

德润初中“空中学校”网络学习阶段反馈

初三年级英语测试题

(考试时间 60 分钟 满分 100 分) 2020.3

班级 _____ 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

I. 选择填空 从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。(35 分)

- Maria has _____ sister. They look the same.
A. / B. an C. the D. a
- Do you usually read _____ swim in the evening? —I read. I only swim on Sunday morning.
A. and B. or C. but D. either
- Jack likes Mom to tell stories at bed time. He thinks it's _____.
A. clean B. past C. boring D. fun
- Aunt Sonia loves children. She often plays games _____ them.
A. on B. at C. with D. under
- Let's go fishing, Scott. —Sorry, I can't. I _____ help mom look after my baby sister at home.
A. have to B. used to C. could D. can
- What does your new friend _____ like, Eric? —She's tall and a little heavy with long black hair.
A. sound B. look C. taste D. feel
- Why is Peter so disappointed? —He _____ get his ears pierced.
A. doesn't allow to B. didn't allow C. isn't allowed D. wasn't allowed to
- I have a terrible toothache! —You should go to the _____.
A. teacher B. musician C. dentist D. policeman
- Which of the following do Chinese people put up on the doors during Spring Festival?



A.



B.



C.



D.

- _____ Mr. Jackson at 698-8026 if you can help with the Sports Day. —OK, I will. Thank you.
A. Calls B. To call C. Call D. Calling
- Have a good trip, Laura! —_____, Grandpa and Grandma!
A. The same to you B. Thank you C. What a pity D. Me too
- I got fifteen fish as gifts on my birthday. Unluckily, eight of them died yesterday.
—You have only _____ now. Sorry to hear that.

- A. seventeen B. seventy C. seventh D. seven
13. —Why do you eat breakfast so _____? —Because I don't want to be late.
A. slowly B. quickly C. easily D. hardly
14. —Alex, go and clean your bedroom. —I _____ it. It's clean and tidy now.
A. have cleaned B. cleaned C. clean D. will clean
15. If you want to find a new job, you can _____ the Internet for information.
A. search B. advise C. depend D. understand
16. —Cathy, could you please walk my dog? —_____. Your dog is so friendly.
A. That's too bad B. You're welcome C. With pleasure D. I'm afraid not
17. —Excuse me, Mr. Black, I wonder _____? —Oh, Frank. Listen carefully in class and practice as often as possible.
A. how can I find an English book B. who teaches you at school
C. how I can learn English well D. who did you talk with
18. —Who's the lady over there? —_____ is my music teacher, Miss Crum.
A. He B. Him C. She D. Her
19. —Sally is so good at dancing and singing. —Yeah. She is so _____ that we think she will be a super star.
A. serious B. talented C. tired D. strange
20. —Taylor's new song sounds great. —Yes. I love it. And she is so popular _____ teenagers now.
A. against B. among C. during D. between
21. —Sir, should I park my car here or underground? —_____, please. No parking here.
A. Underground B. Here C. Yes, you should D. No, you shouldn't
22. —Li Ming has been in England for three years. —His parents _____ miss him very much.
A. must B. would C. could D. can
23. —The _____ of trains has been increased a lot. —Yes. It takes less time to go to Qingdao.
A. program B. speed C. shape D. promise
24. —I went to the toy store just now, but _____ was there.
—Sorry, I forgot to tell you it doesn't open until 10:00 am.
A. someone B. everybody C. anyone D. nobody
25. —_____ do you lose weight? You look cool now. —Oh, thanks. Just by running every day.
A. How B. When C. Where D. Who
26. —Thank you for your advice, Mr. White. —No problem. _____.
A. Sorry to hear that B. That sounds interesting C. You are right. D. Hope things work out
27. —What foreign language can you speak, French or English? —_____. I took up them in high school.
A. None B. Neither C. Both D. All
28. —You should choose _____ how to spend your time during your vacation. —OK, mom. I'll think it over.
A. suddenly B. differently C. completely D. wisely
29. —Tom, why are you still here now? You should have been at home. —Yeah. But I _____ the report.
A. haven't finished B. didn't finish C. won't finish D. am not finishing
30. —When the subway in Jinan is built, the traffic won't be as _____ as it is now.
—Yes. The traffic won't be so heavy.
A. crowded B. more crowded C. convenient D. more convenient

