



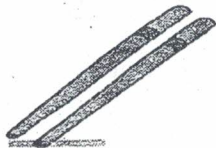





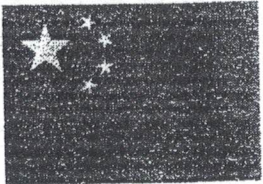
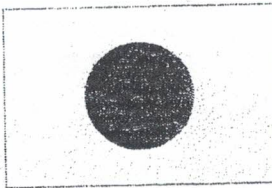
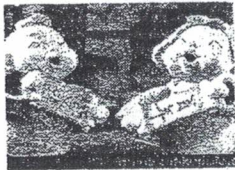

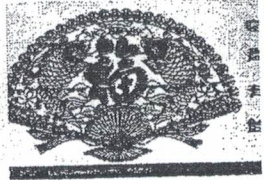


2019-2020 学年九年级上学期第二次月考英语试卷

(时间: 120 分钟 满分: 120 分 制卷: 李丹)

第一部分 听力 (共四节, 满分 30 分)

第一节 听下面 5 个句子, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出与句子内容相关的图画。听完每个句子后, 你将有 5 秒钟的作答时间。每个句子听两遍。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分)

() 1. A		B		C	
() 2. A		B		C	
() 3. A		B		C	
() 4. A		B		C	
() 5. A		B		C	

第二节 听下面 5 个句子, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出与句子内容相符的正确答语。听完每个句子后, 你将有 5 秒钟的作答时间来回答有关小题

和阅读下一小题。每个句子听两遍。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分)

- () 6. A. The cinema. B. The hospital. C. The science art fair.
() 7. A. Yes, there is. B. No, there won't. C. By train.
() 8. A. Thank you. B. Yes, I'd love to. C. That's all right.
() 9. A. By watching English movies. B. I like English. C. English is interesting.
() 10. A. Next week. B. Yes, it was. C. No, she didn't.

第三节 听下面 5 段对话, 每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你将有 10 秒钟的作答时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话听两遍。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分)

- () 11. What did the girl get during the festival?
A. Lucky money. B. A red bag. C. Some dumplings.
() 12. What should the woman do at the second crossing?
A. Turn left. B. Turn right. C. Go straight.
() 13. What do they need?
A. Some cola. B. Some fruit. C. Some cakes.
() 14. Where is the woman going?
A. The library. B. The swimming pool. C. The bank.
() 15. What's the best way to learn English according to the boy?
A. Reading the textbook a lot. B. Keeping English diaries. C. Joining an English club.

第四节 听下面 2 段对话或独白, 每段对话或独白后面有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白听两遍。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分)

听第一段对话, 回答第 16—17 小题。

- () 16. Where is the man going?
A. A school. B. A supermarket. C. A hospital.
() 17. How long does it take him to go there?
A. Two minutes. B. About twenty minutes. C. Half an hour.

听第二段独白, 回答第 18—20 小题。

- () 18. What does Tim think is the greatest invention?
A. The clock. B. The TV. C. The hand-held mobile phone.
() 19. What does Martin Cooper come from?
A. America. B. Germany. C. Britain.
() 20. When was Martin Cooper born?
A. In 1937. B. In 1928. C. In 1973.

第二部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 单项填空 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分)

- () 21. ---How do you study for a test?--- _____ working with my friends.
A. By B. With C. On D. In
- () 22. It's necessary _____ us _____ English well.
A. for; to learn B. for; learning C. of; to learn D. of; learning
- () 23. Mr. Li asks us to remember that _____ careful we are, _____ mistakes we will make.
A. the more; the fewer B. the fewer; the more
C. the more; the more D. the less; the fewer
- () 24. A new club _____ in our school at the beginning of this year and now it has many members.
A. starts B. is started C. has started D. was started
- () 25. _____ our teacher is ill, _____ he still comes to our class to teach us.
A. Though; but B. Though; / C. Although; but D. But; /
- () 26. This movie wasn't _____. He felt sleepy half way through it.
A. interesting enough B. enough interesting
C. interested enough D. enough interested
- () 27. _____ weather it is today!
A. How good B. How a good C. What good D. What a good
- () 28. We will be free tomorrow, so I suggest _____ the history museum.
A. to visit B. visiting C. visit D. visited
- () 29. Mom taught Monica how _____. Now Monica can cook very well.
A. to cooking B. to cook C. cook D. cooking
- () 30. The Internet makes _____ possible for people to send and receive information at great speed and little cost.
A. them B. that C. this D. it
- () 31. It has been about half a term _____ Sandy went into junior high school.
A. though B. when C. if D. since
- () 32. Kobe Bryant said goodbye to 20-year NBA career (职业生涯) with a 60-point night. All basketball fans _____ him.
A. look forward to B. take pride in C. pay attention to D. take care of
- () 33. Uncle Li _____ to his office in the morning, but now he _____ to work by bike.

