2018-2019 学年第一学期八年级英语教学质量检测（一）



一、听力题（共 **15** 小题，第一节每小题 **1** 分，第二、三节每小题 **2** 分，共计 **25** 分） 第一节：听下面五段小对话，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确的答案。

1. Where is Li Hua‟s hometown?

A. Beijing. B. Shanghai. C. Hainan.

2. What‟s Ms Jame‟s advice?

A. Watch English movies.

B. Listen to the radio in English. C. Read English magazines.

3. What will Robert like to be in the future?

A. A doctor. B. A teacher. C. A worker.

4. How does the woman go to work every day?

A. By bus. B. By car. C. By bike.

5. Which apple is smaller?

A. The red one. B. The green one. C. The yellow one.

第二节：听下面两段对话，每段对话后有两个或三个小题，请从题中所给的 A、B、C 三 个选项中选出最佳选项。

听下面一段较长对话，回答第 6-7 小题。

6. What is difficult for the girl?

A. Vocabulary. B. Grammar. C. Pronunciation.

7. How will the girl ask Diana for advice?

A. By making a call. B. By sending an email. C. By talking on the computer.

听下面一段较长对话，回答 8-10 小题。

8. Where do they want to go?

A. To the forest. B. To the beach. C. To the mountains.

9. How long is their holiday?

A. One week. B. Half a month. C. Three weeks.

10. When will they go there?

A. This afternoon. B. Tomorrow morning. C. Tomorrow afternoon.

第三节：听一段独白，请根据内容从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的选项，完成信息记 录表。

David‟s love for Team Rocket David began to like the team when he was 11 years old. David watches a basketball match every 12 now.

David likes to wear a 13 T-shirt. David is going to 14 this weekend.

How may David feel about meeting some of the players? 15 .

11. A. 11 B. 12 C. 13

12. A. Saturday B. Friday C. Sunday

13. A. black B. white C. red

14. A. America B. Russia C. Australia

15. A. Tired B. Bored C. Excited

二、完形填空（共 **15** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，共计 **15** 分）

Do you like sports? All over the world people enjoy sports. Sports can help people to keep healthy, happy and to live 16 . What sports do you like? People often 17 different games in winter and summer. Summer is good 18 swimming. And in winter people often go skating. Some sports are very popular around the world 19 basketball, football and running. Do you often run? Are you good at it? Here is a funny story about running!

Peter and Mike are in the same class. Peter was born 20 a poor family. But Mike‟s father is a shopkeeper and is 21 . When Peter gets into trouble, Mike always 22 him. Peter likes to have sports. And he is good at running. 23 can catch up with him in his school and he often wins the 400-meter race.

It was Sunday. Mike and Peter went to a forest to have a picnic. Mike took a lot of

24 there. They ate and drank and then began to go fishing in the river. The two boys enjoyed themselves there. Suddenly they 25 a great noise. They looked around and found it was

26 behind a big tree. They were both very 27 . Peter put on his shoes 28 and was going to run away. Mike 29 him and said, “It‟s no use for us. The tiger runs 30 than us. Let‟s find a way.” “It doesn‟t matter,” said Peter. “I‟m sure I‟ll run faster than you!”

Don‟t you think you should learn to run fast?

16. A. shorter B. longer C. slower D. faster

17. A. go B. do C. play D. get

18. A. at B. in C. for D. on

19. A. for example B. such as C. so on D. for short

20. A. in B. for C. on D. with

21. A. hard B. poor C. rich D. unhappy

22. A. helps B. asks C. wants D. teaches

23. A. Nobody B. Everyone C. Anybody D. Someone

24. A. books B. clothes C. food D. movies

25. A. listened B. listened to C. heard D. watched

26. A. a lion B. a tiger C. a man D. a runner

27. A. excited B. bored C. tired D. afraid

28. A. slowly B. happily C. beautifully D. quickly

29. A. stopped B. asked C. wondered D. told

30. A. more slowly B. much faster C. less faster D. much slowly三、阅读理解（共 **15** 小题，每小题 **2** 分，共计 **30** 分）

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Do you know extreme（极限的）sports? Extreme sports are often dangerous. But many people like them. A lot of people want to do them , even women. Do you know why? One said, “Because they can make me look very cool.” Do you think so? Read about them below. Then you can know a lot about them.



|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Bungee Jumping:** People on some South Pacific islands did bungee jumping for hundreds of years. In 1979, some people bungee jumped off a bridge in England and made the sport popular around the world.  Bungee jumping came to China in 1996. |
|  | **Skateboarding:** At first, this sport was called “sidewalk surfing”. Skateboarders often jump high into the air, go down steps or slide（滑 动）down rails on their boards. They wear baggy trousers so they can  move more freely. |
|  | **Skydiving:** This is probably the scariest（最惊险的）extreme sport.  Skydivers jump out of airplanes about four kilometers up in the sky.  They usually fall freely for a while and then open a parachute（降落伞）  to slow down for a safe landing. |
|  | **Snowboarding:** This became a winter Olympic sport in 1998. People tied their feet to the board with special shoes. They don‟t use any ski sticks. Then, they ride down hills, jump high and do tricks. |



