

## 2018-2019 学年第一学期九年级英语教学质量检测（一）

### 听力部分（25 分）

#### 一、听力（共 25 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 25 分）

第一节：听句子，选出适当答语。每个句子读两遍。

- |                        |                        |                      |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. Fine.            | B. Sure.               | C. Never mind.       |
| 2. A. I'm sorry.       | B. Yes, please.        | C. Too bad.          |
| 3. A. She has a fever. | B. She likes swimming. | C. She is a student. |
| 4. A. Have fun.        | B. It's sunny.         | C. Sounds good.      |
| 5. A. Three dollars.   | B. Here you are.       | C. Me, too.          |

第二节：听句子，选择与句子内容相应的图片，每个句子读两遍。



A

6



B

7



C

8

第三节：听小对话，回答问题。每个对话读两遍。

- |                               |                                 |                                 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 9. A. Behind the supermarket. | B. In front of the supermarket. | C. Across from the supermarket. |
| 10. A. A movie.               | B. A song.                      | C. A game.                      |
| 11. A. By writing.            | B. By listening.                | C. By reading.                  |
| 12. A. It's boring.           | B. It's relaxing.               | C. It's interesting.            |
| 13. A. For three years.       | B. For four years.              | C. For five years.              |
| 14. A. In the office.         | B. On the playground.           | C. On the road.                 |

第四节：听长对话，根据对话内容选择每个问题的最佳答案，对话读两遍。

听第一段对话，回答 15~17 题。

15. Where is the new sports centre?  
A. On Station Road.                      B. In Bridge Street.                      C. On Long Road.
16. What did Tony do in the sports centre last week?  
A. He played football and basketball.  
B. He played tennis and basketball.  
C. He played table tennis and volleyball.
17. When will Mary and Tony go to the sports centre?  
A. Next Tuesday.                      B. Next Thursday.                      C. Next Friday.

听第二段对话，回答 18~20 题。

18. What time did the woman get to the airport to meet her father?  
A. 1:00.                      B. 12:00.                      C. 2:20.
19. What's her father's flight number?  
A. BA506.                      B. VA407.                      C. VA408.
20. Why is the flight late?  
A. Because the airport is too busy.  
B. Because the weather in New York is bad.  
C. Because something is wrong with the plane.

第五节：听短文，写信息。你将听到一篇短文，短文读两遍。请根据短文内容，填写下面表格中的空缺部分。

Mike's age	He was <u>21</u> years old.
What happened?	A <u>22</u> hit Mike one day.
Mike's problem	Maybe he would never <u>23</u> up
Result	Mike's <u>24</u> brought Cody to the hospital and the <u>25</u> woke him up.

### 笔试部分（95 分）

#### 二、完形填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分）

Everyone has dreams. Lily dreamed of being a dancer. She took 26 lessons and all her teachers thought she was an excellent student.

One day she saw a notice. It said that a famous dancing group would be performing in her town. 27 thought, "I must show the leader my dancing skills." She waited for the group leader in the dressing room. 28 the leader appeared, she came up and handed him the flowers she prepared. The thorns（刺）hurt her fingers and blood came out. But she was too 29 to care about the pain. She expressed her strong wish to be a dancer and begged（乞求）to show her dance. "All right, you dance." The leader agreed. But half way through the dance, he stopped her, "I'm sorry, in my mind you're not good enough!" On hearing this, Lily 30 out as fast as her legs

could carry her. It was so hard for her to accept this. She lost heart and 31 her dream.

Several years later, the dancing group came to her town again. She decided to find out 32 the leader had told her she was not good enough.

This was his reply, "I tell this 33 every student."

"You've ruined (毁掉) my life!" She shouted angrily.

The leader went on, "I remember your present of 34 and how the thorns had hurt your fingers but you carried on bravely. It was a pity that you didn't take dancing like that and stopped trying so 35 . So you are still not good enough for dancing!"