- A. used to drive; is used to go B. used to driving; is used to go
C. used to drive; is used to going D. used to driving; is used to going

() 34. —Can you tell me _____ now?—At a local restaurant.

- A. where was Ruby working B. where did Ruby work
C. where Ruby is working D. where Ruby worked

() 35. —How about going to the wildlife park this weekend, Jane?

—_____. I'm looking forward to going there.

- A. Yes, I think so B. Yes, that's true
C. That sounds interesting D. Have a nice time

第二节 完形填空 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1.5 分)

先通读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

Kevin Moseley is an inventor. He has turned his invention into a huge business success. Several years ago, Kevin came up with the idea of creating a shark fin (鲨鱼鳍) to help children learn to 36. He named it SwimFin.

Later, Kevin developed a business plan for his idea and went on a 37 for investment (投资). On the show, some people 38 that his idea was dangerous and they even made a couple of jokes. They said 39 would buy such a “silly” thing. “I went on the show 40 I was not a businessman,” Kevin said. “I needed the 41 and advice, but I was made to feel like a poor little schoolboy.”

However, Kevin decided not to give up. “That experience made me want to succeed. I realized that I did have a good 42 that would help children learn to swim, so I decided to carry on 43.”

Kevin raised about £200,000 44 the new business. He started a company, SwimFin Ltd, from the garage (车库) of his home.

In just one year, Kevin made about £70,000 and his product became very 45. One year later, SwimFin was a £100,000 business and a worldwide success.

- () 36. A. skate B. swim C. count D. shoot
() 37. A. market B. program C. trip D. search
() 38. A. introduced B. checked C. accepted D. warned
() 39. A. nobody B. somebody C. anybody D. everybody
() 40. A. so B. but C. because D. if
() 41. A. tool B. partner C. money D. attention
() 42. A. product B. background C. course D. process
() 43. A. halfway B. alone C. instead D. abroad

- () 44. A. under B. from C. through D. for
() 45. A. educational B. natural C. convenient D. popular

第三部分 阅读理解 (共三节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 根据短文内容, 判断正误 (正确 “T”, 错误 “F”) (共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分)

Jack is a 20-year-old young man. Two years ago, when he finished middle school, he found a job in a shop. Usually he works until ten o'clock in the evening. He is very tired when he gets home. After a quick supper he goes to bed and soon falls asleep. His grandma who lives downstairs is satisfied with (满意) him.

One day, on his way home, he met Mary. They were both happy. He asked the girl to his house, she agreed happily. He bought some fruit and drinks for her. And they talked about their school, teachers, classmates and their future (未来). They talked for a long time. “Have a look at your watch, please,” said the girl. “What time is it now?” “Sorry, something is wrong with my watch,” said Jack. “Where’s yours?” “I left it at home.”

Jack thought for a moment and found a way. He began to stamp his foot on the floor, “Bang! Bang! Bang!” The sound woke his grandma up. The old woman shouted downstairs, “It’s 12 o’clock in the night, Jack. Why are you still jumping upstairs?”

根据短文内容, 判断正误。

- () 46. Tom is a 20-year-old young man.
() 47. The old woman, his grandma is satisfied with Jack.
() 48. From the story, we can know that Mary is Jack’s wife
() 49. Jack is a clever young man.
() 50. Jack stamped his foot on the floor in order to make his grandma angry.
- 第二节 根据短文内容, 从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项 (共 10 小题, 每小题 2 分)

A

Note-taking is a skill that can help you do well in all your schoolwork. It can make you confident when you are studying. But unluckily, most students don’t know how to take notes.

★ Write down key facts. If your teacher writes notes on the blackboard, that’s great. You can copy them or write down the most important facts of all in class. Different teachers do things differently. For example, some teachers may focus on (关注) lots of dates and facts in class, but they only write the important ones on the blackboard. Other teachers may not write anything down, but they may say something important again and again.

★Ask. Don't be afraid to ask your teacher to repeat (重复说) what you miss. If your teacher speaks too fast and you can't follow what he is saying, you can ask him after class.

★Compare. Comparing your notes with your classmates' can be good for your learning. It can also help you and your classmates correct (纠正) some mistakes.

★Organize. Note-taking also needs organization. Keep notes for each subject in one notebook, so that you can find everything easily when a test comes.

★Good note-taking takes time. If you decide to recopy your notes every evening, you'll surely have less time to watch TV. But you'll save time in the coming test.

