八年级英语月考卷



(本卷满分 100 分)

第 **I** 卷

第一部分 听力**(**共两节，满分 **30** 分**)**

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有 2 分钟的时间将试卷上的答案 转涂到答卷上。

第一节 听短对话，回答问题**(**共 **5** 小题，每小题 **2** 分，满分 **10** 分**)**

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最 佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题 和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Which part did Cindy hurt?

A. Her leg. B. Her arm. C. Her foot.

2. Why did Jane drink lots of water?

A. Because she liked it. B. Because she had a cold. C. Because she had a fever.

3. What can Gina do?

A. Help the old people. B. Help sick children. C. Help sick animals.

4. What did the old people tell Jane?

A. Some interesting stories. B. How things used to be. C. What they used to do.



5. Why can’t the boy stay out late? A. Because he has much homework. B. Because he has to make his bed. C. Because he has a test tomorrow.

第二节 听长对话和独白，回答问题**(**共 **10** 小题，每小题 **2** 分，满分 **20** 分**)**

听下面 2 段对话和 1 段独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读 各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟。听完后，各小题给出 5 秒钟的做答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 6 至第 7 两个小题。现在，你有 10 秒钟的时间阅读这两个小题。

6. What’s wrong with David?

A. He has toothache. B. He has a fever. C. He has a stomachache.

7. What should David do according to the dialogue?

A. Drink more water. B. Lie down and rest. C. Drink some juice.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 至第 10 三个小题。现在，你有 15 秒钟的时间阅读这三个小 题。

8. When will the boy take the party?

A. On Sunday afternoon. B. On Saturday afternoon. C. On Monday afternoon.

9. What does the boy need to do first?

A. Clean the living room. B. Sweep the floor. C. Take out the rubbish.

10. What will the mother do when the boy sweeps the floor?

A. Go shopping. B. Watch TV. C. Fold clothes.

听下面一段独白，回答第 11 至第 15 五个小题。现在，你有 25 秒钟的时间阅读这五个小 题。

11. Where do the three students study?

A. In No. 7 High School. B. In No. 17 High School. C. In No. 77 High School.

12. How long does it take them to volunteer every week?

A. One day. B. Two days. C. Three days.

13. What does Huping do in the after-school care center?

A. Help kids sing. B. Help kids read. C. Help kids dance.

14. What does Lan Pei love?

A. Soccer. B. Singing. C. Animals.

15. What does Zhu Ming want to be?

A. A singer. B. A writer. C. A doctor. 第二部分 阅读理解 **(**共两节，满分 **35** 分**)** 第一节：阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项 A、B、C、D 中选出最佳选项。(共 15 小 题，每小题 2 分，满分 30 分)

**A**

Dou Kou, a Chinese, is called “the youngest writer in the world”. He has written three books till now. Dou Kou was born in Jiangsu in 1994. When he was 7 months old, his parents started working in over 30 different cities, such as Xi’an and Shenzhen. This kind of life gave him things to think and write about. When he was 9 months old, he could speak and at the age of one, he could say five to six hundred words. At three, he could look up words in the dictionary. At four, his father taught him how to learn by himself. His parents like reading very much. So does he. At the age of 5, he began writing fairy tales(童话故事). At the age of 6, he wrote a novel(小说) about his life in different cities with his parents. His fairy tales are all [from](http://cpro.baidu.com/cpro/ui/uijs.php?c=news&amp;cf=1001&amp;ch=0&amp;di=128&amp;fv=17&amp;jk=d7a245b4b681e74d&amp;k=from&amp;k0=from&amp;kdi0=0&amp;luki=3&amp;n=10&amp;p=baidu&amp;q=zzjmingcpr&amp;rb=0&amp;rs=1&amp;seller_id=1&amp;sid=4de781b6b445a2d7&amp;ssp2=1&amp;stid=0&amp;t=tpclicked3_hc&amp;tu=u1838191&amp;u=http%3A%2F%2Fyingyu%2Ezx98%2Ecom%2Freading%2Fz01%2F201310%2F4543%2Ehtml&amp;urlid=0) his life. One day, he found many mice in the house. They only ate their [food](http://cpro.baidu.com/cpro/ui/uijs.php?c=news&amp;cf=1001&amp;ch=0&amp;di=128&amp;fv=17&amp;jk=d7a245b4b681e74d&amp;k=food&amp;k0=food&amp;kdi0=0&amp;luki=1&amp;n=10&amp;p=baidu&amp;q=zzjmingcpr&amp;rb=0&amp;rs=1&amp;seller_id=1&amp;sid=4de781b6b445a2d7&amp;ssp2=1&amp;stid=0&amp;t=tpclicked3_hc&amp;tu=u1838191&amp;u=http%3A%2F%2Fyingyu%2Ezx98%2Ecom%2Freading%2Fz01%2F201310%2F4543%2Ehtml&amp;urlid=0) but also hurt his mother’s hand. So he thought, “If we give mice the stomach of cows, they will eat grass and they will be helpful to people.” This was his first fairy tales *Change Stomach for Mice.* Now he studies well in a middle school. He has written his third book, the novel called Eyes of Children. He says, “I am not different from other children. I just wrote several books.”

