

# 2017-2018 学年度下期

## 初三第三次月考英语试题

命题人:李可 审题人:陈虹 总分:150 分 时间:120 分钟

### 第 I 卷 (选择题 共 95 分)

#### I. 听力测试。(共 30 分)

##### 第一节 情景反应。(每小题 1.5 分, 共 9 分)

听一遍。根据你所听到的句子, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最恰当的答语, 并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

- |  |                      |                           |
|--|----------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. A. Good morning, sir!                 | B. Thank you, sir!   | C. Good luck, sir!        |
| 2. A. How are you?                       | B. See you.          | C. Nice to meet you, too. |
| 3. A. Not great.                         | B. Thank you.        | C. You look great, too.   |
| 4. A. Yes, please do.                    | B. No, please don't. | C. Not at all.            |
| 5. A. It's Monday.                       | B. Today is good.    | C. April 2nd.             |
| 6. A. No, thanks. I can do it by myself. | B. That's right.     | C. Don't do that.         |

##### 第二节 对话理解。(每小题 1.5 分, 共 9 分)

听一遍。根据你所听到的对话和问题, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案, 并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

- |                        |                        |                              |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| 7. A. He played chess. | B. He read some books. | C. He played computer games. |
| 8. A. At home.         | B. At a library.       | C. At a park.                |
| 9. A. Sunny.           | B. Rainy.              | C. Snowy.                    |
| 10. A. 8.              | B. 9.                  | C. 10.                       |
| 11. A. A bike.         | B. Some books.         | C. A bag.                    |
| 12. A. Near a park.    | B. Near a river.       | C. Near her school.          |

##### 第三节 长对话理解(每小题 1.5 分, 共 6 分)

听两遍。根据你所听到的长对话, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案, 并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

听第一段材料, 回答第 13 和 14 小题。

13. What size does the man want?

- |            |            |            |
|------------|------------|------------|
| A. Size S. | B. Size M. | C. Size L. |
|------------|------------|------------|

14. How much will the man pay?

- |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| A. \$ 14. | B. \$ 40. | C. \$ 50. |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|

听第二段材料, 回答第 15 和 16 小题。

15. What does the boy want to do?

- |                         |                        |                      |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| A. To write an article. | B. To save some money. | C. To recycle paper. |
|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|

16. From the dialogue, we know the boy will tell his parents to \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                       |                                   |                            |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. turn on the lights | B. take plastic bags for shopping | C. take a bag for shopping |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|

##### 第四节 短文理解 (每小题 1.5 分, 共 6 分)

听两遍。根据你所听到的短文内容, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案, 并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

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17. Are Mary and Alice in the same class?  
 A. Yes, they are.                      B. No, they aren't.                      C. We don't know.
18. Why did Alice feel sad one day?  
 A. She fought with Mary.              B. Mary laughed at her.              C. She didn't do well in the test.
19. What did Mary do to help Alice?  
 A. She had a talk with her.                      B. She went to hug her.  
 C. She wrote down the right answers for her.
20. How did Alice feel after Mary helped her?  
 A. Unhappy.                      B. Happy.                      C. Crazy.

## II. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案, 并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

21. Yao Ming is such a good player in the world that he plays \_\_\_\_\_ basketball well.  
 A. a                      B. an                      C. the                      D. /
22. Reading aloud in the morning helps \_\_\_\_\_ learn English better.  
 A. we                      B. our                      C. us                      D. ours
23. My brother, Henry was born \_\_\_\_\_ January 1st, 2000.  
 A. in                      B. on                      C. at                      D. for
24. —Hello, Michael, what's your favorite \_\_\_\_\_? —I like purple best.  
 A. food                      B. color                      C. sport                      D. movie
25. Sally will fall behind others \_\_\_\_\_ she works hard from now on.  
 A. if                      B. though                      C. unless                      D. before
26. Mr. Green asks the students \_\_\_\_\_ in the river, because it's too dangerous.  
 A. swim                      B. to swim                      C. not to swim                      D. to not swim
27. —\_\_\_\_\_ will my mother be back? I really miss her. —In a week.  
 A. How long                      B. How soon                      C. How often                      D. How many
28. —Where is your cousin? —He \_\_\_\_\_ for an English exam now.  
 A. studies                      B. studied                      C. has studied                      D. is studying
29. Helen was so excited at the news that she could \_\_\_\_\_ say a word.  
 A. ever                      B. almost                      C. hardly                      D. always
30. —Mom, may I go out to play now? —No, you \_\_\_\_\_. You must finish your homework first.  
 A. can't                      B. needn't                      C. may not                      D. shouldn't
31. Chinese \_\_\_\_\_ by more and more people from all over the world today.  
 A. learn                      B. learned                      C. is learned                      D. was learned
32. Jack \_\_\_\_\_ the talent show if he is free tomorrow.  
 A. takes part in                      B. will take part in                      C. will join                      D. joins
33. You don't have to worry about me. I'm old enough to \_\_\_\_\_ myself.  
 A. look after                      B. look for                      C. look up                      D. look at
34. Tom's parents bought him a new bike on his \_\_\_\_\_ birthday.  
 A. nine                      B. a ninth                      C. ninth                      D. the ninth
35. —Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?



