

2019届安徽省九年级上学期期中联考 英语 RJ(试题卷)

注意事项:

1. 本试卷共四部分,十一大题,满分150分。考试时间为120分钟。
2. 全卷共有试题卷8页,答题卷2页。请将答案填写在答题卷上。
3. 考试结束后,请将试题卷和答题卷一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共五大题,满分30分)

I. 关键词语选择(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

你将听到五个句子。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个你所听到的单词或短语。每个句子读两遍。

- | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. report | B. repeat | C. repair |
| 2. A. cotton | B. corn | C. corner |
| 3. A. novel | B. nose | C. travel |
| 4. A. hit | B. hurt | C. heat |
| 5. A. put on | B. put off | C. put out |

II. 短对话理解(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

你将听到十段对话,每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

6. What is Steven looking for?



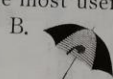
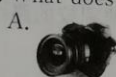
7. What may the speakers buy for their father?



8. What's on the table?



9. What does Amy think is the most useful invention?



10. What is Jerry good at?



11. Where will the woman go next?

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| A. To the restaurant. | B. To the station. |
|-----------------------|--------------------|

12. What did the man use to do in his spare time?

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| A. Watch movies. | B. Play games. |
|------------------|----------------|

C. To the bookstore.

C. Read books.

13. How long did the man stay in France?
A. For three days. B. For five days. C. For one week.
14. What does the boy advise the girl to do?
A. Speak English with others.
B. Watch English programs.
C. Keep a diary.
15. Where is the handbag made?
A. In Shanghai. B. In Beijing. C. In Shenzhen.

III. 长对话理解(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)
你将听到两段对话,每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第16至17小题。

16. What's the weather like today?
A. Sunny and hot. B. Windy and cold. C. Rainy and cool.
17. What won't the girl wear?
A. A cap. B. A jacket. C. Gloves.

听下面一段对话,回答第18至20小题。

18. What is the relationship between the two speakers?
A. Mother and son. B. Teacher and student. C. Classmates.
19. How soon is the Spring Festival coming?
A. In two months. B. In no more than 20 days. C. In more than 20 days.
20. What will the girl do as soon as she gets home?
A. Give the boy a call. B. Have a party. C. Send the boy a gift.

IV. 短文理解(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

你将听到一篇短文,短文后有五个小题。请根据短文内容,在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。短文读两遍。

21. How did Helen get to the clothes store?
A. By bus. B. By subway. C. By bike.
22. When did the clothes store open?
A. Last Friday. B. Last Saturday. C. Last Sunday.
23. Who did Helen and her friend ask for help?
A. A driver. B. A woman. C. A student.
24. Where is the clothes store?
A. Between the flower store and the post office.
B. Between the post office and the bookstore.
C. Between the bookstore and the fruit store.
25. What did Helen buy for her father?
A. A sweater. B. A tie. C. A shirt.

V. 信息转换(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容,写出下面表格中所缺的单词,每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

Douglas Engelbart	
Date of birth	On 26. _____ 30, 1925
Time of death	On July 2, 2013
Country	27. _____
Job	An inventor as well as an early computer and Internet 28. _____
Achievements	He is best known for inventing the 29. _____ and the invention was shown to the public in 30. _____.

第二部分 英语知识运用(共两大题,满分 45 分)

VI. 单项填空(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

31. —Alice, could you help me find out who invented the eraser?
—Never mind. I'll turn on my computer right now.
A. Never mind B. My pleasure C. I think so D. Don't mention it
32. —Wow! What a beautiful postcard! Who sent it to you?
—My cousin. She's taking a trip in Austria at the moment.
A. course B. bookstore C. postcard D. invention
33. Bob would like to buy this pair of basketball shoes, but he had to give up at last because of his high price.
A. his B. its C. your D. our
34. —Is Helen active in class?
—Yes. She is the quickest one to answer the teacher's questions.
A. active B. patient C. quiet D. creative
35. —Jerry is very careful and hard-working.
—So he is. No matter what he does, he always tries his best to do it.
A. Ever since B. No matter C. Thanks to D. Instead of
36. —Could you please tell me how you can give us a hand?
—Of course. I'm glad to help you.
A. that B. if C. why D. how
37. —I think it's very dangerous to play near this building.
—You're right. The government has warned people not to play here.
A. trained B. warned C. expected D. encouraged
38. —Chuck, I am interested in inventing things. We both are members of our school's invention club.
A. Either; or 要么...要么 B. Neither; nor 既不...也不
C. Both; and 不但...而且 D. Not only; but also
39. —How beautiful lantern!
—So it is. I've never seen such a beautiful one.
A. How B. How a C. What D. What a
40. —The writer is very famous among teenagers.
—So she is. Her books are widely read by teenage boys and girls.
A. slowly B. luckily C. exactly D. widely
41. —How do you help at the old people's home, Toby?
—By singing songs and reading books to them.
A. For B. By C. On D. With
42. Just a moment ago, the big apple was divided into four pieces by Mom.
A. divided B. was divided C. is divided D. has divided
43. The little girl has got used to everything in the new city, but she still misses her friends in her hometown at times.
A. in time B. by the time C. another time D. from time to time
44. People usually make up sky lanterns during the Lantern Festival, wishing that their dreams could come true.
A. make up B. take up C. send out D. work out
45. —I'm going to spend Halloween with my foreign friends, Mom.
—Have fun. But don't forget to come back before 11 pm.
A. Not at all B. It's kind of you C. Have fun D. Sorry to hear that

