

**2017~2018学年陕西西安碑林区西铁一中初二上学期月考英语试卷**

**完形填空**

**1. A**

Ants are some of the most amazing things on the planet. There are 1 things we do not know about them. Scientists discovered an 2 new fact about these tiny insects. 3 about the way ants navigate

（导航）-the way they get from A to B 4 getting lost. An international group of scientists say ants can walk in a straight line along a compass （ 指 南 针 ） route, whatever direction they are facing. The BBC said it is the same as, "trying to find your way home while walking backwards （向后）". Scientists say ants do this 5 the position of the sun, their past memories and 6 they can see around them. The scientists studied desert

（ 沙 漠 ） ants. They published their report in the magazine. They said, "Ants can nevigate over long distances

（ 距 离 ） 7 their nest and food sites." They did this even when the scientists put obstacles （ 障 碍） 8 and when they had to pull food while walking backward. Professor Webb said, "Ants have a tiny brain, less than the size of a pinhead. Yet they can navigate 9 under many difficult conditions. She said we can learn many things from ants, " 10 their behavior gives us new insights into brain function （功能） and has inspired （启迪） us to build robot systems that mimic （模仿） their functions."

1. A. so many B. such many C. so few D. such few

2. A. amazing B. amazed C. bored D. boring

3. A. There're B. It's C. Its D. They're

4. A. with B. without C. before D. after

5. A. by using B. with using C. to use D. by use

6. A. which B. who C. what D. that

7. A. from B. in C. between D. on

8. A. out of their way B. by the way C. along their way D. in their way

9. A. success B. successful C. successfully D. succeed

10. A. Understand B. understood C. Understands D. Understanding

**2. B**

When I was in third grade, I was picked to be the princess （公主） in the school play.

For weeks my mother helped me 1 my lines （台词）. But once on stage, every 2 disappeared from my head. My teacher asked me to change roles and be the narrator （解说员）.

Though I didn't tell my mother what had happened that day, she 3 my unhappiness and asked if I

wanted to take a walk in the yard.

It was a lovely spring day. We could see dandelions popping （蒲公英） 4 the grass, as if a painter had touched our landscape with bits of gold. I watched my mother carelessly 5 by some flowers. "I think I am going to dig （挖） up all these weeds （野草）," she said.

"But I like dandelions," I said. "All flowers are lively-even dandelions!"

My mother looked at me 6 . "Yes, every flower shines in its own way, doesn't it?" she said. I nodded. " 7 that is true of people, too,' she added.

She had guessed my 8 . I started to cry and told her the truth.

"You will be a beautiful narrator," she said, reminding me of how much I loved to read stories aloud to her. Over the next few weeks, I learned to take pride in the role. The big day finally 9 . A few minutes

before the play, my teacher came over to me. "Your mother asked me to give this to you," she said, handing me

a dandelion. After the play, I took the flower home, 10 that I was perhaps the only person who would keep

such a weed.

1. A. write B. practice C. offer D. train

2. A. word B. picture C. story D. action

3. A. noticed B. touched C. heard D. reached

4. A. cross B. off C. through D. out

5. A. put out B. go over C. show up D. bend down (蹲下)

6. A. sadly B. carelessly C. seriously D. surprisingly

7. A. But B. Or C. So D. And

8. A. worry B. pain C. nervousness D. wonder

9. A. went B. ran C. came D. appeared

10. A. laughing B. crying C. wondering D. looking

**阅读理解**

**3. A**

阅读下面一篇短文，判断下列句子是否符合短文内容，符合的用 "T" 表示，不符合的用 "F" 表示。

Last week, I went to Sanya for my holidays. I didn't do any plan before I went to Sanya. I wanted to relax myself thoroughly and walked freely. So I packed my luggage simply on Saturday morning and left from my city. Two hours later, I arrived in Sanya. It was the first time that I saw the sea. I like the mountains and the sea. I had already climbed many mountains. I was very happy when I saw the sea. When I got on the bus from the airport, the driver asked me where I wanted to go. "I only want to walk freely by the sea," I answered. So the driver smiled and said "no problem". We talked a lot on the road. He introduced the scenery spot about the city to me.

I felt lucky to meet him. When the bus arrived at the seaside, I got off the bus and said "thanks" to him. It

seemed that we would meet the next day. (The driver also said "thank you" to me. He said it because of my trust

in him.) This is an amazing experience I will never forget. I want to visit there again.

1. The writer went to Sanya by plane.

2. The writer went to Sanya to climb the mountain.

3. The driver said "thank you" because he trusted the writer.

4. The writer didn't enjoy this trip to Sanya.

5. According to the passage we can learn that the bus driver was very friendly.

**4. B**

A good book can teach you things beyond your class. It can open your eyes and clear your minds. If you want to get into a good reading habit, there are a number of ways to develop **it**.

**Plan your time**

You should give yourself at least thirty minutes in all to read every day. When time is set, nothing can change it. For example, make it a habit to read during breakfast or lunch time.

