

华中师大一附中卓越联盟 2019 年八年级联考

英语试题

命题学校：华福学校

命题人：李红

审题人：姚艳娟

亲爱的同学，在你答题前，请认真阅读下面的注意事项：

1. 本试卷由第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分组成。全卷满分 120 分。考试用时 120 分钟。
2. 答第 I 卷(选择题)时，选出每小题答案后，用 2B 铅笔把“答题卡”上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案。不得答在“试卷”上。
3. 答第 II 卷(非选择题)时，答案用 0.5 毫米黑色笔迹签字笔书写在“答题卡”上，答在“试卷”上无效。
4. 认真阅读“答题卡”上的注意事项。

预祝你取得优异成绩！

第 I 卷（选择题 共 85 分）

第一部分 听力部分

一、听力测试（共三节，满分 25 分）

第一节（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

听下面 5 个问题。每个问题后有三个答语，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每个问题后，你都有 5 秒钟的时间作答和阅读下一小题。每个问题仅读一遍。

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. A. Two weeks. | B. Twenty kilometers. | C. Twelve kilograms. |
| 2. A. I came to a party. | B. I was not at home. | C. I was listening to music. |
| 3. A. No, I didn't. | B. Yes, I have. | C. Yes, I went there before. |
| 4. A. At the train station. | B. By train. | C. In my free time. |
| 5. A. Yes, of course. | B. No, you needn't. | C. Yes, you must. |

第二节（共 7 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 7 分）

听下面 7 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间作答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

6. When will Rose Smith leave?
A. At 14:00 on National Day. B. At 13:00 on Teachers' Day. C. At 13:00 on Children's Day.
7. Who is taller than Jack?
A. Nancy. B. Peter. C. Bill.
8. What can we learn from the dialogue?
A. Tom is younger than Tim. B. Tim is stronger than Tom. C. Tom is shorter than Tim.
9. Who is ill according to the dialogue?
A. Frank. B. Jack. C. Steven.
10. What will the two speakers probably do?
A. Play computer games. B. Study at home. C. Walk in a park.
11. Which kind of books does the woman like better?
A. Picture books. B. Story books. C. Textbooks.
12. What are the two speakers probably talking about?
A. Book. B. People. C. Experience.

第三节（共 13 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 13 分）

听下面 4 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟，听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。

每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答 13 至 15 三个小题。

13. What's wrong with the boy?
A. He has a sore back. B. He has a toothache. C. He has a sore throat.
14. What should the boy do?
A. Have a good rest. B. Go to the dentist. C. Go swimming.
15. What do we know about the doctor in the end?
A. She agrees with the boy. B. She disagrees with the boy. C. She calls the boy's teacher.

听下面一段对话，回答 16 至 18 三个小题。

16. What can they do before the movies?
A. Go shopping. B. Have a walk. C. Have dinner.
17. Who has seen the film before?
A. The man. B. Betty. C. Both of them.
18. What will they do this evening?
A. Go shopping. B. Go to have dinner. C. Stay at home.

听下面一段对话，回答 19 至 22 四个小题。

19. Where are they talking?
A. In a supermarket. B. In a restaurant. C. In a fruit shop.
20. Which bag is very popular?
A. The green one with red flowers. B. The pink one with lovely children. C. The yellow one with lovely animals.
21. Which bag will the woman take?
A. The green one. B. The pink one. C. The yellow one.
22. How much will the woman pay?
A. 13 yuan. B. 15 yuan. C. 16 yuan.

听下面一段独白，回答 23 至 25 三个小题。

23. Which disposable(一次性) thing is not provided in most of Chinese hotels?
A. Towels. B. Toothpaste. C. Slippers.
24. Which of the following is not true?
A. Many disposable things are made of plastic(塑料).
B. Throwing disposable things away is not a kind of waste.
C. Plastic is very bad for the environment.
25. Which is the best title for the passage?
A. How to reuse things B. Keep yourself clean C. Keep away from disposable things

第二部分 笔试部分

二、选择填空(本题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。

26. — There's a soccer game on TV this evening but I don't have to watch it.
— That's true. _____
A. It's no big deal B. Not at all C. Take it easy D. That's all right
27. — I am so excited. How about you?
— Me too, I have never seen _____ interesting film.
A. so an B. such an C. so a D. such a
28. — What's the weather like tomorrow?
— The radio says that it will _____ cold and humid for another two days.