- |                |            |              |             |
|----------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| 26. A. singing | B. reading | C. dancing   | D. dressing |
| 27. A. He      | B. She     | C. They      | D. We       |
| 28. A. When    | B. Since   | C. Before    | D. Unless   |
| 29. A. weak    | B. bored   | C. excited   | D. tired    |
| 30. A. worked  | B. ran     | C. found     | D. looked   |
| 31. A. got on  | B. went on | C. picked up | D. gave up  |
| 32. A. why     | B. how     | C. who       | D. what     |
| 33. A. on      | B. at      | C. in        | D. to       |
| 34. A. books   | B. dances  | C. flowers   | D. dresses  |
| 35. A. happily | B. easily  | C. luckily   | D. safely   |

### 三、阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 30 分)

(A)

Gardening is popular in many parts of the world. It brings us sweet smelling flowers, fresh fruit and vegetables. But you can get more from your garden.

Gardening helps to keep healthy. Today's people sit indoors for too long and don't get much exercise. When you garden, you have to move around. It's a good chance for you to exercise your body by watering flowers or doing some digging. Besides, when you are in your garden, you can feel the warm sunshine. This means you are getting Vitamin D. It helps your bodies use calcium (钙), which is necessary to keep your bones (骨骼) strong.

Gardening is a great activity to do with children. It gets them off computers, televisions and phones. Gardening can be a great teacher to teach children about nature and healthy eating. It can also help them to understand the meaning of "No pains, no gains."

Gardening is a great way to meet people and build relationships. When you are gardening, you are outdoors. So it is a perfect time to communicate with your neighbors. Most people love to talk about their hobbies, and so do gardeners. They usually enjoy showing people what they are growing. And most enjoy sharing advice and stories about their gardens.

36. When it's \_\_\_\_\_, you can get Vitamin D in your garden.

- |          |           |          |          |
|----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| A. sunny | B. cloudy | C. snowy | D. rainy |
|----------|-----------|----------|----------|

37. According to the passage, \_\_\_\_\_ is one of the gardening activities.
- A. watching TV  
B. watering flowers  
C. walking dogs  
D. playing with phones
38. The best title of the passage may be “\_\_\_\_\_”.
- A. Outdoor Activities  
B. Advantages of Gardening  
C. Healthy Eating Habits  
D. Relationships with Neighbors

(B)

Fraser Island is in Queensland, Australia, about 200 kilometers north of Brisbane. It is about 120 kilometers long and 240 kilometers wide. It is a very important island because it is completely made of sand. In fact, it is the largest sand island in the world. There is no airport on the island, but there is a long beach along the east coast. Planes arrive and leave from here.

The sand makes unusual shapes. There are hills made of sand called *sandblows*. Nothing grows on them. **They** move one or two meters a year from the northwest towards the southeast of the island, getting bigger and bigger. At other places on the island, such as Rainbow Gorge, The Cathedrals and Red Canyon, the sandy rocks have different colors. Sometimes the rocks are so brown that they turn the sea brown, like coffee.

Surprisingly, the sandy island has a lot of different plants and animals. There are dark forests—eucalyptus woods, beautiful flowers and over a hundred lakes. There are many kinds of birds, like owls and curlews. There are many animals there, too, such as crocodiles, flying foxes and wild dogs called dingoes.

About 500,000 people visit the island every year to see the island's beauty and nature. People enjoy camping and hiking (徒步) there. Unluckily, the visitors create problems. They damage plants and frighten animals. Their sun cream (防晒霜) makes the water dirty. So it is necessary to manage the visitors. For example, people may not use motor boats or go fishing in the lakes, and they need official papers to drive there.

