

石家庄石门实验学校 2019-2020 学年度 4 月月考

初二英语试卷

考试时间 60 分钟，满分 100 分

一. 单选题(共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，计 10 分)

1. The engineers \_\_\_\_\_ a new computer in our classroom the whole yesterday morning, so we had our classes in the school hall.  
A. were fixing      B. fixed      C. have fixed      D. are fixing
2. —Lily, where is your father now? Go and get him for lunch.  
—Just a moment, please. Father \_\_\_\_\_ a phone call in his room.  
A. makes      B. is making      C. was making      D. was making.
3. Frank believes in himself. He thinks nobody else can \_\_\_\_\_ him.  
A. win      B. beat      C. hit      D. kill
4. —Could you please \_\_\_\_\_ in the room?  
—Oh, I'm sorry.  
A. not smoking      B. not smoke      C. not to smoke      D. don't smoke
5. We got up early \_\_\_\_\_ catch the early bus.  
A. so that      B. in order that      C. such that      D. in order to
6. \_\_\_\_\_ he is very young, \_\_\_\_\_ he can do many things.  
A. Although; but      B. Although; /      C. /; although      D. But; although
7. —Could I borrow your car?  
— \_\_\_\_\_, I need it. I \_\_\_\_\_ go to school.  
A. Certainly; don't      B. Sorry; have to      C. Certainly; don't have to      D. Sure; have to
8. After long years of war, many people in Syria are homeless. I think it important \_\_\_\_\_ a peaceful world.  
A. build      B. not build      C. to build      D. not to build
9. —I'm new here.  
—Don't worry. I'll do what I can \_\_\_\_\_ you.  
A. to help      B. help      C. helping      D. helped
10. You're the future of this country. Don't keep asking what this country can do for you. Ask \_\_\_\_\_ what you can do for this country.  
A. us      B. ourselves      C. you      D. yourselves

二. 完型填空(共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，计 20 分)

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Each nation has many good people who help to take care of others. For example, some high school and college students in the USA often \_\_\_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_\_\_ many hours as volunteers in hospitals, orphanages (孤儿院) or \_\_\_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_\_\_ for the aged. They read books to the people in these places, or they just visit them and play games with them or listen to \_\_\_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_\_\_.

Other young volunteers go and work in the homes of people who are sick or old. They paint, clean up, or repair houses, do their shopping and mow their lawns. For boys who no longer have fathers there is a(n) 14 \_\_\_ called Big Brothers. College students and other 15 \_\_\_ take these boys to baseball games or on fishing trips and 16 \_\_\_ them to get to know things that boys usually learn from their fathers.

Each city has a number of clubs where boys and girls can go to play games or learn crafts. Some of these clubs show movies or organize short trips to the mountains, the beaches, the museums or other 17 \_\_\_ of interest. Most of these clubs use a lot of high school and college students as 18 \_\_\_ because they are 19 \_\_\_ enough to remember the problems of younger boys and girls.

Volunteers believe that some of the 20 \_\_\_ people in the world are those who help to bring happiness. Helping others brings them much pleasure.

- ( )11. A. need                      B. spend                      C. waste                      D. pay
- ( )12. A. caring                      B. fighting                      C. talking                      D. trying
- ( )13. A. suggestions                      B. questions                      C. reasons                      D. problems
- ( )14. A. class                      B. organization                      C. village                      D. business
- ( )15. A. men                      B. women                      C. ladies                      D. mothers
- ( )16. A. help                      B. ask                      C. tell                      D. invite
- ( )17. A. places                      B. palaces                      C. cinemas                      D. cities
- ( )18. A. parents                      B. visitors                      C. teachers                      D. volunteers
- ( )19. A. important                      B. ugly                      C. old                      D. interesting
- ( )20. A. kindest                      B. happiest                      C. prettiest                      D. richest

### 三. 阅读理解。(共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，计 30 分)

#### A

##### Sunny Court Management Office

To: All residents(居民)

Date: 1<sup>st</sup> Dec.

##### Clothes for homeless

HELP is a local charity(慈善机构) offering clothes to homeless people. They need warm clothing for the winter so this month HELP would like you to donate(捐赠) new clothes or old clothes you no longer need.

Collection sessions will be held every Saturday and Sunday in December.

**Date:** 6th & 7th Dec, 13th & 14th Dec, 20th & 21st Dec, 27th & 28th Dec.

**Time:** 1:00p.m. – 6:30p.m.

**Place:** The lobby (a collection box will be placed there)

Please support(支持) this charity to help others.

**Remarks:** (1) Clothes must be clean and in good situation.

(2) Please do not donate underwear or shoes.

- 
- ( ) 21. When will clothes donations be collected in December?  
A. On weekdays, in the morning                      B. On weekends, in the morning.  
C. On weekdays, in the afternoon                    D. On weekends, in the afternoon.
- ( ) 22. Mary wants to donate some clothes, and she can donate\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. her new underwear                                  B. an old but clean dress of her daughter's  
C. a pair of her husband's shoes                      D. her husband's jacket with a small hole
- ( ) 23. Who wrote this notice?  
A. A resident.    B. A homeless person.  
C. A donator.    D. A person from the Management Office.