**Always carry a hook**

Wherever you go, take a book with you. When you leave the house, make sure that you always earn a good book as well as your school things. Remember that a book always stays with you.

**Find a quiet place**

Find a place in your home where you can sit in a comfortable chair. When you read a book, make sure no one will trouble you. There should be no televisions, computers, music or even noisy family members around you.

**Have a library card**

Have a library card, and you can read as many good books as possible in the library. Make it a weekly trip to the library. You can save a lot of money.

**Blog it**

One of the best ways to develop a good reading habit is to put it on your blog. If you don t have one, create one. It's free. Ask your friends and family to go there to share your ideas and offer you suggestions.

（1） The underlined word "it" in the first paragraph refers to .

A. a good book

B. a good way

C. a good reading habit

D. a class

（2） What is not true according to the passage?

A. We should find a quiet place to read.

B. We can read many good books in the library.

C. We should spend at least half an hour reading every day.

D. We can't use the blog to develop a good reading habit.

（3） The passage mainly tells us .

A. some ways to develop a good reading habit.

B. some ways to choose good books.

C. how to find a quiet place to read books.

D. how to use blogs to develop a good reading habit.

**5. C**

I started to love running as a young boy. I loved to race my father and my sister around the backyard. I wished I could run in the Olympics and win lots of medals. One day my mother saw an advertisement for a race in a newspaper. "Would you be interested in taking part in this race?" she asked me, pointing to the advertisement. "Yes, of course." I answered. I spent the next few days practicing for my big race. My sister set up a table in the backyard, so she could offer me water and time me. On the day of the race, just before the race, my dad said to me, "Don't use up all your energy at the beginning of the race. You need to have energy so you can run much faster at the end." The race began. Following Dad's words, I didn't run as fast as I could. Then the other runners started passing me, which made me feel nervous. I began to feel tired, and I started slowing down and breathing harder. Just at that moment I heard, "Come on, Kelly! You can do it! Don't give up keep running!" Out of the corner of my eyes I saw Dad running beside me around the outside of the track （ 跑 道 ） . I took a deep breath and tried my best to go on running. I didn't win the race. I came fifth, but I felt like a winner. I had done my best, and I hadn't given up. Later, as I thought about the race, I felt thankful that my dad had never left my side. He always encourages me when I feel like giving up, I'll remember my dad's words forever, "Never give up. You can be a winner, even if you lose."

（1） A table was set in the backyard for the writer .

A. to eat some food

B. to take photos

C. to have a rest

D. to get water

（2） After getting the fifth, the writer .

A. hated his father very much because his father asked him not to use up his energy.

B. felt thankful because his father always encouraged him.

C. decided not to run anymore in future.

D. was very sad because he didn't win the race.

（3） What can we know about the race?

A. the writer gave up running in the race.

B. The writer's father ran beside him.

C. The writer didn't run as fast as he could at the beginning because he was tired.

D. The writer took part in the Olympics and won lots of medals.

**6. D**

An Indian movie about two sisters has become popular in China. Its name is Dangal 《摔跤吧，爸爸》. It has earned almost $170million in China since it was shown there on May5 ． It is the most popular non-holly wood foreign film shown in China. China is the world's second-largest movie market after the United States. But most of the-foreign films shown in China come from US production companies. Dangal tells a true story of a man who enjoyed the sport of wrestling. As a wrestler, he never could achieve his lifelong dream: winning a gold medal. He wanted his son to win the medal. But his wife only gives birth to daughters. So finally he decides to train them to be world-class wrestlers. The movie is more serious than many Bollywood productions. Most tell happy stories and include colorful music and dance performances. Some people say that the strict theme in the film is something Chinese people can easily understand. A professor named Edward Chan at Hong Kong Polytechnic University says, "I think the father role portrayed in the movie in India is quite similar to the traditional culture in China." Another professor Tansen Sen, at the City University of New York, said that the film's parent-child relationships are well understood in China, along with the interest in sports. Aamir Khan told a magazine he never imagined the movie would be such a big success in China.

（1） What's his father's dream?

A. To win a gold medal

B. To train her daughters

C. To make a lot of money

D. To spend much time with her daughter

（2） Why do Chinese people like this film?

A. Because it has colorful music and dance performances.

B. Because it is more serious than the other films.

C. Because it has similar culture to China.

D. Because it is a love story.

（3） The underlined word "portrayed" means in Chinese.

A. 成功

B. 刻画

C. 复述

D. 传播

（4） Where may you see the article?

A. In a storybook

B. In a textbook

C. In a shopping website.

D. In a movie magazine

**完成句子**

**7.** 根据所给中文意思，完成下列各句。

（1） 你越认真，你犯的错误就会越少。

The more careful you are, the you will make.

（2） 有一个小女孩在找她的妈妈。

There is a little girl her mother.

（3） 他们已经制作了数百部优秀电影如《追梦环游记》

They have made excellent movies like Coco.