31. —Maybe we could learn to drive after high school. —_____ amazing idea it is! Let's do it then.
A. How B. What C. What a D. What an
32. —I didn't see your sister yesterday when I went to your home. —Oh, she _____ the flowers in the garden.
A. waters B. has watered C. was watering D. watered
33. —Excuse me. How much is this sweater? —Oh, wait a minute. I'll _____ the price right now.
A. show up B. fix up C. check out D. fall over
34. These two big factories _____ half the world's coffee trade and make lots of money.
A. appear B. control C. consider D. describe
35. —Was James hurt badly? —Yes. He has _____ for 3 days.
A. fallen down from the tree B. cut his knee C. knocked into the wall D. been in hospital

II. 完形填空 阅读短文, 从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出一个能填入文章中相应空白处的最佳答案。(15 分)

As a child, I was truly afraid of the dark and of getting lost; these fears were very real and ___36___ me some uncomfortable moments.

Maybe it was strange that things in my room often frightened me at night. There was never total darkness, but a streetlight or passing car lights ___37___ clothes hung over a chair take on the ___38___ of a wild animal. Out of the corner of my eye, I saw the curtains seem to move when there was no ___39___. A tiny sound in the floor would seem a hundred times ___40___ than in the daylight. My imagination would ___41___ wild, and my heart would beat fast. I would lie very still so that the "enemy" would not discover me.

Another of my childhood fears was that I would get lost, ___42___ on the way home from school. Every morning I got on the school bus right near my home. That was no ___43___. But after school, when all the buses were ___44___ up along the street, I was afraid that I'd get on the wrong one and be taken to some ___45___ neighborhood. On school or family trips to a park or a museum, I wouldn't let the leaders out of my ___46___.

Perhaps one of the worst fears of all I had as a child was that of not being liked or ___47___ by others. Being popular was so important to me ___48___, and the fear of not being liked was a powerful one.

One of the processes of growing up is being able to recognize and ___49___ our fears. Understanding the things that frightened us as children helps us ___50___ greater success later in life.

- () 36. A. accepted B. caused C. refused D. did
- () 37. A. got B. forced C. caused D. made
- () 38. A. shape B. height C. body D. spirit
- () 39. A. breath B. air C. wind D. sound
- () 40. A. quieter B. louder C. easier D. softer
- () 41. A. run B. win C. regard D. change
- () 42. A. directly B. simply C. probably D. especially
- () 43. A. solution B. problem C. answer D. question
- () 44. A. called B. lined C. backed D. packed
- () 45. A. old B. crowded C. unfamiliar D. poor
- () 46. A. task B. mind C. order D. sight
- () 47. A. accepted B. guided C. wondered D. protected
- () 48. A. once B. there C. then D. anyway

- () 49. A. avoid B. leave C. overcome D. need
() 50. A. make B. achieve C. discover D. record

III. 补全对话 阅读对话，从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案完成对话。（5 分）

Miss Wu: You look worried, Paul.

Paul: I am, Miss Wu. ____51____

Miss Wu: How come? You said she cared about you.

Paul: She did. But she always tries to manage my life. ____52____ She chooses TV programs for me.

Miss Wu: Well, actually that's not a big deal, is it? It's her way to take care of you.

Paul: I don't feel good. I know she cares about me, but I can't stand that she stops me from playing with my friends. ____53____

Miss Wu: Maybe you should have a talk with her.

Paul: I guess I should. ____54____

Miss Wu: And you could invite her when you do something interesting with your friends.

Paul: Oh, yes. ____55____ Because she likes skating as much as my friends and I do.

Miss Wu: Sounds great. You've got it.

Paul: Thank you so much, Miss Wu.

Miss Wu: No problem.