VII. 完形填空(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面的短文,从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

One day, Mom told us that she wanted to become a plumber(水暖工). After taking 46 for about a year, she was ready to begin working. The problem was that 47

wanted to hire her. All the other plumbers were men, and people didn't believe that women plumbers could be as good as men plumbers. Even the neighbors 48 not hire her.

One day, a plumbing truck 49 at the house of Mrs. Reed, one of our neighbors. Mrs. Reed is 50, old and in a wheelchair. Mom watched as the plumber went in and out of the house. After an hour, he drove the truck away.

Later that day, my little brother came home and asked, "Mom, 51 is there water coming out of Mrs. Reed's house?" Mom took her tools and went to Mrs. Reed's house at once. She knocked on the door, 52 there was no answer. Finally, she broke a window and climbed in. There was Mrs. Reed 53 in the water, unable to get up.

It turned out that the plumber hadn't tightened a pipe (拧紧管子) properly and it was broken. Within a minute, Mom turned off the 54.

Soon the newspaper found out about the hero plumber. Since then, she has been so 55 that she can't keep up with all the work.

She's my mom, the hero plumber. But I just call her Mom.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| 46. A. risks | B. courses | C. forms | D. hands |
| 47. A. everybody | B. somebody | C. anybody | D. nobody |
| 48. A. could | B. would | C. might | D. should |
| 49. A. led | B. hid | C. stopped | D. returned |
| 50. A. rude | B. brave | C. weak | D. smart |
| 51. A. why | B. when | C. where | D. what |
| 52. A. so | B. but | C. because | D. although |
| 53. A. lying | B. jumping | C. playing | D. swimming |
| 54. A. light | B. water | C. radio | D. computer |
| 55. A. bored | B. relaxed | C. busy | D. tired |

B

Where there is a will, there is a way. In history many people were considered by others as being useless, but they became great people in the end.

"We don't like their 56 or guitar music," Decca Recording Company turned down the Beatles in 1962. They couldn't imagine the band would be 57 around the world. Why? Because members of the Beatles 58 that they had the ability to make a name for themselves and worked with confidence all the time.

"Your son Tommy is 59 stupid to learn. Get him out of school." This was 60 the teacher put in a little boy's pocket when he walked home one day. The boy's mother decided to teach the little boy 61 from then on. At that time the mother didn't 62 that her son would achieve so much. However, she kept 63 her son. The little boy is remembered today for his great inventions. He is Thomas Edison.

Michael Phelps, the former American swimmer, continued swimming after the doctor said he had *attention deficit hyperactivity disorder* (多动症). His hard work made him break many world records and become one of the most 64 athletes in the world.

Those people set a good 65 to us. If we have a strong will like them, we can overcome any difficulty, and finally find a way to achieve our dreams. 意志

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|
| 56. A. clothes | B. voices | C. writings | D. courses |
| 57. A. proud | B. terrible | C. friendly | D. popular |
| 58. A. believed | B. decided | C. disagreed | D. wondered |
| 59. A. so | B. as | C. too | D. such |
| 60. A. what | B. where | C. why | D. how |
| 61. A. myself | B. herself | C. himself | D. themselves |
| 62. A. explain | B. require | C. realize | D. promise |
| 63. A. cheering up | B. looking for | C. agreeing with | D. waking up |
| 64. A. polite | B. helpful | C. successful | D. careless |
| 65. A. limit | B. order | C. lesson | D. example |

第三部分 阅读理解(共两大题,满分45分)

Ⅷ. 补全对话(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

根据对话内容,从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项,其中有两个为多余选项。

Cindy: Look! What is that over there?

Steven: Oh, it's a robot.

Cindy: What can it do?

Steven: 66

Cindy: Really? It's amazing!

Steven: Yeah! It can help children practice speaking English.

Cindy: Can it be used at school?

Steven: Yes. 67

Cindy: Can it move?