39. The passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the shape of Fraser Island  
B. nature on Fraser Island  
C. the history of Fraser Island  
D. daily life on Fraser Island
40. The underlined word “**They**” in Para. 2 refers to (指) the \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. unusual shapes  
B. sandy hills  
C. sandy rocks  
D. different plants
41. From the third paragraph we can infer (推断) that \_\_\_\_\_ is a kind of plant.  
A. eucalyptus  
B. owl  
C. curlew  
D. dingo
42. Visitors may not be allowed to \_\_\_\_\_ on Fraser Island soon.  
A. camp and hike  
B. go fishing in the sea  
C. wear sun cream  
D. drive without official papers

(C)

A poor farmer had a friend who was famous for the wonderful apples he grew.

One day, his friend gave the farmer a young apple tree and told him to take it home and plant it. The farmer was pleased with the gift, but when he got home, he did not know where to plant it.

He was afraid that if he planted the tree near the road, strangers would steal the fruit. If he planted the tree in one of his fields, his neighbors would come at night and steal some of the apples. If he planted the tree near his house, his children would take the fruit.

Finally he planted the tree in his woods (树林) where no one could see it. But without sunlight and good soil, the tree soon died.

Later the friend asked the farmer why he had planted the tree in such a poor place. "What's the difference?" the farmer said angrily. "If I had planted the tree near the road, strangers would have stolen the fruit. If I had planted the tree in one of my fields, my neighbors would have come at night and stolen some of the apples. If I had planted it near my house, my own children would have taken the fruit."

"Yes," said the friend, "but at least someone could have enjoyed the fruit. Now you not only have robbed (抢夺) everyone of the fruit, but also you have destroyed (摧毁) a good apple tree!"

43. What did the farmer's friend give him one day?

- A. An apple.
- B. Some apples.
- C. A young tree.
- D. Some young trees.

44. Why didn't the farmer want to plant the tree in his field?

- A. He thought strangers would steal the fruit.
- B. He thought the tree would die.
- C. He thought his children would take the fruit.
- D. He thought his neighbors would steal the fruit.

45. Where did the farmer plant the young tree?

- A. Near the road.
- B. In his field.
- C. In his woods.
- D. Near the house.

46. What does the story tell us?

- A. We should care about others' feelings.
- B. We should learn to share beautiful things.
- C. The young tree can provide apples for us when it grows up.
- D. The young tree can grow up one day.

(D)

根据短文内容，从 ABCDE 中选出四个句子填入文中空缺处，使短文内容通顺完整。

Shanghai is one of the first cities in China to see bike sharing fever. Shared bikes can now be found all over the city. In fact, they are popular not only among adults but also among teens. On streets see riders of your age. Some might even be younger than you. Unluckily, there have been some accidents involving (涉及) shared bikes. 47

One of the most serious accidents took place in March. One Sunday afternoon, a boy was riding an ofo bike (共享单车). He was hit by a bus and later died. The boy's parents were not by

his side. 48 He was only about 10 years old.

The good news is that Shanghai has been trying to manage bike sharing by making rules. The rules are still being discussed, but some of the rules have been decided on. 49 Users must be between 1.45 and 1.95 meters tall.

However, it could be hard to make these rules work. Ou Jing is ofo's manager in Shanghai. He said the company had banned (禁止) children under 12 from using its service. Yet, young children can still be seen riding ofo bikes. That's because many ofo bikes use manual (手动的) locks.

50 ofo has developed electronic locks. However, it will take some time for the company to fix the new locks on all of its bikes.

Most of you are old enough to ride a shared bike. Still, please ride slowly for your own safety. When you finish using the bike, don't forget to park and lock it properly—for everybody's safety.

