

2019-2020 九年级第二学期 4 月月考英语试卷

一、单项选择 (30 分)

- () 1. —Do you know how to spell _____ word “expensive” in English?
—Yes. It begins with _____ “e”.
A. the; a B. the; an C. a; an D. the; the
- () 2. A group of _____ are talking with two _____.
A. German; Frenchmen B. Frenchmen; Germans
C. Frenchman; German D. Germans; Frenchman
- () 3. —Where would you like to go tomorrow, Huangguoshu Waterfall or Dragon Palace?
—_____ is OK for me. It’s up to you.
A. Either B. Neither C. Both D. All
- () 4. We gave away _____ books to the school library last year.
A. six thousands B. six thousand C. six thousands of D. six thousand of
- () 5. My brother has a healthy living habit. He _____ stays up late, and he is an early bird.
A. usually B. hardly C. often D. always
- () 6. —Guess what? The university has accepted my application!
—Wow! That’s _____ news I’ve heard this year, Boris! Let’s celebrate!
A. a worse B. the worst C. a better D. the best
- () 7. Ben was helping his mother when the rain began to beat heavily _____ the windows.
A. against B. across C. above D. below
- () 8. The football fans cheered _____ they heard the exciting news.
A. even though B. in order that C. as soon as D. as long as
- () 9. —The beautiful lady with glasses over there looks like our English teacher.

—It_____ be her. She has gone abroad.

A. can' t B. may not C. mustn' t D. needn' t

()10. —Joe, don' t eat too much ice cream.

—OK, Mom. But it _____really good.

A. feels B. looks C. tastes D. sounds

()11. —Wow, why does Johnson get so heavy?

—He ate five meals every day and didn' t play sports for a month.

So he has _____fifteen pounds.

A. put out B. put off C. put on D. put up

()12. —Mary, I remember you _____ several years ago.

—Yes, I _____ for 3 years.

A. married; have married B. married; married

C. married; have been married D. have married; have been married

()13. —Daniel, do you know that bees never get lost?

—Yes. Bees always remember _____ the same way as they went.

A. come back B. came back C. coming back D. to come back

()14. _____ noise pollution, and we can live in a quiet environment.

A. Prevent B. Preventing C. Prevented D. To prevent

()15. A landmark (里程碑) in the history of science was made by a photo
_____ was taken on April 10th about the black hole in a faraway galaxy
(星系).

A. who B. which C. what D. when

()16. — How many hours does your son do his homework every day ? —
_____ .

A. Twice a day B. Two C. Second D. Twice

()17. The Beijing-Shenzhen high speed train will run _____ 8 cities in
China .

A. across B. through C. over D. on

()18. —Can you tell me the answer _____ this question ?

- Sorry , I don' t know it , either.

A. to B. of C. with D. about

() 19. 80% of the students in our class made no mistakes in the math homework this week, but _____ 20% did it more carelessly .

A. the other B. other C. another D. the others

() 20 Eating more vegetables and fruit is good for our _____. It can help us keep _____ .

A. healthy , health B. health , healthy
C. healthy, healthy D. health, health

() 21 The weather in Dongguan is hotter than _____ in Beijing .

A. it B. one C. that D. this

() 22. - Could you tell me _____ I must come here tomorrow ?

- It doesn' t matter _____ you come here or not .

A. if ; whether B. if ; if C. whether ; if D. that ;

whether

() 23. Was the kite made _____ silk _____ your father _____ your birthday gift?

A. from, as, by B. of, for, as C. of, by, as D. from; for;

by

() 24. _____honest boy he is!

A. What a B. What an C. How an D. How

() 25. I promise that baby will _____.

A. be taken good care B. be paid more attention to
C. look after well D. take good care of

() 26. - Tony and I will go to the library tomorrow .

-- _____. Shall we go together?

A. So am I B. So will I C. So I am D. So do I

() 27. We must take medicine according to the _____ on the bottle.

A. conclusions B. organizations C. instructions D.

structures

- () 28. All the _____ teachers and _____ students are there having a meeting.
A. women, girls B. women, girl C. woman, girl D. woman, girls
- () 29. Mr. Green is _____, and he has _____ boy.
A. 33 years old, a 8 years old B. 33 years old, an 8 -year- old
C. 33 year old, a 8 years old D. 33 years old, an 8-years- old
- () 30. Jack with his brothers often _____ the Pizza House.
A. goes to B. go to C. went to D. have gone to

二、完形填空 (10 分)

Mr. North looks worried this week. He always _____ 31 _____ good habits. He gets up early in the morning and does some exercise before breakfast. He thinks himself _____ 32 _____ and doesn't often go to see a doctor. But last Friday morning, when he was walking near the garden. He suddenly fell to the _____ 33 _____. There was nobody around him and a few minutes later he came to himself. He stood up and went back slowly. He thinks something is wrong with his heart and sometimes it beats fast, sometimes slowly now. He can't fall _____ 34 _____ in the evening. And he often feels tired when he's at work. This morning Mr. North came to the hospital. He told the doctor what happened _____ 35 _____ him. The young doctor _____ 36 _____ Mr. North carefully and then said, "I'm sorry to tell you, Mr. North. The terrible disease is _____ 37 _____ you. You must give up coffee if you hope to live _____ 38 _____" "But I never drink it" said Mr. North. "And stop smoking." "I don't smoke at all." "Mm! That's bad! If you haven't _____ 39 _____ to give up, I'm afraid I can do _____ 40 _____ for you."

