

2020 年 3 月月考真题

初三英语

注意事项:

- 1.请在答题卡上作答,在试卷上作答无效。
- 2.本试卷共七大题,73 小题,满分 140 分。考试时间 100 分钟。

第 I 卷 选择题(共 68 分)

一、单项填空(本题共 12 小题,每小题 1 分,共 12 分)

从各题所给的四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. My grandma likes taking a walk _____ clear days.
A. at B. on C. in D. from
2. I wrote to Mr. Jackson once or twice, but _____ did not answer.
A. you B. she C. he D. they
3. Everyone should _____ making any noise in the library.
A. keep B. forget C. avoid D. enjoy
4. In Seattle, it is not very cold but it rains a lot, so bring _____.
A. a camera B. an umbrella C. a sweater D. an eraser
5. Victoria Falls, about 1,700 metres wide and 100 metres high, is _____.
A. huge B. clean C. quiet D. dangerous
6. Hyde Park is a public park. Everyone _____ visit it.
A. need B. must C. should D. can
7. Tony is good at _____. He wants to be chosen as a PE monitor.
A. history B. maths C. sport D. geography
8. Earthquakes always happen _____, so it is difficult to warn people about them.
A. immediately B. suddenly C. recently D. early
9. _____! The party will start in five minutes. We'll be late.
A. Hurry up B. Watch out C. Take care D. Hold on

A. if B. although C. because D. while

11.-_____ is the first person to walk on the moon?

-Neil Armstrong from America.

A. Where B. Who C. What D. How

12.-Mm... What delicious smell ! Your pizza looks so nice.

-_____ Would you like to try some?

A. Well done. B. Of course C. Not really. D. Thank you.

二、完形填空(一)(本题共 12 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 12 分)

阅读下面短文, 理解其大意, 然后从各题所给的四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Mr. Harris taught sixth-grade science. On the first day of class, he gave us a talk about an animal called "birdcat", which died out during the Ice Age. He passed around a skull (头骨) _____13_____ he talked. We all took notes carefully and later we had a _____14_____.

When he returned my paper the next day, there was a big red "X" through each of my answers. I _____15_____! Here must be some mistakes ! I wrote down _____16_____ what Mr. Harris had said. Then I learned that everyone in the class had failed. Why? "Very _____17_____" Mr. Harris said, "I _____18_____ all that ' birdcat '. But there had never been any such animals. So the _____19_____ in your notes was not correct. Did you think you would get good grades for that?"

However, we felt that wasn't _____20_____ What kind of a test was this? And what kind of a teacher was he?

Mr. Harris added, "I have told you many unbelievable things about this animal, such as the size, the color, _____21_____ none of you have questioned. I hope you will learn _____22_____ from this lesson. Teachers and textbooks are not always correct. _____23_____ no one is. "He also told us not to let our minds go to sleep, and to speak up if we thought he or the textbook was wrong.

Mr. Harris's _____24_____ gave me and my classmates something just as important to look people in the eye and tell them they are wrong.

13. A. since B. as C. although D. whether

14. A. break B. try C. test D. match

15. A. refused B. passed C. finished D. failed
16. A. exactly B. especially C. directly D. quickly
17. A. nice B. important C. simple D. smart
18. A. looked up B. took up C. set up D. made up
19. A. information B. question C. report D. diary
20. A. honest B. fair C. real D. serious
21. A. so B. or C. and D. but
22. A. nothing B. something C. anything D. everything
23. A. In the end B. As a result C. At first D. In fact
24. A. work B. class C. example D. article

三.阅读理解(一)(本题共 17 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 34 分)

A.阅读下列短文, 从各题所给的四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

Passage 1

Dillon, a 12-year-old boy, was bullied (欺侮) at school. His classmates laughed at him because he stuttered (结巴). He was so sad that he nearly took his own life(自杀). Luckily, he received a letter from Tiger Woods, a famous golf star. After reading Tiger Woods' letter, Dillon became confident. Here is what Tiger Woods said in his letter.

Dear Dillon,

Someone told me that you like watching me play golf. Thank you for that and I want to share my story with you.

Believe it or not, I also stuttered when I was young. So I knew what it's like to be different from others. I was disappointed at that time, but I didn't give up. I used to talk to my dog and he would sit there and listen to me until he fell asleep. I also took a class for two years to help myself, and I finally stopped stuttering. Maybe you can have a try.

You have a great family, and big fans like me on your side. Be well and keep fighting. I'm sure you'll be great at anything you do.