16. How many books has Dou Kou written?

A. Three. B. Four. C. Five D. Six

17. Thanks to his , Dou Kou could write [his](http://cpro.baidu.com/cpro/ui/uijs.php?c=news&amp;cf=1001&amp;ch=0&amp;di=128&amp;fv=17&amp;jk=d7a245b4b681e74d&amp;k=his&amp;k0=his&amp;kdi0=0&amp;luki=6&amp;n=10&amp;p=baidu&amp;q=zzjmingcpr&amp;rb=0&amp;rs=1&amp;seller_id=1&amp;sid=4de781b6b445a2d7&amp;ssp2=1&amp;stid=0&amp;t=tpclicked3_hc&amp;tu=u1838191&amp;u=http%3A%2F%2Fyingyu%2Ezx98%2Ecom%2Freading%2Fz01%2F201310%2F4543%2Ehtml&amp;urlid=0) books.

A. mother B. father

C. school life D. life in different cities

18. Dou Kou began to use a dictionary .

A. when he wrote fairy tales

B. before his father taught him how to learn something

C. after he went to school

D. after his mother taught him how to learn something

19. The underlined(划线的) sentences show us that Dou Kou .

A. is different [from](http://cpro.baidu.com/cpro/ui/uijs.php?c=news&amp;cf=1001&amp;ch=0&amp;di=128&amp;fv=17&amp;jk=d7a245b4b681e74d&amp;k=from&amp;k0=from&amp;kdi0=0&amp;luki=3&amp;n=10&amp;p=baidu&amp;q=zzjmingcpr&amp;rb=0&amp;rs=1&amp;seller_id=1&amp;sid=4de781b6b445a2d7&amp;ssp2=1&amp;stid=0&amp;t=tpclicked3_hc&amp;tu=u1838191&amp;u=http%3A%2F%2Fyingyu%2Ezx98%2Ecom%2Freading%2Fz01%2F201310%2F4543%2Ehtml&amp;urlid=0) other children B. doesn’t tell the truth. C. is the same as other children D. likes his books

20. Which is the best title?

A. Three Books by a child B. How to Write a Fairy Tales

C. How Clever the Boy i s D. Dou Kou, the Youngest Writer



**B**

Many children use the Internet to get useful knowledge and information, and to relax in their free time. But some of them are not using in a good way. Here are so me rules to make sure you



are safe and have fun on the Internet.

Make rules for Inter net use with your parents. For example, when you can go online, for how long and what activities you can go online.



Don’t give your password(密码) to anyone else, and never leak out the following information

---your real name, home address, age, school, phone number or other personal information.

Check with your parents before giving out a credit (信用) card number.

Never send a photo of yourself to someone in e-mail unless your parents say it’s OK.

Check with your parents before going into a chat room. Different chat rooms have different rules and attract different kinds of people. You and your parents must make sure it’s a right place for you.

Never agree to meet someone you met on the Internet without your parent’s permission. Never meet anyone you met online alone.

Always remember that people online may not be who they say they are. Treat everyone online as strangers.

If something you see or read online makes you uncomfortable, leave the site. Tell a parent or teacher right away.

Treat other people as you’d like to be treated. Never use bad language. Remember—not everything you read on the Internet is true.