- A. get B. become C. stay D. turn
29. — I am trying to keep Sally _____ so that she'll lend me her notes.
— That won't be difficult, I think.
- A. sick B. sweet C. cool D. hot
30. One of the sides of the board should be painted yellow and _____.
- A. the other is white B. another white C. the other white D. another is white
31. The Yellow River _____ flood large areas, but now the waters of it are used to _____ energy.
- A. was used to; producing B. used to; producing C. was used to; produce D. used to; produce
32. It's just a cold. But _____, you should still see the doctor.
- A. yet B. anyway C. instead D. anymore
33. Parents often _____ their children _____ some good advice.
- A. offer, with B. offer, / C. provide, with D. both B and C
34. Wuhan is bigger than _____ in Hunan and _____ in China.
- A. any city; any city B. any city; any other city C. any other city; any other city D. any other city; any city
35. The exam is over and the results will be _____ on Friday afternoon.
- A. put down B. put off C. put up D. put away
36. — I'm sorry to have kept you waiting long.
— Never mind. I _____ here for only a few minutes.
- A. have been B. have come C. have arrived D. waited
37. — Is there a flight to London this evening?
— There _____ be. I'll phone the airport and find it out.
- A. must B. would C. might D. can
38. I'm proud of doing all the same great things that my classmates did. But the best thing I did was to learn to stop comparing _____ with them.
- A. myself B. me C. my D. mine
39. The population of China _____ large, but about thirty percent of it _____ people over 60.
- A. is; are B. are; are C. are; is D. is; is
40. — Chris wants to know _____ "truth or dare" at your birthday party.
— Yes. But if he doesn't like it, we'll play guessing games instead.
- A. who will play B. whether we played C. if we will play D. why we are going to play

三、完形填空(共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项 A、B、C、D 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

A son took his old father to a restaurant for an evening dinner. 41 the father was very old and weak, he dropped food on his shirt and trousers while eating. Other diners 42 him in disgust(反感) while his son was very calm.

His son didn't 43 that at all. After his father finished eating, he 44 took him to the washroom. And then he swept the food, washed the 45 marks, tidied his hair and fitted his glasses on his nose. When they 46, all the other people in the restaurant were watching them in silence. They were unable to understand how someone could embarrass(使难堪) 47 in front of others like that. The son 48 the meal and started walking out with his father.

At that time, an old man 49 the diners called out to the son and asked him, "Haven't you left something 50?" The son replied, "No, sir. I haven't."

The old man said, "Yes, you have! You've left a 51 for every son and hope for every father." The 52 went silent again. "To care for those who once cared for us is one of the 53 honours (荣幸)," the old man continued. "We all 54 how our parents cared for us for every little thing. So love them, respect(尊敬) them, and 55 them." After hearing the old man's words, everyone in the restaurant fell into deep thought.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 41. A. When | B. If | C. Although | D. As |
| 42. A. watched | B. fought | C. beat | D. refused |
| 43. A. stand | B. mind | C. love | D. help |
| 44. A. angrily | B. probably | C. quietly | D. suddenly |
| 45. A. funny | B. dirty | C. terrible | D. common |
| 46. A. came out | B. ran away | C. went by | D. hurried up |
| 47. A. themselves | B. himself | C. ourselves | D. herself |
| 48. A. asked for | B. waited for | C. paid for | D. looked for |
| 49. A. between | B. against | C. across | D. among |
| 50. A. out | B. in | C. behind | D. down |
| 51. A. book | B. lesson | C. way | D. photo |
| 52. A. restaurant | B. park | C. street | D. hospital |
| 53. A. lowest | B. highest | C. strictest | D. worst |
| 54. A. forget | B. imagine | C. know | D. hope |
| 55. A. write to | B. talk about | C. hear from | D. care for |

四、阅读理解(共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面材料, 从每篇材料后各题所给的四个选项 A、B、C、D 中, 选出最佳答案。

A

Burns

Burns from fire or other sources of heat range from mild (轻微的) to life-threatening. Some burns can be treated at home, while others need emergency medical care.

What to do if you get burned

- First, decide if you can take care of the burn yourself. Go to the hospital immediately if the burn is serious.
- If you can't get to a hospital right away or must wait for an ambulance, follow these steps:
 1. Remove clothing from the burned area. Do not remove clothing that is stuck to the skin and don't break any blisters (水泡).
 2. Run cool (not cold) water over the burn until the pain lessens (减轻). Do not put butter, oil, or ice on burns.
 3. Lightly apply a bandage (绷带) over the burn.
 4. Remove jewelry that's close to the burn.

Seek emergency medical care if:

1. The burn is serious
2. The burned area is large (cover the area with a clean, soft cloth or towel)
3. The burn come from a fire, electrical wire or chemicals
4. The burn looks infected (被感染的)

Think Prevention!

Be careful when using candles, heaters, and curling irons. Do not allow children to play in the kitchen while someone is cooking. Children can easily get burned in kitchens.