- () 51. There are _____ main points about note-taking in this passage.
A. 4 B. 5 C. 6 D. 7
- () 52. What should you write down in your notebook in class?
A. Every word. B. Lots of dates.
C. The most important facts. D. Your complaints (抱怨) about the teacher.
- () 53. If you can't follow your teachers in class, what should you do?
A. Ask them after class. B. Ask them before class.
C. Stop listening in class. D. Complain to them about the class.
- () 54. Which way can help you correct mistakes in your notes?
A. Organizing the notes. B. Recopying your notes after class.
C. Asking your teachers for help. D. Comparing your notes with others'
- () 55. Which can be the BEST title for this passage?
A. How to take notes B. What to do in class
C. How to study for a test D. What to do with problems
B

I used to have a friend called Matilda. We were together at secondary school. When we were 16, she moved because of her father's job, but we kept in touch. We used to write long letters to each other. I went to stay with her a couple of times too. We lost contact (联系) after university. I'd love to see her again because we used to be really good friends.

I used to hate a couple of teachers at school, but I think the one I hated the most was my French teacher. He was really terrible. I don't think he liked children or even teaching.

He used to be impatient with us and he didn't explain things well. I failed French — it was the only subject I ever failed at school.

I used to play a lot of squash (壁球), but I recently started playing tennis and now I like it better. The problem with squash is that it's pretty hard and maybe I'm just not strong enough to play it. Also the friend I used to play with always beat me. The great thing about tennis is that it's outdoors so I can enjoy the fresh air. It's less competitive and more fun. The only problem is that you can't play when it rains.

() 56. What does the underlined phrase "kept in touch" mean in Chinese?

- A. 失去联系 B. 保持联系 C. 总是争吵 D. 从不争吵

() 57. When did the writer and her friend Matilda lose contact?

- A. At secondary school. B. During high school.
C. During college. D. After university.

() 58. The writer's French teacher was _____.

- A. very strict with his students B. good at playing tennis
C. bad at teaching D. very humorous

() 59. In the writer's opinion, squash is _____.

- A. relaxing B. interesting C. easy to learn D. hard to play well

() 60. According to the passage, the writer _____.

- A. hated learning French B. has more friends than before
C. thinks tennis is more fun than squash D. has never lost a game in playing tennis

第三节 根据短文内容，从短文后所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，选项中有两项为多余选项(共 5 小题，每小题 1.5 分)

Many people often meet such a difficult situation. It's that they don't know the way in new places, and they are too shy to ask people for the way. 61.

Firstly, you must know some important and useful expressions, such as "Could you please...?" "Excuse me" and "Thanks a lot". For example, when we want to ask strangers for the way, we should say "Excuse me" first. This is a very useful expression. 62. Next, "Could you please...?" is often used while we ask for the direction. 63. It's also polite to shake hands with the strangers.

Secondly, we often need to take some useful things with us. They usually include pens, special maps, photos and so on. 64. We can write down the crucial (关键性的) words about the place, and then we can show them to the stranger who we want to ask for help. Of course, the map can help us find the correct way. 65. Then we can use the map to know the directions and find the right place.

- A. Sometimes a pen can help us get to the right place.
 B. In the USA, people also use it in many different situations.
 C. We can use a camera to help us.
 D. After we know how to get to the place, we should say "Thanks" to others.
 E. When we go to a strange place, we can take a map with us.
 F. Some people don't like to use it at all.
 G. Here are two tips on how to ask for the way politely.

第四部分 写作 (共三节, 满分 25 分)

第一节 用所给词的适当形式填空 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分)

66. The teacher often tells us how _____ (pronounce) the new words. Everyone likes her class.
 67. Today is my father's _____ (fifty) birthday, I'll buy him a gift.
 68. Of all the _____ (compete), my best friend Li Hao won the first prize in the English competition.
 69. Must the work _____ (finish) by 5p.m. this afternoon?
 70. That is an _____ experience and I will never forget it. (usual)

第二节 将下列句子中的汉语译成英语, 或将划线部分的英语译成汉语, 注意使用适当形式 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分)

71. I hope our city can hold some _____ (国际比赛) such as the Olympics and the World Cup.

72. The little Roy has few friends in the new school. So he always _____. (感到孤独)

73. She is shy. She doesn't like to speak _____. (在公共场合)

74. Learning is a lifelong journey. Good learners will keep learning in their lives. ()

75. In modern society, every teacher should be encouraged to learn to use the electronic whiteboard while teaching. ()

第三节 书面表达 (满分 15 分)

英国作家萨克雷说: "播种习惯收获性格, 播种性格收获命运"。在生活中, 一定有好习惯伴随你成长。请你以 "Good habits make me _____" 为题, 如: better, happier, healthier, stronger... 写一篇短文。词数不少于 80 词。

要求: 1. 补全题目, 围绕主题进行叙述。

2. 书写规范, 语法正确, 内容连贯, 条理清楚。

3. 文中不得出现真实人名、校名, 否则以零分计算。