way 63 (show) what he saw and felt. It seems that some people have no words to show the same meaning without “cool” 64 (proper). Can you think of many other words that can make your life 65 (colorful) than the word “cool”? If you can, I think maybe they are much cooler.

六、任务型阅读(本题有 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

阅读下面文章, 然后从文后所给的 A-D 四个选项中选择正确的选项, 将其序号填入 66-69 题, 并回答 70 题。

Do you know how to have a good relationship? There are some tips of successful relationships.

Communicate. Communication is the important part of every good relationship. When you first start seeing one another, it may be all about body, but long relationships need love and communication.

Listen. Listening is as important as talking. Listen to what your partner is telling you in words. And “listen” to his or her body language.

66 What do you want to be in a year? In 5 years? Having shared goals is a key to how to have a good relationship.

67 You should do some things together. Do you both like hiking, playing, or singing? Common activities can allow you to spend time doing these things together.

68 How to have a good relationship needs that you give your partner space to pursue(追求) his or her interests too.

69 Some people are more comfortable with giving than taking. Don’t be afraid of taking those things which your partner gives.

- A. Common activities.
- B. Share goals.
- C. Give space.
- D. Learn to take.

70. How can you have a good relationship?

七、书面表达(本题有 1 小题，共 15 分)

与人相处是人一生的功课。同学之间应该如何相处呢？这在学生时代，具有重要的意义。班主任老师就 “How to Get on Well with Classmates” 为话题，让同学们展开讨论。以下是讨论的结果，请你以此写篇短文，并阐述你自己的观点。

Suggestions	be nice and polite learn to share show respect (尊重) to others ...
My suggestions	understand each other ...

注意：

1. 短文应包含以上表格中的所有内容，并适当发挥，使行文连贯；
2. 短文中不得出现真实姓名、校名；
3. 词数：80-100(短文开头已给出，可作选择使用，不计入总词数)。

开头：We have discussed about “How to Get on Well with Classmates” with each other. Here are the results.