Steven: Yes. 68 The robot is also able to read books and dance to music.

Cindy: 69

Steven: Of course. Kids love it because the robot is cute and interesting. 70

Cindy: I really want to have an English class like that.

Steven: So do I.

A. Do children like it?

B. When was it invented?

C. The wheels help it move.

D. It can teach children English.

E. I don't like it at all, because it can't play games with children.

F. Almost 30 robots have started teaching English at primary schools in South Korea.

G. Some kids said they felt less nervous talking to the robot than to a real person.

Ⅸ. 阅读理解(共20小题;每小题2分,满分40分)

阅读下列短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

A

Let me share with you three ways of improving your spoken English. Here I will simply introduce their advantages and disadvantages

Listening to English as much as possible

Advantage:

It's very easy. You can do it while exercising, waiting in line, and so on.

Disadvantage:

It's too passive(被动的). Listening alone is not enough. You should do other kinds of speaking practice, too.

Taking English speaking lessons

Advantage:

It helps you have speaking practice. And you can make progress in a few weeks.

Disadvantage:

It is very **limited**. You can only learn the words, phrases, and sentences in the lessons.

Telling a story in your own words after listening to it

Advantage:

There are no limits to how much you can learn. The more you practice, the more you will learn and the larger your vocabulary will be.

Disadvantage:

It can be a little difficult for beginners.

71. The reading above is about English.

A. listening

B. speaking

C. reading

D. writing

72. The underlined word "limited" means "_____ " in Chinese.
☒ A. 有限的 B. 主动的 C. 无效的 D. 广泛的
73. Which of the following ways is NOT talked about?
 A. Listening to English as much as possible.
 B. Taking English speaking lessons.
 C. Reading interesting storybooks.
 D. Telling a story that you have listened to in your own words.
74. Wu Li is a beginner of English. Which way(s) do you think is / are good for her to improve her speaking ability?
 A. Only the first.
 B. ☒ The first and the second.
 C. The second and the third.
 D. The first and the third.

B

Jackie's mother died when she was giving birth to Jackie. Every year, as Mother's Day got near, he would feel very sad and ask himself, "Why don't I have a mother? Why do I miss my mom even though I have never met her?"

Then one Mother's Day, while all the other children were celebrating it with their mothers, Jackie walked along a road and cried sadly. An old woman saw this and asked him what was wrong. Jackie said that it was the saddest day of the year ^{for him} it always made him think about his mother. He didn't have a mother to grow up with. Instead, he lived with his grandparents.

The old woman listened to him carefully. After a while, she said, "You may not have a mother, but don't forget, young boy, Mother's Day is the day we remember ALL mothers everywhere. We honor many things they do for us. Look at that young mother with her two kids. She has to carry the two kids and her groceries (食品杂货) all the way home. She does it out of love for her family. And don't forget that a grandmother is also a mother."

Jackie opened his eyes wide. He began to realize this was a wonderful way to celebrate Mother's Day.

75. Where did the story take place?
 A. On the road.
 B. In Jackie's home.
 C. In a grocery store.
 D. In the old woman's home.
76. Mother's Day was the saddest day for Jackie because _____.
 A. his mother didn't like it
 B. he didn't like his mother
 C. ☒ It reminded him of his mother
 D. he didn't have money to buy gifts for his mother
77. What do you think of the old woman?
 A. Brave.
 B. ☒ Kind.
 C. Strict.
 D. Honest.
78. What would Jackie most probably do after talking with the old woman?
 A. He would say sorry to the old woman.
 B. He would warn the old woman to leave him alone.
 C. ☒ He would go home and say "Happy Mother's Day" to Grandma.
 D. He would go to say "Happy Mother's Day" to the young mother.

C

Many people in America like to send text messages (短信)—it's quick and easy. In fact, according to some studies about texting, most people with cell phones would rather (宁愿) text than make calls. Not only young people but also adults like to send text messages to each other.

Some experts are worried about this. They say that the best communicators can talk and text. They also say it's very important for young people to know how to have face-to-face conversations.

Conversations are very important in normal human relationships. Also, many people in the world still expect a conversation. This can be in person or on the phone.

Do young people hate to talk on the phone? Not really. They just like texting more. And experts also point out that there is nothing wrong with texting among friends. Some people even think texting is good for relationships. The truth is that texting conversations

are not usually about important things.
How can we improve the communication skills of young people who enjoy texting? Parents can help. They can talk with their children face to face. They can show their children when it's OK to text. Also, parents can make rules, for example, "No text messages to people in the same house!"