## B

In the fight against the new coronavirus(新型冠状病毒), Chinese people have come up with creative solutions (解决办法) to different problems.

### All for masks

During the outbreak, medical supplies (供应) such as masks are needed by many. To increase (增加) production, over 3,000 Chinese companies have changed their production lines (生产线) to make medical equipment. For example, a company that used to make clothes spent 55 hours changing their production lines and is now able to make 1,200 protective medical suits (医疗防护服) every day.

### Sharing employees

The idea of "sharing workers (共享员工)" has become popular during the outbreak. As most people are staying at home, many workers in restaurants and shopping malls have no work and are not getting paid. Meanwhile, online orders of grow, leaving e-business platforms (平台) such as JD.com shorthanded (人手短缺).As a result, many unemployed people have started to look for part-time jobs. As of Feb 10, over 1,800 workers had started their new short-term jobs as delivery (送货) workers with Freshhema, *Xinhua* reported.

### Amazing speed

Because there are lots of infected (被感染的) people in Wuhan, more hospital beds are needed. The government decided to build Huoshenshan Hospital and Leishenshan Hospital in Wuhan. More than 4,000 workers worked 24/7 in two shifts (轮班), and nearly 1,000 pieces of large equipment and transport vehicles (运输车辆) helped them build the hospitals. It took less than 15 days to finish the two hospitals. They provide about 2,600 beds. "China has a record of getting things done fast even for monumental projects (大型项目) like this,"said Yanzhong Huang, an expert from the Council on Foreign Relations. "This is very hard for Westerners to imagine," Huang added.

- ( ) 24. From the passage, what do Chinese companies do to make more masks?  
A. Change production lines.                              B. Hire more workers.  
C. Build new factories.                                      D. Share their own technologies.
- ( ) 25. What do we know about Huoshenshan and Leishenshan from the passage?  
A. Each hospital took 10 days to build.                      B. There are about 2,600 beds in total.  
C. Many people think it is easy to build them.              D. Less than 4,000 workers build the hospitals.
- ( ) 26. What does Yanzhong Huang mean?

- A. It is easy to build hospitals quickly.                      B. China built the two hospitals very quickly.
- C. Chinese people are good at imagining.                      D. People can finish anything easily.
- ( )27. According to the “Sharing employees” part, the outbreak has led some people to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. start new hobbies    B. find part-time jobs  
 C. ask for higher salaries                                        D. build their own companies
- ( )28. Which of the following is TRUE?  
 A. Many other countries gave their help to build Huoshenshan Hospital and Leishenshan Hospital.  
 B. The restaurants need many workers during the outbreak.  
 C. Huoshenshan Hospital and Leishenshan Hospital are in Shanghai.  
 D. Chinese people have come up with many solutions to fight against the new coronavirus.

### C

A well-known poem by Tang dynasty poet Du Mu tells of a sad scene in early April: “Rains fall heavily as Qingming comes, and passers-by with lowered spirits go. ”

This scene takes place on Tomb Sweeping Day, also known as Qingming Festival. Tomb Sweeping Day is a traditional Chinese festival. It began in the Zhou dynasty, over 2,500 years ago. Chinese people celebrate it to remember and honor their ancestors (祖先). This year, it falls on April 4. Tomb Sweeping Day became a public holiday in the Chinese mainland in 2008. People have one day off for that day.

On this day, families bring flowers, food and wine to the grave sites (墓地) of their ancestors. They place cakes, fruits in front of the graves and some may burn joss paper, as money for the dead. After that, they sweep the tombs and cherish (怀念) the memories of their dead family members.

Tomb Sweeping Day gives us a chance to show respect to our ancestors and family members who have passed away and show that we miss them. This tradition shows that family values are an important part of Chinese culture.

Tomb Sweeping Day is also the beginning of the time for gardening and outdoor activities in China. Families often get together for outings or fly kites at this time.

- ( ) 29. The Chinese meaning of the underlined word “passers-by” is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. 行人                                      B. 陌生人                                      C. 故人                                      D. 古代人
- ( ) 30. Tomb Sweeping Day is celebrated for people to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. go out to fly kites    B. have a public holiday  
 C. get together with their families                                      D. remember and honor their ancestors
- ( ) 31. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?  
 A. We have one day off for Tomb Sweeping Day  
 B. Tomb Sweeping Day began in the Zhou dynasty.  
 C. People in the world celebrate Tomb Sweeping Day.  
 D. Family values play an important role in Chinese culture.
- ( ) 32. What does the passage mainly discuss?  
 A. People bring many things to the grave sites.

- 
- B. Du Mu wrote a poem about Qingming.  
C. Tomb Sweeping Day is a traditional Chinese festival.  
D. Qingming Festival is a good time for outdoor activities.