51. A. I don't like getting up early in the morning. B. My bike was broken on the way to school.
C. My sister and I both study English hard. D. I am having trouble getting on with my elder sister.
52. A. She helps mom do many chores. B. She decides what books I need to read.
C. She likes action movies instead of comedies. D. She left her homework at home today.
53. A. What should I do? B. When is the best time to watch TV?
C. How can I ride a bicycle? D. Where is my sister going?
54. A. My friends have very bad habits. B. I don't think my sister is good at painting.
C. She hasn't known much about my friends. D. My father has a meeting this afternoon.
55. A. No one can play with her. B. We can do nothing together.
C. I wouldn't like to skate. D. We can skate together.

IV. 阅读理解 阅读下列短文，从每题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。（30 分）

A

Last summer vacation, I got a job working at a coffee shop. One rainy day, a young customer came in.

He looked upset. He said he wanted to get in bed, pull the quilt up over his head, and stay there for a few years. I knew that he was unhappy.

Before he left, I handed him a bag along with his coffee. He was surprised, since he didn't order anything but coffee. I had given him a cookie in the bag.

"It's on me," I told him.

"Have a nice day!"

He smiled and thanked me before heading into the rain.

The next day, it was still raining. I spent my afternoon hanging out the window handing people their orders. I was wet and cold. Worse, no one was tipping(给小费)that day.

In the evening, the customer from the day before drove up to the window. He handed me a pink rose and a note. He said that not many people took time to care about others today. With a friendly wave, he drove away.

I ran to the back of the shop and read the note. It said:

Miss,
*Thanks for being so sweet, kind yesterday. It is so nice to meet someone who's so nice. Please don't change your ways!
 Have a great day!*

---Hank

After that, whenever I felt upset, I thought of Hank and his words. Then I would smile, hold my head up high, clear my throat and ask politely, "How can I help you?"

56. The writer worked in a _____.

- A. coffee shop B. quilt shop C. bag shop D. cookie shop

57. At the beginning of the story, the customer was _____.

- A. angry B. excited C. upset D. happy

58. The customer ordered _____ that day.

- A. a bag B. a coffee C. a cookie D. nothing

59. The customer came back the next day to _____.

- A. buy another coffee B. pay for the cookie C. give her a rose and a note D. change his way

60. What does the customer think of the writer?

- A. Wet and cold. B. Clean and smart. C. Busy and tired. D. Sweet and kind.

B

It was a touching moment at the National Zoo in Washington, US: tens of thousands of people from all over the country, and even the world, came to say goodbye to one of the area's most popular residents(居民), BaoBao—a 3-year-old panda.

BaoBao left for her new home in Chengdu, China on Feb 22. She's the first female panda born in the US and has won the hearts of many Americans. A number of goodbye events were held, including a dumpling party and cake feedings. Information about her flight was even made available online so that people could keep learning about her journey.



It had been decided that BaoBao must return to China according to an agreement between China and the US. In fact, most pandas around the world are borrowed from China and baby pandas born abroad will be sent back before they're four.

Being native to China and loved around the world, the cute black-and-white animals have played an important role in the country's diplomacy(外交). This is known as "Panda Diplomacy". Animal diplomacy dates back to the Tang Dynasty(唐朝), when Empress Wu Zetian sent a pair of pandas to the Japanese emperor. China restarted panda diplomacy in the 1950s when China sent two pandas to the Moscow Zoo. By 1982, China had given 23 pandas to nine different countries. The most famous was China's gift of two pandas, Ling-Ling and Xing-Xing, to the US in 1972 after President Richard Nixon's visit to China.

However, since early 1980s, China has stopped giving away pandas for free because their number is becoming smaller. For example, zoos in the US, UK and France "rent" pandas from China. The money they pay for the pandas, which are from

tens of thousands to millions of US dollars, was used to protect and breed(繁育) the endangered animals.

Besides pandas, elephants and dogs have also been given as diplomatic gifts. In 1953, Vietnamese leader Ho Chi Minh sent Chairman Mao Zedong two Asian elephants as gifts as a symbol of the friendship between the two countries.

61. According to Paragraph 2, we can learn that _____.

- A. people ate dumplings and cakes to celebrate BaoBao's leaving
- B. some of BaoBao's fans would travel back to China with her
- C. fans of BaoBao could find out her flight information online
- D. BaoBao's everyday activities were open to her fans in the world

62. Why did BaoBao have to return to China?

- A. Because her mother was in China.
- B. Because of serious illness.
- C. Because she was already 5 years old.
- D. Because of the agreement.