Sincerely yours,

Tiger Woods

25. What was Dillon's problem?

- A. He did badly at school. B. He was afraid to stay alone.
C. He felt hurt by his classmates. D. He couldn't get on well with others.

26. Tiger Woods wrote to Dillon because_____

- A. Dillon asked him for help
B. Dillon was one of his favorite fans
C. he had the same experience with Dillon
D. he thought his story would be helpful to Dillon

27. What did Tiger Woods mainly talk about in his letter?

- A. His hope for Dillon's future life.
B. His suggestions on growing up.
C. His ways of solving the problem.
D. His opinions on Dillon's problem.

28. At last, Tiger Woods encouraged Dillon to

- A. fight with stuttering B. be great at anything he does
C. forget all his problems D. start doing something he can

Passage 2

(1) Welcome to your future life!

(2) You get up in the morning and look into the mirror (镜子) . Your face is firm and young-looking. In 2035, medical technology is better than ever. Many people at your age could live to be 150, so at 40, you're not old at all. And your parents just had an anti-aging treatment. Now, all three of you look the same age!

(3) You say to your shirt, "Turn red. "It changes from blue to red. In 2035,"smart clothes "will be designed to be with special particles (粒子) much smaller than the cells(细胞) in your body. The particles can be programmed to change our clothes 'color or clothing designing.

(4) You walk into the kitchen. You pick up the milk, but a voice says, "You shouldn't drink that! "Your fridge has read the chips (芯片) that includes information about the milk, and it knows the milk has gone bad. In 2035, every article of food in the supermarket has

such a chip.

(5) It's time to go to work. In 2035, cars drive themselves. Just you're your "smart car "where to go. On the way, you can call a friend using your jacket sleeve (袖子). Such "smart technology "is all around you.

(6) So will all these things come true? "For new technology to succeed, "says scientist Andrew Zolli, "it has to be so much better that it replaces what we have already. "The Internet is one example-what will be the next?

29. With the help of medical technology, people will_____.

- A. never get old B. look nearly the same
- C. live much longer D. always stay at young age

30. What can we learn from Paragraph 4?

- A. Milk is easily going bad in fridges.
- B. people needn't drink milk in the future.
- C. Food in fridges will be much healthier.
- D. Fridges will tell information about food.

31. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Jacket sleeves can speak like men.
- B. Smart cars can lead people ways.
- C. Cars will be able to drive without men.
- D. Jacket sleeves will help look for friends.

32. In the passage, the writer tries to tell us_____.

- A. technology will continue changing our life
- B. our future life will be different from today
- C. there will be many kinds of new technology
- D. Internet will be replaced by other new technology

Passage 3

We all know that recycling rubbish is very important. But sometimes it is not so convenient (方便的) when we can't find a recycling bin anywhere.

Now a team of middle school students from the US has solved that problem by designing

their Recycling Bin app (应用程序).

This app encourages people to recycle. It provides users with a map of local recycling centers. And it allows them to save places as favorites on it. This app also reminds (提醒) users to recycle.

The group of nine sixth-graders is from STEM Center Middle School. They came up with the idea as part of a school project for the Verizon Innovative App Competition. Their school provided after-class app training. It gave 10 teams Samsung tablets (平板) as prizes.

The competition wanted to develop students' interest in science. In this competition, students showed an app design that could solve a problem in their school or city. The nine students came up with the idea for Recycling Bin when they saw a need for more recycling.

We thought that this would really help a lot of people”, Jaden Hilkemann, 12, told Time For Kids.

They kept their design easy so that anyone could use it. Now the free Recycling Bin app has been put into use in the Google Play store for Android phones or tablets.

I was so excited when it went up at the app store,” Seralyn Blake, 12, said, “A lot of my family members downloaded our app. It was pretty cool.”

33. The underlined (划线的) word "bin" probably means in Chinese.

- A. 储物室 B. 工作坊 C. 垃圾箱 D. 加油站

34. The Recycling Bin app is helpful for people to

- A. produce less waste B. find recycling centers
C. divide the rubbish D. keep a healthy environment

35. The Verizon Innovative App Competition was held to

- A. encourage people to recycle B. meet people's need for recycling
C. offer students app training D. develop students' Interest in science

36. Seralyn Blake's words showed that. ·

- A. he was surprised at the result

- B. he was proud of their design
- C. their design has been used widely
- D. their design can be downloaded for free

37. What is probably the best title for the passage?

- A. A Winning App
- B. Special Way to Recycle
- C. Time for Recycling
- D. Cool Apps Improving Life

B.阅读短文，根据短文内容，从所给的六个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，使短文意思完整、连贯。(有两项为多余选项)

Passage 4

"Who wants to be a millionaire (百万富翁)? I don't," says Charles Gray.