56. You should _____ first if you get burned.
- A. go to the hospital B. call the police C. check the burn D. clean the burned area
57. Which of the following tips is correct for dealing with burns?
- A. Tear clothing away from the burn. B. Run cold water over the burn.
- C. Break blisters on the burn. D. Lightly apply a bandage over the burn.
58. You can cover the area with _____ if the burned area is large.
- A. clean and soft paper B. soft and used cloth C. clean and soft towel D. soft and used bandage
59. Which of the following tips is mentioned in the article?
- a. People should be careful when using candles.
- b. Children can easily get burned playing in the kitchen.
- c. If the burn is serious, you should seek emergency medical care.
- d. If the burn is mild, you don't need to do anything to the burn.
- A. a b c B. a b d C. a c d D. b c d
60. Where might you find these tips?
- A. Book review. B. First aid handbook. C. Fashion magazine. D. Local newspaper.

B

There was a 10-year-old boy whose left arm was damaged, and afterwards had to be cut off. He decided to learn judo(柔道). His teacher was an old Chinese judo expert.

The boy learnt quickly. However, after three months, he had been taught only one move. He asked his teacher to teach him more moves. The teacher told him that this one move was all he would need. Soon after, the boy entered a tournament. He quickly advanced to the finals. In the final, he had to fight an opponent who was much bigger and more experienced than him. After a long match, his opponent seemed to lose concentration(专心). Quickly, the boy took advantage. He overcame his opponent and although he was much smaller than his opponent, he pinned him to the ground. He was the winner.

On the ride home, the boy asked his teacher, "How could I win with only one move?" The teacher replied, "You have learnt to do one of the most difficult moves in all of judo. And the only defence(保护) against that move is for your opponent to grab your left arm."

Sometimes your biggest weakness can become your greatest strength.

61. This passage mainly tells us _____.
- A. what caused the boy to become the winner B. the opponents the boy had to face

- C. who was the best person to teach the boy D. the reason why the boy lost his arm
62. It is clear that _____.
 A. the boy's teacher came from Japan B. the opponent concentrated on the final match
 C. the boy learned only one move D. the left arm wasn't important in judo match
63. The boy's last opponent _____.
 A. was much smaller than the boy B. was not as experienced as the boy
 C. didn't have a good teacher D. couldn't grab the boy so he lost the game
64. We can learn from this passage that _____.
 A. no pain, no gain B. that was then, this is now
 C. a wise teacher really knows best D. the biggest weakness is the greatest strength
65. Which can be the best title of this passage?
 A. Only One Move B. Chinese Judo in Japan
 C. A Disabled Winner D. Important Concentration

C

What genetic traits(遗传特性) did your parents pass on to you? Was it their eye color or their height? It could be their sense of humor or their musical talent. Or maybe it was their fear of math.

A new study at Ohio State University in the United States has found that genetics are partly responsible for children's math skill and anxiety(焦虑) toward math. The study used over 500 sets of twins to find out how genetics affected math anxiety. Over a period of 10 years, the twins completed math tests and filled out surveys about their levels of math anxiety. They found that fraternal twins (twins with different genetics) had different levels of skill and anxiety toward math. Identical twins (twins with the same gene set) had similar levels. This shows that people's fear of math is partially affected by their genes.

Math anxiety has a stronger effect on a child's abilities. A study at the University of Chicago found math anxiety could cause the same feeling as being physically hurt.

This anxiety means that students are not willing to practice math as much as they should. Therefore, they become even worse at math and less confident in their skills. It only adds to their fear of it.

But if you're bad at math, don't try to blame it on your parents. Math anxiety is still rare --- genetic factors explained about 40 percent of people's math anxiety. The environment, including school and family, is also a factor.

66. Which of the following is NOT mentioned about the genetic trait in the passage?
 A. sense of humor B. height C. musical talent D. build

67. The twins completed math tests and filled out surveys about their _____.
 A. math problems B. levels of math anxiety C. confidence D. fear of math
68. What does the underlined word "rare" in the last paragraph mean?
 A. common. B. uncertain. C. unusual. D. interesting.
69. We can learn from the passage that _____.
 A. math anxiety makes students hate math B. students with math anxiety are afraid of math
 C. math anxiety can cause physical injury D. genetic factors are the only cause of math anxiety
70. What does the article mainly talk about?
 A. How to overcome math anxiety. B. How to learn math well.
 C. Why people have math anxiety. D. Why genetic factors are important.

