

英语学科试卷 2018.11

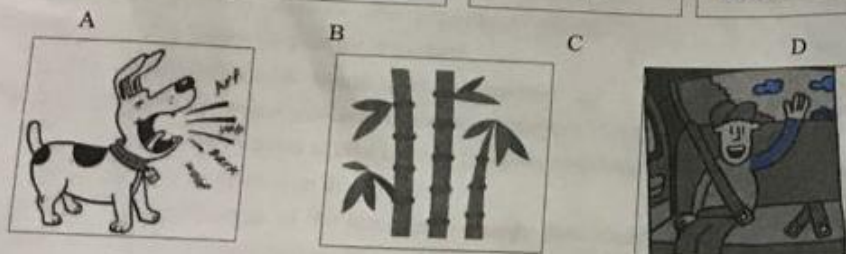
(满分 100 分, 考试时间 90 分钟)

考生注意: 本卷有 7 大题, 共 81 小题。试题均采用连续编号, 所有答案务必按照规定在答题纸上完成, 做在试卷上不给分。

Part 1 Listening (第一部分 听力)

I. Listening comprehension (听力理解) (共 25 分)

A. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片) (5 分)



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案) (6 分)

6. A) Rainy. B) Sunny. C) Snowy. D) Cloudy.
7. A) \$800. B) \$600. C) \$400. D) \$200.
8. A) Swimming shorts. B) Shirt. C) Black trousers. D) Coat.
9. A) On the table. B) In the bag. C) On the chair. D) In the man's hand.
10. A) A policeman. B) A teacher. C) A vet. D) An engineer.
11. A) Online shopping. B) Photo taking. C) Online safety. D) An interesting App.

C. Listen to the dialogue and tell whether the following statements are true or false (判断下列句子是否符合你听到的对话内容, 符合的用“T”表示, 不符合的用“F”表示) (6 分)

12. Mr. Kealy is calling to complain about the rude staff of ABC service centre.

13. A week ago, Mr. Kealy ordered a washing machine by phone.

14. Mr. Kealy's order number is ABC 1005.
15. The washing machine was supposed to be delivered today.
16. The service center agreed to give Mr. Kealy a refund.
17. The woman ended the conversation by expressing her thanks.

D. Listen to the passage and complete the following sentences (听短文, 完成下列内容。每空格限填一词) (8 分)

18. The Happy Farms company sells _____.
19. Grand's goal is to connect people with their friends _____.
20. In Farm Ville, the players grow vegetables and _____.
21. Later, the players become _____, and Happy Farms' sales go up.

Part 2 Phonetics, Vocabulary and Grammar

(第二部分 语音、词汇和语法)

II. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案) (共 15 分)

22. Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation?
A) joke B) pole C) control D) common
23. Caring for _____ elderly is one of the responsibilities of the medical workers.
A) a B) an C) the D) /
24. After I read the book, I became interested _____ Greek and Roman mythology.
A) in B) with C) at D) on
25. Remember, big dogs need _____ walks than small ones.
A) long B) longer C) longest D) the longest
26. Some people think pizza was first made in Greece, while _____ believe that it is an Italian invention.
A) other B) others C) the other D) the others
27. Organic tea tastes _____ but sometimes it costs more than non-organic tea.
A) good B) well C) badly D) terribly
28. I didn't have much _____ of Greek cultures and societies.
A) article B) example C) review D) knowledge
29. The rain kept _____ until the sea was filled and the land was covered.
A) fall B) falling C) to fall D) to falling
30. - Would you like to see the play *And Then There Were None* with me?
- Yes, I'd love to. I _____ it yet.
A) didn't see B) don't see C) won't see D) haven't seen
31. _____ the key card in your hotel room. Leave it at the reception desk.
A) No leave B) Not leave C) Don't leave D) No leaving
32. I reached the counter and took my purse out _____ there was no money in it.
A) so B) or C) but D) for
33. - What should a goldfish be fed? Is candy OK?
- No! It _____ be fed candy. Give it shrimp or cooked rice.
A) doesn't have to B) may not C) needn't D) can't

34. In most high schools in US, students are not required _____ school uniforms.
A) wear B) wore C) to wear D) wearing
35. _____ we had a map, we couldn't find the museum easily.
A) Although B) Since C) Unless D) When

36. - _____
- Personally I definitely think that it's an essential part of our lives now.
A) Shall I help you with the computer? B) How do you feel about computer?
C) What's wrong with the computer? D) Why don't you use the computer?

