

2020 年九年级月考 英语试卷

2020.3

一、阅读理解（20 小题，每小题 2 分，共 40 分）

A

During the last winter holiday, I went to China with my parents. The five-day trip left me with a deep impression.

As the capital of China, Beijing is a very beautiful city with fresh air and clean streets which make the travelers feel very pleased. To my surprise, many people there were learning English. Later I was told that they did so because Beijing would hold the 29th Olympic Games and they wanted most foreigners to understand them. They strictly kept the traffic rules. When there was a red light, no one was seen crossing the street.

Of all the places I visited, I liked the Summer Palace best. To our surprise, although it was winter when we were there, we still saw green trees and many fresh flowers. The whole park was very beautiful.

We visited a very modern football field. We were told the buildings where the Olympic Games would be held were even better than that. I also enjoyed skiing in Xiangshan. Skiing is an interesting and exciting sport liked by many people.

In my eyes, China is a nice place and Chinese people are very kind. At Beijing Station, there were so many people, and most of them were going home to spend the Spring Festival—the most important Chinese festival, with their families. Passengers helped each other carry luggage（行李）, and they were very kind to foreigners. We were given a card by the hotel we stayed at, on which was the address of the hotel. With the card we never got lost in the city.

The five days passed quickly, but the trip left me a lot of sweet memories.

根据短文内容，选择正确答案。

() 1. From the passage, we know the Summer Palace _____ .

- A. has flowers only in summer
- B. is worth visiting all the year round
- C. is a place where people visit only in summer
- D. is a place where many people ski in winter

() 2. The writer enjoyed _____ in Xiangshan.

A. skating B. swimming C. skiing D. board-skating

()3. The five-day trip of Beijing was _____.

A. during New Year's Day B. after the Spring Festival
C. on the Mid-Autumn Day D. before the Spring Festival

()4. The foreigners were given a card each by the hotel _____.

A. so that they could easily find their hotel
B. in order to go shopping
C. so they could get something freely from the hotel
D. as the New Year's gift

()5. In the writer's eyes, Chinese people _____.

A. are kind B. are helpful
C. strictly kept the traffic rules D. all of the above

B

Long, long ago, people made fires from lightening (闪电). But they had to keep the fire burning, for they couldn't start it again if there was no lightening. Later, they found out hitting two pieces of stone together could make a spark (火花). The spark could fire dry leaves. In this way they could make fire again if it went out. Then people also learned to make a fire by rubbing (摩擦). They made a hole in a piece of wood and put a smaller stick into the hole. They turned the stick again and again. After a few minutes they got a fire.

Years went by, people learned other ways to make a fire. Sometimes they used the heat from the sun. They held a piece of glass in the right way and made a piece of paper on fire.

About two centuries ago, people began to make matches. Matches brought people a quick and easy way to make fire. Today matches are still being used, but people have more new ways to make fire. One of them is to use an electric fire starter. Of course an electric fire starter is much more expensive than a box of matches. But it is very useful.

根据短文内容，选择正确答案。

()6. From the text we know that a spark can _____.

A. fire any leaves B. burn anything
C. burn dry leaves D. keep fire burning

()7. We can also get a fire by _____.

- A. making a hole in a big piece of wood
- B. putting a smaller stick into the hole
- C. turning the stick hard for a while
- D. doing all the above in order
- ()8. Matches have been used _____.
- A. for about two thousand years
- B. for about two hundred years
- C. since people began to use fire for cooking
- D. since people used the heat from the sun
- ()9. From the passage, we know that _____.
- A. electric fire starters are widely used
- B. some forest fires happen from lightening
- C. today there are only two ways to make a fire
- D. people haven't used matches since they had electric fire starters
- ()10. Which of the following is the right order of the ways to make fires that people got to know?
- a. with a match b. from the sun c. from lightening d. by rubbing
- e. with an electric fire starter f. by hitting two pieces of stone
- A. b-a-d-e-f B. b-c-a-e-d-f C. c-f-d-b-a-e D. c-d-a-f-b-e

C

Welcome to London! Now let me tell you something about this wonderful city. London, the capital of the United Kingdom, is the biggest city in Western Europe with over 7 million people. It sits by the River Thames. London has a history of more than 2,000 years. People all over the world are familiar with the city's red double-decker (双层的) buses and black taxis.