63. Which of these countries is not mentioned to have received pandas from China as gifts?

- A. Vietnam
- B. UK
- C. France
- D. USA

64. From Paragraphs 4 and 5, the writer is telling us _____.

- A. Zoos in the US, UK and France "rent" pandas to make much money
- B. China is not giving away pandas to foreign countries for free any more
- C. Ling-Ling and Xing-Xing were gifts for the US president himself
- D. The money from those foreign countries was used to help build zoos

65. Which of the following statements is TRUE about panda diplomacy?

- A. Wu Zetian was the first empress to give away pandas as diplomatic gifts.
- B. China has been sending pandas as gifts to foreign countries for over 60 years.
- C. The panda diplomacy has never been stopped in Chinese history.
- D. By 1982, China had sent pandas to 23 foreign countries as diplomatic gifts.

C

It started with a trip to the waste transport station. In 2011, Miranda Wang visited a waste transport station in her hometown of Vancouver. She and her friend Jeanny Yao, now a senior at the University of Toronto, were shocked to see the huge amount of plastic in the station.

So they decided to do something. As seniors in high school, they read through the hundreds of pages of scientific papers and had an idea: find bacteria (细菌) that can degrade (降解) plastic. The University of British Columbia invited Wang and Yao to use their lab space to start working on their project.

Now four years in, Wang and Yao finally made it. They are turning their high school science project into a multi-million dollar, award-winning business. They set up BioCellection last May, a company that takes plastic pollution out of the ocean and then uses bacteria to break down these plastics into a product used in the textile (纺织) industry.

"Basically, we recycle ocean plastic pollution into usable materials," Wang said.

BioCellection recently won the Grand Prize in Pennvention. It was also the top undergraduate team and the winner of the Social Impact Prize in the Wharton Undergraduate Business Plan Competition.

Though Wang and Yao have been developing their idea throughout college, this year they take their project to the next level, getting two patents (专利) and nearly \$300,000 in funding. BioCellection makes money by both clearing plastic



from the ocean and selling the product produced from the waste plastic. Under their business plan, BioCellection aims to become a \$100 million company, taking 243,000 tons of plastic out of the ocean every year. "The most sustainable (可持续的) technology comes from sustainable business," they said.

However, the pair's main focus is on the influence of this technology. "We hope that the younger generation would never see plastic pollution." They said.

66. When did Wang and Yao begin their project?

- A. When they studied in the university. B. When they were in high school.
C. After they finished high school. D. Before they found a job.

67. According to the passage, what's the main problem that Wang and Yao have been solving?

- A. The waste transport station can no longer accept plastic.
B. They need a lot of money to run the plastic company.
C. There is much waste plastic pollution in the ocean.
D. Plastic industry is facing difficulties to develop further.

68. According to the passage, how did Wang and Yao deal with their project?

- A. They sold their project to a technology company to make more money.
B. They kept working on it while studying in the University of British Columbia.
C. They did nothing special but worked on it with the help of the government.
D. They turned the project into an award-winning business called BioCellection.

69. Which of the following statements is NOT true about BioCellection?

- A. One way to make money is selling bacteria that can degrade plastic.
B. It can recycle plastic and produce usable materials.
C. It was set up by Wang and Yao last May and develops fast this year.
D. It aims to take 243,000 tons of plastic out of the ocean every year.

70. According to the last two paragraphs, what can we learn?

- A. Wang and Yao only aim to develop their business.
B. Successful business comes from great technology.
C. Wang and Yao value the influence of technology more.
D. The younger generation has duty to solve plastic pollution.

V. 阅读理解七选五 根据短文内容，从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。(5 分)



Obesity is a fancy word to say someone is heavy. There are a lot of people who are overweight in America and the world as well. An overweight person not only looks heavy and less handsome, but it can also lead to different illnesses. 71. _____

What causes obesity? 72. _____ Junk food, also known as fast food, is the name given to food that can be prepared and served quickly. It is typically inexpensive to buy but unhealthy to eat. Well-known fast food restaurants include McDonald's, KFC, Pizza Hut and Burger King--all of the above we can easily find in cities in China. The king of fast food, McDonald's, feeds about 45 million people around the world every day.