#### D

On December 3rd, 2017, a program by CCTV called National Treasure 《国家宝藏》 was shown to people all over the country. It became popular with both the old and the young as soon as it came out.

The show took 27 pieces of cultural relics(文物) from nine museums across the country, such as the Palace Museum, Shanghai Museum, Shanxi History Museum and so on. The show expected to bring life to the national treasures. They invited 27 actors and another 27 common people to tell “the old and new life stories” of the relics. The actor acted in a short play about the history of each relic. The other person told his or her own story about the relic.

More and more people are interested not only in the relics themselves, but also in enjoying the stories behind those relics. There are a lot of jokes online about the show. **They** also help the show a lot by bringing the museums and relics closer to people.

“Why did the show become so successful? “By telling stories and inviting famous stars, it has turned the old culture into interesting stories. It’s a really creative program,” said Yin Hongru, a teacher from Tsinghua University.

“The social value(社会价值) of the show is more important than anything else,” said Yu Lei from the program. “We just want more people to go to the museums and take a look at the country’s most fantastic treasures.”

- ( ) 33. It can be learned from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the actors played in short plays about their own life  
B. National Treasure is a popular movie about treasures  
C. the common people told stories about the relics  
D. the cultural relics come from the museums around the world
- ( ) 34. According to the passage, the TV show is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. educational and creative  
B. Popular but simple  
C. traditional and common  
D. interesting but meaningless
- ( ) 35. The purpose(意图) of the TV show might be to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. turn the old culture into interesting stories  
B. make more people interested in cultural relics  
C. make the stars know about the history of the relics  
D. take more treasures in the museums to the TV program

#### 四. 任务型阅读。(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)

阅读短文, 并按要求完成 36-40 题。

Artificial intelligence (AI) (人工智能) is growing rapidly. We are living in a world that depends more and more on AI. AI is a group of technologies that help machines get, understand and use information to do tasks.

AI’s recent developments have got a lot of social attention. Some people have welcomed AI because it makes things possible. For example, AI will have a big influence on areas like medicine and engineering. But this attention has also produced a lot of fear. Especially, many workers are

---

worrying that AI could make them lose their jobs.

According to a recent study, nearly five percent of jobs will disappear because of AI. In some industries, AI is already doing the work that people used to do, such as assembling (装配) cars, digging the coal and lifting goods. Self-driving cars and trucks controlled by AI will also take away the driver's jobs in the future.

On the other hand, AI will also create many new jobs for people. More people will be needed to write programmers for AI systems (系统) and they will set up and work on them, too. Meanwhile, jobs that require feelings, excellent communication skills with people will not be replaced (取代) by AI. These includes jobs in fields like teaching, nursing and personal training.

AI is here. It is changing how people live and work in many ways. That makes AI important to watch, not to fear.

**36、37 题完成句子；38 题简略回答问题；39 题找出并写下第二段的主题句；**

**40 题将问中画线句子译成汉语。**

36. AI is \_\_\_\_\_ that help machines to do tasks.

37. \_\_\_\_\_ controlled by AI may make the drivers lose their jobs.

38. What will AI create for people?

\_\_\_\_\_

39. \_\_\_\_\_

40. \_\_\_\_\_

## 五. 词语运用。(共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，计 20 分)

先阅读短文，在其后空白处写出各单词的正确形式，单词的第一个字母已经给出。

Mr. Smith is seventy years old. He lives a 41 because his two children are both in America. They only come b 42 to China for the Spring Festival. His neighbor, Sarah, is a kind girl. She's always ready to help the people in t 43. One morning, Sarah knocked (敲) at Mr. Smith's door to give him some dumplings made by h 44. She knocked and knocked, but nobody answered. "How strange! Mr. Smith always comes to open the door for me. T 45 he's old, he hears well. There must be s 46 wrong with him today," Sarah thought. So she asked several neighbors to help o 47 the door.

When they went into the room, Mr. Smith was l 48 on the floor. He had a heart attack (心脏病发作). Sarah and her neighbors took Mr. Smith to the nearest h 49. After three days' treatment (治疗), Mr. Smith got well again. "I can't i 50 what would happen if nobody found

---

me. I'm so lucky to have so many good neighbors," said Mr. Smith with tears in his eyes.

41. \_\_\_\_\_ 42. \_\_\_\_\_ 43. \_\_\_\_\_ 44. \_\_\_\_\_ 45. \_\_\_\_\_

46. \_\_\_\_\_ 47. \_\_\_\_\_ 48. \_\_\_\_\_ 49. \_\_\_\_\_ 50. \_\_\_\_\_

**六. 连词成句。(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)**

将所给单词连成完整, 正确的句子。(单词不得重复使用, 标点已给出)

51. reading, while, he, was, a, came, dog, in

\_\_\_\_\_.

52. me, the, asked, teacher, how, they, old, were

\_\_\_\_\_.

53. people, help, to, I, would like, homeless

\_\_\_\_\_.

54. please, for, could, the dog, a walk, you, take

\_\_\_\_\_?

55. she, give, to, them, back, did, you

\_\_\_\_\_?