79. The underlined word "this" refers to "_____".
A. staying at home alone
B. playing with mobile phones too often
C. sending text messages too much
D. making too many calls
80. The passage does not tell us _____.
A. that texting is popular
B. how much it costs to send text messages
C. why experts are worried about young people
D. how to help children communicate better
81. Since conversations are important, young people should _____.
A. talk more on the phone
B. have more conversations with experts
C. send more text messages to their parents
D. improve their communication skills
82. What can we infer(推断) from the passage?
A. Adults don't like to send text messages.
B. Talking face to face is very important.
C. Children should keep away from cell phones.
D. It's impolite to send text messages.

D

There are more than seven billion(十亿) people in the world, but only about two billion of them use the Internet. In some countries of South America half the people have never used a computer.

Rodrigo Baggio is a millionaire(百万富翁) from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, who made his money from computers and the Internet. He decided to do something to help the poor people in his city. He says an idea came to him in a dream. In this dream, he saw young people from the poor parts of the city using computers to improve their lives. Computers were changing the lives of many people, and he wanted everybody to be included in that change.

In 1995 Rodrigo opened the first Center for Digital Inclusion (CDI) in Santa Marta, one of the poorest parts of Rio de Janeiro. It's a kind of school where young people can learn to use computers and other new technologies. They take four-month courses, learning to use technology to solve problems in their lives.

Batista Silva, from Santa Marta, remembers his courses very well. "There's a lot of crime where I live," he says. "I designed(设计) a website where young people like me can make a promise not to become criminals. Now about 5,000 people have made that promise. And because I learned how to work on websites, I got a job with a web design company."

There are now many CDI centers in Brazil and in other countries, and more will open soon. They will help thousands of young people to improve both their own lives and the lives of other people.

83. The writer begins the passage by _____.
A. telling a joke
B. asking a question
C. describing a problem
D. introducing a famous person
84. Rodrigo Baggio got the idea to help the poor from _____.
A. a book
B. a dream
C. a course
D. a website
85. The first CDI was opened _____.
A. 25 years ago
B. by Rodrigo Baggio
C. for people all over Brazil
D. in the center of Rio de Janeiro
86. Students in CDI _____.
A. used to be criminals

- B. learn how to fix computers
C. need to take courses of one year or more
D. learn to use technology to improve their lives
87. After leaving CDI, Batista Silva _____
A. went to a college in Brazil
B. worked in a web design company
C. helped the police to catch criminals
D. started to teach others how to use computers

阅读下面短文,并用英语回答问题(请注意每小题后面的词数要求)。

Hernando has found a wonderful way to spend his free time. He's set up a public library right outside his home. The local children are allowed to borrow as many books as they like and return them whenever they want.
In Hernando's hometown, many children drop out of school to make money to support their families. "I want to do something to help them," Hernando said.

Hernando started doing this in 2000. At first, it was a "reading corner" with his own books. You'd expect all his books were borrowed quickly, but he ended up collecting more books and the corner slowly developed into a small library with thousands of books. He often receives donations (捐赠) of large boxes filled with books. Now his home is covered with books.

Hernando's library plays an important role in the lives of many local children. They help their families earn living by picking rubbish and spend their free time reading library books.

"When you read, you forget time," one child said. "And you can learn about other things by reading these books."

"A book should be used and reused," Hernando said. "It has life; it has a message."

88. Why do many children drop out of school in Hernando's hometown? (不超过 10 个词)

89. What do the children do in their free time according to Paragraph 4? (不超过 10 个词)

90. How did Hernando help the local children? (不超过 10 个词)

第四部分 写(共两大题,满分 30 分)

I. 单词拼写(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

根据首字母及汉语提示,完成下列单词的拼写,使句意明确,语言通顺。

91. The boy could feel the w _____ (温暖) of his mother's arms around him.
92. Toby, it's not good for you to l _____ (躺) in bed all day.
93. When spring arrives, the tree l _____ (叶子) begin to turn green.
94. Tim is a _____ (缺席) from work today because his mother is ill in hospital.
95. Be sure to l _____ (锁) your bicycle, or it may be stolen.

II. 书面表达(共 1 小题;满分 25 分)

你的笔友 Mike 将于下周乘火车到你所在的城市旅游,他想顺道去你的学校看望你。假如你是王颖,请你根据以下提示,用英语给 Mike 写一封电子邮件,告诉他到校的路线。

- 提示:1. 从火车站乘 23 路公共汽车到兴华街站下车;
2. 沿着兴华街向东走,在第一个十字路口右拐;
3. 继续往前走会看到右边有一家蛋糕店,学校就在蛋糕店的对面。

要求:1. 邮件须包含以上所有提示信息,可适当发挥;
2. 80~100 词(开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数)。

Dear Mike,

I'm glad that you will come to my school.

I'm looking forward to your coming.

Yours truly,
Wang Ying