21. The writer tells children to .

A. send their photos to him. B. make rules for Internet use with parents.

C. believe everything they read on the Internet. D. give out their personal information.

22. It’s good for children to on the Internet.

A. give password to others B. get useful knowledge and information

C. give out a credit card number D. go into a chat room as they’d like to

23. The underlined phrase “leak out” in the third paragraph may mean “ ”.

A. 屈服 B. 用尽 C. 释放 D.泄漏

24. If your parents don’t agree, never .

A. read anything on the Internet B. relax in your free time

C. have a face-to-face meeting with anyone you met online

D. treat other people as you’d like to be treated

25. This passage is mainly about “ ”.

A. How to use computers B. Surfing on the Internet

C. Information on the Internet D. Internet Safety Rules

**C**

Little Tommy was doing very badly in math. His parents had tried everything—tutors ( 家庭 教师), cards, special learning centers—in short, everything they could think of. Finally they took Tommy to a catholic (天主教的) school.

After the first day, little Tommy came home with a very serious look on his face. He didn’t kiss his mother hello. Instead, he went straight to his room and started studying. Books and papers were spread ( 铺开) out all over the room and little Tommy was hard at work. His mother was surprised.

She called him down to dinner and as soon as he finished eating, he went back to his room, without a word. In no time he was back hitting the books as hard as before. This went on for some time, day after day while the mother tried to understand what was happening.

Finally, little Tommy brought home his report card. He quietly put it on the table and went up to his room and hit the books. His mom looked at it and to her surprise, little Tommy got an A in math. She could no longer hold her curiosity ( 好奇心). She went to his room and asked, “Son, what was it? Was it the nuns (修女)?”

Little Tommy looked at her and shook his head, “No. ” “Well then,” she asked again. “WHAT was it?”

Little Tommy looked at her and said, “Well, on the first day of school, when I saw that man nailed (钉) to the plus sign (加号), I knew they weren’t joking. ”

26. Why did Tommy’s parents send him to a catholic school?

A. Because he could eat well there.

B. Because he could learn more about nuns.

C. Because his parents wanted him to do better in his math.

D. Because his parents didn’t want him to learn math any more.

27. Tommy’s mother felt surprised that his son .

A. was still the same as usual B. ate so much at dinner



C. kissed her hello after school D. worked hard but said little

28. “Hitting the books” means “ ” in Chinese.

A. 用功 B. 捶书 C. 发泄 D. 振作

29. The last sentence in the passage shows that .

A. Tommy felt sorry for the nail

B. Tommy was afraid of being nailed

C. Tommy didn’t like the plus sign

D. Tommy liked playing jokes on others

30. From the passage, we can infer (推断) that .



A. teachers should be strict with their students

B. mistaking (误解) might do good sometimes

C. a catholic school is much better than other ones

D. nuns are good at helping children with their math

第二节：（共 **5** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，满分 **5** 分）

五位在中国某中学的交换留学生 Terry、Max、Pedro、Julia 和 Carl 想结交一些中国朋友。 请仔细阅读 31—35 小题有关五个人的情况材料和 A、B、C、D、E 五种交友方式，然后分 别找出符合各人要求的最佳选项。

31. Terry wants to make friends with the most popular girl in his class because everyone else likes her.

32. Max talks to a girl in his class on Monday, but on Tuesday he’s afraid to say “Hi”.

33. When Pedro feels uncomfortable talking to someone, he starts to look away.

34. Julia often asks herself, “Why do I have so few friends?”

35. Carl is never sure what to talk about when he meets people.

**Ways to make friends**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A** | Look at people in the eye when you talk to them. That way, they’ll find it easier to talk to you. It’s very difficult to have a conversation with people whose eyes are looking to the left, to the right, at the floor—anywhere but the other person’s face. |
| **B** | Have confidence in yourself. Think of your good qualities( 素 质 ). People are  attracted to those with self-confidence. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **C** | Try to make friends with the kind of people you really like, respect, and admire(钦佩)—not just with those who are easy to meet. Be friendly with a lot of  people. That way, you’ll have a bigger group of people to choose from and have greater chances for making friends. |
| **D** | Plan things to talk about with people. Find out what’s in the newspaper headlines, listen to the top CDs, learn about what’s new with your favorite TV or movie star. The more you have to say, the more people will be interested in having a conversation with you. |
| **E** | Once you start to get to know someone, don’t be friendly one day and then too shy to talk the next day. Be consistent ( 前后一致的). Consistency is something  people look for in friends. |
| **F** | You should not be too confident. If so, sometimes you might annoy people.You should enjoy the company of other people so that they would like to come to you when they want advice. |

第三部分 英语知识运用**(**共两节**,** 满分 **25** 分**)**

第一节 完形填空 (共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后在各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

“Where is the bus? Why is it always late?” I asked myself. I was going to be late and the manager wasn’t going to be pleased. “Thank God, here it is!” The bus came round the corner and I got on. Ten minutes later I was walking into the 36 where I work. “Twenty-five past nine. I 37 the manager doesn’t notice.” But I was not 38

“Smith!” shouted the manager. “Late again. What’s your 39 this time?” “I

am afraid the bus was late, Mr. Brown.” “ 40 up earlier tomorrow! Anyway, go to your place at the counter (柜台). We’ll be opening in a few minutes.”