—By searching the Internet.

A. how you got the information

B. why you got the information

C. how did you get the information

D. why did you get the information

### III. 完形填空。(每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

根据短文内容, 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能填入相应空格内的最佳答案, 并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

Have you ever offered a helping hand to those who are in trouble?

One day, two boys 36 walking along the road to school when they saw an old woman carrying a large basket of pears. They thought the woman looked very 37. They went up to her and said, "Are you going to the town? If you are, we will help carry your basket."

"Thank you," answered the woman, "you are very kind. You see I'm weak 38 ill." Then she told them that she was now going to the market to 39 the pears which grew up on the only tree in her little garden.

"We are 40 going to the town." said the boys. "Let us have the basket." And they took hold of it, one each side. They walked 41 with the heavy basket, but happily.

The other day, I saw a little girl stop and 42 a piece of orange peel(皮), which she threw into the dustbin, "I wish 43 would throw that on the sidewalk," said she. "Someone may step on it and fall."

Perhaps some may say that these are not 44 things. That is right. But such a little thing shows that you have a thoughtful mind and a feeling heart. We should not wait for the 45 to do great things. We must begin with little things of love.

36. A. is

B. are

C. was

D. were

37. A. bored

B. tired

C. pleased

D. surprised

38. A. and

B. or

C. for

D. because

39. A. bring

B. buy

C. take

D. sell

40. A. already

B. all

C. too

D. yet

41. A. weakly

B. quickly

C. slowly

D. quietly

42. A. take out

B. hold on

C. put off

D. pick up

43. A. nobody

B. everybody

C. somebody

D. anybody

44. A. little

B. good

C. great

D. bad

45. A. luck

B. time

C. advice

D. love

### IV. 阅读理解。(每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下列材料, 从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳答案, 并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

#### (A)

Parks are public places. They provide us with a place to enjoy and rest. In order to have fun and safe time, we should follow the park rules. Here are some rules of some parks.

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<b>Dolores Park Rules</b> ▲No smoking ▲Don't feed birds or animals ▲No camping ▲No fires	<b>Central Park Rules</b> ▲Keep the park clean, so please don't litter ▲No feeding birds ▲Don't enter the Park after it is closed
<b>Bolin Park Rules</b> ▲Children must be with adults(成年人) ▲No climbing on any monuments(纪念碑) ▲No overnight camping allowed ▲No restrooms in the park	<b>Veterans Park Rules</b> ▲No skateboarding ▲No bike riding or roller Skating ▲No camping ▲No smoking

根据表格内容选择正确答案:

46. Alec, a five-year-old boy, can't go to \_\_\_\_\_ alone.  
 A. Dolores Park      B. Central Park      C. Bolin Park      D. Veterans Park
47. John plans to visit the Veterans Park this weekend. He can \_\_\_\_\_ there.  
 A. feed birds      B. go camping      C. skateboard      D. ride his bike
48. According to the material(材料), visitors are NOT allowed to smoke in \_\_\_\_\_ park(s).  
 A. One      B. Two      C. Three      D. Four

(B)

These days, I am always deeply moved by the news that 18-year-old Wei Xiang was accepted by Tsinghua University. "I was born with serious illness and I can't walk at all. Because of my situation, my mother has to carry me on her back to school every day," Wei Xiang said in the letter to Tsinghua University. "I only hope that Tsinghua University can offer my mother and me a place to live together," he wrote. The letter was published on China's WeChat social media platform (社交媒体平台) on Monday and soon got a reply from Liu Zhen, Tsinghua's director of admissions(招生办). "Tsinghua will try everything to keep this student from dropping out for economic (经济的) reasons," Liu wrote in the message. Then, Tsinghua University promised the school would offer a two-bedroom apartment and other economic help to Wei and his mother. Tsinghua's answer quickly received the agreement of Chinese media. *People's Daily* praised it for setting a good example for public organizations in China. According to a 2011 UN report, there are about eighty-five million disabled people in China, and most of them live poorly with little education and little service. A 2016 survey by a professor at Nanjing Normal University of Special Education also found about 34.7 percent of disabled children aged 6 to 17 dropped out of school. All of us admire the strength Wei and his mother have shown. But being strong does not mean they can be neglected(被忽视) by society. Being responsible and helpful should be the aim of each public organization.