III. Complete the following passage with the words in the box. Each can only be used once
(将下列单词填入空格。每空格限填一词，每词只能填一次) (共 8 分)

(A)

A. prefer B. perfect C. alive D. swept E. argue

Many believe that when a country improves its technology, the traditional skills and ways of life die out. Many would agree and many would disagree. It is true that technology has _____ 37 the world and no one can imagine living without technology in this era. But traditions don't have to die necessarily.

People _____ 38 traditional dishes when they go out to eat at restaurants. People decorate their homes in traditional ways. Traditional ways and skills have become an escape point from the problems caused by modern technology.

Many people _____ 39 that it is useless to save traditional skills. Why is it useless? Traditional skills keep our culture _____ 40 and are the pride of ancestor (祖先) deeds. Traditional ways of living are usually environment-friendly and the base for using modern technology.

(B)

A. generation B. general C. completely D. produce E. screens

Nowadays, more and more people are getting glued to the _____ 41 of their mobiles and laptops. Not only youth but the older _____ 42 is also getting addicted to the Internet.

Traditions connect people. It's up to us to what degree we want to save our traditions. For example, human labor has been replaced in factories or industries to _____ 43 traditional clothes. People still wear saris, dhotis and other traditional clothes. It's just that with advancement in technology, the production has become easier.



Yes, many traditional skills and many traditions are disappearing. But technology and traditions can go hand in hand. Technology has surely erased many traditions but it is impossible to _____ 44 make traditions die out.

IV. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的适当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词) (共 6 分)

45. We both wear glasses, but my eyesight is worse than _____. (you)
46. When the problem happens, speak to the _____ or write to the director. (manage)
47. I don't think doctors are paid enough for doing such a _____ job. (responsibility)
48. I think starting up a Chinese restaurant in this area is likely to _____. (success)
49. Hera helped Jason get back to the island _____, where Pelius was waiting for him. (safe)
50. The fact that he didn't speak English put him at a _____ during the visit. (advantage)

V. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求，完成下列句子。每空格限填一词) (共 10 分)

51. Pet dogs need to be washed once a week. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ pet dogs _____ to be washed once a week?
52. My uncle has been fishing with birds since he was 18. (对划线部分提问)
_____ has your uncle been fishing with birds?
53. We worked very hard in order to finish quickly. (保持句意基本不变)
We worked very hard _____ we could finish quickly.
54. They built temples to honour Greek gods. (改为被动语态)
Temples _____ to honour Greek gods.
55. a good idea, before bedtime, it is, to use your phone, never (连词成句)

Part 3 Reading and Writing (第三部分 读写)

VI. Reading comprehension (阅读理解) (共 26 分)

A. Choose the best answer (根据短文内容，选择最恰当的答案) (6 分)

A businessman had a bird which he kept in a cage. He was going to India, the land from where the bird came. He asked the bird whether he could bring anything back for him. Instead, the bird asked for his freedom, but was refused. Then he asked the businessman to visit a jungle in India and announce his captivity (囚禁) to the free birds who were there.



The businessman did so, and almost immediately after he had spoken, a wild bird, just like his own, fell senseless out of a tree and landed on the ground near his feet. The businessman thought that this must be a relative of his own bird, and felt sad that he should have caused this death.

When he got home, the bird asked him whether he had brought good news from India. "No," said the businessman, "I fear that my news is bad. One of your relatives collapsed and fell at my feet when I mentioned your captivity."

As soon as these words were spoken, the businessman's bird collapsed and fell to the bottom of the cage. "The news of his relative's death has killed him too," thought the businessman. Sadly he picked up the bird and put it on the window-sill. At once the bird got up and flew to a nearby tree. "Now you know," he said, "that what you thought was disaster was in fact _____ 60. The message you brought back was actually telling me how to free myself."

And he flew away, free at last.

56. Where did the bird come from?
A) A cage. B) A nearby land. C) An Indian jungle. D) Not mentioned.
57. What does the underlined part "did so" refer to?
A) set off for the India jungle B) did what his bird had told him
C) set the cage bird free D) captured another wild bird
58. What did the bird do after hearing the message the business man brought back?
A) He took his own life. B) He flew out of the cage.
C) He pretended to be dead. D) He couldn't say a word.

59. How would the businessman feel when he saw the bird fly to a nearby tree?
A) Shocked. B) Frightened. C) Excited. D) Relaxed.
60. What best fits the blank?
A) a test for you B) a warning for me
C) part of my plan D) good news for me
61. The text is probably _____.
A) a myth B) a fable C) science fiction D) a detective story

B. Choose the best answer and complete the passage (选择最恰当的选项完成短文) (6分)

I'm a member of my school's debate team. 62, we had a debate about an important topic. For a long time, there has been a *ban* (禁令) on using smartphones during class. The school's *administration* (行政) was thinking about changing the rules. 63, they had different opinions over this issue. So they asked the debate team for help.