- () 31. A. gives B. keeps C. hopes D. studies
- () 32. A. weak B. good C. healthy D. excellent
- () 33. A. floor B. fire C. hill D. ground
- () 34. A. sleepy B. sleep C. sleeping D. asleep
- () 35. A. on B. of C. about D. to
- () 36. A. looked over B. looked through C. looked down D. looked out
- () 37. A. troubling B. meeting C. having D. waiting
- () 38. A. long B. longer C. short D. shorter
- () 39. A. everything B. nothing C. anything D. something
- () 40. A. much B. little C. few D. a lot

三、阅读理解 (30 分)

A

Helen Keller was a world-famous writer and public speaker. But her life was filled with misfortune.

In 1882, a baby girl caught a fever. The fever was so serious that she

nearly died. She survived but the fever deprived her of sight and sound. She could no longer see or hear. Because she could not hear, she also found it very difficult to speak.

Luckily Helen was not someone who gave up easily. Soon she began to explore the world by using her other senses.

When she was 7, Helen met her private tutor (家庭教师) - Anne Sullivan. Anne was careful to teach Helen. As a result, Helen soon learned to read and write. She also learned to understand what people said by touching their lips with her fingers. This method is called Tadoma and it is a difficult skill that very few people can learn. She also learned to speak, which is a good success for someone who could not hear at all.

With the hard work, Helen became a successful scholar (学者). In 1904, Helen graduated from Radcliff College with good grades. When she was still at college, she wrote *The Story of My Life*. This made her become famous and have enough money to buy her own house.

Then she traveled around the world to give lectures to encourage others. Many books were written about her and several plays and films were made about her life. In 1932, she became a vice-president (副校长) of the Royal National Institute for the Blind in the United Kingdom.

After her death in 1968, an organization was set up in her name to fight blindness. Today, this organization, Helen Keller International, is one of the biggest organizations working with blind people overseas.

Helen Keller was so brave to overcome all the difficulties. Her story drives people to face all of the difficulties in life.

- () 41. When did Helen catch the serious fever?
A. At the age of 5 B. At the age of 7 C. In 1882 D. In 1904
- () 42. The underlined word deprived means _____ in Chinese.
A. 赋予 B. 剥夺 C. 赠送 D. 加强
- () 43. Which of the following is TRUE?
A. The method Tadoma is a difficult skill for many people to learn.
B. Anne Sullivan was Helen's mother.
C. Helen taught herself to read and write.
D. Helen traveled around the world to earn much more money.
- () 44. In what order did the following events take place?
a. Helen learned to speak. b. Helen wrote *The story of My Life*.
c. Helen met Anne Sullivan. d. Helen graduated from Radcliff College.
e. Helen lost sight and sound.
A. c-a-d-e-b B. e-b-a-c-d C. c-d-a-e-b D. e-c-a-b-d
- () 45. What does the writer think of Helen Keller?
A. She was not famous because she couldn't see or hear.
B. She was a brave person and encouraged people greatly.
C. She did nothing successful in her life.

D. She made great lectures for the blind people.

B

On January 27, in order to win the new pneumonia Resistance War (抗击新型肺炎战), the Ministry of Education issued (教育部公布) a notice on putting off the start time of school in spring 2020. It was said that school should not start before March. The exact start time of school will depend on situations and further notices.

However, many parents are very worried that putting off the start of school may affect (影响) children's studies. If they have such a long winter vacation, children will not learn any knowledge, read books or study at all. They may forget what they have learned before. Staying at home for a long time will make them keep eating, sleeping and playing, which seriously affect their physical and mental health.

In short, the close of school influences learning and develops bad habits, so how should we avoid these problems? Local education departments have also issued a notice, that is, to organize online teaching and create a network platform (平台), where necessary courses will be shown every day, and online teaching will be given by excellent teachers of the subject, and students can learn at home through computer or mobile network.

It should be said that such a method is very good. It can not only keep students indoors and not worry about the infection (感染) of the disease, but also make them study at home, improve their learning ability, and truly achieve "no suspension of classes". Both the platform itself and the recorded lesson resources are more useful, and are welcomed by parents and teachers.

Of course, besides learning at home, it is also necessary to teach children about health knowledge, especially how to keep away from touching virus and other knowledge popularization; at the same time, it is also necessary for children to do some physical exercises or some games, which is good for physical health at home.