第 II 卷 (非选择题 共 35 分)

五、词与短语填空(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

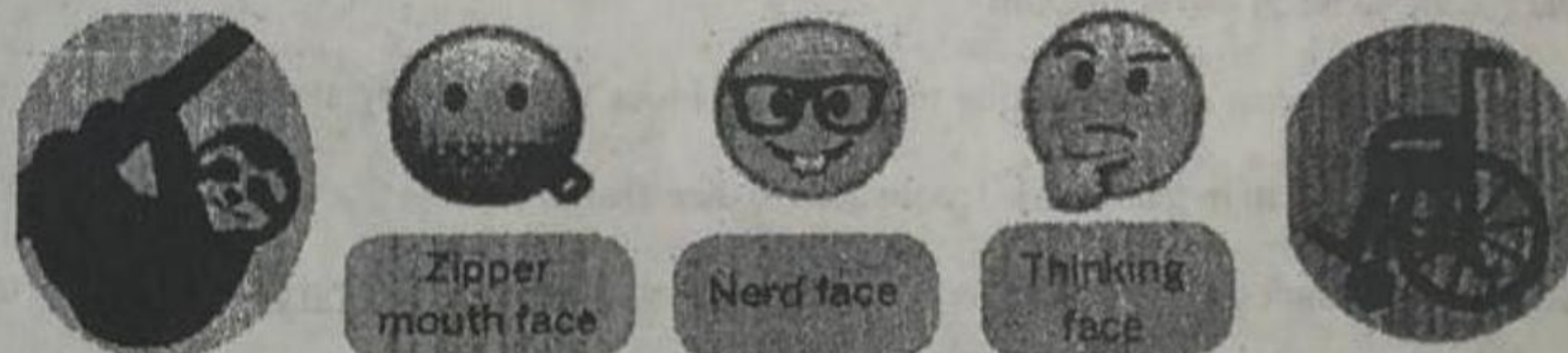
仔细阅读下面五个句子, 然后用方框中所给的单词填空, 使每个句子在结构、句义和逻辑上正确。(提示: 选项中有一个是多余的。)

freezing / have a stomachache / go off / sound / get on / a bit

71. Leave a glass of water outside in _____ weather and see what will happen.
72. Nobody wanted to _____ stupid, so everyone said his new clothes were beautiful.
73. Yesterday was a terrible day. I woke up late because my alarm clock didn't _____.
74. It was an all-you-can-eat meal at the restaurant. But now I _____.
75. Lily was _____ nervous since it was the first time she gave a speech on the stage.

六、阅读理解填词(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

先阅读短文, 再在其后空白处写出各单词的正确形式, 单词的第一个字母已给出。



Emojis are a kind of special language. Pictures are used to put meaning a _____. A group called the Unicode Consortium is in charge of c _____ official(官方的) emojis. It has added new emojis every year since 2014. These new emojis do not come out of nowhere. They show what people think about, like and c _____ about.

Emojis can be used to show different g_____ of people. In 2015, emoji faces with different skin tones(肤色) were added. In 2018, emojis of d_____ people were added, including emojis of blind people and people in wheelchairs.

But there is also more to emojis. They can a_____ refer to pop culture. New emojis in 2019 have i_____ several animals, such as sloths(树懒) and flamingos(火烈鸟). These animals are not very c_____, but are known to many people. For example, sloths have become popular t_____ to the 2016 film *Zootopia* (《疯狂动物城》).

It seems that emojis are a mirror of the world we live in. It will be interesting to see h_____ they change and grow in the years to come.

76. a _____

77. c _____

78. c _____

79. g _____

80. d _____

81. a _____

82. i _____

83. c _____

84. t _____

85. h _____

七、书面表达 (本题共 15 分)

假如你是华卓越, 你妈妈是福星社区医院的护士。2019 年 5 月 12 日是母亲节, 也是国际护士节。在这个特别的日子, 你陪妈妈度过了充实而有意义的一天。请根据以下提示, 写一篇英语短文, 信息要点如下:

1. 上午一位患感冒的老人到社区医院看病, 你帮老人量体温;
2. 老人服药的时候, 来了位割伤的男孩, 你们对他进行了急救;
3. 下午你们在医院参加了军运会志愿者的培训活动;
4. 2019 武汉军运会是史上最大的一次军人盛会;
5. 军运会志愿者要为军人运动员提供最佳的服务, 并回复游客的医疗咨询。

要求: (1) 书写工整, 内容要点完整, 语句通顺, 意思连贯, 不要逐字翻译。

(2) 字数: 不少于 80 字, 首尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

(3) 文中不得出现真实人名、校名等。

参考词汇: 社区 community 武汉军运会 Wuhan Military Games 培训活动 training activities

Today is Mothers' Day, as well as the International Nurses' Day. It's special and meaningful for my mother and me.

I will never forget this special and meaningful day.