根据短文内容选择正确答案:

49. Who is the story mainly about?  
 A. A university.      B. A mother.      C. A student.      D. A teacher.
50. Wei Xiang was born with serious illness in his \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. arm      B. leg      C. heart      D. back



51. After knowing he was accepted, what did Wei Xiang ask Tsinghua University for in his letter?  
 A. Some money.      B. Some good books.      C. A place to live in.      D. A wish.
52. How many disabled people are there in China according to a 2011 UN report?  
 A. About 8.5 million.      B. About 85000 million.      C. About 8500000      D. About 85000000

(C)

We can't remember clearly since when we started to take our mobile phones to a dinner table. This happens a lot, especially when we eat out. Once a dish comes, instead of lifting our chopsticks, we take out our mobile phones and take photos. Later, we post the photos onto Weibo or Wechat, waiting to be "liked." Then we check our mobile phones from time to time during the meal, to see whether we get "liked" or not. We just cannot leave our mobile phones for simply a meal.

Does that sound familiar to you? Do you do that often? If not, how do you feel when others do that when having dinner with you?

A recent study suggests that what we are used to doing is not so good. Spending time taking photos of food makes the food less pleasant. To test this, some researchers did an experiment(实验). Some people were asked to take photos before they could enjoy food. It proved that the more photos they took, ▲ the food seemed to them. So, why not stop taking photos and just enjoy the food ahead of you?

Besides the scientific result, there are also some other bad influences of taking photos of food before meals. After posting the photos onto the Internet, one will be unable to control himself and check his mobile phones many times. "Does everyone accept my photo? I hope a lot of people like it!" It seems like your mobile phone secretly calls your name all the time, even when you are with real people.

So, next time you go out to have dinner with your family or friends, how about not taking photos of food? Let the food be delicious as it is and share your life with people around you. Trust me, it will be a wonderful time.

根据短文内容选择正确答案:

53. From the passage, we know people like to \_\_\_\_\_ first before meals recently.  
 A. talk with their friends      B. take photos of the dish  
 C. have a taste of the dish      D. check their mobile phones
54. Which of the following can be put in the ▲ in Paragraph 3?  
 A. the less exciting      B. the more interesting.      C. the less delicious      D. the more delicious
55. What does the underlined sentence (划线的句子) mean in Paragraph 4?  
 A. People often regard mobile phones as real people.  
 B. People regard mobile phones as their secret friends.  
 C. People often make phone calls when they get together.  
 D. People pay more attention to mobile phones than to real people.
56. Which of the following statements(陈述) is the writer's idea?  
 A. We should take out our mobile phones and take photos when a dish comes.  
 B. We can check our mobile phones from time to time during the meal.  
 C. Spending time taking photos of food makes the food less pleasant.  
 D. Some people were asked to take photos before they could enjoy food.





(D)

Recently, some new public-sharing bicycles are used in many big cities. They are called Mobikes. The Mobike is light with use of solar energy. Also, its users do not need to go to a special parking lot to pick up a bike or return it. The Mobike was used in Shanghai first before it entered other cities, including Beijing, Chengdu and Wuhan.

Many people ride a Mobike for a short trip, such as from home to the subway, the subway to the work place. These riders can rent them at a low price. As long as they have a smart phone and 299 yuan as a deposit(保证金), they can easily rent the bike from their phones.

If you want to ride a bike, you can open the app on your phone and search for the nearest bike. The app will show you the bikes for use. Then you can scan the QR code(扫描二维码) on the bike, and the bike will be free to use. When the trip ends, you can park the bike in any public area along the street, and scan the code to pay for the trip.

Riding bikes is not only good for our health but also helpful to protect the environment. Many people are very confident that Mobikes will get more popular. So what are you waiting for? Just start riding now!

57. Mobikes were first used \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. in Shanghai      B. In Beijing      C. in Wuhan      D. in Chengdu

58. If you have \_\_\_\_\_, you can rent a Mobike.

- A. a smart phone and 199 yuan as a deposit.  
B. a smart phone and 299 yuan as a deposit.  
C. a camera and 199 yuan as a deposit.  
D. a camera and 299 yuan as a deposit.

59. Which of the following is the right order to rent a Mobike?

- ① App shows the bikes for use.  
② Open the app and search for the nearest bike.  
③ Park the bike and scan the code to pay for the trip.  
④ Scan the QR code and use the bike.