31. Skateboarders wear baggy trousers so that .

A. they look cool B. they are safe

C. they can move more quickly D. they can move more freely

32. Which of the following sports became a winter Olympic sport?

A. Bungee Jumping. B. Skateboarding. C. Skydiving. D. Snowboarding.

33. According to the passage which of the following is true?

A. Bungee Jumping became popular around the world in 1979 and came to China in 1996. B. Many people like extreme sports because the sports are very dangerous.

C. More men want to do extreme sports than women. D. The scariest extreme sport is bungee jumping.

B

Everyone has his own way to learn English. To me, the best way to learn English is to write the new words several times. For example, when I learned the colors or the numbers or even the names of our clothes, I always write each new word five or ten times! This helps me a lot!

It‟s also a good idea to talk with our friends or teacher in class in English. We can practise the new vocabulary and we can learn from the mistakes during our speech at the same time.

Next advice is to read a lot, not only books but newspapers and magazines! When you are reading, even if you don‟t understand the meaning of the word, you can still understand the main idea of the passage. And you‟d better try to guess what the word really means!

Finally, if it‟s possible, go to Britain and try to have conversations with native（本国的）

speakers or listen to them speak. Go shopping, go to the dinner, go to a movie or even to a theatre and you will see it is the best way to learn English! You will also have the chance of learning a new

culture（文化）and visiting new places.

34. In this passage, the writer has ideas for us to learn English.

A. two B. three C. four D. five

35. To the writer, the best way to learn English is to .

A. write the new words several times B. talk with students in class

C. read books and newspapers D. go to Britain to talk with people there

36. If you don‟t understand a word when you‟re reading, you‟d better according to the writer.

A. ask your teachers or friends for help

B. look it up in a dictionary

C. guess the meaning of it in the whole passage

D. write the words several times and read it

37. Which is NOT the advantage（优点）when you are in Britain to learn English?

A. You can talk to the native speakers there.

B. You can listen to the people there speak English. C. You can learn a new culture there.

D. You can go shopping freely as you like.

C

My holiday with grandma and grandpa is great! They lived with us in New York, but they moved to Ariz when I was five. Dad usually visits them. He is sending me to stay with them for a

two-week holiday.

This is my first time to travel by myself. On the plane, I study the picture from grandma. It‟s a picture of an old village and the village is on top of a tall hill. It looks high, and I am not sure I can climb so high.

Grandpa meets me at the airport. When we drive away from the city, I look at the beauty of the place new to me. Soon we get to my grandparents‟ village. We are so high up, I feel like a bird!

Grandma is waiting for us at the door of a building. “Joe, this is called a „**pueblo**‟. The

buildings are made from stones（石头）and earth（泥土）,” she says.

Grandma and grandpa‟s rooms feel cool after standing under the hot sun. Grandma says that

the stones keep the rooms cool. After dinner we take a walk outside.

I really like meeting the people here. One man helps me make an earth vase（花瓶）for Mom. The children ask me to their ball games. Sometimes I help grandpa and his friends work on the farm. I feel I am part of a big family in our village **in the sky**. It is hard to leave my grandparents when my two weeks are over.

38. Who meets the writer at the airport?

A. Grandma. B. Grandpa. C. The writer‟s parents. D. Dad.

39. The writer calls his visit “A Visit in the sky” because .

A. the village is on top of a tall hill

B. the writer goes to visit by plane

C. the writer sees many birds living there

D. the life of people in the village is very different

40. The underlined word “**pueblo**” is the name for .

A. the game B. the village C. the hill D. the building

41. From the passage we know that .

A. the writer loves living in the village

B. the writer‟s parents miss him very much

C. the people in the village like watching ball games

D. the people in the village make a living by making baskets

D

John is thirteen now. He began to study in a middle school two years ago. His home is in a small village and it‟s nearly five kilometers from the school. He has to get up early in the morning. After a quick breakfast he has to run to school and get there on time. His father hopes to borrow some money to buy a bike for him, but he knows his mother is always ill and his father spends much money on medicine. He doesn‟t agree with his father and keeps running there every day. Now he‟s very strong. He is never late for class and his teachers often praise him.

Last week there was a sports meeting in his school. John ran faster than any other boy and won the boy‟s 800 meters, 1, 500 meters and 3, 000 meters. The whole school knew him. He was very happy. He told his grandma about the good news as soon as he got home.

“ I broke two school records（记录）today, Granny,” called out the boy.

To his surprise, the old woman wasn‟t happy. She thought for a while and said, “I‟m sorry to hear that. We have no money to pay for them, you know!”