They are called junk food, because hamburger, pizza and the like contain high calories(卡路里). If you eat a Big Mac, an order of large fries, and a large coke, you will need to walk non-stop for six hours to burn off the calories. 73.

74. _____ Popular sugary drinks, of course, include Coca Cola, Pepsi Cola and many new brands that appear on the market every a couple of days. Most people don't realize how easy it is to gain weight from drinking sugary drinks, juice drinks, sports drinks and sweetened tea. Just one bottle of soda can have 250 calories and more than 16 teaspoons of added sugar. As a public strategy to improve foods, the US government in 2014 required restaurants and especially fast food restaurants to write the calories on the menu. 75. _____ It may be helpful to lose weight.

- A. Nobody knows why so many people like junk food.
B. It is viewed as one of the public health problems in the 21th century.
C. Don't be fooled by soft drinks, which are high on sugar.
D. When we talk about it, the first thought comes to mind is: junk food.
E. And the left calories that haven't been burnt will put weight on you.
F. Never forget about what the most important thing is.
G. People are supposed to count the calories first before eating.

VI. 阅读短文 从方框中选择适当的动词，并用其适当形式填空。有的需要加助动词或不定式符号(每词限用一次)。(5分)

buy	ask	put	save	sell
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The morning sun came out as Carlos and his dad began to work. With strong little arms, Carlos handed his dad baskets of pears and helped carry them onto the back of the truck. After all the pears (76) _____ into the truck, Carlos and his dad set off down the road. They set up the tent and table to sell pears, with a big sign "Pears For Sale" hanging in front. They were waiting for customers, but no one stopped (77) _____ any.

Later that afternoon, they packed the unsold pears. "If we don't sell these soon, they will get too soft." said his dad. Too soft? thought Carlos. "Dad, I (78) _____ mom to help me."

The next morning, Carlos and his mom made some pear jam and filled several small bottles. He painted a new sign, "Taste for Free." They had customers all day long. Later that afternoon, they began to pack up the empty table. "Dad, I can't believe we (79) _____ all of the pears out." said Carlos happily.

"Not all, boy." laughed his dad. "I (80) _____ one for you just now."

VII. 完成句子 根据汉语意思完成英语句子，每个空格填一个单词。(5分)

81. 学会寻求帮助很重要。

It's important to learn to _____ help.

82. 现在，越来越多的学生下课后进行体育锻炼。

Now more and more students _____ after class.

83. 只背诵知识而不认真思考，这样的学习是无意义的。

It's _____ to study only by memorizing knowledge without thinking _____.

84. 我们的语文老师总是引导我们欣赏古诗词的美。

Our Chinese teacher always guides us to _____ the _____ of ancient poetry.

85. 我很惊讶的发现孩子们在物理课上使用这些很平常的材料发电。

I was surprised to see the children used these common _____ to _____ electricity in their physics class.

德润初中“空中学校”网络学习阶段反馈

初三年级英语测试答题纸

(考试时间 60 分钟 满分 100 分) 2020.3

班级 _____ 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

1-5						41-45					
6-10						46-50					
11-15						51-55					
16-20						56-60					
21-25						61-65					
26-30						66-70					
31-35						71-75					
36-40											

76		77		78		79		80	
81		82		83		84		85	

济南历下区德润初中九年级英语线上测试

参考答案

1-5.DBDCA 6-10.BDCBC 11-15.BDBAA

16-20.CCCBB 21-25DABDA 26-30.DCDAA

31-35DCCBD 36-40BDA BB 41-45. ADBBC

46-50 DACCB 51-55DBACD 56-60.ACBCD

61-65DDABA. 66-70.BCDA 71-75.BDECG

76. were put 77.to buy 78.will ask

79. have sold 80.saved

81. ask for

82.take exercise

83.useless carefully

84.enjoy beauty

85.materials produce