People

The British Empire used to rule around the world, so many people from around the world moved to London. They have brought with them their own languages and cultures. More than 300 different languages are spoken in London.

Culture

London is known for its museums. One important museum is British Museum. It is the oldest public museum in the world. There are two main art museums in London: the National Gallery and the Tate Gallery. Besides, London is also home to arts, such as theatre and music. The Globe Theatre, which was popular in the late 16th and early 17th centuries, was opened for performances of William Shakespeare's Central London.

Tourist attractions

London has many wonderful places to visit. For example, the well-known Clock Tower, a 320-foot-high tower, was called the Big Ben. Another famous London building is Buckingham Palace. The members of royal (皇家的) family of England live there. Besides, Hyde Park is the largest open area in central London.

根据短文内容，选择正确答案。

- () 11. What's the population of London?
- A. Less than 7 million. B. Only 7 million.
C. More than 7 million. D. Nearly 7 million.
- () 12. How many museums are there in London according to the passage?
- A. Two B. Three. C. Four. D. Five.
- () 13. The members of royal family of England live in _____ .
- A. the Big Ben B. Buckingham Palace
C. Hyde Park D. British Museum
- () 14. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage?
- A. The location of London.
B. The history of London.
C. The interesting places in London.
D. The food in London.
- () 15. From the passage, we can know that _____ .
- A. more than 300 different languages are spoken in London
B. the Globe Theatre has less than 300 years history
C. the Big Ben is a 320-foot-high clock
D. London is the biggest city in Europe

We'll never forget the special trip to Thailand. It was our first time to visit the hot and wet city of Bangkok. All the smells made us try the food. 16. The hotel we stayed in was cheap and very clean. We planned to stay there for a few days and to visit some places in the city, and then traveled to Chiang Mai(清迈) in the north.

Bangkok was wonderful and surprising! The places were interesting. 17, and saw a lot of fruits and vegetables. Everything was so colorful, and we took hundreds of photos there!

18. We took a train to the north, stayed in Chiang Mai for two days, and then went to Chiang Rai(清莱) by bus.

Our trip to Chiang Rai was long and boring. 19. The village people there loved the quiet life. We found that there were no computers or phones there. Most of the houses were low and simple. They were the kindest people I had ever met. 20. My brother and I could only speak a few of Thai words, so smiling was the best way to show our kindness. I feel good there and hope to be able to go back there next year.

根据短文内容，将方框中所给的句子填入短文中适当的位置，使短文意思通顺，结构完整。将选项写在下面的横线上。

A. Later we left for Chiang Mai.

B. We enjoyed something special for dinner.

C. They always smiled and said "hello".

D. We visited the famous market which was on the water.

E. We visited a small village at the foot of a mountain.

16. _____ 17. _____ 18. _____ 19. _____ 20. _____

二、完形填空（15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

先通读短文，掌握其大意，然后从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

When I was 13, my only purpose was to become the star on our football team. That meant beating out Miller King, who was the best 21 at our school.

Football season started in September and all summer long I worked hard. I carried my football everywhere for 22.

Just before September, Miller was hit 23 a car and lost his right arm. I went to see him after he came back from hospital. He looked very pale, but he didn't cry.

That season, I 24 all of Miller's records while he could only sit on a chair and watched all the games. We went 10-1 and I was named the most valuable player. 25, I often had nightmares at that time. In the crazy dreams I was to 26 Miller's accident.

One afternoon, I was crossing the field to go home and saw Miller stopped in front of a fence(栅栏)—which wasn't 27 to climb if you had both arms. I'm sure I was the last person in the world he wanted to 28. But although difficult, he accepted the challenge. I helped him move 29 over the fence. When we were finally safe on the other side, he said to me, "You know, I didn't tell you this during the season, but you did 30. Thank you for taking the place of me."