()46. Parents worried about putting off the start time of school because _____.

- A. children may be infected by virus
- B. they don't like the idea of online learning
- C. children's study may be affected
- D. parents have no time to look after children

()47. Besides learning at home, what is also necessary according to the writer?

- A. To keep playing online games.
- B. To keep touching different people.
- C. To do some physical exercises outside.
- D. To teach children about health knowledge.

()48. The underlined word "suspension" in Paragraph 4 probably means _____.

A. plan B. stop C. growth D. change

() 49. Which is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Students would rather go to school.
- B. The date of going to school is decided.
- C. Online teaching will help students study.
- D. Parents believe children can teach themselves.

() 50. What's the best title for this passage?

- A. A Special Way to Learn at Home
- B. A New War with a New Chance
- C. A Way to Keep Mentally Healthy
- D. A Method to Make Parents Worried

C

配对阅读

<p>() 51. The number of private cars increases sharply. People are tending to drive cars themselves going to work and travel. We have less and less gas to use.</p> <p>() 52. Many people like to take a bath for a long time, and the water keeps running for half an hour or more.</p> <p>() 53. Most working places and homes are using the air-conditioners to keep cool in hot summer. People often set them below 25°C.</p> <p>() 54. Many people choose to eat outside rather than cook by themselves. They usually order too much food to eat.</p> <p>() 55. The printer is widely used by people at home or in the office. They waste a lot of paper.</p>	<p>A. Encourage people to do more outdoor activities. Set the air-conditioner at 25°C when you are in rooms. Turn off the lights when you are away.</p> <p>B. Don't throw waste everywhere. We should plant more trees and grass to purify the air. The government should make laws to prevent pollution</p> <p>C. We shouldn't encourage people to buy more private cars. Instead, we should persuade (说服) people to take public transportation as often as possible to make our environment better and better.</p> <p>D. Encourage people to cook by themselves. It can save a lot of food and money. It is better for our health to eat at home rather than outside</p> <p>E. Don't throw the wasted paper away. We can use the other side to write or draw. Save every piece of paper as well as other writing materials</p> <p>F. Turn off the tap when we wash the hands. Don't leave the water running away. Take a shower instead of a bath, for a bath uses twice as much water as a shower</p> <p>G. Do never leave the light on in the daytime if unnecessary. We should ask our relatives and friends as well as our parents to save energy.</p>
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四、短文填空 (15 分)

When you finish high school or university, is learning done? The answer is “no”. In many countries, people continue learning all their lives. 56. _____ is lifelong(终身的) learning important? How can it help you?

You go to school and learn. You study. You take tests. 57. _____ learning doesn't only happen in school. Learning doesn't 58. _____ when you graduate from high school or college. You are learning all the time. For example, learning can 59. _____ when you go to a museum. It can 60. _____ happen when you get a job. You learn when you 61. _____ sports or when you take a trip. 62. _____ is life! We never stop learning. Every day you can improve yourself by learning something 63. _____.

Let's look at one example of lifelong learning in Japan. In Japan, lifelong learning is very important. People in Japan like to try new learning activities. Music, calligraphy(书法) and foreign languages are some of their 64. _____ classes.

When we graduate from school, we should 65. _____ on learning. Make lifelong learning one of your goals!

56. _____ 57. _____ 58. _____ 59. _____ 60. _____
61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____ 65. _____

五、回答问题 (5 分)

请阅读 BBC 网站上的一篇文章, 根据所提供的信息, 完成下面的信息卡。

Do You Put off What Should Be Done Today Until Tomorrow?

Reader's Tales About Time-wasting.

Readers sent us hundreds of emails after we put Dr. Rowan Pelling's article *Can You Manage Your Time Well* on our website.

I started decorating the bathroom in 2006 when I moved into this house. The tins of paint are still lying there nine years later. I still haven't decided what color paint I'm going to use. It really troubles me a lot.

—by Caroline, New York

I'm still getting around to putting away the Christmas tree used last December and it's now September. In June, I decided I might as well leave it because it would be Christmas soon. Anyway, what's wrong with having a Christmas tree throughout the years?

—by Polly, London

When I was traveling in Britain with my family, I bought a book called *52 Steps To prevent Time-wasting*. But I was so busy with my work that I could never find time to read even one word of it. Ten years has passed since then, and I can't remember where it is now.

—by Craig, Toronto

I am a furniture businessman. I once sold a set of British furniture to a customer from Japan, but I did not send him the furniture on time, which made

me very embarrassed. Instead, I told him that I couldn't find a right shipping company to send him the furniture.

—Ted Roseland, Sydney

66. What's the name of Dr. Rowan Pelling's article?

67. When did Caroline move into this house?

68. What did Polly want to put away?

69. Where does Craig come from?

70. What's Ted Roseland's job?