42. John began to study in a middle school at the age of .

A. nine B. eleven C. thirteen D. fifteen

43. John runs to school every day in order to .

A. keep healthy B. win the boy‟s race

C. get to school on time D. make his teachers happy

44. John doesn‟t ask his father to buy him a bike because .

A. he doesn‟t like riding a bike B. he doesn‟t like his father

C. his home is near the school D. his family is not rich

45. John‟s grandma wasn‟t happy because .

A. she thought John broke some things in the school and they had to pay for them

B. she thought John didn‟t do well in the school sports meeting

C. John‟s father was poor and he couldn‟t buy a bike for him

D. John‟s mother was ill and they spent much money on medicine

四、任务型阅读 （共 **5** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，共计 **5** 分） 阅读下面的材料，在表格中填入恰当的内容完成文章摘要，每．空．限．填．一．词．。

Hi, David,

Guess what? I‟m writing to you from Beijing! It‟s my first summer holiday abroad, and here I‟m in China! I‟m going to learn Chinese for two weeks at a summer camp. Then my parents are going to join me here. I plan to spend another two weeks here and go on a tour around the country with them. It‟s going to be very exciting! We‟re going to visit the Great Wall and the Palace Museum in Beijing. Then we‟re going to be in Xi‟an from July 24th to 27th. My dad says he‟s going to take lots of photos of the Terracotta Warriors. After that, we‟re going to Jiuzhaigou. It‟s famous for its beautiful mountains and clear lakes. Our last stop on the trip is Sanya. My mum‟s going to spend lots of time on the beach, but I‟m going to swim in the sea every day.

OK, I have to go. I‟m going to meet my Chinese penfriend, Daming. He‟s going to take me to

the Bird‟s Nest tonight. There‟s going to be a rock concert there. I can‟t wait!

Yours, David

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| --- | --- |
| Tim‟s Plan for Summer Holiday | To learn Chinese for 46 weeks at a summer camp. |
| To visit the Great Wall and the Palace Museum with his 47 . |
| To stay in Xi‟an from July 24th to 48 . |
| To 49 in the sea of Sanya. |
| To enjoy the concert in the Birds Nest with his pen friend, 50 . |

五、词汇运用（共 **15** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，共计 **15** 分）

A. 用方框中所给单词或词组的适当形式填空，每词仅用一次。

wide pronounce careful west warm up

51. It‟s a good idea to spell and new words aloud every day.

52. Our English teacher often speaks slowly and .

53. Quzhou is in the of Zhejiang Province.

54. The streets in Quzhou are much than before.

55. We all arrive at the playground early so that we have time to .

B. 根据短文和所给中文提示，写出空白处各单词的正确形式，每空限填一词。

When I was a student in the middle school, I was a 56 （害羞的）girl. Especially when the teacher asked me to speak in front of the class, I was so afraid of making a 57 （错误）. That‟s why I lost lots of 58 （机会）to show myself and I was not very happy. What a 59 （遗憾）! But in fact, I was not a 60 （粗心的）girl and I always try to do everything right. But now, I‟m a student in the 61 （大学）, so I‟m 62 （改善）myself. I meet a good teacher Ms. Huang. She always asks us to tell stories or show our ideas in class. It is very 63 （令人放松的）, so I decide to speak more often than 64 （通常的）. I believe that I won‟t 65 （打败）myself

any more in the future.

六、语法填空（共 **10** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，共计 **10** 分） 阅读下面短文，按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求，在空白处填入一个适当的

词或使用括号中词语的正确形式填空。

Our life 66 (become) better and better. It is 67 (real) different from that 20 years ago. Some people have a lot of money. They buy houses 68 a swimming pool. They wear beautifully and look successful. 69 (they) houses are larger and more comfortable. Their cars are bigger and 70 (expensive) than the others‟. Your family is not as rich as theirs. Your house is smaller 71 theirs. But you don‟t need 72 (care) about these. The most important thing for you to do is to work hard.

I think you 73 (be) a successful man like them in 20 years if you work hard from now on. You will have hobbies like taking photos and playing 74 piano. You will take a trip if you

have free time. And I believe when you get success, you will help 75 (other) in the world, especially the people in the poor area.

七、书面表达 （共 **1** 小题，**A** 组每小题 **2** 分，**B** 组 **14** 分，共计 **20** 分）

A. 翻译下列句子。

76. 在我们这个城市，夏天比冬天更长。

77. 女孩通常比男孩跑得慢。

78. 让我们尽可能地多说英语。

B. 假设你是 Li Hua，你的英国笔友 Ben 对中国文化很感兴趣，想学习汉语，向你寻求帮助。

请你给他写封 email，给他几条学习汉语的建议。字数 70 词左右。开头和结尾已经给出，不 计入词数。

Dear Ben,

I‟m so glad you are interested in Chinese.

Welcome to Quzhou!

Yours, Li Hua