（4） 我们相信如果我们采取措施保护环境，未来雾霾将会减少。

We believe that there will be less haze in the future if we do something to protect the .

（5） Peter长大后想当一名飞行员。

Peter wants be to be a pilot when he .

**短文填空**

**8.** danger, own, send, they, patients, hear, difference, America, factory, strong

The first robot was invented in the 1920s. Robots have appeared in many 1 films. In some films, they are 2 , faster and cleverer than people. In real life, robots are mainly used in 3 . They do some 4 and difficult jobs for humans. Robots also help them. In the future, guide dogs might be robot dogs. One kind of robot guide dog has wheels. It moves in front of its 5 . It is very clever. It knows the speed of its owner's walk. The owner wears a special belt. The belt 6 instructions to the owner from the dog, such as "Stop here" "Turn left" or "Turn right". In the United States, another kind of robot helps disabled people to take care of themselves in 7 daily life. After 8 the sound of its owner's voice, the robot follows instructions such as "Turn the page" or "Make a cup of coffee". Robots are also used in hospitals of the USA ． They can do simple jobs. At one hospital, for example, a robot takes meals from the kitchen to 9 rooms. It never gets lost because this robot has a map of the hospital in its computer memory. Though robots can help people in many 10 ways, they will never take the place of humans.

**任务型阅读**

**9.** From Nov 8 to 10, US President Donald Trump paid his first state visit （ 国 事 访 问 ） to China. His visit was

described as a "state visit plus" because of the special arrangements （ 安 排 ） . The welcoming ceremony included not only a group of Chinese primary school students but also 10 US schoolchildren. At the Great Hall of the People, Trump, and his wife Melania Trump enjoyed n special performance of the traditional Chinese musical instrument bianzhong, which is not common for a welcoming ceremony and talks. Also, Xi and first lady Peng

Liyuan met for tea and enjoyed Peking Opera with Trump and his wife at the Palace Museum. This is the first

time that the museum has hosted the Chinese president and his wife together with a visiting presidential couple from another country, noted China Daily. The "state visit plus" treatment for Trump showed both China and the US would like to improve China-US relationship. Trump expressed thanks to Xi, saying "there can be no more important subject than China-US relations. Together with Trump, there were 29 US business leaders coming to look for business opportunities, like the CEO of Boeing Commercial Airplanes （ 波 音 商 用 飞 机 ） , reported People's Daily. During Trump's three-day visit, they signed 34 deals （协议） worth 1.7 trillion yuan with Chinese companies like Xiaomi Corp. China-US relations are "at a new historic starting point", and cooperation （合作） is "the only correct way" for the two countries, Xi said at a meeting between the two leaders.

（1） How many days did Trump stay in China?

He stayed in China for .

（2） What musical instrument was used in the performance at the Great Hall of the People to welcome the First Family of the USA?

was used.

（3） Where do the students in the welcoming ceremony come from?

They come from .

（4） What did the "state visit plus" treatment for Trump show?

It showed the two countries .

（5） Why did 29 US business leaders come to China with President Trump?

Because they wanted to .

**补全对话**

**10.** A: Hello, Bob. Long time no see!

B: Hello, Alice. Nice to meet you! A: 1 .

B: The future? Well, we computers. 2 . A: You think so? What else will we do?

B: 3 .

A: Holidays? Where will we go? B: 4 .

A: The Mars? 5 .

B: Because that's much more interesting on the Mars.

A. What are you going to do in the future?

B. And we don't have to go to school.

C. Why don't we take a vacation on the earth?

D. How about going to the Mars?

E. We'll take long holidays.

F. We're going to the moon.

G. What's your prediction for the future?

**11.** A: Hi, Peter. What are you doing?

B: I am reading a book. A: 1 ?

B: It has to do with the future. A: 2 ?

B: In the future, there will be more pollution and the earth will be in danger. We should do something to save the earth.

A: 3 ?

B: We can do lots of things, such as taking the subways less, writing on both sides of paper and not using plastic bags.

A: Oh, the book seems very interesting and educational. I want to read it. Do you mind lending it to me? B: 4 . Here you are. You can have it for a week.

A: Thank you very much.

A: 5 .

**书面表达**

**12.** 假如你是李明，是我校一名男生。新年快到了，请根据表格信息，给你在美国的新笔友Joe写一封信，介绍一下你自己的情

况。

要求：1．字数不少70词。（开头和结尾已给出，但不计入总词数）

2．请不要逐句翻译，可适当发挥。

3．书写工整，涂抹勾画不得超出两处。 姓名 李明

年龄 13岁

外貌 很高，班里最瘦，戴眼镜 爱好 摄影

未来理想 当一名演员

新年决心 ①增强体质，多锻炼，吃更健康的食物②提高自己，培养新的爱好——唱歌 Dear Joe,

I am glad to write this letter to you. My name is

That's all about myself. I want to know something about you. Can you write to me soon?

Yours,

Li Ming