The debate team was divided into two sides. I was on the side for changing the rules. The other side was for 64 the ban. We were given a week to prepare our arguments.

Our side made several good points. First, students can use their smartphones for 65. Students can do research, look up new words in the dictionaries, and use a calculator with their phones.

Also, changing the rules would teach students *self-discipline* (自律). If any student uses their phone in class for other purposes, it should be 66. Students can easily learn why following rules are important.





Finally, changing the rules would make the teachers' job 67. They wouldn't have to collect and return phones every day. They also wouldn't need to wait for students to take out and put away various school supplies. Everything they need is on their phones.

Our side convinced some of the teachers to change their minds. A week later, the administration voted to change the rules.

62. A) Luckily B) Actually C) Recently D) Suddenly
63. A) Therefore B) However C) What's more D) In other words
64. A) cancelling B) introducing C) removing D) continuing
65. A) communication B) education C) entertainment D) emergency
66. A) picked up B) turned on C) taken away D) called back
67. A) easier B) safer C) more popular D) more independent

C. Fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词, 使其通顺。每空格限填一词, 首字母已给) (7分)

There are so many things around us that make life more convenient. What might life be like without them? We asked our readers what they thought were the most 68 inventions from the past. Here are their top four.

	It all starts here. If you haven't got wheels, you can't go anywhere or get anything! We need them for every type of vehicle. They take us to <u>69</u> we have never been to and bring things fast. They're used for operating many kinds of machines. Wheels were used as <u>70</u> back as 3000 BC.
	Imagine it's extremely cold or extremely hot. If you want some water, you've got to go to the well or a <i>pump</i> (抽水机). Or even worse, your toilet is <u>71</u> the house. Before indoor plumbing, people had to do this. Try to think about all the times you turn on the water in your home every day. The ancient Greeks <u>72</u> it nearly 4,000 years ago. Unfortunately, there are still some countries where they haven't got it.
	Until 1879, candles or oil lamps were used for lighting. But then Thomas Edison developed the bulb. Walk around your home and count how many light bulbs you see. They're <u>73</u> - even inside your fridge!
	You might use one of these to do your homework, organise your schedule or read a magazine. But computers are also used for running things that you use every day. There are <u>74</u> computers inside cars, microwave ovens, TV sets and DVD players. Charles Babbage invented the first computing machine in 1822 but it has changed a lot since then.

These are the readers' top four. What do you think is the fifth?

D. Answer the questions (根据短文内容回答下列问题) (7分)

The domestic dog is one of the world's most popular pets. There are over 150 breeds, or types, of dogs. Most scientists agree that dogs evolved from wolves - about 15,000 years ago.

Many of the dog breeds we know today evolved over the years. Some became shorter and heavier. Some gradually had longer or shorter fur. Many of these changes happened naturally. However, many breeds came about because people purposely bred them to do different jobs.

Poodles Because poodles often have fancy haircuts, many people think of them as the "super models" of the dog world. However, poodles are really working dogs. They are strong and smart, and they are good swimmers and hunters. Poodles often work as guard dogs, too.

Jack Russell Terriers Jack Russell Terriers are small dogs. However, they are one of the hardest working breeds. Many Jack Russell Terriers today are pets. But a hundred years ago, these dogs had an important job: to keep rats and mice off farms.

Italian Greyhounds The Italian Greyhound is an old dog breed. These dogs were popular with kings and queens in Europe over 500 years ago. Do you know why? With no electricity, the castles of Europe were very cold. People used Italian greyhounds to warm their beds before they went to sleep.

75. Dog breeds never change, do they?
76. When did wolves turn into dogs?
77. According to the article, which dog is good at swimming?
78. Why did farmers a hundred years ago like **Jack Russell Terriers**?
79. Why were the castles in old days very cold?
80. Which of the three dogs would you like as a pet? Give your point and reason(s).

VII. Writing (作文) (共 10 分)

81. In 60-100 words, write a story about the dog in the picture. The beginning of the story has been given. (根据所给图片, 写一篇 60-100 词的关于图中小狗的故事, 标点符号不占格。故事的开头已给出。)

The following **ideas** are for reference only:

- have good adventures
- go to different places (see, hear, smell ...)
- return home

The story begins like this:

Brian thought of himself as a very good pet. However, Peter, his owner, was sometimes too busy to play with him.

So Brian decided to take a day off from being a pet.

One warm, sunny day, Brian left home and got on a city bus.

