**广州市真光中学2019-2020年度第二学期七年级英语第一次月考试题**

**一、词义解析（10题，每题2分，共20分）**

1. It’s impolite to make fun of others.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: smile at | B: laugh at | C: greet to |

1. You should take care of your younger sister.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: look after | B: look for | C: look at |

1. I can sing and I can dance as well.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: either | B: too | C: never |

1. Jack became cheerful when he heard the good news.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: interesting | B: helpful | C: happy |

1. Zhong Nanshan is famous as a doctor in the world.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: important | B: well-known | C: perfect |

1. Why notdo some housework at home?

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: Why not you | B: why don’t you | C: why do you |

1. I think I can finish the work by myself.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: begin | B: start | C: complete |

1. We usually arrive at school before 8 o’clock in the morning.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: walk to | B: get to | C: reach to |

1. You should apologize to your teacher if you are late.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: say hello | B: say sorry | C: say goodbye |

1. We should try our best to do our business by ourselves.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| A: alone | B: with help | C: together |

**二、用括号里所给词的正确形式填空。（10题，每题2分，共20分）**

1. Please write two\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (person) you love.

2. Look! The baby is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (lie) in bed happily.

3. Do you know how to say “Hello” in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (France)?

4. My father was very tired after work. He fell \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) at once when he came home.

5. Look! The children are planting trees. Some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (dig) holes. Others are carrying water.

6. I’m unhappy because my mother forgot \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a dress for me.

7. I finished my work \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (perfect).

8. The cat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (appear) when I was going to give up looking for it.

9. I think this advice is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (use).

10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (final), we arrived at home.

**三、阅读理解（10题，每题2分，共20分）**

A

Everyone has a hero. So do I. My hero is Clara Barton.

Clara Barton was born on Christmas Day in 1821. Shewas the youngest of the five children in her family.

When Clara was eleven years old, her brother David fell downfrom a roof. He became very sick. Clara spent the next two years taking care of him. The doctors didn’t think David would get any better.ButClara didn’t want to give up her brother. With her help, her brotherfinally got better. When Clara was looking after her brother, she found that she really enjoyed taking care of others, soClara decided to become a nurse and she made it.

During the Civil War, Clara traveled from one battle to another. She tried her best to help the soldiers get back to health. She was very brave. She went right up to the place where the fight was taking place. Many soldiers liked her, and she became known as “the Angel of the Battlefield”.

( ) 1. How many brothers and sisters did Clara Barton have?

A. 3. B. 4. C. 5. D. 6.

( ) 2. After her brother David became very sick, Clara \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. became very sick B. didn’t think he would get better

C. believed the doctors’ words D. took very good care of him

( ) 3. What does the underlined part “she made it” mean in Chinese?

A. 她做到了. B. 她制造了它. C. 她想要它. D. 她害怕它.

( ) 4. From the passage, we know that during the Civil War, Clara Barton \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. did her job very well B. didn’t go to the battlefield

C. wasn’t liked by the soldiers D. wasn’t in good health

( ) 5. The writer writes the passage mainly to tell us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. that wars are dangerous

B. that nurses are very kind

C. something about his or her hero

D. something about Clara Barton’s family

B

Australia is a beautiful country in the world. It is smaller than China.

Australia is big, but there are fewer people there. The population (人口）of Australia is smaller than, that of Shanghai, a city of China.

Australia is in the south of the Earth. So when it is the hot summer in our country, Australia will be the cold winter. The seasons in Australia and in China are just opposite (想反的). Summer in Australia is from December to February, and winter is from July to August. When it’s spring in China, it will be autumn in Australia.

Australia is famous for sheep and kangaroos. They are both popular in Australia.

You can see kangaroos not only in zoos but also outside the cities and towns. People call Australia “the country on the back of sheep” because there are a lot of sheep there. After a short drive from any town, you will find yourself in the middle of white sheep. It’s really common for people to see sheep everywhere.

Do you know the kangaroo? It has a “bag” on its body. The mother kangaroo keeps its baby kangaroos in the “bag”. It’s very strange，isn’t it?

( )6. Which season is it in China when it is summer in Australia?

A. Summer B. Autumn C. Winter D. Spring

( )7. What does the underlined word “common” mean?

A. Usual B. Special C. Beautiful D. Perfect

( )8. What can we learn from the article?

A. Kangaroos are often in the zoos in Australia.

B. The weather in Australia is always hot.

C. The number of people in Australia is large.

D. Sheep are popular in Australia.

( )9. Where can we find the article?

A. In a travel magazine

B. In a storybook.

C. In a newspaper

D. In a diary.

( ) 10. What’s the purpose (目的) of the article?

A. To ask us to travel around Australia.

B.To introduce (介绍) Australia.

C. To tell us how Australia is different from China.

D. To tell us Australia is a beautiful place.

**四、语法填空（10题，每题2分，共20分）**

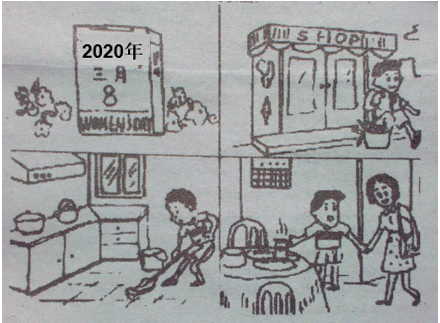
I（1）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(go) on a trip to London with my parents last summer holiday.

We all know it is always (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(rain) and foggy in London, so each of us took (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ umbrella. But it was sunny during our stay in London. On our first day in London, we enjoyed (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(we) at the London Eye. We could see the whole city of London on the top of it.

On the second day, we went to visit the Shakespeare’s birthplace. It’s not far from our hotel, about 20 minutes’ walk. There is a garden in front of his house. We could see many beautiful (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(flower) in it. After that, we visited many other places (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ interest, such as (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_National Gallery (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the British Museum. We went shopping and tasted the food there, but I preferred (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(eat) Chinese food.

The trip is wonderful. I hope (10) \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) London again one day.

**五、书面表达（20分）**



假如你是李华，昨天是三八妇女节，请根据上图提示，给Kitty老师写一封信，介绍你如何给妈妈过节，信的内容必须包括以下几点：

1. **叙述你当天为妈妈做的事情，至少三件。**
2. **表达对妈妈感谢。**
3. **表示今后会经常帮妈妈做家务，并且好好学习，做个好孩子，让妈妈开心。**

要求：信中不得出现真实校名和姓名。条理清楚，意思连贯，语句通顺，标点正确，60-80个单词，信的开头和结尾已经给出，不计入总词数。

（提示词：Women’s Day, go shopping, clean the floor, cook supper ）

Dear Kitty,

Yesterday was Women’s Day.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Yours,

Li Hua