His words freed me from my bad 31. I thought to 32, even without an arm he was more of a leader. Damaged but not defeated, he was still 33 me. I was right to have 34 him. From that day on, I grew 35 and a little more real.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 21. A.coach | B.student | C.teacher | D.player |
| 22. A.practice | B.show | C.comfort | D.pleasure |
| 23. A.in | B.at | C.on | D.by |
| 24. A.held | B.broke | C.set | D.tried |
| 25. A.Therefore | B.However | C.Otherwise | D.Moreover |
| 26. A.care for | B.blame for | C.look for | D.ask for |
| 27. A.easy | B.hard | C.fun | D.fit |
| 28. A.come across | B.come up | C.come back | D.come to |
| 29. A.quietly | B.quickly | C.slowly | D.lonely |
| 30. A.fine | B.wrong | C.quickly | D.normally |
| 31. A.memories | B.ideas | C.attitudes | D.dreams |
| 32. A.herself | B.yourself | C.myself | D.himself |
| 33. A.in front of | B.ahead of | C.in control of | D.instead of |
| 34. A.challenged | B.cured | C.invited | D.admired |
| 35. A.healthier | B.bigger | C.cleverer | D.cooler |

三、语篇填空（15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分）。

第一节 阅读短文，从方框中选适当的词并用适当形式填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词，每词限用一词。

one hard at city an be who cross other in

Here 36_____ the latest images as the country faces 37_____ major public health problem.

The spread of a mysterious respiratory virus (呼吸道病毒)has made the government limit travel in 38_____ in China, including Wuhan. Wuhan is a city where the disease was 39_____ found last month. Then, it has spread across the nation and to40_____ least 10 other countries.

Things got worse just before the start of the Lunar New Year holiday on Friday, when hundreds of millions of people were traveling 41_____ China. Many people 42_____ work and live 43_____ Wuhan are now spending time with their families in 44_____ parts of the country. Epidemiologists(流行病学家)fear that could make the virus 45_____ to control.

36. _____ 37. _____ 38. _____ 39. _____ 40. _____
41. _____ 42. _____ 43. _____ 44. _____ 45. _____

第二节 阅读短文，根据语篇要求填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。
每空限填一词。

A lot of people are crazy doing shopping through the Internet now. why is it so 46 There are some 47. First, more and more people have their own computers and their computers can be joined with the Internet . So it is possible 48 many of them to do shopping through the Internet . 49, shopping through the Internet can save

them some 50 and a lot of time. Third, they don't need to go to the shop themselves. Because of these good facts, few people refuse it

46. _____ 47. _____ 48. _____ 49. _____ 50. _____

四、补全对话。(5 个句子, 每句 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据下面的对话情景, 在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子, 使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hi, Helen. Long time no see! 51. _____?

B: Hi, Sally. I have been to India with my parents.

A: Wow. 52. _____?

B: Yes, not too bad. But there are too many people and it's so crowded.

A: I know India has the second largest population in the world.

B: That's right. 53. _____.

A: The population is increasing too fast.

B: 54. _____. If the population is increasing too fast, I'm afraid there won't be enough food and space for the people.

A: 55. _____. Luckily, our country has controlled the population.

B: En, we still have a long way to go.

五、书面表达 (20 分)

2019 年的冬天, 一种新型冠状病毒 (the pneumonia epidemic) 在武汉华南海鲜市场滋生, 悄然从野生动物传染给人类。新型冠状病毒疫情在武汉早期确诊的病例, 与武汉华南海鲜市场关系很密切。调查显示, 此前在海鲜市场中有非法售卖野生动物现象。人类生存离不开野生动物, 但现实生活中野生动物被捕食或作他用比比皆是。请根据以下内容写篇 Protecting Wild Animals 的英语作文。

素材要点:

描述	野生动物数量下降, 越来越多的野生动物濒危, 甚至永久消失
问题	