Sixteen years ago, Charles was a college teacher with a huge six-bedroom house and a fortune (财富) of \$ 2 million. Today he lives in a small house where there is only second-hand furniture __38__ There is a small garden outside with a few fruit trees. Charles also grows some vegetables and a few flowers in it. He gets his clothes and a lot of other things from charity (慈善) shops.

But this is not a sad story. Charles was happy to give up the lifestyle of a rich man. He was tired of being one of the few who had a lot while many other people have nothing at all. He donated (捐赠) all his money to charities. __39__

"A few years ago," says Charles, "I was a millionaire, but I knew there were a lot of hungry people in the world." __40__ When he only had two thousand dollars left, Charles handed out small bank notes in the streets of local poor areas. Did he feel like Father Christmas? "It was a lot of fun helping others," says Charles.

Charles believes that many people want to make a lot of money so that they will not have any worries. __41__ Charles Gray decided to drop out (退出) and has discovered that having only a little money makes you free. Are there any things he misses? ° No, I'm much happier now. I wouldn't go back to being rich for anything--no way.

- A. People there felt surprised at his kindness.

- B. Sometimes money can make people live better.
- C. And this, he says, has brought him happiness.
- D. However, most people never make much money.
- E. So he made the choice to give away all his money.
- F. There are no signs that Charles used to be a rich man!

四.情景交际(本题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据对话内容, 从所给的七个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 使对话内容完整。

(有两项为多余选项)

Tony :Hi, Betty!

Betty :Hi, Tony. __42__

Tony: I am going to the park to skate. There's thick ice on the lake. __43__

Betty : Are you joking? It's really cold today. I wish I were in Australia now.

Tony : __44__

Betty: It's probably sunny and hot there.

Tony: __45__ I like sunny weather as well. You can go to Hainan Island if you like sunny weather.

Betty : __46__

Tony: Come on! better get going! We can skate in the park and get warm!

- A. Sounds great!
- B. When shall we go there?
- C. I' like to go there one day.
- D. Are you coming with us?
- E. Where are you going?
- F. What's the temperature?
- G. What's the weather like in Australia now?

第 II 卷 非选择题(共 72 分)

五.完形填空(二)(本题共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

A.用方框内所给词的适当形式完成下列句子。(每词限用一次, 有一个为多余选项)

Australian good I lie take well

47. Excuse me, may I use your bike? ____ is broken.

48. Most ____ love going to the beach to swim and surf.

49. Look ! A boy ____ at the bottom of the stairs. What can we do to help?

50. I want to visit Laoshe Teahouse, so Lingling offered ____ me there.

51. Tom did the work as ____ as other students. Our teacher was pleased.

B.用方框内所给词或短语的适当形式完成下面短文。(每词或短语限用一次, 有一个为多余选项)

listen sell advice impossible thanks to hardly

The K-cup is a great invention. We can see the product everywhere in the world. However, its inventor, John Sylvan, said in an interview, "I feel bad sometimes that I ever did it. "

Why? Because it's bad for the environment. K-cups are almost __52__ to recycle. John Sylvan couldn't do much about the problem. He __53__ the invention to Keurig Green Mountain for \$ 50, 000 in 1997. Keurig Green Mountain made \$ 4. 7 billion last year. Much of that money came __54__ K-Cups.

"I told them how to improve the K-Cup, but they __55__,"said John Sylvan. Sylvan has found solutions (解决方法), like reusable K-cups. However , Keurig Green Mountain refused John Sylva's __56__ The company said it had a plan of its own and that it would make 100% of K-Cup pack recyclable by 2020.

C.阅读下面短文, 在短文的空格内填入适当的词, 使其内容通顺。(每空格限填一词)

Birthday parties are a big part of a child's life. But have you ever wondered __57__ the tradition started?

The tradition of birthday parties started in Europe a long time ago. It was said that evil spirits (恶魔) were usually attracted (吸引) to people on their birthdays. __58__ protect

them from harm, friends and family would come to be with the birthday person and ___59___ wishes. Giving gifts brought even more cheer to keep the evil spirits away.