A. If a user doesn't lock the bike properly after using it, anyone can ride it away.

B. All of the children under 12 have stopped riding ofo bikes.

C. Besides, the boy was considered too young to ride a bike.

D. For example, only people aged between 12 and 70 can ride shared bikes.

E. These accidents warn us that shared bikes are not for everybody.

#### 四、单词考查 (共 8 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共计 8 分)

51. Every year, \_\_\_\_\_ (百万) of people go to Beijing to visit the Great Wall.

52. I \_\_\_\_\_ (逗留) in London for four months last year.

53. Yesterday was Labour Day and it was also my cousin's \_\_\_\_\_ (二十) birthday.

54. When I found him, he was standing \_\_\_\_\_ (在...中间) these young trees.

55. As teenagers, we can help set the table, wash the \_\_\_\_\_ (盘) and clean our own rooms.

56. I have \_\_\_\_\_ (意识到) this is my mistake.

57. Huang Jiguang is one of China's most famous \_\_\_\_\_ (英雄).

58. He is a kind man and he \_\_\_\_\_ (对待) animals as his friends.

#### 五、词汇运用 (共 12 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共计 12 分)

阅读下面短文, 用括号内所给词的适当形式填空。

One day, Confucius (孔子) led his students to the State of Chu. When crossing through a large forest, they saw an old man 59 (stand) under a tree, catching cicadas (蝉) with a bamboo stick. Confucius said, "You are very good at 60 (catch) cicadas. You must have some special skills."

"That's right!" the old man answered. "The cicada is a clever little insect. If they hear the noise of the leaves in the wind, they 61 (fly) away. Therefore, people who want to catch cicadas must train their hands 62 (hold) a bamboo stick without shaking. If you can place three pellets (弹珠) on top of the bamboo stick without falling off, you might be able to catch cicadas; when five pellets are placed on top without falling off, catching cicadas is as easy as 63 (pick) a ball up from the ground."

He then added, "But that is not enough. People must be good at hiding 64 (they). Right

now, I 65 (stand) under a tree like half of a tree stump (树桩). Last of all, one must be attentive (专心的). When I am catching cicadas, I only see their 66 (wing). No matter what 67 (happen), nothing will disturb me.

Hearing this, Confucius 68 (turn) to his students and said, "No matter what you do, you can only 69 (succeed) if you love what you're doing and pay enough attention to it. This is what this old man 70 (teach) us."

#### 六、阅读表达 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 10 分)

读短文, 根据后面的要求完成各小题。

There was once a King and he wanted to find out who could paint the best picture of peace. And he would offer a prize to the artist. Many artists tried. The King looked at all the pictures but there were only two he really liked and he had to choose between them.

One picture was of a calm (平静的) lake. The lake was a perfect mirror for peaceful mountains all around it. Overhead was a blue sky with white soft clouds. Everyone thought that was a perfect picture of peace.

The other picture had mountains too. But these were rugged (崎岖的) and bare (无遮蔽的). Above was an angry sky, and it was raining and lightening. Down the side of the mountain, a waterfall fell quickly. This did not look peaceful at all.

But when the King looked carefully, he saw behind the waterfall a bush (矮树丛) growing in a crack (裂缝) in the rock. In the bush a mother bird had built her nest (巢, 窝), there, she sat on her nest ... in perfect peace.

Which picture do you think won the prize?

The King chose the second picture. "Because," said the King, "peace does not mean to be in a place where there is no noise, trouble, or hard work. Peace means to be in the middle of all those things and still be calm in your heart. That is the real meaning of peace."

71. What did the King want the artists to do?

\_\_\_\_\_

72. What did everyone think of the 1<sup>st</sup> picture?

\_\_\_\_\_

73. Why did the King choose the 2<sup>nd</sup> picture?

\_\_\_\_\_

74. 请将文中画线的句子翻译成汉语。

\_\_\_\_\_

75. 请给短文拟一个适当的英文题目。

\_\_\_\_\_

#### 七、翻译句子 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 10 分)

76. 没有什么事情可担心的。(worry about)

\_\_\_\_\_

77. 我认为巨人之路是最神奇的自然奇观。(in one's opinion, the Giant's Causeway)

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78. 昨天晚上，直到妈妈回来我才睡觉。(not...until)

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79. 他一到达我们就离开。(as soon as)

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80. 今天的报纸上有新的东西吗？(anything)

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**八、书面表达（共 1 小题，共计 15 分）**

春节是中国的重要节日，请你用英语简单介绍一下中国人是如何过春节的。（不少于 80 词）

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