- A. ①②③④      B. ①③②④      C. ②①④③      D. ②④①③

60. The writer probably \_\_\_\_\_ the idea of using Mobikes in the city.

- A. agrees with      B. disagrees with      C. doesn't care about      D. isn't sure about

V. 口语应用。(每小题1分,共5分)

阅读下列对话,从方框内7个选项中选择5个恰当的句子完成此对话,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

A: Hello, this is Laura. May I speak to Cindy?

B: Hi, Cindy speaking.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 61 \_\_\_\_\_

B: I am watching a film on the Internet.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 62 \_\_\_\_\_

B: A popular film called Pacific Rim: Uprising (《环太平洋:雷霆再起》).

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 63 \_\_\_\_\_

B: Yes, it's about science fiction. It attracted me deeply.



A: Sounds good. I'll enjoy it when I'm free.

B: I'm sure you'll like it. 64

A: Oh, I found an interesting place to go for a picnic. Do you want to join us tomorrow?

B: Umm, let me have a look first. 65

A: Sure. Please do remember to give me a reply.

B: OK. Thanks for calling.

A. I hear it's very popular.

B. Is it about science fiction?

C. What are you doing now?

D. What film is it?

E. Would you please send its information to me?

F. When do you usually go to the movies?

G. Well, but why do you call me?

## 第II卷（非选择题 55分）

### VI. 任务型阅读。（每小题2分，共9分）

阅读下文并回答问题。

There was a tree in my garden. One day, two birds came to the tree and built a house for their newborn babies. I love taking a walk in the garden after a busy day.

One day, I was working on my business when I heard the sound of the little birds. I ran to the garden and found two babies eating food on the ground. I thought they dropped off their house, so I decided to help them get back to their house. At that time, the father bird and the mother bird came back. They had some food for the third baby. They put the food on the ground, far away from the third baby. To get the food, the baby had to fly to it.

The third baby was hungry, but she was afraid to get out of the house. To my surprise, the father bird and the mother bird just stood there and did nothing. As a person, if our parents see such a situation, they will run to help us out as quickly as possible.

After about ten minutes, the third baby didn't have any other choice. She slowly went to the border of the house and began to fly. She flew off the house. Finally, the third baby landed safely on the ground and found the food.

66. Did the third baby bird find the food finally?

\_\_\_\_\_

67. How many birds are mentioned in the article in the writer's garden?

\_\_\_\_\_

68. What did the writer think and decide to do when he first saw two baby birds on the ground?

\_\_\_\_\_

69. Do you agree with the birds' parents? Why or why not?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



## VII. 完成句子。(每空 1 分, 共 10 分)

根据所给提示, 完成句子。每空一词, 含缩略词。

70. Tom did his homework carefully yesterday. (改为否定句)

Tom \_\_\_\_\_ his homework carefully yesterday.

71. Lily is the tallest girl in her class. (改为同义句)

Lily is \_\_\_\_\_ any other girl in her class.

72. It's 20 minutes' walk from my home to school. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ is it from your home to school?

73. 作为学生, 我们应该准时交作业。(完成句子)

As students, we should \_\_\_\_\_ our homework on time.

74. 为了保护环境, 我们必须尽力阻止人们砍伐树木。(完成句子)

To protect the environment, we must try to stop people from \_\_\_\_\_ trees.

## VIII. 短文填空。(每空 2 分, 共 16 分)

根据下面短文内容, 在短文的空格处填上一个恰当的词, 使短文完整、通顺。

"If I had one million yuan, I would buy you a palace(宫殿)! Do I have one million yuan? No, I don't! 75 I only can spend ten fen on this short message, sending you my best wishes!"

Today, SMS—Short Message Service is popular, and China Mobile says that 76 second, there are 410 messages being sent.

Look around you! People are watching 77 mobiles, smiling or laughing. Thumbs (拇指) that the short strong fingers are moving quickly on mobiles, bringing happiness 78 their friends. Through SMS, we know the weather 79, share jokes and news, show love and friendship.

SMS is becoming more and more 80. It is reported that 67% of young people like to send short messages to greet each other. Internet SMS 81 be more helpful to people in the near future. I am thankful for SMS because it 82 me save much money. Just on the top end of a thumb, so much joy can be found!

## IX. 书面表达。(20 分)

回顾三年的初中生活, 父母的教诲与支持始终伴你成长, 使你进步。那些发生在你与父母之间的故事, 看似平淡却值得回味与珍藏。请以 "The Story of My Progress" 为题, 写一篇文章。

参考要点: 1. 描述初中阶段你与父母之间的关系(亲密或疏远……)

2. 讲述一件发生在你与父母之间的事情(起因, 经过, 结果……);

3. 谈谈你的感受(后悔或感动, 影响……)。

要求: 可适当拓展要点; 80-120词左右; 文中不能出现自己的姓名和所在学校的名称。