At first it was only kings who were considered important enough to have a birthday celebration. They ___60___ plan a big party and then invite many people to come and enjoy the celebration. Later, children began to celebrate their own birthdays like the kings. The first birthday party for ___61___ took place in Germany and was called Kinderfeste. It was a large celebration with a beautiful cake, fun decorations (装饰物) and interesting games to play.

As time went by, sending party invitations became more popular and now with the help of modern technology, you can even send an invitation online.

六、阅读理解(二)(本题共 6 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 12 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容, 回答下列问题

Passage 5

My hero Dr Norman Bethune

Norman Bethune is one of the most famous heroes in China. He was a Canadian doctor. He came to China to help the Chinese and died for them. Norman Bethune was born in 1890. He became a doctor in 1916 and went to Spain in 1936 to treat the wounded soldiers during the war there. He soon realized that many were dying because they did not get to hospital quickly enough. Dr Bethune developed new ways of taking care of the sick. He invented special medical tools to use outside hospitals and close to the fighting areas so that doctors could treat the wounded more quickly. His inventions saved many lives.

In 1938, Dr Bethune came to China and helped treat the wounded during the Anti-Japanese War. At that time, there were few doctors, so he had to work very hard on his own. His experience of treating people in Spain was useful in China. He developed training courses for local doctors and nurses and wrote books so that they could learn about how he treated the sick. Dr Bethune often worked very hard without resting or taking care of himself. Once, he even worked for sixty-nine hours without stopping and managed to save over a hundred lives. One day in 1939, he cut his finger during an operation, but he continued his work without treating it. In the end, he died of his wound.

Dr Bethune's work for the Chinese people made him a hero in China. There are many

books and films about him, and he is still remembered in both China and Canada today.

62. How old was Dr Bethune when he came to China?

63. Did Dr Bethune have a lot of experience in treating the wounded soldiers?

64. What's the thing that Dr Bethune did impresses (留下深刻印象) you most?

65. Why didn't Dr Bethune treat his wounded finger in time?

66. What did the Chinese people do to show their thanks to Dr Bethune?

67. What can you learn from Dr Bethune's life story?

七. 写

A. 句子翻译。将下列句子补充完整。(本题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

68. 欢迎回家! 从大连到伦敦需要飞多长时间

Welcome back! _____

69. 很多学生想自己做决定, 他们认为自己已经长大了。

Many students want to make decisions by themselves. _____

70. 学校每学期召开一次家长会, 教师和家长可以讨论一下我们的进步情况。

_____, so our parents and teachers can talk about our progress.

71. 在 19 世纪以前, 法语比英语更受人们的欢迎。

72. 下一场比赛将在本周六举行, 所以我们现在就可以通过网络购票了。

B. 书面表达(共 20 分)

73. 针对下图所示的生活现象，本期英语园地组织同学们围绕”How to live a healthy life.”

展开讨论。请你选择图示中的一种生活现象用英语写一篇短文与同学们分享你的观点。

内容提示: (1) 你对其中一种生活现象的看法

(2) 结合这种现象谈谈你在生活中的做法

要求: (1) 中心突出，语义连贯，层次清晰，书写规范;

(2) 文中不得出现真实的姓名和校名;

(3) 词数 80 词左右。

3 月月考真题考试答案

一、单选

1.B 2.C 3.C 4.B 5.A 6.D 7.C 8.B 9.A 10.C 11.B 12.D

二、完形填空

13.B 14.C 15.D 16.A 17.C 18.D 19.A 20.B 21.D 22.B 23.D 24.B

三、阅读理解

(A) Passage1

25.C 26.B 27.C 28.A

Passage2

29.C 30.D 31.C 32.D

Passage3

33.C 34.B 35.D 36.B 37.D

(B)

Passage4

38.F 39.C 40.E 41.D

四、情景交际

42.E 43.C 44.G 45.A 46.B

五、词语运用

(A)

47.Mine

48.Australians

49.is lying

50.to take

51.well

(B)

52. impossible

53.sold

54.thanks to

55.don't listen

56.advice

(C)

57. how

58. To

59. make

60. would

61.children

六、阅读理解

Passage5

62.48

63.Yes, he did.

64. Once, he even worked for sixty-nine hours without stopping and managed to save over a hundred lives.

65.Compared with other wounded soldiers, he had no time to take care of himself.

66.They wrote books and made films.

67.Your answers are welcomed.

七、翻译句子

68.How long will the flight take from Dalian to London?

69.They think they have grown up.

70.The school holds the parents' meeting once a term

71.Before the 19th century, French is more popular than English.

72.The next match will be held this Saturday, so now we can buy tickets on the Internet.