My first customer was a pretty girl wearing a red dress. 41 her was a young man of about 25. He seemed very 42 , and every few seconds he looked towards

the main entrance(入口). The girl drew some money and 43 about opening an

account( 账户). I gave her necessary information and she went out. Then, I noticed a tall man by the door, carrying something covered with brown paper. Turning to my

next customer, I was afraid to see a gun(枪) sticking out of his coat. The next moment a loud noise 44 my ears. Everything went black. I was falling… It seemed to be

a long time 45 I opened my eyes and I found myself in bed! 46 shaking from the memory of this terrible dream, I got dressed and ran out of the house.

47 , the bus wasn’t on time, and I got to the bank at 9:25.

“Smith!” the manager cried out in a voice like thunder ( 雷声). “ None of your excuses! Start work at once!” To my 48 , the first customer was a girl 49 a

red dress and behind her stood a man carrying something covered in brown paper. The

50 ! Sometimes life is full of coincidences (巧合)!

36. A. hotel B. shop C. bank D. restaurant

37. A. believe B. think C. guess D. hope

38. A. lucky B. happy C. sorry D. angry

39. A. excuse B. idea C. cause D. answer

40. A. Hurry B. Set C. Catch D. Get

41. A. Before B. Behind C. Between D. Against

42. A. nervous B. shy C. calm D. angry

43. A. cared B. talked C. asked D. worried

44. A. took B. closed C. filled D. came

45. A. before B. after C. when D. that

46. A. Even B. Still C. Just D. Ever

47. A. As usual B. For one thing C. In fact D. Hardly

48. A. pleasure B. surprise C. joy D. sadness

49. A. of B. with C. on D. in

50. A. dream B. story C. book D. day

第 **II** 卷

注意：将答案写在答题纸上，写在本试卷上无效。 第二节 语法填空(共 10 小题，满分 10 分)

阅读下面的材料，在空白处填入适当的内容(1 个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

Dear Emma,

Your problem is like 51 circle. The harder you study, the 52 (little) time you have to make friends and the less friendly you look to your classmates. The fewer friends you have, the harder you study to make 53 (you) feel better.

Try to break this bad circle. Perhaps you are afraid of meeting new people, 54 you are too shy or too serious 55 (begin) a conversation. You are not someone who has a fun side to his character. Push your shy side away and show your classmates how much fun you can be.

Look at your classmates. Try to find out whether or not there are any people with whom you feel you have a lot 56 common .

First, smile at your 57 (classmate). Do this as often as you can, until your classmates become used to your smiles and smile in return.

Next, talk to your classmates. Do this in classes or during your lunch break. You may find it easier to start by talking to people when they are alone.

Perhaps you could ask a classmate about your studies. They are likely to respond

( 回应) in a very positive way. People like to feel important and 58 (help). It must be someone else in your class who is also quiet. It might be easier to try to talk

with him or her.

Your problem is mainly about confidence. Smile first, talk next and 59 (slow) you will make friends. Once you have more confidence, you can make as many friends 60 you want.

Editor

第四部分

第一节 单词拼写 (共 10 小题，满分 10 分)

根据下列句子及所给单词的首字母，在答题卷上按题号写出各单词的完全形式 (每空限 填一词)。

61. When you are too tired, please l down and rest.

62. Don’t cut y when you cut the tomatoes.

63. My neck h

badly yesterday, but now I'm feeling better.

64. Children these days d on their parents too much, which is not good for their future.

65. The old man is b . He can't see anything.

66.I think it's really a w

of time to play computer games.

67. Tom ate too much for dinner, so he had a s and went to a doctor last night.

68. The old man lives alone, but he never feels l .

69. Let's think about it before we have to make a d that could mean life or death.

70. Please take out the r every day because it’s dirty.